

## **察 风格详解**

MANUAL OF NORDIC INTERIOR DESIGN

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### 第一章北欧风格的形成和发展

# Chapter 1 The Formation and Characteristics of Nordic Style

#### 一、起源 The Origin of Nordic Style

#### 1. 风格定义

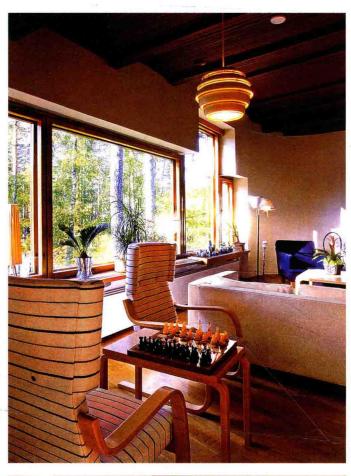
The Definition of Nordic Style

北欧设计风格是指起源于斯堪的纳维亚地区的设计风格,因此也被称为"斯堪的纳维亚风格"。北欧离欧洲中心国家较远,有着自己独特的气候和传统,在历史上北欧设计很少受到关注,直到19世纪末,北欧设计受到英国工艺美术运动和新艺术运动的影响,逐渐参与到各种设计运动中。20世纪20年代,北欧设计师将北欧多面性的设计哲学融入现代主义设计的民主精神之中,卡雷·克林特(Kaare Klint)的家具探索、阿依努·阿尔托(Aino Aalto)的压制玻璃都奠定了北欧风格的发展方向。尽管北欧各国的设计都有着杰出的历史背景,但是在1950年的一次以"设计在斯堪的纳维亚"为主题的展览后才被作为一种风格而被广泛接受,这次展览从1954年到1957年在美国和加拿大巡回展出,使得"北欧风格"开始真正受到关注。

Nordic style indicates the design style originated from Scandinavian area, thus, also called Scandinavian style. As Northern Europe is far from the center of Europe, and it owns distinctive weather and traditions. Nordic style had received little attention until the end of 19<sup>th</sup> century when Arts and Crafts Movement had a great impact on it, and then it gradually became the participant in various kinds of design movement. In the 1920s, Scandinavian designers incorporate the design philosophy of Nordic versatility into the democratic spirit of modernism style design. Kaare Klint's exploration on furniture and Aino

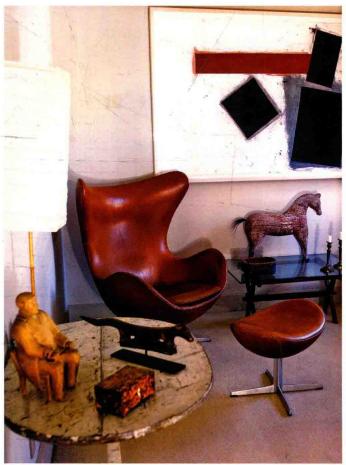


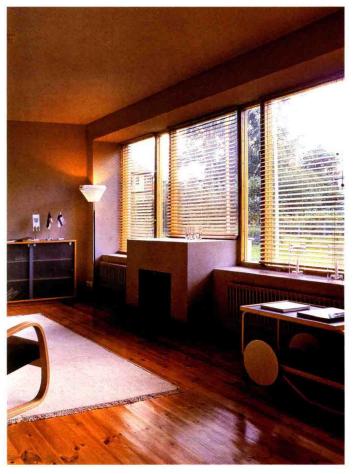
Aalto's pressed glass laid the design direction of the Nordic style. The design of the Nordic countries had a quite outstanding historical background, but it was not until an exhibition of "Design in Scandinavia" in 1950 that was widely accepted as a style. It was a traveling exhibition from 1954 to 1957 in the United States and Canada, which had made Scandinavian style really being focused by the public.



北欧风格与装饰艺术风格、流线型风格等追求时髦和商业价值 的形式主义不同,北欧风格简洁实用,体现对传统的尊重,对 自然材料的欣赏,对形式和装饰的克制,以及力求在形式和功 能上的统一。

Nordic style are different from Art Deco style or streamline style ,which are formalism of pursuing fashion and commercial value. The Nordic style is concise and practical, reflecting respect for tradition, appreciation of natural materials, restraint of form and decoration, and strive to achieve unity in form and function.





#### 2. 区域界定

The Location of Scandinavia

斯堪的纳维亚地区因地处欧洲北部的斯堪的纳维亚半岛而得名,通常指丹麦、 芬兰、冰岛、挪威和瑞典五个国家。而事实上只有挪威和瑞典两个国家真正坐落在斯堪的纳维亚半岛上,但由于这五个国家都位于欧洲的北部地区,且彼此邻近,因此,"斯堪的纳维亚地区"实际上指的就是北欧。正因为这种地域的临近,这些国家的历史背景彼此相互关联,语言相近(芬兰受俄语语系的影响较大,自成一派),因而这些国家几个世纪以来一直有很好的文化交融,并且建立了共同的意识形态,从而对于一种风格的形成奠定了良好的基础。

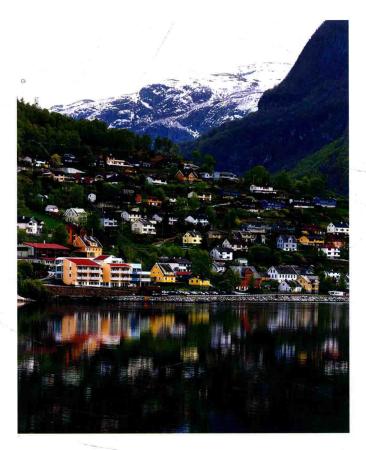
Scandinavia is a peninsula located in Northern Europe, generally refers to Denmark, Finland, Iceland, Norway and Sweden. In fact, only Norway and Sweden are the countries that situated in Scandinavian Peninsula. As these five countries are all located in Northern Europe and are adjacent to one another, Scandinavia became the alternative name of Northern Europe. As they are neighborhood in the aspect of geographic location, their historic background and languages are similar. Finland was influenced by Russia, thus different from the other four countries languages. These five countries have well incorporation and shared ideologies, thus can build a sound foundation to forming the same style.

#### 3. 人文风情

Culture and Tradition

直到一万多年前北欧才摆脱冰川和大海的限制,成为欧洲最年轻的地区,事实上斯堪的纳维亚半岛本身就是在地球最后一个冰川期形成的,直至今日冰岛与斯堪的纳维亚山脉的面积依然被现代冰川占据了一部分。受北大西洋暖流、挪威暖流及西来气旋的影响,整个斯堪的纳维亚地区夏季温和而短促,冬季寒冷而漫长,属寒温带气候。由于斯堪的纳维亚是欧洲冰盖消退最晚的地区,林区树种相对贫乏,生态环境比较单一,但是森林面积广阔,是世界上重要的木材及木制品生产出口地区。在历史上北欧五国曾被当作一个整体,北欧诸国之间有着非常密切、休戚与共的姻亲关系和相似之处。这不仅仅是因为它们具有共同的自然背景,在更多情况下是由于它们有着共同的宗教信仰、类似的文化传统和相似的政治环境、经济模式等背景因素。

10,000 years ago Northern Europe was just extricated itself from glaciers and oceans. It is the youngest area in Europe. Scandinavia peninsula taken shape in the last period of Ice Age, up to now, still a part of the area in Iceland and Scandinavian Mountains is occupied by glaciers. Effected by the warm current of Norway and North Atlantic, and the cyclone from the west, the whole Scandinavia area has temperate and short summer, but cold and long winter. It belongs to cool temperature zone. In Scandinavia where ice sheets melt very late compared to the whole Europe, so the environment is poor for planting trees. The ecological condition is quite simple, and area of forest is board.



It is an important area of timber and woodworks exportation in the world. In history, the five countries in Northern Europe were regarded as a union. They had very close relations and shared jointly in-laws. It is not only because they have similar natural background, but the related culture, tradition and similar political background, economic pattern etc.