

新編

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初中英语

单元综合练习

(试卷集)

第四册(下)

(初中三、四年级第二学期用)

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编写说明

《英语单元综合练习（试卷集）》（第四册下册）是根据（中国）人民教育出版社和（英国）朗文出版集团有限公司合编的第四册下半册编写的，目的是帮助学生复习、巩固、掌握和运用本册书所学到的语音、词汇和语法知识。
本书适合初中四年级第二学期学习使用，也可用于初中三年级第二学期。

本书按照单元编写。每单元含一个单元练习和一个单元测试，期末设综合测试，并附有参考答案，便于查对。为方便课堂练习，每卷均可分拆使用。

本书由广雅中学教师吴丽嫦、丘辉悦编写。由于时间仓促，作者水平有限，难免会有不当之处，敬请老师和同学们多提宝贵意见。

编者

1998年9月

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Exercise 5(Units 13 – 14)

Class: _____ Name: _____ No: _____ Score: _____

一、单词 15%

1. 选出各组中划线部分发音与别不同的单词: (5% 0.5 × 10)

- | | | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|------------------------|
| () 1) A. cl <u>ou</u> d | B. s <u>ou</u> nd | C. s <u>ou</u> p | D. l <u>ou</u> d |
| () 2) A. f <u>u</u> n | B. r <u>e</u> sult | C. s <u>u</u> lphur | D. tr <u>u</u> th |
| () 3) A. f <u>o</u> rest | B. m <u>e</u> nu | C. r <u>e</u> cord | D. e <u>s</u> pecially |
| () 4) A. w <u>oo</u> len | B. f <u>oo</u> d | C. f <u>oo</u> lish | D. m <u>oo</u> n |
| () 5) A. n <u>or</u> mal | B. w <u>or</u> se | C. w <u>or</u> ld | D. w <u>or</u> ker |
| () 6) A. fr <u>a</u> gile | B. G <u>e</u> rman | C. l <u>e</u> ague | D. coll <u>e</u> ge |
| () 7) A. s <u>qu</u> are | B. q <u>ui</u> et | C. q <u>ua</u> rter | D. q <u>ue</u> ue |
| () 8) A. c <u>au</u> se | B. n <u>oi</u> se | C. h <u>ou</u> se | D. p <u>au</u> se |
| () 9) A. a <u>l</u> though | B. h <u>e</u> alth <u>y</u> | C. t <u>h</u> ousand | D. t <u>h</u> rough |
| () 10) A. w <u>h</u> ole | B. w <u>h</u> ite | C. w <u>h</u> ether | D. w <u>h</u> ich |

2. 选出各组中重音位置与别不同的单词: (5% 0.5 × 10)

- | | | | |
|------------------------|--------------|--------------|-----------------|
| () 11) A. western | B. painting | C. upon | D. palace |
| () 12) A. shoulder | B. although | C. record | D. Japan |
| () 13) A. beautiful | B. dioxide | C. library | D. communist |
| () 14) A. airline | B. upstairs | C. retell | D. fifteen |
| () 15) A. scientist | B. pyramid | C. somebody | D. pea – souper |
| () 16) A. welcome | B. Asian | C. alive | D. Egypt |
| () 17) A. succeed | B. during | C. because | D. enough |
| () 18) A. interesting | B. important | C. unhealthy | D. remember |
| () 19) A. famous | B. mistake | C. artist | D. frightened |
| () 20) A. opposite | B. terrible | C. different | D. expression |

3. 选出下列单词的正确发音: (5% 0.5 × 10)

- | | | | | |
|------------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|
| () 21) mask | A. [mæsk] | B. [mɑ:sk] | C. [meisk] | D. [mæzk] |
| () 22) coal | A. [kəul] | B. [kaul] | C. [səul] | D. [sə:l] |
| () 23) lose | A. [ləuz] | B. [lɔ:s] | C. [lu:z] | D. [lu:s] |
| () 24) shoulder | A. ['fuldə] | B. ['fauldə] | C. ['fuldə:] | D. ['fəuldə] |
| () 25) message | A. ['mesidʒ] | B. ['misidʒ] | C. ['mesidʒ] | D. ['misɑ:dʒ] |
| () 26) possible | A. ['pɒsəbl] | B. ['pəusibl] | C. [pɒ'sibl] | D. ['pɒsibl] |

- ()27)moter A. ['mɔ:tə] B. ['məutə] C. ['mɔ:tə:] D. [məu'tə:]
- ()28)crowded A. ['sraudid] B. ['kraudid] C. ['krəudd] D. ['kraudid]
- ()29)accident A. [ə'sidənt] B. ['æksident] C. ['ɑ:sidənt] D. ['æksidənt]
- ()30)serious A. ['si:riəs] B. [si'riəs] C. ['siəriəs] D. ['series]

二、词汇 30%

1. 选择适当的词语填空:(5% 0.5×10)

- ()1)Are you doing _____ on Saturday?
A. something B. everything C. anything D. nothing
- ()2)_____ you like to go shopping with me?
A. Should B. Would C. Will D. Shall
- ()3)I'll ask him to ring you as _____ as he gets back.
A. fast B. long C. quickly D. soon
- ()4)In those days, the fog in London was _____ thick as pea - soup.
A. as B. so C. very D. too
- ()5)It was raining so heavily that the drivers could _____ see the road in front of them.
A. hardly B. almost C. nearly D. not
- ()6)Why are you _____ an umbrella on such a fine day?
A. bringing B. taking C. getting D. carrying
- ()7)You shouldn't read _____ in the library.
A. loud B. loudly C. aloud D. noisily
- ()8)It took him _____ to read the whole story.
A. sometime B. some time C. sometimes D. some times
- ()9)I had _____ cold yesterday evening, but I'm fine now.
A. few B. a few C. little D. a little
- ()10)One of the king's shoulders was higher than _____ one.
A. other B. another C. the other D. others

2. 选出适当的单词或词组代替句子中的划线部分:(5% 0.5×10)

- ()11)We are going to see a film called Spaceship to the Moon.
A. shouted B. telephoned C. told D. named
- ()12)He's not here just now, call again later.
A. at the moment B. a moment ago C. at once D. right away
- ()13)Your idea sounds like a good one.
A. seems to be B. looks as C. is quite D. is heard like
- ()14)We don't know whether the moon had air once.
A. one time B. before C. long ago D. some time ago

- ()15) In December 1952, a very thick dark cloud came down over London.
A. fell B. landed C. sank D. dropped
- ()16) Don't stay outside the house. The air is too bad.
A. in the sun B. out of the street C. in the open air D. on the outside
- ()17) Soon the dark clouds lifted and the sun came out again.
A. went up B. moved away C. raised D. rose
- ()18) He was badly hurt because of the accident.
A. since B. for C. as a result of D. caused by
- ()19) If he failed in the fight, he would be killed.
A. didn't succeed B. didn't pass C. didn't win D. became weak
- ()20) The artist followed the king's instructions, but he was hanged.
A. understood B. completed C. went after D. learned

3. 用括号中所给的单词的适当形式填空:(10% 1×10)

- 21) If you want to be _____ (save), you'd better stay inside your house.
- 22) He was standing on the hill, looking _____ (west) at the sunset.
- 23) In late Autumn _____ (fall) leaves are seen everywhere.
- 24) My mother always tells me to tell the _____ (true).
- 25) Can you find out the _____ (differ) between these two pictures?
- 26) The young soldier fought _____ (brave) during the war.
- 27) How _____ (danger) the game is! Don't play it any more.
- 28) The king fell off his horse and was _____ (terrible) hurt.
- 29) She could do the hard job _____ (with) any help.
- 30) Now it was the _____ (three) artist's turn to draw a picture of the king.

4. 根据句子的内容填上一个适当的单词, 首字母已给出:(10% 1×10)

- 31) He t _____ hard and found a good idea.
- 32) My father has been to New York s _____ times.
- 33) They asked a lot of questions because they had many p _____.
- 34) The king and his family live in his p _____.
- 35) David is a tall and strong man with s _____ shoulders.
- 36) In the old days, people had to burn c _____ to cook food and get warmth.
- 37) The little girl is a n _____ child in every way.
- 38) Will you please give him this m _____ when you see him?
- 39) "S" is a silent l _____ in the word "island".
- 40) Try to s _____ the people from coming in.

三、语法 30%

1. 用动词的适当形式填空:(10% 1×10)

- 1) The door _____ (must, break) because his key is lost.
- 2) He returned the book to John after he _____ (read) it.
- 3) I'll ask him to ring you as soon as he _____ (get) back.
- 4) He is going to have his shoes _____ (mend).
- 5) She spent a lot of time _____ (listen) to the music.
- 6) The thick fog last week _____ (cause) by factory smoke.
- 7) She wondered what the children _____ (do).
- 8) It was ten years since her mother _____ (die).
- 9) The teacher told the boy _____ (not, tell) a lie.
- 10) He looks better while he _____ (hold) a gun on his shoulder.

2. 按要求改变句型, 每格一词:(10% 0.5×20)

- 11) One of the artists knew how he should paint a picture of the king. (改写成简单句)

One of the artists knew _____ paint a picture of the king.

- 12) "Please stand next to your horse." the artist said to the king. (改成间接引语)

The artist _____ the king _____ stand next to his horse.

- 13) While he was riding in the woods he fell off his horse. (对划线部分提问)

_____ off his horse?

- 14) The king told the artists to paint a picture of him. (对划线部分提问)

_____ the king tell the artists _____?

- 15) They stopped people from burning dirty coal in houses and factories in the cities. (改成被动语态)

People _____ from burning dirty coal in houses and factories in the cities.

- 16) After three weeks life in London became usual again. (同义转换)

After three weeks life in London _____.

- 17) The smell from the smog is very bad. (改成感叹句)

_____ bad the smell from the smog is!

- 18) They could hardly see the road in front of them. (改成反意问句)

They could hardly see the road in front of them, _____?

3. 指出句子中错误的地方并改正:(10% 1×10)

- () _____ 19) I'd like playing pingpong this evening.

A B C D

- () _____ 20) She will leave as soon as the meeting will be over.

A B C D

- () _____ 21) He gets up at six every morning. So am I.
A B C D
- () _____ 22) She spoke so quiet that we could hardly hear her.
A B C D
- () _____ 23) My mother maybe watching TV in the living - room now.
A B C D
- () _____ 24) You haven't to come here yourself.
A B C D
- () _____ 25) What an interested story it is!
A B C D
- () _____ 26) He fell from the tall tree and hurt his left foot.
A B C D
- () _____ 27) My father always tells me don't tell a lie.
A B C D
- () _____ 28) The artists didn't know what to do because the king looked terribly.
A B C D

四、补全对话 5 %

根据对话内容填空:(1×5)

A: Look! There are so many beautiful paintings in this hall. Let me 1) _____ some photos of 2) _____.

B: No, I'm 3) _____ you can't. Look at that sign. It 4) _____ "No photos".

A: What a 5) _____ !

五、完形填空 5% (0.5×10)

通读短文,选择最佳答案填空:(0.5×10)

If you are going to buy a TV set, the following advertisement(广告) would certainly be interesting to you: "Colour TV, only \$ 79. Two days sale. Hurry." But when you go to the store ready to buy, you may find out that those sets are 1). Then the salesman is quick to 2) you that he has 3) model, a 4) one, which is "just right for you". It 5) \$ 359. This way of 6) goods is called "bait and switch". Buyers are baited(引诱) with one thing and then switched(转换) to another, which is 7). When you 8) something, you must think carefully not only of the 9) you're buying but also of the 10) for the sale.

- () 1) A. still there B. sold out C. only on show D. even cheaper
- () 2) A. show B. tell C. give D. sell
- () 3) A. another B. other C. one more D. only one
- () 4) A. bigger B. smaller C. better D. black - and - white
- () 5) A. takes B. spends C. uses D. costs
- () 6) A. buying B. selling C. showing D. taking
- () 7) A. more expensive B. less expensive C. cheaper D. different

- ()8) A. want B. sell C. find D. buy
 ()9) A. TV B. thing C. good D. one
 ()10) A. reason B. price C. store D. advertisement

六、阅读理解 10%

1. 阅读短文, 选择最佳答案: (5% 1×5)

Some doctors say that people cannot live over 100 years, but a growing number of scientists believe that people's age can be controlled(控制). There are more than 12, 000 Americans over 100 years old and their numbers are growing each year. A doctor in Chicago says that animals, including men, can live six times longer than their normal period of growth(生长时期). A person's period of growth lasts about 25 years. If what he says is true, most people can hope to live a life of more than 100 years.

- ()1) Scientists _____ some doctors about people's age.
 A. agree with B. don't agree with C. like to tell D. don't want to ask
 ()2) _____ scientists believe that people's age can be controlled.
 A. More or less B. More and more C. Less D. A lot of
 ()3) In America there are _____ people who live to 100 years.
 A. a few B. very few C. not many D. more and more
 ()4) If the growing period of an animal is five years, then it can live _____ years.
 A. 15 B. 20 C. 30 D. 40
 ()5) If what the doctor says is true, a person may live a life of _____ years.
 A. 70 B. 150 C. 100 D. 120

2. 阅读短文, 根据短文内容回答问题: (5% 1×5)

Modern ideas are beginning to influence(影响) the Eskimos(爱斯基摩人), but not enough to make much difference to their way of life. They still spend the winter in igloos(爱斯基摩人的圆顶茅屋), the round huts that are built of snow frozen(冻结) hard. They still travel on sleds(小雪橇) that are pulled by dogs. The winter is too cold for hunting(打猎), so during that season they live on the stores(储备) of seal(海豹) meat that they have killed in the summer. But seal meat is not the only kind of food that they eat. In summer they hunt reindeer(驯鹿) and bears. They also fish all the year round. The Eskimos who are hunters in summer are fishermen in winter. In winter they make holes in the ice and catch their fish through the holes that they have made.

6) Do the Eskimos live in the north or in the south of the world?

7) Where do they spend the winter?

8)How do they travel?

9)What do they hunt in summer?

10)How do they catch fish in winter?

七、翻译 5%

按所给汉语意思完成下列各句:(1×5)

1)由于战争而使数百万人丧生。

_____ the war.

2)很久以前那里住着一群矮人。

_____ there _____ short men.

3)你知道怎样画一幅猫的画吗?

Do you know _____?

4)不要让那个人向那只老虎开枪。

Don't _____ the tiger.

5)“世界杯”足球赛结束以后,人们的生活又恢复了正常。

People's life _____ after the World Cup Football Game
_____.

Test 5(Units 13 - 14)

Class: _____ Name: _____ No: _____ Score: _____

一、听力部分 25 %

1. 听写(5 % 1×5)

听读句子, 填上所缺单词, 每条横线只准填一个单词或一组数字:

- 1) I'm going to the _____ on the evening of this _____.
- 2) The fog was so thick that the drivers could _____ see the road _____ the day - time.
- 3) Guangzhou has a big SO₂ _____. It is _____ by heavy traffic.
- 4) He did his work _____ and made a lot of _____.
- 5) There are _____ ways of telling the truth without _____ people angry.

2. 填表格(5 % 1×5)

根据你所听到的内容填写下列表格, 每条横线只准填一个单词或一组数字:

What should you do when you see these signs?

Places	Signs	What to do or what not to do?
cinema	ENTRANCE	Enter the cinema.
	6) _____	Leave from here.
	NO SMOKING	7) _____ smoke here.
8) _____	NO PHOTOS	Don't take photos here.
street	NO PARKING	Don't 9) _____ your car here.
restaurant	MENU	Order your 10) _____ according to this.

3. 辨音(5 % 1×5)

选出你所听到的单词或词组:

- | | | | |
|----------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|-------------|
| () 11) A. leg | B. left | C. let | D. less |
| () 12) A. course | B. clause | C. cocks | D. clocks |
| () 13) A. a crowded place | | B. a cloudy day | |
| | C. the cow's tail | D. now and then | |
| () 14) A. start the work | | B. stay in her bed | |
| | C. stand on the hill | D. spend her time | |
| () 15) A. 23571698 | B. 23517698 | C. 23577968 | D. 25711658 |

4. 情景反应(10% 1×10)

你将会听到一段特定的情景介绍,接着听到一句问话,请选出最佳答案:

- ()16) A. Who are you, please? B. Are you speaking to me?
 C. Who's that calling, please? D. What's your name, please?
- ()17) A. No, I don't think so. Why? B. No, I'm afraid not.
 C. Not at all. D. It's none of your business. What do you want?
- ()18) A. THIS SIDE UP B. FRAGILE, WITH CARE
 C. DANGER! D. NO FIRE
- ()19) A. Entrance B. Exit C. Men's D. Ladies'
- ()20) A. It means very happy. B. It's almost the same as 'surprise'.
 C. It's similar in meaning to 'afraid' D. Sorry, I don't know.
- ()21) A. Do you know him? B. He is Mr Smith.
 C. This is Mr Smith. D. Say hello to Mr Smith.
- ()22) A. Maybe. B. Perhaps. C. I don't know. D. Either A or B.
- ()23) A. I'd love to, but I can't at the moment. B. Thank you. It's very kind of you.
 C. Yes, I think so. D. What do you have for dinner?
- ()24) A. It's cloudy. B. It's quite hot.
 C. It's usually wet. D. It's not very cold.
- ()25) A. I love swimming very much. B. I hate this kind of shoes.
 C. I don't like shopping. D. I prefer Chinese to English.

二、笔试部分 75%

1. 语音(10% 1×10)

A 选出划线部分发音与所给音标相同的单词:

- ()26) [əu] A. thought B. through C. although D. would
- ()27) [i] A. message B. lesson C. drive D. relay
- ()28) [ei] A. real B. break C. bread D. weak
- ()29) [s] A. usual B. sure C. present D. house
- ()30) [ð] A. thousand B. thank C. third D. than

B 选出重读音节的位置与别不同的单词:

- ()31) A. accident B. exercise C. exepression D. paalace
- ()32) A. upon B. oother C. again D. always
- ()33) A. himself B. inside C. forty D. retell
- ()34) A. opposite B. terrible C. competely D. everyone

- ()35) A. serious B. really C. problem D. polite

2. 词汇(14% 1×14)

A 词义辨别, 选择最佳答案填空:

- ()36) To his surprise, the very old lady was still _____.
A. live B. living C. life D. alive
- ()37) Please _____ us about the story.
A. speak to B. talk to C. tell D. say to
- ()38) They are looking _____ at the sunset.
A. eastern B. eastward C. western D. westward
- ()39) The Mona Lisa is a very famous _____.
A. picture B. photo C. painting D. drawing

B 同义替换, 选出一个适当的词语替换句子中的划线部分:

- ()40) I will fly to Shanghai tomorrow.
A. take a bus B. take a plane C. drive D. go...by bike
- ()41) There are over sixty thousand people in Guangzhou.
A. more than B. less than C. about D. nearly
- ()42) He made up his mind to find out the truth.
A. decided B. had an idea C. wanted D. didn't know how
- ()43) The picture looked hardly like the king.
A. almost B. about C. not very D. not...at all

C 词形变化, 用所给单词的适当形式填空:

- 44) David fell off his bike and was _____ (terrible) hurt.
- 45) The artist was very satisfied with his _____ (three) painting.
- 46) A Five - star Red Flag is _____ (hang) in each classroom.

D 根据句子内容填入一个适当的单词(首字母已给出), 使句子完整通顺:

- 47) The c _____ told the soldier to put his gun on his shoulder.
- 48) His car accident was a l _____ to him.
- 49) Is it p _____ to live without air or water?

3. 语法知识(15% 1×15)

选择最佳答案填空:

- ()50) _____ Changjiang River is _____ longest river in China.
A. The...a B. /...the C. The...the D. A.../

- () 51) Is that teacher _____?
A. one English B. an English C. an Englishman D. the English
- () 52) The students are having a good time. Some are swimming, some are flying kites, _____ are playing games.
A. other ones B. another C. others D. the others
- () 53) She asked me who would teach _____ English the next year.
A. us B. our C. we D. ourselves
- () 54) Bees are very _____ to us. It means bees are of great _____ in our life.
A. use...useful B. use...usefully C. useful...use D. usefully...useful
- () 55) He's _____ ill. His health is getting _____.
A. bad...badly B. badly...worse C. worse...bad D. worst...worse
- () 56) Bob began to show interest in drawing _____ he was only six.
A. because B. if C. till D. though
- () 57) I was so frightened by the terrible accident _____ I couldn't say even a word.
A. as B. for C. since D. that
- () 58) —Do you know the answer _____ the question?
—No, it's difficult _____ me to make an answer.
A. for...of B. in...with C. on...to D. to...for
- () 59) He asked his father how long he _____ in the Party.
A. had been B. had joined C. have been D. joined
- () 60) Mr Brown _____ the airport until he _____ the plane take off.
A. didn't leave...had seen B. hadn't left...had seen
C. left...saw D. wouldn't...would see
- () 61) She is learning French. She _____ a little French.
A. may B. can C. will D. must
- () 62) I _____ put on my heavy coat.
A. hadn't to B. didn't have to C. haven't to D. mustn't
- () 63) —Is your mother in?
—No, she _____ to Japan.
A. had been B. has been C. has gone D. went
- () 64) Every time I go to the reading - room, it _____.
A. closes B. has closed C. is closed D. has been closed

4. 句型变换(6% 0.5×12)

按要求变换句型, 每格只准填一个单词:

65) Can you tell me how I can do it well? (改为简单句)

Can you tell me _____ it well?

66) Mrs Glad was poor, but she was happy. (改为同一意思的句子)

Mrs Glad was _____ she was _____.

67) The workers made the machine work at last. (改为被动语态)

The machine _____ at last.

68) What does that sign mean? Do you know? (合并成带宾语从句的复合句)

Do you know _____ that sign _____?

5. 完形填空(8% 1×8)

通读短文并选择最佳答案填空:

Sometimes the sky is full of white clouds. But sometimes (69) look black. Sometimes they look pink(粉红色). Where does the colour come (70)?

Clouds are made (71) drops of water or ice. But the drops of water in the clouds are not pink (72) red or orange. It is the sun (73) makes the colours in the clouds. Sunshine changes colour as it goes through the drops of water in the clouds.

Clouds look dark because they are so (74). Billions of drops of water make a cloud. Very (75) sunshine can come through. Dust(灰尘) also makes clouds dark. Dust from the ground (76) into the sky and becomes part of the clouds.

The shapes and colours of the clouds tell about the weather.

- | | | | | |
|---------|------------|--------------|-----------|---------------|
| () 69) | A. a cloud | B. the cloud | C. clouds | D. the clouds |
| () 70) | A. from | B. out | C. into | D. of |
| () 71) | A. from | B. of | C. into | D. around |
| () 72) | A. and | B. neither | C. either | D. or |
| () 73) | A. that | B. what | C. which | D. who |
| () 74) | A. big | B. thin | C. thick | D. large |
| () 75) | A. less | B. little | C. much | D. few |
| () 76) | A. blowing | B. blew | C. blow | D. blows |

6. 阅读理解(4% 1×4)

阅读短文并根据短文内容选择最佳答案:

The General and the Captain

George Washington was the first American President(总统). He was a great man both in great things and in little things.

One day Washington walked out in a long overcoat(外套), so the soldiers did not know that he was the general(将军).

At one place there was a captain with his men. They were building a house. They were lifting a heavy log(圆木) when Washington came.

"Heave ho(用力举啊)!" cried the captain. "Up with it, men! Up with it!" But he did

not put a hand to it himself. The men tried their best, but the log was too heavy for them to move.

The captain shouted again, "Heave ho! Up with it!" The men were not able to do more. The log was about to fall.

Then Washington ran up, and with his strong arms gave them help. The big log was lifted on the house and the men thanked him.

"Why don't you take hold and help your men?" Washington asked the captain.

"Why don't I? Don't you see that I am the captain?"

"Oh, indeed(的确)," said Washington. He took off his overcoat. That showed he was the general. "Well, I am the general, and the next time you have a log too heavy for your men to lift, ask me for help!"

The captain was very sorry when he saw General Washington standing in front of him. His face turned red. He could not say a word. It was a good lesson for him.

()77) Washington was _____.

- A. the first general
- B. the first President of the United States
- C. never very great
- D. the name of the captain

()78) The soldier didn't know _____.

- A. who was the general
- B. who was Washington
- C. the man was Washington
- D. the man was the captain

()79) The captain _____.

- A. shouted orders instead of working
- B. lifted the log with one hand
- C. didn't put his hand on the log
- D. asked the general for help

()80) The captain would not help because _____.

- A. he was not strong
- B. he was tired
- C. he saw Washington standing before him.
- D. he thought he was the captain

7. 补全对话(4% 1×4)

在下面对话的空格内填上一个适当的单词,使之意思完整,语句通顺:

A: Hello! 81900131.