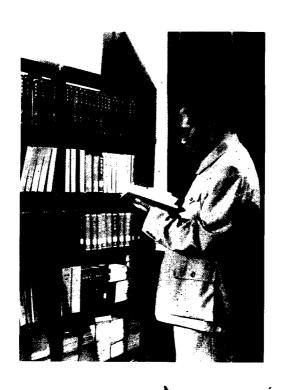
## 毛澤东手和选集

### 第八卷 • 批注和札记 (F)

中央档案馆编

北京出版社



如军东

## **编辑出版说明**

革命家、战略家、理论家和杰出的书法家,我们编辑出版了这部《毛泽东手书选集》 九九三年,是毛泽东诞辰一百周年。为了缅怀这位伟大的马克思主义者,伟大的无产阶级

历代名家之长的基础上,更加发展了具有鲜明特征的书法艺术,深受专家推崇和群众喜爱 建设时期 毛泽东自青少年时代就酷爱书法。此后,无论是在戎马倥偬的战争年代,还是在日 ,他都没有停止过对书法艺术的实践和研究。特别是建国以后,经过广收博览 ,在融会 理 1万机的

是书法艺术之瑰宝,而且许多都是革命历史的重要记录。读者在欣赏书法的同时将会感受到毛泽 东思想的博大精深,毛泽东革命情操的光彩照人。 展现毛泽东书法艺术的发展历程,展现毛泽东书法的巨大魅力和光辉成就。当然,他的手迹不但 现在, 我们从浩繁的馆藏毛泽东手迹中, 精选出一批珍品, 汇编成这部选集, 比较全面地

读者批评指正 发表毛泽东手书真迹,尚属首次。由于编者经验不足和水平所限,疏漏不妥之处在所难免,诚望 、第六卷 这部选集, 共分为十卷: 第一卷 文稿;第七卷、第八卷 批注和札记;第九卷、第十卷 自作诗词;第二卷 题词题字;第三卷、第四卷 古诗词。 如此全而 书信 、系统地 ;

在编辑过程中,得到了中共中央文献研究室的指导和帮助。

北京 出版 社中 央 档 案 馆

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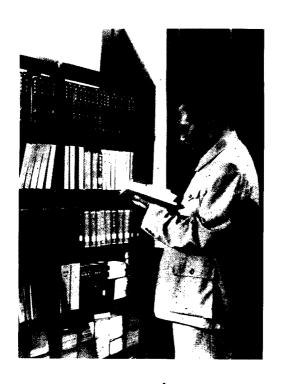
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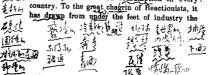
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### MANIFESTO OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY

3, 3, them the whole relations of society. Conservation of the old modes of production in unaftered form, was, on the contrary, the first condition of existence for all earlier industrial classes. Constant revolutionising of production, uninterrupted disturbance of all social conditions, everlasting uncertainty and agitation distinguish the bourgeois epoch from all earlier ones. All fixed, fast-frozen relations, with their train of ancient and venerable prejudices and opinions, are swept away, all new-formed ones become antiquated before they 4284 can ossify. All that is solid melts into air, all that is holy is profaned, and man is at last 314, compelled to face with sober senses, his real conditions of life, and his relations with his kind.

The need of a constantly expanding market for its products chases the bourgeoisie over the whole surface of the globe. It must nestle everywhere, establish connexions everywhere.

The bourgeoisie has through its exploitation of the world market given a cosmopolitan chart-



保持,保守 不变的 不间断的 动荡 长久的 指生产工具革新等 新形成的 老朽的 固体的 神圣的 亵渎的 不得 不,被迫 冷静的 表面 感觉 地球 钻营 民住 的,四海为家 情愫[憑],伤心 抽掉 下面 性质 消费

### BOURGBOIS AND PROLETABIANS national ground on which it stood. All old-established national industries have been destroyed or are daily being destroyed. They are dislodged by 2 no mew industries, whose introduction becomes a life and death question for all civilised nations, by industries that no longer work up indigenous raw material, but raw material drawn from the remotest zones; industries whose products are consumed, not only at home, but in every quarter Mh of the globe. In place of the old wants, satisfied by the productions of the country, we find new wants, requiring for their satisfaction the products of distant lands and climes. In place of the old local and national seclusion and self-sufficiency, we have intercourse in every direction, universal inter-dependence of nations. And as in ma-(or (i) terial, so also in intellectual production. The intellectual creations of individual nations become common property. National one-sidedness and narrow-mindedness become more and more impossible, and from the numerous national and local literatures, there arises a world literature. The bourgeoisie, by the rapid improvement of all instruments of production, by the immensely facilitated means of communication, draws all,

民族基础 一致 一致 团结,统一 破坏 实行(采用) 文明的 以 工业来说 制造 土产的 最遥远的 地区 部分(四分之一) 要求 满 足 遥远的(距离) 气候,国家 闭塞状态 自足 交流 方面(直接,指 导) 世界的,字宙的,普遍的 内部的 精神的 片面性 倚赖 精神 文 学 巨大地(的) 吸引 MINI id est = that is

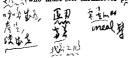
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The conditions of bourgeois society are too narrow to comprise the wealth created by them. And how does the bourgeoisie get over these crises? On the one hand by enforced destruction of a mass of productive forces; on the other, by the conjuget of new markets, and by the more thorough exploitation of the old ones. That is to say, by paying the way for more extensive and more destructive crises, and by diminishing the means whereby crises are prevented.

The weapons with which the bourgeoisie felled feudalism to the ground are now turned against the bourgeoisie itself.

But not only has the bourgeoisie torged the weapons that bring death to itself; it has also called into existence the men who are to wield those weapons—the modern working class—the proletarians.

In proportion as the bourgeoisie, i.e., capital, is developed, in the same proportion is the proportion betariat, the modern working class, developed—at a class of labourers, who live only so long as they find work, and who find work only so long as their labour increases capital. These labourers, who must sell themselves piecemeal, are a com-



进行,实行 破坏 征服 夺取 市场 铺平 广泛的,扩大的 消灭手段,办法 因此,由此 武器 使落,打倒 培育了,促成了 资产阶级 呼唤成为,产生,使成立 运用 当着 找到工作 零星的 餐

modity, like every other article of commerce, and are consequently exposed to all the ricis situdes of competition, to all the fluctuations of the market. X

Owing to the extensive use of machinery and to division of labour, the work of the proletarians has lost all individual character, and, conjunction of the workman. He because a simple, most monotonous, and most estimple, most monotonous, and most making a simple, most monotonous, and most of production of a workman is restricted, almost entirely, to the means of subsistence that he requires for his maintenance, and for the propagation of his race. But the pripe of a commodity, and therefore also of labour, therefore, as the repulsiveness of the work increases, the wage decreases. Nay more, in proportion, the means of machinery and division of



暴露于,受影于 巨大的 变化 竞争 波动 兴趣(高兴)。附属物 单调的 没有变化的 取得的 技能 需要 要求,费用 限制 厌恶 料 生存 维持 繁殖 种族 价格 那么,况且 这方面

This, latter 124 stage \$2,249

bourgeois and proletarians

Altogether collisions between the classes of the did society further, in many ways, the course of development of the proletariat. The bourgeoisie finds itself involved in a constant battle. At first with the afistofracy, later on, with those portions of the bourgeoisie itself, whose interests have become antagonistic to the progress of industry; at all three, with the bourgeoisie of foreign countries. In all these battles it sees itself compelled to appeal to the proletariat, to ask for its help, and thus, to drag it into the political arena. The bourgeoisie itself, therefore, supplies the proletariat with its

in other words, it furnishes the proletariat with weapons for fighting the bourgeoisie.

Further, as we have already seen, entire sections of the ruling classes are, by the advance of industry, precipitated into the proletariat, or are at least threatened in their conditions of existence. These also supply the proletariat with fresh elements of enlightenment and progress.

Finally, in times when the class struggle

nears the decisive hour, the process of dissolution going on within the ruling class, in fact

3.132 own elements of political and general education.

所有的,加在一起的 冲突 促进 卷人,包含 贵族 随后 部分 使 不得不 呼吁 活动(舞台) 原理,元素,分子 给予 落下 威服 开化,启蒙 在这个时候 后者 舞台,阶段 一般说来 上手,推出见,

MANIFESTO OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY

考衷753双以民的

All the preceding classes that got the upper hand, sought to fortify their already acquired stations of appropriation. The proletarians cannot become masters of the productive forces of society, except by abolishing their own previous mode of appropriation, and thereby also every other previous mode of appropriation. They have nothing of their own to secure and to fortify; their ingsion is to destroy all previous sources for and insurances of, individual property.

All previous historical movements were movements of minorities, or in the interest of minorities, or in the interest of minorities. The proletarian movement is the self-conscious, independent movement of the immense majority, in the interest of the immense majority. The proletariat, the lowest stratum of our time processor society, cannot stir, cannot raise itself up, without the whole superincumbent stratation of official society being sprung into the air.

Though not in substance, yet in form, the struggle of the proletariat with the bourgeoisie is at first a national struggle. The proletariat of each country must, of course, first of all settle matters with its own bourgeoisie. X

上手,占上风,占统治地位 以前的 寻求 的过去分词 巩固 服从占有(适当) 消灭 前面的,先前的 使命 保证 保险 自觉 阶级 奋起 上面的 阶层 抛 无产阶级以前的 虽然不是 实质上 问题

ť