# 最新托福试题详解

1987—1988
RAYMOND LEE

李蒙恩编著



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李蒙恩

### 前言

本书旨在指导参加托福考试者如何应试以取得高分。为此,本 书不仅提供正确的答案,而且详加解释分析,介绍有关解题技巧, 使读者举一反三,触类旁通。

本书分为三个部分。第一部分是 1987-1988 年托福试题。第二部分为标准答案;由于有关的录音带不全,听力部分的答案暂时只得从略。第三部分为试题详解。结构与写作部分的解释深入浅出,难题解释附有引证的例句。词汇部分的解释提供了大量的英语同义词,难词则采用英汉详释。阅读理解部分的每篇短文均译成中文,并加必要的注释,使读者吃透原文,扩大词汇量。阅读理解部分题目答案的解释采用引证原文,并加横线(以示重要)的办法,以便读者参照有关题目,找出内在联系(句法的及词汇的),深入理解。本书中的解释方法及技巧在编者多年的托福教学实践中证明是行之有效的。

本书在编写过程中蒙路逸民同志大力协助,全部试题答案蒙 Professor Jean E. Benton of the Southeast Missouri State University 核对,全部解释及译文蒙胡瑞璋教授审阅,在此一并致以衷心的感谢。

编著者 1988 年 10 月

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#### SECTION 1

#### LISTENING COMPREHENSION

In this section of the test, you will have an opportunity to demonstrate your ability to understand spoken English. There are three parts to this section, with special directions for each part.

#### Part A

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<u>Directions:</u> For each question in Part A, you will hear a short sentence. Each sentence will be spoken just one time. The sentences you hear will not be written out for you. Therefore, you must listen carefully to understand what the speaker says.

After you hear a sentence, read the four choices in your test book, marked (A), (B), (C), and (D), and decide which <u>one</u> is closest in meaning to the sentence you heard. Then, on your answer sheet, find the number of the question and fill in the space that corresponds to the letter of the answer you have chosen. Fill in the space so that the letter inside the oval cannot be seen.

#### Example I

#### Sample Answer

You will hear:

You will read:

- (A) Mary outswam the others.(B) Mary ought to swim with them.
- (C) Mary and her friends swam to
  - the island.
- (D) Mary's friends owned the island.

The speaker said, "Mary swam out to the island with her friends." Sentence (C), "Mary and her friends swam to the island," is closest in meaning to the sentence you heard. Therefore, you should choose answer (C).

#### Example II

Sample Answer

You will hear:

 $\odot$ 

You will read:

- (A) Please remind me to read this book.
- (B) Could you help me carry these books?
- (C) I don't mind if you help me.
- (D) Do you have a heavy course load this term?

The speaker said, "Would you mind helping me with this load of books?" Sentence (B), "Could you help me carry these books?" is closest in meaning to the sentence you heard. Therefore, you should choose answer (B).

- i. (A) My son was the smartest.
  - (B) We were shown the way by the boy.
  - (C) It was a sunny day.
  - (D) Some of them were bright.
- 2. (A) I made a phone call.
  - (B) I read the meter.
  - (C) I got some change.
  - (D) I paid the bill.
- 3. (A) Some of the milk was stored.
  - (B) She bought some milk at the store.
  - (C) The milk spilled on the floor.
  - (D) She sent him to the store for some milk.
- 4. (A) Do you know where the office is?
  - (B) Why don't you look for an office job?
  - (C) I wouldn't recommend that you work on Main Street.
  - (D) I think I have seen you working at the post office.
  - (A) We would have stayed if they had asked.
  - asked.
    (B) They took out the weeds today.
  - (C) They wanted us to stay.
  - (D) They asked me on Wednesday.
- 6. (A) Virginia has to complete her courses this year.
  - (B) Virginia goes to class because attendance is required.
  - (C) Virginia must leave the university
  - (D) Virginia will finish the required courses this year.
- 7. (A) I felt fine until this morning.
  - (B) Today I didn't know where my umbrella was.
  - (C) This morning I couldn't find Bella.
  - (D) I found my umbrella easily.

- 8. (A) Cheryl has many talents.
  - (B) Cheryl's experience is limited to the arts.
  - (C) Cheryl kept her promise.
  - (D) Cheryl knows several athletes and musicians.
- 9. (A) I must have dropped it.
  - (B) I will have to get some more ink.
  - (C) I will bring it in again.
  - (D) I will try another color.
- 10. (A) The dam was built to catch rain.
  - (B) The dam was designed for preventing floods.
  - (C) The rain filled the dam.
  - (D) The rain destroyed the dam.
- 11. (A) The students failed to complete the course.
  - (B) They fulfilled the course requirements.
    - (C) The room was full of students.
    - (D) They all passed the exam in that class.
- 12. (A) When is my cousin visiting?
  - (B) May my cousin come for a visit?
  - (C) It's possible that my cousin will visit twice.
  - (D) My cousin will visit early in May.
- 13. (A) Only a few people hadn't finished it.
  - (B) Everyone had most of it finished.
  - (C) All the people had finished it.
  - (D) Nobody had finished all of it.
- 14. (A) Peter says he knows about the claim.
  - (B) Peter isn't responsible for his actions.
  - (C) Peter feels it was all his fault.
  - (D) Peter doesn't care what happened.

- 15. (A) The train fare is higher before five o'clock.
  - (B) The train is usually on Track #5.
  - (C) The train fare is five dollars.
  - (D) Train #5 stops at the fair.
- 16. (A) Amy was taken over to the controller's office.
  - (B) The controller charged Amy too much.
  - (C) Amy overlooked the error.
  - (D) Amy had control over the situation.
- 17. (A) Let the driver get off at the intersection.
  - (B) Has the bus driver reached the intersection yet?
  - (C) Have you ever gotten off at this intersection?
  - (D) Tell the driver you will get out at the intersection.

- (A) I'm not really disappointed about losing.
  - (B) I thought I would win.
  - (C) I won anyway.
  - (D) I didn't know what to expect.
- 19. (A) He's absent again!
  - (B) Isn't he forgetful'
  - (C) How often is he absent?
  - (D) How forgetful is he?
- 20. (A) High prices annoy me.
  - (B) The trail went up very steeply.
  - (C) I stay away from heights.
  - (D) I enjoy exciting places.

<u>Directions:</u> In Part B you will hear short conversations between two speakers. At the end of each conversation, a third person will ask a question about what was said. You will hear each conversation and question about it just one time. Therefore, you must listen carefully to understand what each speaker says. After you hear a conversation and the question about it, read the four possible answers in your test book and decide which <u>one</u> is the best answer to the question you heard. Then, on your answer sheet, find the number of the question and fill in the space that corresponds to the letter of the answer you have chosen.

Look at the following example.

You will hear:

Sample Answer

You will read:

- (A) Present Professor Smith with a picture.
- (B) Photograph Professor Smith.
- (C) Put glass over the photograph.
- (D) Replace the broken headlight.

From the conversation you learn that the woman thinks Professor Smith would like a photograph of the class. The best answer to the question "What does the woman think the class should do?" is (A), "Present Professor Smith with a picture." Therefore, you should choose answer (A).

- 21. (A) Borrow the typewriter.
  - (B) Visit the woman.
  - (C) Go home soon.
  - (D) Read the woman's paper.
- 22. (A) At a ticket office.
  - (B). In a bookstore.
  - (C) In an architect's office.
  - (D) At a train station.
- 23. (A) He and his roommates moved the desk.
  - (B) The desk wasn't as heavy as it
  - (C) 'His roommates found him another desk.
  - (D) They had to get a moving company to help

- 24. (A) Winter is his favorite time for sports.
  - (B) Sports are quite important to
  - (C) He should be more enthusiastic.
  - (D) He plays better than he used to.
- 25. (A) Laura really needs a full-time job.
  - (B) Laura already has a job working for the school.
  - (C) Laura needs to spend her time studying.
  - (D) Laura should think about becoming a teacher.



- 26. (A) She is majoring in art history.
  - (B) She likes having a change from math.
  - (C) She isn't taking the normal history course.
- (D) She fell asleep in math class.
- 27. (A) The situation looks better than
  - (B) The phone connection was bad.
  - (C) The women ought to speak to each other in person.
  - (D) It's better to be courageous.
- 28. (A) Look for another seat.
  - (B) Repeat the question.
  - (C) Remain standing.
  - (D) Sit down.
- 29. (A) A dentist.
  - (B) A dietician.
    - (C) A cook.
    - (D) A tailor.
- 30. (A) His car's in quite good condition.
  - (B) He's willing to lend them the car.
  - (C) He would prefer to go to the game on foot.
  - (D) He will take them if he can.
- 31. (A) If she is in good health. (B) If she has corresponded with her relatives recently.
  - (C) If she is about to write to her friends.
  - (D) If she still receives a lot of letters.

- 32. (A) The class usually begins at three.
  - (B) Professor Smith didn't have class today.
  - (C) The woman's class was allowed to leave ahead of time.
  - (D) The woman wasn't with the others.
- 33. (A) She constructed a proper container.
  - (B) She thought it was hard to do the grading.
  - (C) She pretended she was happy.
  - (D) She was extremely pleased.
- 34. (A) Don't subscribe to the journal.
  - (B) Read a different journal.
  - (C) Find a better engineer.
  - (D) Don't save any money.
- 35. (A) He hadn't finished his sketches.
  - (B) He had furnished his house.
  - (C) He could draw beautifully.
  - (D) He wasn't really dreaming.

In this part of the test, you will hear short talks and conversations. After each of them, you will be asked some questions. You will hear the talks and conversations and the questions about them just one time. They will not be written out for you. Therefore, you must listen carefully to understand what each speaker says.

After you hear a question, read the four possible answers in your test book and decide which one is the best answer to the question you heard. Then, on your answer sheet, find the number of the question and fill in the space that corresponds to the letter of the answer you have chosen.

Answer all questions on the basis of what is stated or implied in the talk or conversation.

Listen to this sample tack

You will hear:

Now look at the following example.

You will hear:

You will read: (A) They are impossible to guide.

(B) They may go up in flames.

(C) They tend to leak gas. (D) They are cheaply made.

The best answer to the question "Why are gas balloons considered dangerous?" is (B), "They may go up in Cames." Therefore, you should choose answer (B).

Now look at the next example.

You will be in-

You will read: (A) Watch for changes in weather.

(B) Watch their altitude.

(C) Check for weak spots in their balicons.

(D) Test the strength of the ropes.

Sample Answer  $\bullet$   $\bullet$   $\bullet$ 

Sample Answer

 $\bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc$ 

The best answer to the question "According to the speaker, what must balloon pilots be careful to do?" is (A). "Watch for changes in weather." Therefore, you should choose

36. (A) In a classroom.

answer (A).

- (B) In a snack bar
- (C) In the dormitory.
- (D) In a camera shop.
- 37. (A) The man's brother
  - (B) The man's roommate.
  - (C) A neighbor.
  - (D) A hotographer.

- 38. (A) He's noisy.
  - (B) He's messy.
  - (C) He doesn't tell the truth
  - (D) He doesn't close the door.
- 39. (A) He worked for a radio station.
  - (B) He lived in a dormitory.
  - (C) He took a long trip.
  - (D): He visited the man's family.



- 40. (A) The function and nature of the brain.
  - (B) The function and nature of nerve
  - (C) The five senses.
  - (D) The spinal cord
- 41. (A) Part of a textbook.
  - (B) A large chart.
  - (C) Some microscope slides.
  - (D) Her recent research.
- 42. (A) In order to reproduce themselves.
  - (B) In order to stretch and grow.
  - (C) In order to attach themselves to muscles.
  - (D) In order to carry messages.
- 43. (A) Elongated and stringy.
  - (B) Round and compact.
  - (C) Flat and transparent.
  - (D) Flexible and chainlike.
- 44. (A) One.
  - (B) Two.
  - (C) Three.
  - (D) Four.
- 45. (A) To move the muscles.
  - (B) To detect light.
  - (C) To protect the nerves.
  - (D) To soothe the brain.

- 46. (A) American literature.
  - (B) Elementary education.
  - (C) Art history.
  - (D) Veterinary medicine.
- 47. (A) They are professional storytellers.
  - . (B) They are the parents of young children.
    - (C) The stories will help them improve their vocabulary.
    - (D) The stories are required for a course.
- 48. (A) Psychology professors.
  - (B) Friends of the speakers.
  - (C) The same person.
  - (D) Fictional characters.
- 49. (A) It uses an extensive vocabulary.
  - (B) It's useful as a teaching tool.
  - (C) Its author is unknown.
  - (D) Children find it repetitive and boring.
- 50. (A) At the beginning of a semester.
  - (B) During midterm week.
  - (C) At the end of a semester.
  - (D) In the middle of summer vacation.

#### THIS IS THE END OF THE LISTENING COMPREHENSION SECTION OF THE TEST

THE NEXT PART OF THE TEST IS SECTION 2 TURN TO THE DIRECTIONS FOR SECTION 2 IN YOUR TEST BOOK, READ THEM, AND BEGIN WORK.

DO NOT READ OF WORK ON ANY OTHER SECTION OF THE TEST.



#### SECTION 2

#### STRUCTURE AND WRITTEN EXPRESSION

Time -- 25 minutes

This section is designed to measure your ability to recognize language that is appropriate for standard written English. There are two types of questions in this section, with special directions for each type.

<u>Directions</u> Questions 1-15 are incomplete sentences. Beneath each sentence you will see four words or phrases, marked (A), (B), (C), and (D). Choose the <u>one</u> word or phrase that best completes the sentence. Then, on your answer sheet, find the number of the question and fill in the space that corresponds to the letter of the answer you have chosen. Fill in the space so that the letter in ideal to oval cannot be seen.

#### Example 1

Sample Answer

Vegetables are an excellent source ------vitatinins.

 $\bullet$   $\bullet$   $\bullet$   $\bullet$ 

- (A) of
- (B) has
- (C) where
- (D) that

The sentence should read, "Vegetables are an excellent source of vitamins." Therefore, you should choose answer (A).

#### Example II

----- in history when remarkable progress was made within a relatively short span of time.

- (A) Periods
- (B) Throughout periods
- (C) There have been periods
- (D) Periods have been

The sentence should read, "There have been periods in history when remarkable progress was made within a relatively short span of time." Therefore, you should choose answer (C).

After you read the directions, begin work on the questions.

- Neon is said to be inert ----- does not react easily with other substances.
  - (A) because of it
  - (B) because it
  - (C) it is because
  - (D) is because it
- Nearly every aspect of economic life is affected by -----.
  - (A) they are seasonal variations
  - (B) variations are seasonal
  - (C) that seasonal variations
  - (D) seasonal variations

- 3. Microscopes make small things appear larger than -----
  - (A) really are
  - (B) are really
  - (C) are they really
  - (D) they really are

- 4. Social reformer Jane Addams ----- a prominent role in the formation of the National Progressive party in 1912.
  - (A) playing
  - (B) who played
  - (C) played
  - (D) to play
  - From birth, nightjar chicks solicit food by walking to the front of an adult bird, reaching up, and ------
    - (A) they peck at its bill
    - (B) peck at its bill
    - (C) pecking at its bill
    - (D) at its bill they peck
  - 6. -----, glasses can correct most sight defects in healthy eyes.
    - (A) When well fitted
    - (B) Well fitted when
    - (C) Well fitted if
    - (D) If well fitted when
  - Jim Thorpe, Pennsylvania, a town in the eastern part of the state, was named ----- one of the greatest American athletes.
    - (A) in honor of
    - (B) the honors
    - (C) for honored
    - (D) to honoring.
  - Ball-point pens require ----- than fountain pens do.
    - (A) the thicker the ink
    - (B) an ink and thicker
    - C) a thicker ink
    - (D) the ink is thicker
- took office as the first Superintendent of Public Instruction for the territory of New Mexico.
  - (A) I. Francisco Chaves, who
  - (B) If I. Francisco Chaves
  - (C) J. Francisco Chaves
  - (D) In that J. Francisco Chaves

- The city of Montreal ---- over 70 square miles.
  - (A) covers
  - (B) that covers
  - (C) covering
  - (D) is covered
- ----- he has created striking stage settings for the Martha Graham dance company, artist Isamu Noguchi is more famous for his sculpture.
  - (A) But not
  - (B) Nevertheless
  - (C) In spite of
  - (D) Although
- 42. A logarithm is ----- in algebra as an exponent.
  - (A) known what
  - (B) known what it is
  - (C) what is known
  - (D) what it is known
- New York's Statue of Liberty was designed to be a beacon for ships and a monument -----.
  - (A) the two
  - (B) in addition to
  - (C) as well
  - (D) together
- Automatens programmed to perform a given task ----- the flexibility and adaptability of human beings.
  - (A) without
  - (B) lack
  - (C) minus
  - (D) not having
- 15. Anthor Edith What on thoroughly understood the society -----
  - (A) she had grew top-
  - (B) which had she grown up in
  - (C) in which she had grown up
  - (D) the had grown apin it



<u>Directions:</u> In questions 16-40 each sentence has four underlined words or phrases. The four <u>underlined</u> parts of the sentence are marked (A), (B), (C), and (D). Identify the <u>one</u> underlined word or phrase that must be changed in order for the sentence to be correct. Then, on your answer sheet, find the number of the question, and fill in the space that corresponds to the letter of the answer you have chosen.

Example I

A ray of light passing through the center A

of a thin lens keep its original direction.

Sample Answer

© © ©

of a thin lens keep its original direction.

The sentence should call. "A ray of light passing through the center of a thin lens keeps its original direction." Therefore, you should choose answer (C).

Example !!

The mandolin, a musical instrument, that, has strings, was probably copied from the lute, a many older instrument.

The sentence should read, "The mandolin, a musical instrument that has strings, was probably copied from the lute, a much older instrument." Therefore, you should choose answer (D).

After you read the directions, begin work on the questions.

16.	$\frac{\text{Body temperature is usually highest } \underbrace{\text{inside}}_{\textbf{B}} \text{ the } \underbrace{\text{afternoon or evening.}}_{\textbf{D}}$
17.	$\frac{\text{Marine biology}}{A}, \text{ the study of oceanic } \frac{\text{plant}}{B} \text{ and animals and their ecological relationships,} \\ \frac{\text{has } \frac{\text{furthered}}{C}}{C} \text{ the } \frac{\text{efficient development}}{D} \text{ of fisheries.} \\$
18.	The advantages of computerized $\frac{\text{typing}}{A}$ and $\frac{\text{editing}}{B}$ are now being $\frac{\text{extending}}{C}$ to all the $\frac{\text{written}}{D}$ languages of the world.
19.	$\frac{Adult \ education}{A} \ programs \ \frac{must \ be}{B} \ designed \ so \ the \ diverse \ \frac{needs}{D} \ of \ the \ participants \ in mind.$
20.	At end of the Civil War the United States was ready to resume with a roaring surge the $\frac{A}{A}$ westward expansion which had been interrupted $\frac{\text{for four years.}}{D}$
21.	Bookkeepers maintains detailed records of business transactions.  A  B  C  D
22	Many people are unawares that prairies once existed in what is now the state of Michigan.
23	Most talc is used in ceramics and roofing because it resists fire good D
24	A critical question about the monolithic stone statues of Easter Island is "Why they were A B all made alike"     D
25	Oberlin College awards degrees to both sexes as early as 1837, but coeducation in American colleges did not spread until the second half of the century



26.	Ordinary a tornado breaks up suddenly and dissipates less than four hours after it has formed.
27.	The period during when people learned to smelt iron is called the Iron Age. $ \frac{A}{B} $
28.	Though Art Tatum was totally blind in one eye and had only slight vision in another.  A  be became an internationally renowned jazz musician.
29.	Operation PUSH, founded in 1971 by the Reverend Jesse Jackson, provides  educational assistance to children live in economically depressed communities.
30.	$\frac{Industrial\ management\ is\ the\ \underline{aspect\ of\ business\ management\ that\ was\ most\ prominent\ in}{A} \xrightarrow{D}$ the United States for the past eighty years.
31.	Sharing corporate stocks with employees can be an effective way to promote harmonious C efficiency, and equitability in the workplace.
32.	Tons of boulders were leaved scattered by glaciers all over what was to become the New England landscape.  England $\frac{1}{D}$
33.	The way of reasoning whereby people do conclusions by logical inference from given $\overline{A}$ premises is called the deductive method.
34.	Earlier or later, all lakes are influenced by eutrophication, a process in which lake $\frac{A}{A}$ sediment lowers the depth of the water and drains oxygen from it.
35.	Jekyll Island has been one of Georgia's state $\frac{\text{parks}}{B}$ in 1954
	Helen Vendler's essays present key insights into and vital analyses the works of major D



British and American authors.

- 37. Bells are frequently  $\frac{\text{made from}}{A}$  bronze,  $\frac{\text{an alloy}}{B}$  of  $\frac{\text{approximately}}{C}$  three  $\frac{\text{part copper}}{D}$  and one part tin.
- 38. Some small magazines are put out by two or three persons, but the big, general publication are tremendously complicated operations.
- 39. The leaves of the yucca are usually point, stiff, and narrow, with sawlike or fibrous edges.
- 40. Documentary evidence indicates that portraiture became an established art form in the Hudson Valley region around the D

#### THIS IS THE END OF SECTION 2

IF YOU FINISH BEFORE TIME IS CALLED, CHECK YOUR WORK ON SECTION 2 ONLY.

DO NOT READ OR WORK ON ANY OTHER SECTION OF THE TEST. THE SUPERVISOR WILL TELL YOU WHEN TO BEGIN WORK ON SECTION 3.

