

中学英语复习测试丛书



高三英语

张定兴 主编

复习测试

中国科学技术大学出版社

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内 容 简 介

本书是《中学英语复习测试丛书》之六,含 15 份复习测试题,前 10 份试题包
容了高三年级英语教材所涉及到的词汇、短语、语法;后 5 份试题为综合试题,是
对整个中学阶段英语学习的总结、提高和扩展。本书的特点是:1. 针对性强,紧扣
高考英语试题题型;2. 选材广泛,汇集国内外中学英语教学、测试、竞赛的最新资
料;3. 编选科学,深入浅出,循序渐进。书后附有答案。主编一直主持安徽省成人
自学考试英语试题及评阅工作,书中所有试题均模拟高考而设计。本书是中学生
学好英语的良师益友,更是高中毕业生复习备考,迎接挑战的好帮手。

编委(以姓氏笔划为序)

王晓慧 祁 红 张定兴
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前 言

金鸡报春,万象更新。正当举国上下,普天同庆,喜迎党的十四大之后第一个春天到来的时候,我们非常高兴地把自己精心编撰的《中学英语复习丛书》,作为礼物奉献给广大中学生朋友和从事英语教学、研究的同行们。这套丛书是我们辛勤劳作的收获与结晶,也是我们对广大中学生朋友爱的见证与象征。我们渴望我们的这套丛书,能成为广大中学生朋友们努力学好英语的良师益友。

本套丛书共六册,前三册为初中部分,后三册为高中部分。与同类图书相比,本丛书的特点是:一、针对性强,紧扣中考、高考英语试题题型;二、选材广泛,汇集国内外中学英语教学、测试、竞赛的最新资料;三、编选科学,按照中学生的年龄特点和认识规律,深入浅出,循序渐进,最终达到新的高度。

已故著名数学家华罗庚教授曾经说过一句名言——“天才出于勤奋,知识在于积累”。对于学生来说,拥有一份好的学习资料,就等于战士有了利器,是每个人所渴求的。我们热切地期待着广大的中学生朋友们,特别是正在进行紧张地复习迎考的初、高中毕业生朋友们,刻苦努力,能从我们的这套丛书中汲取丰富的养分,获得成功的启示和收益,在未来的竞争

中夺魁,在中考、高考中取得优异的成绩。

本书在编撰过程中得到安徽大学外语系、合肥考试中心及有关部门的大力支持和帮助,在此一并致谢。对于书中难免出现的疏漏之处,恳请读者不吝赐教指正。

编 者

一九九三年一月于安徽大学

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单元复习测试题一

I. 语音和拼写: (10%)

A) 观察所给单词的读音, 从 a、b、c、d 中找出其划线部分与所给单词的划线部分读音相同的选项。

例: have a) gave b) save c) hat d) made

答案是 c

() 1. even

a) exist b) recent c) ever d) silence

() 2. public

a) full b) stupid c) support d) funny

() 3. loud

a) town b) blow c) shoulder d) southern

() 4. earth

a) wear b) heart c) search d) appear

() 5. worth

a) other b) thought c) worthy d) though

() 6. jungle

a) singer b) challenge c) single d) starting

B) 根据下列对话的情景, 划线句子中的哪些单词一般要重读?

() 7. —Who are you waiting for?

—I'm not waiting for anybody.

a) not, waiting b) not, anybody

c) waiting, for d) anybody

- () 8. —Did you go to the park yesterday?
—No, but we visited a museum instead.

a) but, visited
b) visited, museum
c) No, museum, instead
d) No, visited, museum

C) 以下每组对话由句子(1)、(2)、(3)三个句子组成。指出这三个句子在一般情况下应该用什么语调。

- () 9. (1) Peter: Where do you often read magazines?
(2) Kate: In our city library.
(3) Peter: Always in your city library?

a) 升降升 b) 降降降 c) 降降升 d) 升降降

- () 10. (1) Joe: Are you going to visit London?

Sue: No, I'm working and studying there.

Joe: Oh, really?

a) 升降降 b) 升降升 c) 升升升 d) 降降升

II. 单项填空: (45%)

- () 11. _____ president of the Science and Culture Club and _____ principal of the college is an Englishman.

a) The, the b) A, a
c) The, a d) The

- () 12. Two _____ and three _____ attend the meeting.

a) Englishmen, Germans
b) Englishmen, German

- c)Englishmans,Germen
d)Englishmans,Germans
- () 13. The man had some _____ flowers in his garden.
a)little beautiful yellow
b)yellow little beautiful
c)beautiful little yellow
d)little yellow beautiful
- () 14. You shouldn't eat so much chocolate _____ meals.
a)except b)unless c)through d)between
- () 15. As a turner, my son got his first _____, which are 3 pounds a week.
a)money b)wages c)pay d)salary
- () 16. I don't know what is _____ those old machine.
a)to be done with b)to do
c)to be done d)to do with
- () 17. "John won't be there, will he?"
"No, I hope _____."
a)too b)either c)not d)so
- () 18. Son: "Father, you promised to buy me a new bicycle!"
Father: "_____."
a)Neither did I b)So I did
c)So did I d)I did it
- () 19. "Where's your brother?"

“At _____.”

- a) a Mr. Green's b) Mr. Green
c) the Mr. Green d) the Mr. Green's

() 20. Do me a favour, _____ I will be much obliged to you.

- a) and b) thus
c) so d) or

() 21. “I can't see the blackboard very well.”

“Perhaps you need _____.”

- a) to examine your eyes
b) to have your eyes examined
c) to be examined your eyes
d) to have examined your eyes

() 22. Where to find him and how to find him _____ to us.

- a) are not known b) is not known
c) doesn't know d) has not known

() 23. I don't think he's serious, _____?

- a) is he b) has he
c) don't I d) isn't he

() 24. May I _____ your bike?”

“Sorry, I've _____ it to John. He'll _____ it for two days.”

- a) borrow, lent, keep
b) use, borrowed, lend
c) lend, given, borrow
d) use, lend, borrow

- () 25. This is the professor _____ we paid a visit to the day before yesterday.
a) to whom b) which
c) whom d) to who
- () 26. I shall never forget _____ such an interesting book in your home.
a) to read b) to have read
c) reading d) to have got to
- () 27. "Do you like the book?"
"Yes, it was exactly _____ I wanted."
a) one's b) that
c) one d) the one
- () 28. Neither could theory do without practice, _____ without theory.
a) practice could not do
b) nor practice could do
c) or could practice do
d) nor could practice do
- () 29. It was a cold winter evening _____ his father left home and was never back.
a) in which b) on which
c) in what d) how
- () 30. My father _____ me to become a doctor.
a) thinks b) says
c) hopes d) expects
- () 31. I had to raise my voice _____ make myself _____ upstairs.

- a) in order to...hear b) so as to...to be heard
c) so as to...heard d) in order to...hearing
- () 32. "That must be a mistake. "
"No, it _____ a mistake. "
a) can't be b) must not be
c) wouldn't be d) needn't be
- () 33. This is _____ a model.
a) that is called b) what is called as
c) what is called d) that called
- () 34. "Shall I invite Tom to my party?"
"Yes, it'll be nice if you _____. "
a) will invite b) are
c) do invite d) do
- () 35. Had it not been _____ the captain, we could
not have landed safely _____ New York.
a) with...at b) with...to
c) for...in d) for...to
- () 36. _____ you have many more days as happy as
this one!
a) Might b) Must
c) May d) Can
- () 37. The second horse in the race is _____
the horse in front.
a) gaining on b) catching up
c) keeping up d) going faster
- () 38. _____ is in trouble, we'll help him.
a) Not matter who b) No matter who

- c)Not matter whom d)No matter whom
- () 39. The captain's courage, perseverance and powerful
will became the talk of the whole city.
- a)did it b)didn't it
- c)did they d)didn't they
- () 40. Blue _____ green when you mix it with
yellow.
- a)become to b)turns to
- c)is turned to d)changes

III. 阅读理解: (20%)

The ship of the desert is actually not a real ship you have seen or heard of. It is a camel, a camel in the desert.

A camel is of value to mankind. It can go a long way without food or water. Some people could probably think that a camel carries water in its hump(驼峰). In fact, it doesn't at all. Usually a camel likes to have a very long drink every other day. Thus it is able to travel without water for a week. Then what's a camel's hump for? It is for storing food. A camel stores food in its hump in the form of fat. If an Arab wants to know whether his camel is fit for a trip in the desert or not, he feels its hump.

The reason why a camel is called "the ship of the desert" is that it has got special feet. A camel's foot is made up of two large pads(肉趾). They spread out wide and seize the ground firmly. So a camel can walk much better over the sand of the desert, like a ship on the sea, than any other animal in the world.

- () 41. The ship of the desert refers to _____.
- a) a bird b) an animal

- c)a communication d)a special ship
- () 42. A camel is very useful to a human being because it can _____.
- a)live without water for a week
b)make a long journey without eating or drinking
c)have a very long drink every other day
d)store food in its hump in the form of fat
- () 43. Which of the following conclusions can we draw according to the passage?
- a)A camel doesn't fit to go until its hump is firm.
b)If the hump feels soft,a camel is fit for a trip.
c)When a camel starts a trip, its hump must be full of fat.
d)The bigger the hump is,the fitter a camel is to be.
- () 44. A camel has got its good name for its _____.
a)hump b)endurance
c)long drink d)special feet
- () 45. This passage tells us _____.
a)what a camel's hump and pads are for
b)why a camel can go a long way without food or water
c)how "the ship of the desert"came into use
d)about the value of a camel to mankind

IV. 作文: (25%)

A General clean-up

(一次大扫除)

要求: 1. 字迹工整, 卷面整洁;

2. 文章条理清晰,简明扼要;

3. 篇幅为100个词左右。

单元复习测试题二

I. 将下列各题的划线部分改以第二课课文中相应的词组或成语表达:(10%)

1. The manservant was preparing the liquid for drinking.
()
2. The stamp which Ramsay left in the taxi was uncommon of that day. ()
3. Don't call him up whe he is at work.
()
4. Do you notice that the picture on the wall is with the top side at the bottom? ()
5. Mr. Johnson used to be a man who made a living by buying and selling things in his home town.
()
6. The fireman entered the room full of smoke to save the sick child. ()
7. "What's the matter with my father?" said Mary with a worried face. ()
8. If you drive along the big street, you will not catch the train. ()
9. Occasionally we go to the post office to buy new stamps.
()
10. There are not so many cars for hire here.
()

II. 单项填空:(30%)