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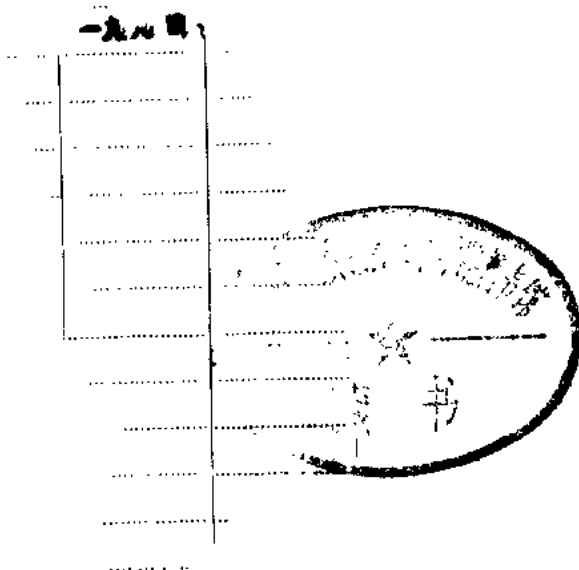


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# 研究生考试英语试卷汇集

(1978—1986)

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## 内 容 提 要

本书汇集了从1978年至1986年攻读硕士学位研究生考试的英语试卷与参考答案，是供准备参加硕士研究生考试的人员复习英语，模拟自测，提高应试能力的一本参考书，也可供教师指导学生进行考前预习之用，高校和其他学校师生亦可根据实际需要把它当作习题使用。

## 前 言

英语是报考研究生的重要考试科目之一。从一九七八年以来，国家已招收了九届研究生。随着四个现代化建设的迅速发展，国家招收研究生的人数逐年增多，广大考生迫切需要英语这方面的参考书籍。研究生的英语入学试题，除一九七九年外，均由国家统一命题。本书收集了一九七八年至一九八六年国家对研究生入学考试的英语试题和答案。一九七九年研究生的英语入学试题，我们只收集一些省市和具有代表性的大学、研究院的试题和答案。本书将有助于广大考生了解研究生英语入学考试的一些基本要求和特点及其变化的趋势，对考生系统复习、提高应试能力也会有一定帮助。本书亦可供教师指导学生进行考前预习之用，大专院校学生和具有同等英语水平的读者都可以把它当作练习题之用。

由于编者水平有限，缺点错误难免，欢迎广大读者批评指正。

编 者

一九八六年七月

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一九七八年选拔出国进修生、研究生  
统 考 试 题

一、选择法填空：(满分25分，每空1分)

1. I wish I \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. had not told him that  
B. didn't tell him that  
C. told him not that  
D. will tell him that
2. Mother warned \_\_\_\_\_ the electric plug.  
A. her not touch      B. her not touching  
C. her not to touch    D. not to touch
3. I can't afford \_\_\_\_\_ a new dress.  
A. buying her      B. her to buy  
C. buy for her      D. to buy her
4. She needs the work \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. done      B. do  
C. be done      D. be doing
5. That's really kind \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. of you to say so    B. for you to say so  
C. of you saying so    D. for you saying so
6. I can't understand \_\_\_\_\_ at that poor child.  
A. you to laugh      B. your laugh  
C. why laugh      D. you laughing

7. You'd better \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. do have your hair cut  
B. to have cut your hair  
C. have your hair cut  
D. had your hair cut
8. There was so much noise the speaker couldn't make himself \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. hearing  
B. to hear  
C. heard  
D. being heard
9. The book \_\_\_\_\_ isn't in the library.  
A. what I need  
B. that I need it  
C. which I need it  
D. I need
10. It was \_\_\_\_\_ that a hundred people looked lost in it.  
A. so a large room  
B. a so large room  
C. such a large room  
D. such large a room
11. We'll take \_\_\_\_\_ put you to the trouble of fetching more.  
A. less sugar than  
B. less sugar rather  
C. less sugar rather than  
D. lesser sugar than
12. I'll certainly work all next week except when it \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. will be raining  
B. will rain  
C. would rain  
D. is raining
13. He \_\_\_\_\_ when I go to see him.  
A. will always work

- B. has always been working  
C. has always worked  
D. is always working
14. My father \_\_\_\_\_ George quite well; they were introduced at a party.  
A. is knowing                      B. was knowing  
C. knows                          D. had been knowing
15. \_\_\_\_\_ me or aren't you?  
A. Will you help  
B. Have you helped  
C. Are you going to help  
D. Will you be helping
16. It \_\_\_\_\_ John and Mary who helped me the other day.  
A. has been                      B. are  
C. was                          D. were
17. In my school \_\_\_\_\_ us study English.  
A. a lot of                      B. a great deal of  
C. much of                      D. a few
18. \_\_\_\_\_ do you prefer, this one or that one?  
A. What                          B. Which  
C. How                          D. Whose
19. Just tell me what you're capable \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. about                          B. at  
C. in                              D. of
20. I've just bought a dictionary, and I'm pleased \_\_\_\_\_ it.



- A. by                                  B. of  
C. with                                D. for
21. If we \_\_\_\_\_ yesterday, we \_\_\_\_\_ the work.  
A. weren't interrupted; would finish  
B. didn't interrupt; would have finished  
C. hadn't interrupted; had finished  
D. hadn't been interrupted; would have finished
22. The recent issue of this periodical is worth \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. to read                              B. reading  
C. for you to read                  D. for you reading
23. The construction of the laboratory \_\_\_\_\_ by the end of next month.  
A. must have completed  
B. must have been completed  
C. must be completed  
D. must complete
24. Statistics is a discipline \_\_\_\_\_ all the other sciences.  
A. affected                              B. affecting  
C. to be affected                      D. being affected
25. We didn't see him at the lecture yesterday. He \_\_\_\_\_ it.  
A. mustn't attend  
B. can't have attended  
C. would have not attend  
D. needn't have attended

二、在空格内各填一个适当的介词：(满分10分，每空0.5分)

1. They prevented me ~~from~~ working ~~on~~ my homework ~~for~~ several hours ~~on~~ Wednesday.
2. ~~At~~ the age of forty John was dismissed ~~for~~ his job ~~on~~ an hour's notice ~~on~~ no reason at all.
3. I have been ~~in~~ work here ~~for~~ a month, but I have learnt nothing ~~from~~ my instructors; therefore, I have nothing to thank them ~~for~~.
4. He agrees ~~with~~ me that we must make sure ~~of~~ the facts so that we can discuss them ~~with~~ others and distinguish the true ~~from~~ the false.
5. He did nothing but laugh ~~at~~ her ~~from~~ beginning ~~to~~ end and that was very foolish ~~to~~ him.

三、改正下列病句：(满分25分，每句1分)

1. He is very strong. He ~~can~~<sup>will</sup> be able to work for another hour.
2. There are always a lot of good news over the radio.
3. We must have to work really hard from now on.
4. He would have come much earlier if he has known the party would start at 8:00.
5. The letter I've just received from my father is too long to read it.

6. I'm sure I asked the boy which had borrowed my book to return it to me as soon as possible.
7. He could not hardly spend any time watching TV.
8. I think they're not carrying out experiment at the moment.
9. It seems to me that the cold weather started <sup>much</sup> more earlier this year than last year.
10. This is the girl whom I sat next to her at the meeting yesterday.
11. As I have run out of paper, I have to borrow some from the comrade live next door.
12. My little brother is too young that he can't dress himself.
13. I have to have my radio repair so that I can listen to the radio English course.
14. If I was knowing why he was absent, I would tell you, but I'm afraid I don't.
15. Peter thinks that he is very clever than all the other boys in his class.
16. The letter I posted it to my mother over a week ago has not reached her yet.
17. My children are very well look after in the kindergarten.
18. Would you be kind enough as to open the door?
19. This book isn't belonged to me.
20. I'd like some more paper to write.
21. He came here before two hours.

22. I'll finish this work after two weeks.
23. He told me what she had said it behind my back.
24. No sooner ~~he~~ came home he was asked to start on another journey.
25. He scarcely got into the room than the telephone rang.

四、阅读下列短文并标出后面的选择题的正确答案：(满分10分，每个选择2分)

I was being tested for a driving licence for the third time. I had been asked to drive in heavy traffic and had done so successfully. After having been instructed to drive out of town, I began to acquire confidence. Sure that I had passed, I was almost beginning to enjoy my test. The examiner must have been pleased with my performance, for he smiled and said, "Just one more thing, Mr. Eames. Let us suppose that a child suddenly crosses the road in front of you. As soon as I tap on the window, I want the car to be stopped immediately." I continued driving and after some time, the examiner tapped loudly. Though the sound could be heard clearly, it took me a long time to react. I suddenly pressed the brake pedal hard and we were both thrown forward. The examiner looked at me sadly. "Mr. Eames," he said, in a mournful voice, "you've just killed that child."

1. When the driver was asked to drive out of town, he began to feel confident because

- a. he was being tested for the third time.
  - b. he was driving away from the heavy traffic.
  - c. he had done wonderfully well in driving through the heavy traffic.
2. He was beginning to enjoy his test because
- a. he was now in the open country.
  - b. he was sure that he had passed.
  - c. he had a feeling that the examiner was agreeable.
3. The examiner smiled at him, so he thought that the examiner
- a. was satisfied with what he had done so far.
  - b. was going to be more pleasant with him.
  - c. was feeling amused.
4. When the examiner tapped loudly on the window, the driver
- a. pressed the brake pedal hard immediately.
  - b. failed to stop the car at the signal.
  - c. heard the tapping only a long time later.
5. So we can well imagine that in the end the driver
- a. must have been arrested for having killed a child.
  - b. must have failed in the test.
  - c. must have damaged his car badly.

五、汉译英：(满分15分，每句3分)

1. 你知道印刷术 (printing) 是什么时候发明和怎样传

往西方的吗?

2. 你们所谈的只是我们今天要解决的问题之一。
3. 一直到试验成功了, 张教授才离开实验室。
4. 可以预见, 在一个不太长的时间内, 中国必将在科学技术方面赶上世界最先进的国家。
5. 正如你们所知道的, 凡在科学技术上有建树 (to make original contributions) 者, 都是工作最勤奋并且勇于创新 (to break new ground) 的人。

#### 六、英译汉: (满分15分)

The difficulties that would have to be encountered by anyone who attempted to explore the moon would be incomparably greater than those that have to be faced in the endeavour to reach the summit of Mount Jolmo Lungma. In two respects only would the lunar explorer have the advantage. In the first place movement would be less fatiguing because the gravitational pull of the moon is not very great, the weight of the moon being only about one-eightieth of that of the earth. If the moon had an atmosphere like that of the earth, a man playing golf on the moon would find that he could drive his ball for a mile without much difficulty. The second advantage the lunar explorer would have over the climbers on Mount Jolmo Lungma would be the absence of strong wind to contend against. The moon having no atmosphere, there can be no wind; nor, of course, can there be any noise, for sound is carried by the air. The moon is a world that is completely still

and where utter silence prevails.

## 参 考 答 案

### 一、

1. A 2. C 3. D 4. A 5. A 6. D 7. C  
8. C 9. D 10. C 11. C 12. D 13. D 14. C  
15. C 16. C 17. A 18. B 19. D 20. C 21. D  
22. B 23. C 24. B 25. B

### 二、

1. from | at or on | for | on  
2. At | from | at | for  
3. at | for | from | for  
4. with | of | with | from  
5. at or with | from | to | of

### 三、

1. He can work (is able to work) / will be able to work ...  
2. There is ...  
3. We must work (We will have to work) ...  
4. ... if he had known ...  
5. ... is too long to read.

6. ... the boy who had borrowed ...
7. He could hardly (He could not) spend any time...
8. I don't think they're carrying out ...
9. ... started earlier this year than last year.  
or: ... started much earlier ...
10. This is the girl I sat next to at...  
or: This is the girl whom I sat next to at...
11. ... from the comrade living next door.  
or: ... from the comrade who lives next door.
12. ... too young to dress himself.  
or: ... so young (that) he can't dress himself.
13. ... to have my radio repaired...
14. If I knew why he was absent,...
15. ... that he is cleverer (more clever) than...
16. The letter I posted to my mother over a week ago...
17. ... are very well looked after...
18. Would you be so kind as to open the door?  
or: Would you be kind enough to open the door?
19. ... doesn't belong to me.  
or: This book isn't mine.
20. ... some more paper to write on.
21. He came here two hours ago.
22. I'll finish this work in two weeks.
23. He told me what she had said behind my back.
24. No sooner had he come home than...
25. He had scarcely got into the room when ...



or: He had scarcely got into the room before...  
or: Scarcely had he got into the room when  
(before) ...

四、

1. c      2. b      3. a      4. b      5. b

五、

1. Do you know when printing was invented and how it was introduced to the West? (or: ... and how it spread to...)
2. What you've talked about is only one of the problems we're going to solve today.
3. Prof. Chang didn't leave (or: never left) the laboratory until he finished the experiment successfully.
4. It can be predicted (or: It is predictable) that China will certainly (will certainly be able to) catch up with the most advanced nations in the world in science and technology in not too long a time. (or loosely: It can be predicted (It is predictable) that China's scientific and technological development will be on the same level as that of the most advanced nations in the world in not too long a time.)
5. As you all know, those who have made original contributions to science and technology are the ones who have worked the hardest and have not been afraid to break new ground.