THE CREAM OF INTERNATIONAL EX LIBRIS 機構業書票構造



by
Hong Kong
Ex Libris
Association

國 際 藏 声 精 逐

THE CREAM OF INTERNATIONAL EX LIBRIS completed by Hong Kong Ex Ibris Association Trille Page Ex Ibris Gu Yuan Chinese Calligraphy Jao Tsung I Art Editor Ning Cheng Chun Writing Editor T W.C. Edward Designer Luk Chi Cheong

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THE CREAM OF INTERNATIONAL EX LIBRIS 國際藏書票精選

PREFACE

Ex libris are book plates. They are labels which contain information about the ownership of a book. The origin of ex libris is difficult to ascertain, presumably they were first used by some book-lovers in Europe in the 15th century. In those days, books were collected by rich and powerful families or institutes of learning such as monasteries. To give a book a personal touch, a sense of belonging and identity, ex libris were designed and pasted onto the inside of book-covers. In addition, ex libris could serve as reminders to some borrowers who have the habit of hoarding books or somehow forgetting to return them.

The popularization of ex libris was greatly assisted by the spread of the printing press in Europe, and, particularly, in recent decades, by new developments in photo engraving, silk screen printing and other forms of reproduction. Many of the earlier ex libris show pictures of shields, and coat of arms, and some display intricate and beautiful monograms. With the exception of some of the recent public library book labels which simply state "The book is the property of the Library of ...", and which are not exactly collector's items, most ex libris are works of art. Each ex libris is individually designed with interesting pictures illustrating a maxim or a few words, all contained in an area of roughly 3 by 5 inches. The pictures sometimes depict an interesting fable, a fairy tale, mythological figures, animals and flowers. The words are often cryptic or allegorical. The whole picture is artistically composed and executed in fine and fluent lines.

It is this artistic element that ex librists look for generally, and it is also this artistic creation that captured the attention of several Chinese scholars some seventy years ago. In traditional China, personal or official seals were used to mark the ownership of books. The message on the seals was often factual; but sometimes with aspirations that the book be treasured and passed on from generation to generation. Nowadays, ex libris have become rather common in literary circles in China and societies of ex libris are formed in provinces and big cities. Ex libris have gradually become collectors' items among art-lovers rather than book-lovers.

The ex libris in this book have been selected from different parts of the world. They are by no means exhaustive, yet are quite representative of the different styles of workmanship and modes of thinking of artists from various countries. Ex libris are works of art to be appreciated.

> Michael Lau Museum Curator Fung Ping Shan Museum University of Hong Kong

September, 1991

"藏

大阪 書票"顧名思義是和嚴書有關連的。它標記者該書是隸屬某藏書者或藏書 複的。

中國藏書早期是用印鑑來識別該書的收藏者的,如"羅擬玉印"、"毛管私印"、"抱經樓藏書印"、"文淵閣實"等。而藏書票則是在歐洲十五世紀時開始的。最早的藏書票一般認為是潔自德團,那是一張 1450至 1470年間的木刻作品。在中國,羅書票受重視,僅是六、七十年前的事。當時有部分讀書人如鄭振輝、業養鳳等對藏書票上的設計和藝術類感樂歷、便勤於複集,後來更從事創作,分發同好,以廣宣傳,這便是在中國引進藏書票的大概緣由。

藏書祭的面積大小不一,視書本大小而定。一般是 3×5 时的小張,上面印有關文。製作有木飯、石版、網版或彩色套印等。 票上的文字,除了藏 截 者或其書賽的名字外,往往有箴言式的群句,大部分旨以頌揚讀書之樂,或愛護書本之美德。古時藏書印章亦有動勉愛書的字句,如"子孫保之" "但念阿翁鄉 于孫益之守勿失"等。英國有一張藏書票。含意也相似:"Borrow bravely, keep carefully, peruse patiently, return righteously." 近人錄叔寶的藏書票有詩云:"百計尋書志亦迁,愛護不異隋侯珠。有假 不返遺神誅,子孫鬻之真其愚。"詩中流露出爱書人的心情,而操辭嚴峻,亦愛之切使然耳。

藏書票近年更成為搜集收藏的對象,主要是為其覆案設計的優美所吸引。 不論票上是刻寫寫言、神話故事、各類人物、動物、山水或花草、多含意 為水・引人入勝,或令人會心微笑。這和歐美早期作品,以嚴肃故章或求 母標調的,各異其趣。近年作品多着重美術設計,優是一小型飯畫作品, 至堪把玩欣賞。藏書票補由嚴書家的模點轉為藏書與做家的靈物。這 樣,藝術的價值日漸掩蓋了原來標點的用途,而成為藝術品。出自名家所 設計的作品更受人重視,成為阿好的珍藏品。近年藏書票的搜集和交換, 薪然成風,世界各地紛紛組藏藏書票會,會員間互相砥礪切磋,對藏書票 的推廣,不遺餘力。

本畫集所載乃選自各地藏書票的珍品,多是近年創新之作,雖屬管中窺約, 但亦可略見世界各地的風格和特色。其中不少精品,牌圖充實,線據流暢 細緻,言簡意赅、寓意深邃風趣。若能顯意欣賞,心領神會,其樂無窮 也。

> 香港大學馮平山博物館館長 **劉唯邁** 一九九一年八月

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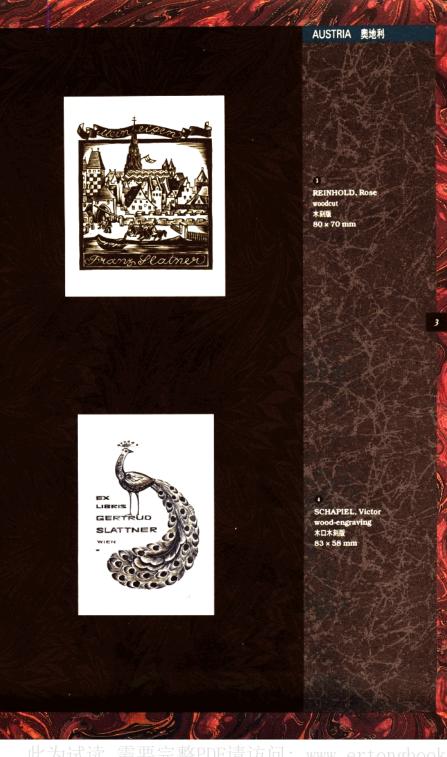


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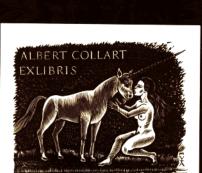
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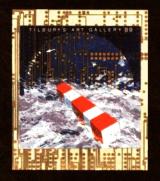






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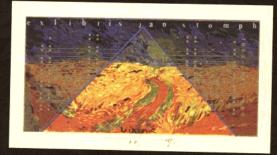
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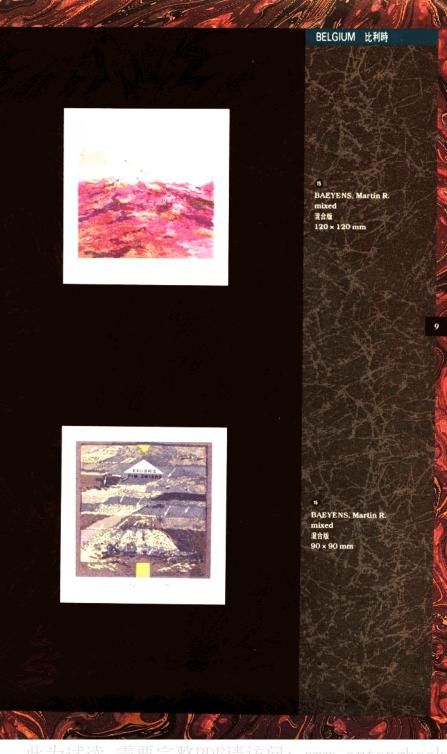


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