

托夫 (TOEFL) 听力录音带

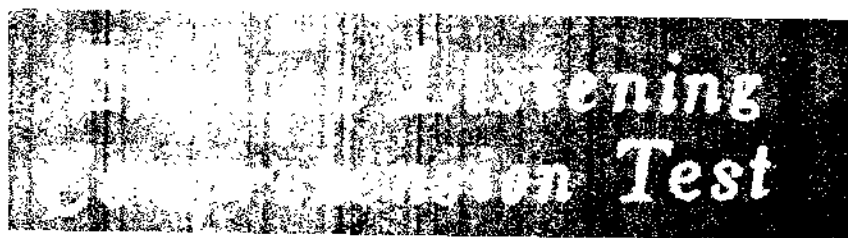
第一集

*English Listening
Comprehension Test*

江西业余外国语学院

托夫 (TOEFL) 听力錄音帶

第一集



序 言

本书共计八集，系从国外引进之最新听力测试资料，专供托夫考生提高听力之用。本听力资料分三部份。其中第三部份，即Part C篇幅较长，涉及题材较广，故由我校委请张联璋同志（江西师大副教授兼《英语辅导》主编）予以译出，以供参考。

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如何准备托夫听力测验

托夫测验是由美国教育测验社(Educational Testing Service 简称 ETS)主办。测验的主要目的为鉴定非英语系国家学生赴美攻读具有之英语能力。

自 1964 年正式举办托夫测验以来，一直发展到今天，托夫测验的成绩不仅是全美国各大学和研究所入学许可与奖学金审核委员会评定申请者英文能力之依据。同时，此一考试成绩被视为美国国务院所属各国领事馆对申请美国学生签证的唯一合法考试。

托夫测验计分三大单元，每一单元测验一项重要的语文技巧，所有题目皆使用选择法(Multiple Choices)。

一、听力测验(Listening Comprehension)：分为三大部份，包括简单听力二十题，会话听力十五题，演讲听力(包括会话、电台之报告(Bulletin)及一般通告(Announcement)等共十五题，其目的在测验学生口述英语之理解能力，听力测验之时间约为三十分钟。

二、英语结构及写作表达测验(Structure and Written Expression)：此测验分为二部份，Part A 为十五题，主要目的在测验学生对美语惯用法之了解程度。Part B 为二十五题，其主要目的为测验学生文法及修辞改错之能力。此一部份之测验时间为二十五分钟。

三、阅读及词汇测验(Reading Comprehension and Vocabulary)：此测验亦分为两部份，Part A 为词汇，共三十题，其主

要目的在测验学生对现代美国成语及词汇辩义之了解。Part B 为阅读测验，亦为三十题。计有单句、广告及段落之文字多篇，其主要为测验学生之英文阅读理解及演绎推理之能力。此部份之考试时间共为四十五分钟。

1. 如何考好托夫听力测验部份

听力测验分 A、B、C 三个部份，共五十题，考试时间约三十分钟。A 部份共有二十题，录音带会放出一个叙述句，考生要从试卷上所列的四个答案中，找出一个与所听到的叙述句相同意思的答案来。这一部份的题目都是比较短的，最长不超过两句话，并且皆属于一般日常口头用语，没有麻烦的文法问题牵涉在内，也绝不会有很长的，或陌生的字出现。

例如：

- (A) John should go to the movies.
- (B) John should have studied the movie.
- (C) John went to study.
- (D) John didn't study.

假若你所听到的叙述句是：

Instead of studying John went to the movies.

正确的答案应该是(D)。

例如：

- (A) It is big.
- (B) It is cold.
- (C) It is stuffy.

(D) It is small.

假如你所听到叙述句是：

This room is lack of air.

正确的答案应该是(C)。

从上面的例句中，我们就可以看出，叙述句的答案是相同性质的，四个答案之中，必定有相反意义的但是都是简明扼要，一目了然的，绝不会有冗长的答案。A部份的题目与题目之间，间隔有十秒钟的时间，读答案的时间一定要快，如一经决定，应马上看下一题的四个答案，如此才有充裕的时间考完听力的A部份，换句话说，学生的眼睛应该走在耳朵的前面，一俟听到问题，马上可以挑出答案来。

万一有一题不会做，应立刻放弃或者任选一个答案再专心看下一题的答案，听下一题的问题，否则你将会连续数题听不清楚，不智之至。

B部份共十五题，每题也是四个答案，通常是一男一女对话，再由第三者针对以上的会话，提出一个问题，我们应考者就应该从这四个答案中，挑选一个最适当的答案来。

例如：

(A) She was sitting too far back.

(B) She didn't understand the subject.

(C) She arrived after it had begun.

(D) She couldn't get a seat.

假如我们听到像这样的一段会话和题目，

(man's voice) So you were at the lecture last night, too.

(woman's voice) Yes, but I hope you heard more of it than we could.

I simply can't understand why they hold lectures in that big hall.

(man's voice) It certainly isn't the ideal place for lectures.

We've found it's best to go there early and take seats up front.

(3rd voice) Why did the woman find the lecture unsatisfactory?

从这段会话中，我们知道他们二人都参加了昨晚的演讲，但是那位女士认为礼堂太大，听不太清楚，那位男士也认为那地方也确实太大了点，所以最好的方法就是早去，早占前面的座位。第三者所问的问题是那位女士为什么对昨晚的演讲不满意，根据以上的会话，我们认为只有(A)最好，那我们就应该挑(A)。

B 部份虽然比较复杂点，而实际上要比A部份容易的多，因为你已先听到了会话的情况后，再听到问题，在时间上比较充份，但最重要的是第三者所问的问题，应考者们也应该特别注意所听问题的第一个字。

假如以上例题的会话部份不变，而问题稍有变动：

(3rd voice) What did the woman complain about?
我们就应该把原来答案中的(A)换一下，换成：

(A) The hall is too big for lectures.

假如问题再变动一下：

(3rd voice) What suggestion did the man give her?
那么正确的答案应该是：

(A) Be there early and take seats up front.

C 部份有 15 题，其中包括数篇短的演讲或报告、二人之对话、广播节目之道白或其他形式之讲述，题材都是留美学生在日常生活或学校中经常听到的。每段后有四或五个问题，问题已经预先录造好在录音带上，考卷本内只含四个答案，第一小段读完后马上问问题，间隔也是只有八或九秒钟，所以应考者必须全神贯注方能如意作答。

听力测验的题数和内容

PART	测 验 内 容	题 数	测验时间
A	短叙述句	20	40 分钟
B	双人对话	15	
C	广播道白、短的演讲或报告、较长的会话。	15	

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托夫听力录音带第 1 集A面

SECTION I LISTENING COMPREHENSION

In this section of the test, you will have an opportunity to demonstrate your ability to understand spoken English. There are three parts to this section, with special directions for each part.

Part A

Directions: For each problem in Part A, you will hear a short statement. The statements will be spoken just one time. They will not be written out for you, and you must listen carefully in order to understand what the speaker says.

When you hear a statement, read the four sentences in your test book and decide which one is closest in meaning to the statement you have heard. Then, on your answer sheet, find the number of the problem and mark your answer.

Look at Example I.

Sample Answer

You will hear:

● (1) (2) (3)

You will read: (A) John does better in his studies than James.

(B) James is bigger than his brother John.

(C) John has only one brother.

(D) The teacher likes James better than John.

Sentence (A), "John does better in his studies than James," means most nearly the same as the statement "John is a better student than his brother James." Therefore, you should choose answer (A).

Look at Example II.

Sample Answer

You will hear:

(A) (B) (C) (D)

You will read: (A) The traffic isn't bad today.

(B) The trucks weigh a lot.

(C) There are a lot of trucks on the highway.

(D) The highway has been closed to heavy trucks.

Sentence (C), "There are a lot of trucks on the highway," is closest in meaning to the sentence, "The truck traffic on this highway is so heavy I can barely see where I'm going." Therefore, you should choose answer (C).

1. (A) Mary takes more music lessons than Betty does.
(B) Both Mary and Betty want to be musicians.
(C) Both Mary and Betty enjoy listening to music.
(D) Mary often listens to Betty play music.
2. (A) Six people are on board.
(B) The board is six feet long.
(C) The red buses go to Chicago.
(D) Passengers can board at Gate Six.
3. (A) Be careful of the stairs.
(B) Look at those interesting stairs.
(C) Can you find the stairs?
(D) Are the stairs outdoors?
4. (A) The doctor was supposed to help me.
(B) I think the medicine may have helped.
(C) I'm supposed to help you take the medicine.
(D) You helped me a lot when I was sick.
5. (A) Coffee will be served with breakfast.
(B) They drank their coffee quickly.
(C) The cup broke on the table.
(D) Please pour the coffee more slowly.
6. (A) Experience isn't necessary.
(B) He disliked the experience.
(C) It isn't necessary to be experienced.

- (D) He doesn't have enough experience.
7. (A) Go out that door, please.
(B) I like to smoke outdoors.
(C) Please smoke outside.
(D) This door leads out, I think.
8. (A) The bank is open late today.
(B) He arrived at the bank too late.
(C) We must go to the bank later.
(D) We go to the bank every two days.
9. (A) We asked Jane if she would like to go there.
(B) Jane wasn't there so we didn't see her.
(C) Jane didn't tell us that she had been there.
(D) We have to go there if we want to see Jane.
10. (A) Is she ready to go to the concert?
(B) She is ready for the concert to begin now.
(C) Has she already left for the concert?
(D) She said the concert has begun already.
11. (A) Bob took the job that I wanted.
(B) Bob is very busy now with his new job.
(C) I haven't seen Bob working recently
(D) I haven't seen Bob since I took the new job.
12. (A) I didn't think so many people would be at the theatre.
(B) I didn't accept the theatre tickets.
(C) I didn't expect the noise at the theatre.
(D) I didn't know many people at the theatre.
13. (A) The store is next to the department.
(B) His department is in the building.
(C) His apartment is beside the store.
(D) Part of the building is a store.
14. (A) Why should we hurry?
(B) Where can we turn around?
(C) What's the main idea?
(D) What's the time?
15. (A) Her research will be finished next year.
(B) Her research was finished after a year

- (C) Her research was finished a year early.
(D) Her research was scheduled to finish a year ago.
- 16.(A) The encyclopedias were out-of-date.
(B) The encyclopedia orders weren't filled.
(C) The encyclopedias weren't in sequence.
(D) The encyclopedias were checked out.
- 17.(A) She wanted an office in her apartment.
(B) She advised her students to choose their programs.
(C) She set up a new program in her office.
(D) She called a meeting to talk about the department.
- 18.(A) Leslie wanted to read a book about playing cards.
(B) Leslie was ordering from a catalogue.
(C) Leslie found the card in the book.
(D) Leslie found the book she needed in the library.
- 19.(A) The students gave their reports.
(B) The Dean wanted to see the students.
(C) The students were reported to the Dean.
(D) The Dean told the students to come in.
- 20.(A) The bus came fifteen minutes ago.
(B) I waited an hour to take a fifteen-minute ride.
(C) Our bus comes after this one.
(D) I felt tired even though I hadn't waited long.

Part B

Directions: In Part B you will hear short conversations between two speakers. At the end of each conversation, a third voice will ask a question about what was said. The question will be spoken just one time. After you hear a conversation and the question about it, read the four possible answers in your test book and decide which one is the best answer to the question you heard. Then, on your answer sheet, find the number of the question and blacken the space that corresponds to the letter of the answer you have chosen.

Example 1

You will hear:

Sample Answer

(A) (B) (C) (D)

You will read: (A) Read a book.

(B) Write a composition.

(C) Talk about a problem.

(D) Listen to the radio.

From the conversation you know that the assignment is to listen to a radio program and be ready to talk about it. The best answer, then is (D), "Listen to the radio." Therefore, you should choose answer (D).

21.(A) Which flower is the national favorite.

(B) The colors of flowers.

(C) The price of flowers.

(D) Whether the man sells many flowers.

22.(A) The man can correct his mistake later.

(B) The man answered two questions correctly.

(C) The man can't change his answer now.

(D) The man didn't begin the test on time.

23.(A) A speech on television.

(B) An article in the newspaper.

(C) A meeting with the President.

(D) A telephone conversation.

24.(A) Four or five days.

(B) Exactly a week.

(C) About a week.

(D) More than two weeks.

25.(A) Look upstairs for Bill.

(B) Go with Bill.

(C) Lock up Bill.

(D) Try to visit Bill.

26.(A) The park is nearby.

(B) He doesn't know about the park.

(C) There's no parking here.

(D) He doesn't understand the question.

27.(A) John's brother got them.

- (B) They're still at the laundry.
 - (C) John forgot them at home.
 - (D) They were picked up on Tuesday.
- 28.(A) He passed out.
- (B) He failed to get the job of chairman.
 - (C) He made the wrong selection.
 - (D) He was put in an awkward position.
- 29.(A) To a restaurant.
- (B) To the cafeteria.
 - (C) To a grocery store.
 - (D) To the student lounge.
- 30.(A) Put in an order right away.
- (B) Run by his brother's.
 - (C) Stop bothering her.
 - (D) Get to work on their things.
- 31.(A) He'll ask Steve when he talks to him.
- (B) He wants to make sure the weather is clear.
 - (C) He doesn't know if they can get a room.
 - (D) He isn't sure that there'll be space for Steve.
- 32.(A) An exhibit.
- (B) Changing customs.
 - (C) Student art work.
 - (D) A film about colonial potters.
- 33.(A) She agrees that the play is a success
- (B) She's less interested in tickets than the play itself.
 - (C) She disagrees about the number of tickets sold.
 - (D) She congratulates the students for playing a good game.
- 34.(A) Tom applied for a job.
- (B) Tom was preferred to others.
 - (C) Tom wanted other jobs.
 - (D) Tom was so unlucky.
- 35.(A) The parking places are very far away.
- (B) She isn't very good at parking the car.
 - (C) There are enough parking places.
 - (D) She had no problem finding the park.

Part C

Directions: In this part of the test, you will hear several short talks and conversations. After each talk or conversation, you will be asked some questions. The talks and questions will be spoken just one time. They will not be written out for you so you will have to listen carefully to understand what the speaker says. After you hear a question, read the four possible answers in your test book and decide which one is the best answer to the question you heard. Then, on your answer sheet, find the number of the question and blacken the space that corresponds to the letter of the answer you have chosen.

Listen to this sample talk.

You will hear:

Now look at the following example.

You will hear:

- You will read: (A) By plane.
(B) By ship.
(C) By train.
(D) By bus.

Sample Answer

☒ A ☐ B ☐ C ☐ D

The best answer to the question "How did people generally arrive at Ellis Island?" is (B), "By ship." Therefore, you should choose answer (B).

Now look at the next example.

You will hear:

You will read: (A) New immigrants.

Sample Answer

- (B) International traders.
(C) Fishermen.
(D) Tourists.

☒ A ☐ B ☐ C ☐ D

The best answer to the question "Who visits Ellis Island today?" is (D) "Tourists." Therefore, you should choose answer (D).

36.(A) To find out about a professor.

(B) To ask if she can register for a course.

- (C) To transfer to another school.
- (D) To find out about the botany department.
- 37.(A) It's too advanced.
- (B) It's for medical students.
- (C) It's inappropriate.
- (D) It's already full.
- 38.(A) It isn't taught at her university.
- (B) It was recommended to her.
- (C) It's required for her major.
- (D) She can't take Professor Chamber's course.
- 39.(A) Change her major to botany.
- (B) Leave his office.
- (C) Get approval from Professor Chambers.
- (D) Get a letter from her university.
- 40.(A) Register for a related course with Professor Chambers.
- (B) Take a similar class in the spring.
- (C) Do an independent study program.
- (D) Register for a similar class at her university.
- 41.(A) Monday.
- (B) Tuesday.
- (C) Wednesday.
- (D) Thursday.
- 42.(A) Road construction.
- (B) Highway names.
- (C) Indian settlements.
- (D) Wagon trains.
- 43.(A) Their smoothness.
- (B) Their composition.
- (C) Their width.
- (D) Their origin.
- 44.(A) When searching for food and water.
- (B) When escaping from enemies.
- (C) When being hunted by Indians.
- (D) When pulling wagons.
- 45.(A) Railroad engineers.