



普通高等教育"十一五"国家级规划教材(第二版)

Reading Master

大学英语

泛读教程

- □ 原著 James Baron
- □ 改编 总主编 王健芳 主 编 谭占海 肖唐金



高等教育出版社



Reading Master

泛凌教程



□原著 James Baron

总主编 王健芳 □改编

> 主 编 谭占海 肖唐金 副主编 陈续跃 王 梅

者 粟向军 金江琴

宋海蟾

图字: 01-2015-7367号

大学英语泛读教程 1 Reading Master 1 James Baron

Copyright © 2014 by Cengage Learning Asia Pte Ltd.

Original edition published by Cengage Learning. All Rights Reserved. 本书原版由圣智学习出版公司出版。版权所有,盗印必究。

Higher Education Press Limited Company is authorized by Cengage Learning to publish and distribute exclusively this Reprint-Adaptation edition. This edition is authorized for sale in the People's Republic of China only (excluding Hong Kong, Macao SAR and Taiwan). Unauthorized export of this edition is a violation of the Copyright Act. No part of this publication may be reproduced or distributed by any means, or stored in a database or retrieval system, without the prior written permission of the publisher.

本书影印改编版由圣智学习出版公司授权高等教育出版社有限公司独家出版发行。此版本仅限在中华人民共和国境内(但不允许在中国香港、澳门特别行政区及中国台湾地区)销售。未经授权的本书出口将被视为违反版权法的行为。未经出版者预先书面许可,不得以任何方式复制或发行本书的任何部分。

本书封面贴有 Cengage Learning 防伪标签,无标签者不得销售。

图书在版编目(CIP)数据

大学英语泛读教程.1/(英) 巴伦(Baron, J.) 著; 王健芳改编.--3版.--北京:高等教育出版社, 2016.2

ISBN 978-7-04-044139-0

I . ①大… II. ①巴… ②王… III . ①英语-阅读教学-高等学校-教材 IV. ①H319.4

中国版本图书馆 CIP 数据核字 (2016) 第019857号

策划编辑 谢 森 方 舟 项目编辑 马小洁 责任编辑 谢 森 马小洁 封面设计 姜 磊 版式设计 孙 伟 责任校对 巩 熠 责任印制 韩 刚 出版发行 高等教育出版社 XX 址 http://www.hep.edu.cn 址 北京市西城区德外大街4号 http://www.hep.com.cn 邮政编码 100120 网上订购 http://www.hepmall.com.cn 北京汇林印务有限公司 http://www.hepmall.com 开 本 787mm×1092mm 1/16 http://www.hepmall.cn 张 10.25 版 次 2005年8月第1版 字 数 290千字 2016年2月第3版 购书热线 010-58581118 次 2016年2月第1次印刷 咨询电话 400-810-0598 价 28.00元 定

本书如有缺页、倒页、脱页等质量问题, 请到所购图书销售部门联系调换

版权所有 侵权必究 物 料 号 44139-00 《大学英语泛读教程(第三版)》系列教材是在美国圣智学习公司出版的Reading Master 系列教材的基础上,根据《大学英语教学指南(送审稿)》及四、六级考试对阅读能力的要求,结合中国大学生英语学习的特点,改编而成的新型阅读教材。教材精心挑选了富有时代性、知识性、趣味性及可读性的素材,设计了由浅入深的练习,内容涵盖阅读理解、词汇巩固、翻译实践以及思辨训练等,力求做到既能有效提升学生的英语阅读能力,又能拓展学生的文化知识视野。教材适用于各类高校的大学一至四年级学生,可作为课堂阅读训练教程或供学生自主学习使用。

2013年12月全国大学英语四、六级考试委员会对四、六级考试的试卷结构和测试题型进行了调整。根据新题型对阅读能力的要求,学生不仅需要有更好的阅读理解能力和宏观概括总结能力,还要能在实际语言环境中查询有效信息,对信息进行加工处理。而最新的《大学英语教学指南(送审稿)》在基础、提高及发展三个教学级别中对阅读理解能力都有明确的描述,包括恰当运用阅读技巧与策略,理解中心大意、主要事实和有关细节、关键信息、文章结构和隐含义,以及能对阅读材料的内容进行综合分析,形成自己的理解和认识。

《大学英语泛读教程(第三版)》系列教材的设计模式和编写理念恰好体现了以上变革的趋势和要求。原教材依据《欧洲语言共同参考框架》(Common European Framework of Reference for Languages: Learning, Teaching, Assessment, 简称CEF)编写而成,以丰富而鲜活的素材激发学习者的阅读兴趣,内容涵盖社会、科技和文化等不同领域,语言地道,人文性强。练习设计从阅读理解到词汇训练,再到思辨能力的培养,由浅入深。阅读理解的练习中包含阅读技巧的提示,引导学生主动运用相关阅读技巧与策略完成各项练习;词汇训练将词汇作为阅读能力提升的重要基础,通过多角度的词汇练习设计增加重点词汇的复现和巩固,帮助学习者完成词汇的输入与储备;在训练阅读能力的同时,教材还注重挖掘主题内涵,设计讨论与思考题引导学生对文章进行分析与反思,形成自己的观点并言之有物。此外,教材难度梯度科学合理,每单元篇幅适宜,对学习者既存在一定挑战,又不会对其造成过大的阅读压力。

同时,为更有针对性地全面提高学生的阅读水平和能力,在改编中,根据我国英语教学的实际情况,编者还增加、补充了部分内容:

1. 每篇文章后增设Notes,对文章背景及知识点、难点进行简要介绍和解释,拓展学习

者的文化知识视野;

- 2. 充实了讨论题和思考题, 使学习者学有所思、思有所悟, 同时也为学习者进行口头表 达提供了语料和机会;
- 3. 增加了循序渐进的翻译练习,以提升学习者的英语语言运用能力,为四、六级考试打下基础;
- 4. 根据《大学英语课程教学要求》的分级词表,在每个单元中增设了中英文双语注释的词汇表,便于学习者扫清阅读障碍;
- 5. 每一册后增加总词表, 便于学习者学习、查阅;
- 6. 为教材配备了文章录音、电子教案、阅读技巧讲解、教师用书、试卷等教学资源,方 便教师与学生使用。

本套教材共分四级,每级由十二个学习单元、四个复习单元组成。除教材外,每级还配有资源学习服务网站(http://abook.hep.com.cn),学生可在该网站获取文章录音、单元自测、阅读技巧讲解等学习资源。教师用户可在中国外语网(http://www.cflo.com.cn)获取教师用书、电子教案、学期测评试卷等教学资源包。

总之,《大学英语泛读教程(第三版)》版式活泼,图文并茂;素材鲜活,趣味性强;难度梯度科学合理,篇幅适宜;注重夯实词汇基础,阅读、翻译训练有效,兼顾思辨能力的提升;教材与配套资源网站一体化设计,教学资源齐备。希望学生通过对本教材的学习,开阔视野,更好地掌握相关阅读技能,在愉悦的阅读中提高学习兴趣,逐步增强英语阅读应用能力。

由于编者的水平有限,本系列教材难免存在不足之处,恳请广大师生批评指正。

编 者 2015年12月

Contents

UNIT 01	All the World's a Stage1
	 Reading: Exporting Drama: Soap Operas Cross Cultural Boundaries Further Reading: From TV to Big Screen
UNIT 02	On the Job13
4000	 Reading: America's Worst Jobs 14 Further Reading: Landing Your Dream Position 21
UNIT 03	Sports and Leisure25
EX	 Reading: Who's the Greatest? 26 Further Reading: A World of Weird Hobbies 33
Review 1 ((Units 1–3)36
UNIT 04	The Animal World39
MIL	 Reading: Talking to the Animals: Real Life Dr. Dolittles 40 Further Reading: Call of the Wild: The Return of the Wolf 46
UNIT 05	Family Affairs49
	 Reading: Close to Home and Far Away 50 Further Reading: Poles Apart: Different Perspectives on Family 56

UNIT 06	Telling Tales61
	1. Reading: The Deal 62
1.	2. Further Reading: Word of Mouth 68
Review 2	(Units 4–6)72
UNIT 07	Getting Around75
	1. Reading: The Future of Transportation 76
	2. Further Reading: Four-legged Friends for Work and War 82
UNIT 08	Scientific Advances85
E= mc ²	Reading: The Scientists Who Challenged Conventional Wisdom
7.5	2. Further Reading: DNA: The USB of the Future? 92
UNIT 09	A Life of Crime
·	1. Reading: Dumber than Dumb 98
	2. Further Reading: Honor Among Thieves 104
Review 3	(Units 7-9)108
LINIT 10	Food for Thought111
	 Reading: Peculiar Palates 112 Further Reading: Bugging Out: Are Insects the Food of the Future? 118
7 00 3 6 15 All	2. Further Reading: Bugging Out: Are insects the Food of the Future? 118

UNIT 11	Searching for Proof121				
- E-	 Reading: Cryptid Cases 122 Further Reading: Searching for God 128 				
UNIT 12	A Bang for the Buck 131				
The tage supports Manager	 Reading: Purchasing Power: How America's Teens Spend Their Money Further Reading: Cashing Out: The Rise of Virtual Currencies 138 				
Review 4	(Units 10–12)142				
Glossary.	145				



Boundaries

Words to Know:

Entertainment; key

word: in

Further Reading: From TV to Big Screen



Before You Start

- What's your favorite soap opera?
- Do you prefer local or foreign shows?
- Which kinds of entertainment does China export?
- What do you do for entertainment in your leisure time?
- · What kind of entertainment is the most popular among Chinese young people?





Exporting Drama: Soap Operas Cross Cultural Boundaries

Soap operas are popular around the world, but some countries have a knack of producing shows that capture the imagination of people far and wide.

U.S.

As with many forms of popular entertainment, the United States leads the way in exporting its TV dramas to the rest of the world. In the 1980s, shows like *Dallas*, *Dynasty* and *Falcon Crest* brought glitz and glamor to hundreds of millions of viewers worldwide. Perhaps the most successful American soap, though, is the medical drama, *The Days of Our Lives*. The show was first aired in 1965 and is still being broadcast in dozens of countries to this day.

U.K. and Australia

B The U.K. has a long tradition of producing quality soap operas. Indeed, the British soap Coronation Street is the longest-running soap that is still being aired. In the 1980s, however, Australian soaps such as Neighbors and Home and Away became incredibly popular with British viewers. Several actors have launched pop-music careers based on their fame in these programs, Kylie Minogue being the most notable.

Republic of Korea

Over the last decade, K-dramas have become a phenomenon all over Asia. They are also starting to gain a following in other parts of the world. These soaps are typically "closed," meaning there are a limited number of episodes. This country has been quick to take advantage by setting up a thriving tourist industry based on the "drama fever." Fans can now visit the locations where their favorite soaps are filmed.



Brazil

D Like many of Asia's serialized dramas, Brazil's telenovelas, as they are known, run for a limited period. The top shows have been beamed into households all over the globe, but have been particularly popular in Eastern Europe and Russia. Although the characters have mainly been rich and glamorous, more recently, producers have been coming up with different scenarios, portraying working-class people.

Audiences have been watching foreign soap operas for almost as long as they have been

broadcast. The narrowing of cultural divides in the digital era has made it easier than ever to export entertainment, and soap operas remain the most appealing of TV formats.

Notes

Soap opera (Title)

A soap opera, soapie, or soap is a serial drama on television or radio which features related story lines about the lives of multiple characters. The stories usually focus on emotional relationships to the point of melodrama.

② Medical drama (Para. 2, line 4)

A medical drama is a television program, in which events center upon a hospital, an ambulance staff, or any medical environment. In the United States, most medical episodes are one hour long and set in a hospital.

3 Kylie Minogue (Para. 3, line 7)

Kylie Ann Minogue, born on 28 May 1968, often known simply as Kylie, is an Australian-born singer, songwriter, and actress. She was often referred to as the "Princess of Pop" and "Goddess of Pop."

Do You Get It?

* Multiple Matching

Look at paragraphs A to D again and try to match them to 1-10 below.

Which paragraph mentions 1. changes in the subject matter of a country's soaps?	86	7 8
2. similarities between soaps in different parts of the world?	The same	10.00
3. a famous soap star?		1601
4. a change of career?		ANTI
5. a benefit to a country?		1/8/
6. a show involving doctors?		for my
	100	
8. three soaps from one country?		
9. a term meaning "limited"?		h
10. a country that dominates in exporting its entertainment w	orldwide?	



* Reading Comprehension

a. Talent.b. Idea.c. Job.d. Success.

a. U.S.b. U.K.c. Australia.d. Brazil.

b. She is British.

a. Kind.b. Korean.c. Kids.d. Kissing.

a. Serialized dramas.b. Telenovelas.c. Programs.d. Scenarios.

1. What is meant by the word "knack"? Vocabulary

2. Which country produces the longest soap? Detail

3. Which of the following is true of Kylie Minogue? Detail

4. Which of the following is not used as a synonym for soap operas? Inference

5. What can we infer the "K" in "K-dramas" stands for? Inference

a. She has had more than one career.

c. She has starred in several soaps.d. She has helped actors become stars.

2. an unusual or amazing occurrence

Based on the reading text, choose the most appropriate answer to the following questions.

Master	r Your Voc	abulary		
Find tho Mc	A NO AND			
Find the Wo	ra			
		e meanings below	'.	
		e meanings below	exporting	portraying

3.	excitingly attractive	
4.	successful / doing well	
5.	world	
6.	showing	
7.	more often than not	
8.	shown in installments	
9.	well-known	
0.	attractive	

* Key Word: in

Choose the answer to the following questions.

- 1. Is he in your class?
 - a. Yeah, he is in my class.
 - b. He is the one in yellow.
 - c. No, he sits in front of me.
- 2. What kind of sports is he interested in?
 - a. He's quite interesting.
 - b. Not in sport.
 - c. He's interested in football and tennis.
- 3. In your opinion, which color is the best?
 - a. I think blue is the best.
 - b. My mother likes blue the best.
 - c. He thinks we shouldn't use colors.
- 4. Can I come in?
 - a. Sure, you can dress in red.
 - b. Yes, please step outside.
 - c. Of course, please have a seat.

* Phrasal Verbs

The following phrasal verbs match the particle or preposition *up*. Choose the correct verb to complete the sentences using an appropriate tense of form.

	set	give	bring	come		make	
	beat	turn	hang	break		draw	
			up with great ideas for		ojects.		
2.	I don't believe yo	our excuse. I thi	nk you're	it up.			
3.	If you want to d	leposit you mo	ney, you will need to _		a	bank accou	int to
	deposit.						
4.	The government	is	up plans to create	a new busine	ess dist	rict in the ci	ity.



 5. Paul was scared that the bullies would him up if he didn't give them his money. 6. Please don't up the argument you had with Lucinda when she visits tonight. 7. We just couldn't figure out the answer to the puzzle, so we up. 8. I'm not sure whether Sid up the phone or the line just cut out. 9. The school up for the summer vacation at the end of this week. 10. Don't worry about your keys. I'm sure they will up eventually. * Vocabulary Helper
Tips for Learning Words
 Categorize: Put the words into groups according to: Topic household activities and chores: clean up, turn on / off, hang up, put away, take out, pick up, etc. Verb give: give up, give away, give in, etc. Particle or preposition down; sit down, back down, close down, etc. Make a note of synonyms:
S Translation
I. Translate the following sentences into Chinese.
 As with many forms of popular entertainment, the United States leads the way in exporting its TV dramas to the rest of the world. The U.K. has a long tradition of producing quality soap operas. Several actors have launched pop-music careers based on their fame in these programs, Kylie Minogue being the most notable. The narrowing of cultural divides in the digital era has made it easier than ever to export entertainment. Soap operas remain the most appealing of TV formats.
II. Complete the following sentences by translating the Chinese into English.
1. Some countries have a knack of producing(广泛激发人们想象力的各种肥皂剧).

	n the 1980s, shows like <i>Dallas</i> , <i>Dynasty and Falcon Crest b</i> rought glitz and glamour o(全世界数以百万计的观众).
3.	The show was first aired in 1965 and(仍然在十几个国家播出) to this day.
	The British soap Coronation Street is the longest-running soap(仍然在播出) In the 1980s.
5.	ans can now visit the locations(他们最喜爱的肥皂剧拍摄的地方).
1	Reading Overview
cu	ead the article on pages 2 to 3. It seems that many countries export their popure. What do you think this tells us about cultural boundaries in the world today? te your answer in a couple of sentences.
_	

A. You can introduce ideas with fluency markers such as in my opinion, from my point of view, it seems to me, etc.

Example:

Q: Is watching too much TV bad for your health?

A: As far as I'm concerned, watching TV too much could be bad for your health.

- B. Read each question carefully and answer with at least two sentences. Remember, there is no single right answer. Just give your point of view and try to explain it.
 - 1. Why are soap operas popular in so many countries? Why are people interested in foreign soaps?
 - 2. What other kinds of entertainment are exported around the world? Which countries export the most?
 - 3. Will cultural boundaries disappear in the future? Why or why not?

Words and Expres	ssions		
export /ik'spoit/	ν.	sell something to another country 出口,输出	
drama/'dra:mə/	n.	a serious play for the theater, television, or radio 戏剧	
opera /'ppərə/	n.	a play with music in which all the words are sung 歌剧	
boundary/'baundəri/	n.	an imaginary line that separates an area of land from other areas	(土地



knack/næk/ capture/'kæptʃə/ air/eə/ broadcast/'brɔːdkɑːst/ launch /lɔːntʃ/ notable/'nəutəbl/ typically/'tɪpɪkəlɪ/ episode/'epɪsəud/ advantage/əd'vɑːntɪdʒ/ thriving/'θraɪvɪŋ/	n. v. v. v. adj. adv. n. adj.	的)分界线;边界 a particularly clever or skillful way of doing something successfully, especially something which most people find difficult 诀窍 be interested or excited by 激发(想象);赢得(喜爱) show on television or broadcast on radio(通过电视或无线电)播送,播放 send out by radio waves or on television 播放;广播 start 开始从事;开展(活动、计划等) important or interesting 值得注意的;著名的 usually 通常,一般地 one of the separate parts in a series on radio or television(广播剧或电视剧的)一集 a better position than other people 有利条件 economically successful 兴旺的,繁荣的
serialized/'sɪərɪəlaɪzd/	adj.	broadcast or published in a number of parts over a period of time 连载的; 连播的
beam /bi:m/ household /'haushəuld/ scenario /sɪ'nɑ:rɪəʊ/ portray /pɔ:'treɪ/	v. n. n.	broadcast or air 播送 all the people in a family or group who live together in a house 家庭; 户 a piece of writing that gives an outline of the story (电影等的) 剧情梗概 describe 描写,刻画
divide /dɪ'vaɪd/	n.	a significant distinction between two groups, often one that causes conflict 明显差异
era /'ıərə/	n.	a long period of time 时代,时期
appealing/əˈpiːlɪŋ/	adj.	pleasing and attractive 吸引人的,令人心动的
format/'formæt/	n.	the way or order in which something is arranged and presented 版式,格式
soap opera		a popular television drama series about the daily lives and problems of a group of people who live in a particular place 肥皂剧



From TV to Big Screen

Many famous Hollywood actors started their careers on television. Some were instant stars, others had bit-parts or walk-on roles.

A Stepping Stone to Success

Will Smith had already earned a name for himself as a rapper in the late 1980s. However, it wasn't until he was cast in the lead role of the hit sitcom *The Fresh Prince of Bel Air* that he really

hit the big time. The series ran from 1990–1996 and helped propel Smith to international fame. Movies like *Independence Day*, *I am Legend* and the *Men in Black* series have made him one of the most bankable stars in the industry. Incidentally, Smith's wife Jada Pinkett-Smith also got her break in sitcoms. Their kids Jaden and Willow are now following in their parents' footsteps.

Blink and You'll Miss Them

Not everyone walks straight into a lead role. Some actors started off with pretty insignificant TV performances. Russell Crowe, for example, appeared as a small-time crook in two episodes of the Australian soap *Neighbors* before he achieved stardom in the Ridley Scott blockbuster *Gladiator*. Likewise, heartthrob Brad Pitt's appearance in the U.S. soap *Another World* lasted for the same duration.

Be My Guest

Occasionally established stars of the big screen will pop up in roles in TV shows. One of the most famous examples of this is the sitcom *Friends*, which featured stars such as Bruce Willis, George Clooney and Julia Roberts in its 10-year run from 1994. The guest appearances usually involved the star playing a character with some embarrassing characteristics or personality traits. These appearances were popular because audiences found it funny and surprising to see normally cool and sophisticated celebrities looking foolish.



Based on the reading text, choose the most appropriate answer to the following questions.

- 1. In which field of entertainment did Will Smith start? Detail
 - a. Music.
 - b. TV.
 - c. Movies.
 - d. International relations.
- 2. What is NOT true of the series Friends? Detail
 - a. It was a comedy show.
 - b. It cast celebrities in embarrassing roles.
 - c. It finished in 1994.
 - d. It featured surprising performances.
- 3. According to the text, what are Jaden and Willow doing? Inference
 - a. Having kids.
 - b. Acting.
 - c. Dancing.
 - d. Learning to walk.
- 4. Who or what might Ridley Scott be? Inference
 - a. A blockbuster.
 - b. A gladiator.