

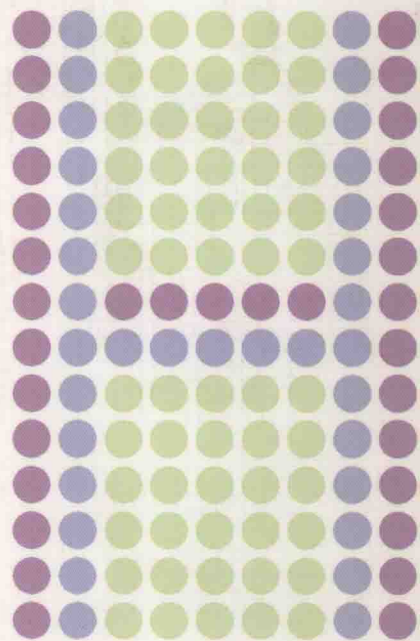
A History of Philosophy  
Socrates to Sartre and Beyond

# 西方哲学史

从苏格拉底到萨特及其后

Samuel Enoch Stumpf

James Fieser



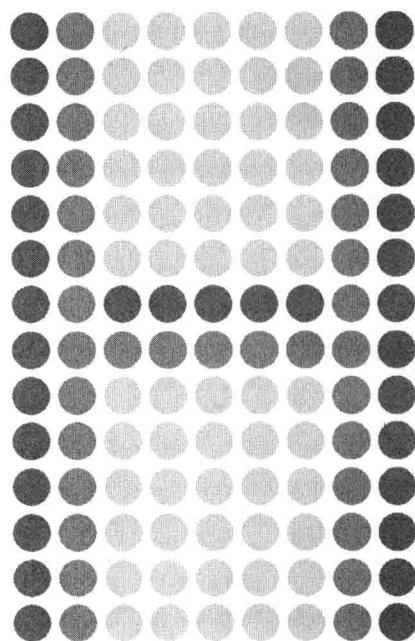
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Anaxagoras	500 - 428 B. C.	Kierkegaard, Søren	1813 - 1855
Anselm, Saint	1033 - 1109	Leibniz, Gottfried	1646 - 1716
Aquinas, Saint Thomas	1225 - 1274	Leucippus	ca. 490 - 430 B. C.
Aristotle	384 - 322 B. C.	Locke, John	1632 - 1704
Augustine, Saint	354 - 430	Lucretius	ca. 96 - 55 B. C.
Ayer, A. J.	1910 - 1989	Marx, Karl	1818 - 1883
Beauvoir, Simone de	1908 - 1986	Merleau-Ponty, Maurice	1908 - 1961
Bentham, Jeremy	1748 - 1832	Mill, John Stuart	1806 - 1873
Bergson, Henri	1859 - 1941	Montaigne, Michel de	1533 - 1592
Berkeley, George	1685 - 1753	Newton, Sir Isaac	1642 - 1727
Bonaventura, Saint	1221 - 1274	Nietzsche, Friedrich	1844 - 1900
Carnap, Rudolph	1891 - 1970	Pascal, Blaise	1623 - 1662
Comte, Auguste	1798 - 1857	Peirce, Charles S.	1839 - 1914
Darwin, Charles	1809 - 1882	Plato	ca. 428 - ca. 348 B. C.
Democritus	ca. 460 - 360 B. C.	Protagoras	ca. 490 - 421 B. C.
Descartes, René	1596 - 1650	Pyrrho	ca. 361 - ca. 270 B. C.
Dewey, John	1859 - 1952	Pythagoras active	ca. 525 - 500 B. C.
Dostoevski, Fëdor	1821 - 1881	Quine, W. V. O.	1908 -
Einstein, Albert	1879 - 1955	Rawls, John	1921 -
Empedocles	ca. 490 - 430 B. C.	Rorty, Richard	1931 -
Engels, Friedrich	1820 - 1895	Rousseau, J. J.	1712 - 1778
Epictetus	ca. 60 - 117	Russell, Bertrand	1872 - 1970
Epicurus	341 - 271 B. C.	Ryle, Gilbert	1900 - 1976
Freud, Sigmund	1856 - 1939	Sartre, Jean-Paul	1905 - 1980
Galileo	1564 - 1642	Schopenhauer, Arthur	1788 - 1860
Hegel, G. W. F.	1770 - 1831	Sextus Empiricus	ca. 200
Heidegger, Martin	1889 - 1976	Socrates	ca. 470 - 399 B. C.
Hobbes, Thomas	1588 - 1679	Spinoza, Baruch	1632 - 1677
Holbach, Baron d'	1723 - 1789	Thales	624 - 546 B. C.
Hume, David	1711 - 1776	Whitehead, Alfred North	1861 - 1947
Husserl, Edmund	1859 - 1938	Wittgenstein, Ludwig	1889 - 1951
James, William	1842 - 1910	Zeno	b. ca. 489 B. C.
Kant, Immanuel	1724 - 1804		

## 人名列表(按年代排序)

Thales	624 – 546 B. C.	Immanuel Kant	1724 – 1804
Pythagoras	active ca. 525 – 500 B. C.	Jeremy Bentham	1748 – 1832
Anaxagoras	500 – 428 B. C.	G. W. F. Hegel	1770 – 1831
Protagoras	ca. 490 – 421 B. C.	Arthur Schopenhauer	1788 – 1860
Leucippus	ca. 490 – 430 B. C.	Auguste Comte	1798 – 1857
Empedocles	ca. 490 – 430 B. C.	John Stuart Mill	1806 – 1873
Zeno	b. ca. 489 B. C.	Charles Darwin	1809 – 1882
Socrates	ca. 470 – 399 B. C.	Søren Kierkegaard	1813 – 1855
Democritus	ca. 460 – 360 B. C.	Karl Marx	1818 – 1883
Plato	ca. 428 – ca. 348 B. C.	Friedrich Engels	1820 – 1895
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Pyrrho	ca. 361 – ca. 270 B. C.	Charles S. Peirce	1839 – 1914
Epicurus	341 – 271 B. C.	William James	1842 – 1910
Lucritius	ca. 96 – 55 B. C.	Friedrich Nietzsche	1844 – 1900
Epictetus	ca. 60 – 117	Sigmund Freud	1856 – 1939
Sextus Empiricus	ca. 200	Edmund Husserl	1859 – 1938
Saint Augustine	354 – 430	John Dewey	1859 – 1952
Saint Anselm	1033 – 1109	Henri Bergson	1859 – 1941
Saint Bonaventura	1221 – 1274	Alfred North Whitehead	1861 – 1947
Saint Thomas Aquinas	1225 – 1274	Bertrand Russell	1872 – 1970
Michel de Montaigne	1533 – 1592	Albert Einstein	1879 – 1955
Galileo	1564 – 1642	Martin Heidegger	1889 – 1976
Thomas Hobbes	1588 – 1679	Ludwig Wittgenstein	1889 – 1951
René Descartes	1596 – 1650	Rudolph Carnap	1891 – 1970
Blaise Pascal	1623 – 1662	Gilbert Ryle	1900 – 1976
Baruch Spinoza	1632 – 1677	Jean-Paul Sartre	1905 – 1980
John Locke	1632 – 1704	Simone de Beauvoir	1908 – 1986
Sir Isaac Newton	1642 – 1727	Maurice Merleau-Ponty	1908 – 1961
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J. J. Rousseau	1712 – 1778	Richard Rorty	1931 –
Baron d' Holbach	1723 – 1789		

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# Preface

The history of philosophy is in many ways like an epic novel. There are revered ancestors who, through great suffering, establish traditions for the betterment of their descendents. There are black sheep of the family who stir up trouble, embarrass their brothers and sisters, and sometimes even invite the wrath of political authorities. There are bitter feuds between families that last generations, often with no clear victor ever emerging. As the saga passes from one era to another, there is some feeling of progress. Old-fashioned ways are discarded and replaced with new—although sometimes faddish—ones. Thus, the history of philosophy is an adventure of ideas, to use the words of one great philosopher. This book attempts to describe a major thread of that drama.

## Changes in the Seventh Edition

- The most visible change in this seventh edition is the reorganization of several chapters.
- Shorter chapters have been combined into longer ones of similar length.
- Chapters covering 19th- and 20th-century philosophy have been arranged more chronologically, and a largely new chapter on recent philosophy appears at the close.
- Except for a short discussion of Rousseau, all of the figures covered in the previous edition appear here as well.
- The style of the book is revised throughout, with the interests of newer readers in mind.
- Some sections are completely rewritten and others stated more concisely, all with the goal of greater clarity.

James Fieser