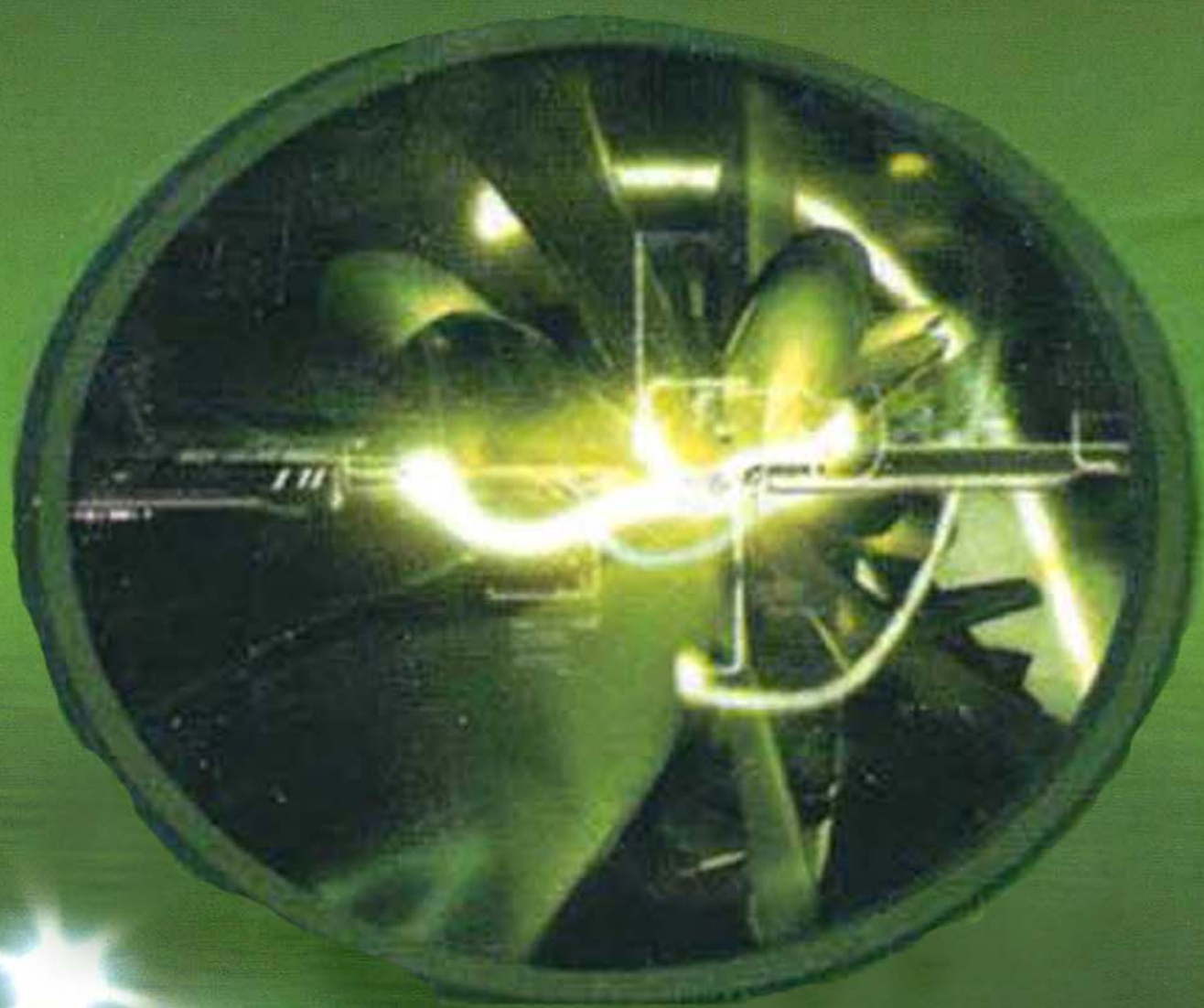


新编学生实用词典

英汉双解词典

AN ENGLISH-CHINESE DICTIONARY



吉林出版集团有限责任公司

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前 言

为了更好地满足各界读者,尤其是广大中小学生对新型语言工具书的需求,我们精心编纂并推出了这套“新编学生实用词典”。在编纂本书时,编者认真参考了中国教育部颁布的“全日制义务教育课程标准”以及国内各大城市的通用教材,以使本套工具书更为实用、完善和更加切合同学们课堂学习与课外阅读的实际需要。

本套工具书由 10 个分册组成,包含了汉语和英语两方面的词典,可以满足同学们方方面面对语言工具书的需要。这本《英汉双解词典》收词目 5,000 余条,连同派生词、复合词及短语,收词总数近 8,000 个。全书提供精练、规范的英汉双解释义,所选词条及例句不仅贴近现行中小学教材,并且具有典型性,适合广大中小学生学习与参考。

参与本词典编写及修订工作的各位人士,均是多年从事英语教学或研究的教师或专家,这为本词典的高质量和权威性提供了保证。与此同时,尽管编纂者已竭尽全力,但由于时间有限,书中仍难免会存在疏漏或不足。我们真诚希望广大读者,尤其是广大中小学师生在使用本词典的过程中一如既往地提出宝贵意见,以便使本词典更加臻于完善。

凡 例

一、词目

每个词目是一项独立的资料,词头用较醒目的彩色字印刷。

1)同一词目有多种词性时,根据词性的先后顺序逐一解释。

2)某个词目有两种拼写时,用常见的形式作首词,另外的用“(also 又...)”,放在首词音标后。

二、音标

本词典采用美式音标和国际音标两种形式同时注音。音标放在方括号内,并用分号隔开,且美式音标在前;如只标出一种音标,表示它同时适用于美式和国际两种注音。

三、词性

1)词性用斜体英语缩写形式标注。如:名词 *n.*, 动词 *v.*。

2)同一词目具有多种词性时,视具体情况加以区分。

四、词性变化

动词的不规则变化,形容词和副词的比较级、最高级变化以及名词复数的不规则变化均放在词性后。

五、释义与例证

1)词目的释义先采用英英解释,再用英汉解释。

2)同一词有多种释义时用①②③……分别列出。

3)例证前面加注“☆”表示。

4)例证中原词目用“~”代替。

六、派生词、复合词、短语

1)派生词、复合词、短语分别放在词目结尾,按其相应顺序,在其相关内容前分别加注 **派**、**复**、**短**。

2)各项中有多个相关词语时,分别用①②③……分开。

A, a

A

A, a

[e;ei] *n.* the first letter of the English alphabet 英语字母表里第一个字母

aback

[ə'bak] *adv.* backwards 向后地;后退地 **短** take aback 使吃惊;使困惑

abacus

['æbəkəs] *n.* (*pl.* abaci or abacuses) calculating instrument with balls moving smoothly on wires 算盘;珠算

abandon

[ə'bændən] *v.* [T] ① forsake; desert 遗弃;抛弃;丢弃;离弃 ☆ The mother ~ed her disabled baby. 这个母亲抛弃了有残疾的婴孩。② give up 放弃;停止 ☆ ~ medicine for literature 弃医从文 ③ yield to a passion, an other's control, etc. 屈从于感情(他人控制等) || *n.* freedom from inhibitions 无拘无束;放纵 **派** ① abandoned *adj.* 被遗弃的 ② abandonee *n.* [律] 被遗弃者 **短** ① abandon oneself to 沉湎于;陷入 ② abandoned the attempt in despair 绝望

abase

[ə'bes;ə'beis] *v.* [T] humiliate; degrade 使卑下;使降低(身份、地位、价值等) **派** abasement *n.* 失意;屈辱;败落 **短** abase oneself 自贬;自卑;低声下气

abashed

[ə'bæʃt] *adj.* embarrassed; disconcerted 窘迫的;困惑的 ☆ She was ~

as her mistakes were pointed out. 她的错误被指出来时,她满脸羞愧。

abate

[ə'bet;ə'beit] *v.* [I,T] make or become less strong etc.; diminish; decrease 削弱;减少;减退;减轻 ☆ ~ pollution 减少污染

abdicate

['æbdəket; 'æbdikeit] *v.* [I,T] give up or renounce (the throne) 正式放弃;退(王位) **派** abdication *n.* 放弃

aberration

[,æbə'reiʃən] *n.* ① aberrant behaviour; moral or mental lapse (行为)失常;(道德、心理)乖戾 ② *Biol.* deviation from a normal type [生]畸变 **派** aberrant *adj.* 偏离常规的

abet

[ə'bet;ə'bet] *v.* [I,T] encourage or assist (an offender or offence) 怂恿;教唆

abeyance

[ə'beəns; ə'beiəns] *n.* temporary disuse 搁置;缓改;中止;暂缓

abide

[ə'baid] *v.* [I,T] ① bear; tolerate; endure 忍受;容忍;忍耐 ☆ I can't ~ rude people. 我不能容忍粗鲁的人。② obey (laws, agreements, promise, etc.) 遵守;服从;信守(法律,协议,诺言等) ☆ ~ by the rules 遵守规则 **派** ① abidance *n.* 遵守 ② abiding *adj.* 持久的,永久的

ability

[ə'bilɪti] *n.* (*pl.* abilities) ① power, capacity and skill, esp. to do, think, make, etc. 能力 ☆ the ~ to read 阅读能力 ② (often in *pl.* 常用复数) natural talent, cleverness or acquired proficiency 才能; 才智; 才华; 本领 ☆ natural abilities 天才 **短** ① to the best of one's ability 尽力地; 竭尽全力地; 就某人能力所及 ② have great/remarkable abilities in 在...方面(或工作)能力很强

abject

[æb'dʒɪkt; 'æbdʒekt] *adj.* wretched; miserable; humble 可怜的; 不幸的; 卑贱的 ☆ They lived in ~ poverty. 他们的生活一贫如洗。 **派** abjection *n.* 卑劣

ablaze

[ə'bleɪz; ə'bleɪz] *adj.* ① on fire 着火的 ☆ set ~ 烧起; 燃起 ② glittering; glowing 闪光的; 炽热的

able

['eɪbl; 'eɪbl] *adj.* ① having the capacity or power 有才干的; 有能力的; 能够...的 ☆ He is ~ to undertake the responsibilities for all losses. 他会对一切损失承担责任。 ② talented; clever; capable 有才智的; 聪明的; 能干的 ☆ an ~ teacher 一位才华出众的教师 **派** ① ably *adv.* 能干地; 灵巧地 ② enable *v.* [T] 使...能 ③ unable *adj.* 不能的 **短** be able to do sth. 能做某事; 会做某事

abnormal

[æb'nɔːml; æb'nɔːml] *adj.* deviating from what is normal; exceptional 反常的; 异常的; 变态的 ☆ ~ condition 非

常状态 **派** ① abnormality *n.* 反常; 畸形 ② abnormally *adv.* 例外; 变态地

aboard

[ə'bɔːd; ə'bɔːd] *adv.* on or into (a ship, aircraft, etc.) 在船(飞机等)上; 上船(飞机等) ☆ Climb ~ a train 上火车 || *prep.* 在船(飞机等)上 ☆ We went to London ~ a plane. 我们坐飞机去的伦敦。

abound

[ə'baʊnd] *v.* [I, T] be rich; teem 富足; 充满 ☆ Our hometown ~s in rice. 我的家乡盛产水稻。

about

[ə'baʊt] *adv.* ① approximately; in an understatement 大概; 大约; 约摸; 几乎 ☆ ~ five minutes 大约五分钟 ② nearby 附近; 在四周 ☆ a lot of flu ~ 四周尽闹流感 ③ in rotation or succession 轮流; 接连不断 ☆ turn and turn ~ 不停地转 || *prep.* ① concerning; regarding; on the subject of; relating to; in relation to 关于; 对于; 涉及; 与...有关 ☆ This is a film ~ war. 这是一部关于战争的影片。 ② near in number, time, degree, etc. 大约; 左右; 近于 ☆ They said they would come back ~ five o'clock in the afternoon. 他们说下午五点回来。 ③ in; round; all around from a centre 在...中; 在...周围; 围绕着... ☆ There are many trees ~ the play ground. 操场周围有许多树。 ④ concerned or occupied with 从事; 忙于 ☆ What are they ~ now? 他们现在忙什么呢?

above

[ə'bʌv] *adv.* ① at or to a higher point; higher; overhead 在较高处; 在

高处;在头顶上;在上面 ☆ The sky ~ began to get dark. 头上的天空开始变暗。②earlier on a page or in a book (or article, etc.) 上述;(书中的)前文,上文 ☆ the facts mentioned ~ 上述事实 || *prep.* ①over; on the top of; higher than 在...之上;在...顶上;高于,超过 ☆ ~ the clouds 在云层之上 ②more than 大于;多于 ☆ There are ~ 400 students in this school. 这所学校有400多学生。③beyond the reach of 超...之所及 ☆ ~ suspicion 无可置疑 复 ①aboveground *adj. & adv.* 在地上;活着;未死的(地) ②abovementioned *adj.* 上述的 短 ①above all 尤其是;最重要的是 ②above all things 第一是;首要的是;比什么都重要 ③over and above *prep.* 除...外

abridge

[ə'bridʒ] *v.* [I, T] shorten (a book, film, etc.) (书、电影等) 缩短;节略;摘要;删节 ☆ It was ~ d from the original work. 这是根据原著节略的。

派 abridgement *n.* 概略;节略;摘要

abroad

[ə'brɔ:d] *adv.* ①in or to a foreign country or countries 在国外 ☆ He's never been ~ in his life. 他有生以来没有出过国。②widely; everywhere 广泛地;到处 ☆ scatter ~ 四散开来 ③in circulation 传播;传开 ☆ The rumour spread ~. 谣言四起。④out of doors 在外;户外 ☆ The girl was ~ at the dead of night. 这个女孩深更半夜还在外面。短 ①at home and abroad 在国内外 ②go/travel abroad 到外国;出洋 ③from abroad 从国外,

从海外;舶来的

absent

[ˈæbsənt] *adj.* ①not present 缺席的;不在的 ☆ He is often ~ from school. 他经常缺课。②inattentive 漫不经心的;茫然的;心不在焉的 ☆ an ~ look 漫不经心的样子 派 absently *adv.* 心不在焉地;漫不经心地 复 absent-minded *adj.* 健忘的;精神不集中的 短 ①be absent from 不在 ②be absent from a friend 和朋友分离 ③long absent soon forgotten 离久情疏

absolute

[ˈæbsəlu:t] *adj.* ①complete; perfect; utter 完全的;完美的;纯粹的;彻头彻尾的 ☆ ~ alcohol 无水酒精;纯酒精 ②unconditional; not depending on or measured by comparison with other things; not relative 无条件的;绝对的;非相对的 ☆ ~ authority 绝对的权利 ③despotic; without limit 专制的;武断的;无限制的 ☆ An ~ ruler can do just as he please. 一个专制的统治者可以为所欲为。

absolve

[æb'zɔlv; əb'zɔlv] *v.* [T] declare free from blame or obligation, etc. 宣布赦免;使免除(罪责、责任等) ☆ ~ sb. of sin 赦免某人的罪状 派 absolution *n.* 免罪;赦免

absorb

[ab'sɔrb; əb'sɔ:b] *v.* [I, T] ①incorporate as part of itself or oneself 合并;同化 ②take in; suck up (liquid, heat, knowledge, etc.) 吸收;吸进(液体、热量、知识等) ☆ This kind of material can easily ~ heat. 这种材料易吸热。③take up the attention of 吸引...的注

意;使全神贯注 ☆ I was ~ed in thoughts. 我陷入沉思中。派 ① absorbed *adj.* 注意力集中的;一心一意的 ② absorber *n.* 吸收器;吸收者;吸收装置 ③ absorbing *adj.* 非常有趣的 短 ① be absorbed in 全神贯注于;一心从事;热衷于 ② be absorbed by 被...并吞;为...所吸收

abstain

[əb'sten; əb'stein] *v.* [I, T] ① refrain from indulging 戒绝 ☆ ~ from wine 戒酒 ② decline to vote 弃权 ☆ ~ from voting 放弃投票

abstract

['æbstrækt] *n.* ① summary; a shortened form of a statement, speech, etc. 概要; (陈述、演说等的) 摘要 ☆ make an ~ of 把...的要点摘录下来 ② abstract work of art 抽象派艺术作品 || ['æbstrækt] *adj.* of or existing in thought or theory rather than matter or practice; not concrete 抽象的; 纯理论的; 不实际的 ☆ Beauty is ~. 美是抽象的。短 in the abstract 抽象地; 观念上

abstruse

[əb'stru:s] *adj.* profound 深奥的; 难解的 ☆ an ~ theory 深奥的理论

abundant

[ə'bʌndənt] *adj.* more than enough; plentiful; rich 大量的; 充足的; 丰富的 ☆ The country has ~ minerals. 这个国家矿产丰富。派 abundantly *adv.* 丰富地; 多 短 be abundant in/with 富有...; 有丰富的; 大量的

abuse

[ə'bju:z] *v.* [T] ① use improperly, misuse 滥用; 误用 ☆ ~ one's author-

ity 滥用职权 ② maltreat; ill-treat 凌辱; 虐待 ☆ Stop abusing your wife. 不要再虐待妻子了。|| [ə'bju:s] *n.* ① misuse 滥用; 误用 ☆ ~ of one's power 滥用权力 ② insulting language 恶言; 辱骂; 咒骂 ☆ personal ~ 人身攻击 ③ unjust or corrupt customary practice 陋习; 恶习; 弊病

academic

[ækə'demik] *adj.* ① of an academy 学院的; 高等学府的; 大学的 ☆ ~ curriculum 大学课程 ② of no practical relevance; theoretical 不切实际的; 空谈的; 理论的 ☆ Your idea is ~. 你的想法是不切实际的。派 ① academia *n.* 学术界; 学术生涯 ② academically *adv.* 学问上; 理论上

accent

['æksənt; 'æksənt] *n.* ① particular (esp. local or national) mode of pronunciation (尤指地方、民族的) 口音; 乡音; 腔调 ☆ She speaks with a strong Beijing ~. 她说话带有很重的北京口音。② prominence given to a word or part of a word by saying it with more force 重音 ☆ a primary ~ 主重音 ③ distinctive feature or emphasis 特点; 强调 ☆ The ~ of products is quality. 产品重在质量。

accept

[ək'sept; ək'sept] *v.* [T] ① take or receive (sth. offered or given), esp. willingly 接受 (某物); 受纳 (所给之物) ☆ ~ rewards 接受酬谢 ② believe; admit; agree to; receive (an opinion, explanation, etc.) 相信; 承认; 认可; 同意; 听从 (意见、说明等) ☆ Don't ~ it as true. 不要信以为真。

③undertake (an office or duty) 承担 (公职或责任) 派 ①accepted *adj.* 公认的; 普遍接受的 ②accepter, acceptor *n.* 领受人; 受主

access

['æksɛs; 'ækses] *n.* ①means of entering; way in; entrance 进入之路; 通路; 入口; 通道; 进入 ☆ The only ~ to the town is across the grassland. 到镇上的唯一通路是经过草地。②right, opportunity, or means, of reaching, using, approaching 接近 (或进入) 的机会; 享用机会 ☆ Children have ~ to education. 孩子有受教育的机会。短 ①gain access to 接近; 会见 ②give access to 接见; 准许出入

accession

[æk'sɛʃən; æk'seʃən] *n.* ①arrival; access 到达; 接近 ☆ on one's ~ to man-hood 一到成年期 ②taking office, esp. as monarch (尤指君王) 就任; 继承; 即位 ☆ the Queen's ~ to the throne 女王的即位 ③thing added 增加物; 添加物 ☆ a sudden ~ of wealth 财富的突然增多 ④agreement, esp. to a demand (对要求等的) 同意 派 accessional *adj.* 增加的; 附加的

accessory

[æk'sesəri; æk'sesəri] *n.* (*pl.* accessories) ①sth. extra, helpful, and useful, but not an essential part 附件; 附属品; 附加物 ☆ the accessories of a motor car 汽车附件 ②(also 又作 accessory) person who abets or is privy to an (esp. illegal) act (尤指非法) 帮凶; 同谋 ☆ an ~ to murder 谋杀案

的同谋犯 || *adj.* ①extra; additional; not essential 附属的; 附加的 ☆ a set of ~ equipment 一套附带设备 ②of confederate or accomplice 同谋的

accident

['æksɪdənt] *n.* unfortunate esp. harmful event, caused unintentionally 事故; (尤指有伤害的) 意外事件 ☆ be killed in a surgical ~ 死于手术事故 复 ①accident insurance *n.* 事故保险; 伤亡保险; (人身) 意外损害保险 ②accident-prone *adj.* clumsy (因粗枝大叶而) 特别易出事故的 短 ①by accident/chance 偶然 ②have an accident 遭受意外; 出事故 ③without accident 平安; 安全地; 无恙

acclaim

[ə'kleɪm; ə'kleim] *v.* [I, T] welcome or applaud enthusiastically 喝彩, 欢迎; 欢呼 ☆ be widely ~ ed 受到广泛赞扬 || *n.* applause; welcome; public praise 欢呼; 欢迎; 称赞 ☆ The book received considerable critical ~. 这本书得到评论界的不少赞扬。

accommodation

[ə,kəmə'deɪʃən; ə,kəmə'deɪʃən] *n.* ①lodgings; room(s) for visitors, etc. 住所; 膳宿; 旅馆住宿 ☆ Hotel ~ was scarce during the Olympic Games. 在奥运会期间, 旅馆房间很难找。②(in *pl.* 用复数) a seat or place to sleep, esp. on a boat or train (车、船等上的) 座位; 铺位; 舱房 ③adaptation; adjustment 适应; 顺应; 配合; 调节; 通融 ☆ the ~ of one's desires to one's income 根据收入对各种需求所作的调节

accompany

[ə'kʌmpəni] *v.* [I, T] ① go with 陪伴; 陪同; 伴随 ☆ She is accompanied by her good friend. 她由好朋友陪着。② happen or do at the same time as; be done or found with; supplement 和...一起发生, 伴随; 附有; 补充 ☆ ~ one's word with blow 边说边打 ③ make supporting music for 为...伴奏

accomplish

[ə'kʌmplɪʃ; ə'kʌmplɪʃ] *v.* [T] succeed in doing; achieve, complete 完成; 实现, 达到 ☆ ~ one's purpose 达到目的

accord

[ə'kɔrd; ə'kɔ:d] *v.* [I, T] ① be consistent or in harmony 一致; 相和谐 ☆ His behaviour does not ~ with his principles. 他的行为与他的原则不相符合。② grant (permission, a request, etc.); give (a welcome etc.) (对要求等) 准予; 给予(欢迎等) ☆ ~ sb. permission 允许某人 || *n.* agreement, consent 一致; 赞同 派 accordant *adj.* 一致的; 调和的 短 ① in accord with 和...一致 ② be of one accord 一致

accordance

[ə'kɔrdns; ə'kɔ:dəns] *n.* ① agreement (with) 一致; 符合; 协调 ② giving or granting 给予 ☆ ~ of rights 权利的赋予 短 ① in accordance with 与...一致; 按照 ② out of accordance with 不按照...; 同...不协调

account

[ə'kaunt] *v.* [I, T] ① consider 认为; 视为 ☆ We ~ him faithful. 我们认为他是忠实的。② explain the cause of 解释; 说明(原因等) || *n.* ① a record

or statement of money received or paid out 账目; 账 ☆ keep ~s 记账; 入账; 做会计员 ② statement about conduct; description 叙述; 说明; 记载 ☆ by one's own ~s 根据某人自己所讲 ③ reason; cause 理由; 原因 ☆ on this ~ 由于这个原因 ④ importance; value; consideration 重要性; 价值; 考虑 派 ① accounting *n.* 会计; 会计学 ② accountant *n.* 会计员; 会计师 短 ① on account of 因为; 由于 ② take ... into account 考虑 ③ of great/no account 很(不)重要 ④ on no (any) account 决不 ⑤ give a good account of oneself 付清账; 为自己辩护; 表现良好 ⑥ on all accounts 无论如何 ⑦ by/from all accounts 根据大家所说 ⑧ for account of 为...代销

accredit

[ə'kredit; ə'kredit] *v.* [T] ① attribute (a saying etc.) to (a person) 认为(某说法)是(某人)所说 ☆ They ~ ed these remarks to him. 他们认为那些话是他说的。② send (an ambassador etc.) with credentials 委派; 任命(大使等) ☆ an ~ ed journalist 特派记者 ③ officially recognize as reaching a certain standard 鉴定...为合格; 公认...合格

accrue

[ə'kru:] *v.* [I] ① become bigger or more by addition 增大; 增多 ☆ If you keep money in the savings bank, interest ~s. 如果你把钱存在储蓄银行里, 就会产生利息。② to come as a gain or additional advantage (利益、好处等) 产生, 形成 ☆ a profit ~s to

the government from... 政府由...得到利益

accurate

['ækjʊrɪt; 'ækjʊrət] *adj.* careful and exact; free from error 准确的; 确切的
☆ an ~ diagnosis 准确的诊断 派 accurately *adv.* 正确地; 准确地

accuse

[ə'kju:z] *v.* [I, T] charge with a fault or crime; blame 指控; 控告; 指责
☆ ~ sb. of a crime 控告某人犯罪 派
① accuser *n.* 谴责者; 起诉者; 原告
② accusing *adj.* 非难的; 归罪的

ache

[ek; eɪk] *v.* [I] ① suffer from or be the source of an ache 感到疼痛; ...疼
☆ I am aching all over. 我浑身疼痛。
② have an extremely strong desire or miss 渴望; 怀想; 想念 ☆ She is aching to tell them the news. 她迫不及待地想把消息告诉他们。 || *n.* continuous dull pain (连续隐隐的) 痛, 疼痛 ☆ I've got a bit of ~ in my back. 我背有点痛。 派 achy *adj.* 疼痛不止的, 疼痛的

achieve

[ə'tʃi:v] *v.* [T] gain or reach by effort 达到; 得到; 实现 ☆ Nothing would stop me from achieving my ambition. 没有任何事情能阻止我实现我的雄心壮志。

achievement

[ə'tʃi:vmənt] *n.* ① something achieved 成就; 成绩; 业绩 ☆ a remarkable ~ 显著的成绩 ② act of achieving 完成; 达到; 取得 ☆ The goal is impossible of ~ because it is divorced from reality. 这个目标是不可能

实现的, 因为它脱离现实。

acid

['æsid] *n.* any of a class of substances that liberate hydrogen at ions in water, are usu. sour and corrosive, turn litmus red, and have a PH of less than 7 酸; 酸类 ☆ H_2SO_4 stands for sulphuric ~ H_2SO_4 代表硫酸 || *adj.* ① sour 酸的; 酸味的 ☆ an ~ fruit 一种带酸味的水果 ② Chem. having the essential properties of an acid [化] 呈酸性特征的 ☆ an ~ salt 酸式盐 派 ① acidity *n.* 酸味; 酸性; 酸度 ② acidify *v.* [I, T] (使) 变酸

acknowledge

[ək'nɒlɪdʒ; ək'nɒlɪdʒ] *v.* [T] ① accept or recognize (as); recognize the fact or existence (of) 认可; 承认 ☆ ~ a man as one's superior 自认不如某人 ② state that one has received sth. 告知收到 ☆ ~ (the receipt of) sb.'s letter 向某人表示信已收到 ③ express thanks for 表示感谢; 鸣谢 ☆ ~ one's help 感谢某人的帮助 派 acknowledged *adj.* 公认的 短 ① acknowledge one's defeat 认输 ② acknowledge one's fault 认错; 赔不是; 道歉 ③ acknowledge oneself to be 自认为是... ④ acknowledge the applause 谢幕

acknowledgement

[ək'nɒlɪdʒmənt; ək'nɒlɪdʒmənt] (also 也作 acknowledgment) *n.* ① the act of acknowledging 承认; 认可 ☆ the ~ of a mistake 承认一个错误 ② confirm the receipt of (a letter, etc.) 确认收悉信件等 ③ thing given or done in gratitude 答礼; 答谢 ☆ in ~ of 答谢; 领谢

acoustics

[ə'ku:stiks] *n.* ① properties or qualities (of a room etc.) in transmitting sound (房间等的) 音响效果; 传音性 ☆ The ~ of the theatre are excellent. 这个剧院的音响效果好极了。② (usu. as *sing.* 通常作单数) science of sound 声学 ☆ Acoustics is a science of sound. 声学是研究声音的学科。

acquaintance

[ə'kwentəns; ə'kweintəns] *n.* ① a person whom one knows, but who may not be a friend 熟人; 相识的人 ☆ I have a wide circle of ~ s. 我的交际极广。② knowledge gained from experience 认识; 了解; 见识; 熟悉 ☆ He has a slight ~ with astronomy. 他懂一点天文学。派 acquaintanceship *n.* 相识; 认识 短 ① make sb.'s acquaintance 与某人结识 ② a speaking acquaintance 泛泛之交

acquire

[ə'kwair; ə'kwaɪə] *v.* [T] gain or come to possess by one's own work, skill, action, etc. 取得; 获得; 得到; 学到 ☆ ~ much property 获得大量财产 派 ① acquired *adj.* 后天的; 获得的; 已形成习惯的 ② acquirement *n.* 学到的东西(尤指精神上的造诣); 学识

acquisition

[ækwi'zɪʃən] *n.* ① the act of acquiring 取得; 获得 ☆ I devote my time to the ~ of knowledge. 我把时间都花在求知上。② sth. acquired 获得物; 添加物 ☆ a valuable ~ 宝贵的收获

across

[ə'krɒs; ə'krɒs] *adv.* ① to or on the

other side 到对面; 在对面 ☆ We'll soon be ~. 我们很快就可到达对岸。② from one side to another 从一边到另一边; 宽 ☆ The channel is 20 miles ~. 海峡宽 20 英里。③ so as to cross 交叉; 成十字地 ☆ He stood with two arms ~. 他叉手站着。|| *prep.* ① to or on the other side of 到...对面; 在...对面 ☆ They live just ~ the road. 他们就住在马路对面。② from one side to the other side of 横过; 穿过; 从...的一边到另一边 ☆ a bridge ~ the river 架在河上的桥 ③ at or forming an angle with 与...交叉; 与...成十字 ☆ a stripe ~ the flag 旗帜上一横条

act

[ækt] *v.* [I, T] ① take action 行动; 做 ☆ Think carefully before you ~. 你在行动前必须仔细想一想。② produce an effect; work 起作用; 有功效 ☆ Alcohol ~ s on the brain. 酒精对大脑有影响。③ behave as stated 表现; 举动 ☆ He ~ ed as if he'd never seen me before. 他表现得好像从来就没有见过我似的。④ perform by action, esp. on the stage 扮演; 表演 ☆ ~ on the stage 上台表演 || *n.* ① sth. done 行为; 举动; 动作 ☆ an ~ of hostility 敌对行为 ② law made by a legislative body 法案; 法令; 条例 ☆ the Lend-Lease Act 租借法案 ③ one of the main divisions of a play; short performance in a programme (戏剧的)一幕; 一段表演 ☆ a one-~ play 独幕剧 短 ① act as 充当; 起...作用 ② act for 代理(某人的职务); 代为(处理某事) ③ act out 表演(故事、对话等) ④ act on/upon 按照...行动,

奉行;对...起作用 ⑤act on sb.'s advice 按某人的劝告行事 ⑥act against rules 违反原则 ⑦act up to one's principles 按照自己的原则做事

action

[ˈæksən] *n.* ①process of doing or acting 行动过程;行动 ☆ demanded ~ 请求行动 ②deed; act 做出的事;行为,作为 ☆ He is not aware of his ~ s. 他没有意识到自己的行为。③the way in which something moves or works 动作姿势;活动(方式) ☆ The horse had a fine jumping ~. 这匹马的跳跃姿态优美。④effect 作用 ☆ ~ and reaction 作用与反作用 ⑤battle; fighting 战斗;作战 ☆ go into ~ 开始战斗 ⑥(usu. *sing.* 通常用单数) the moving parts of a machine or instrument (机器、乐器等的)活动部件 ☆ The ~ of this machine is stiff. 这台机器的机械部件不灵活。短 ①take action 采取行动 ②go/come into action 开始战斗;开始行动

active

[ˈæktiv] *adj.* ①marked by action; energetic; diligent 勤快的;有活力的;勤奋的 ☆ an ~ life 繁忙的生活 ②able to produce the typical effects or act in the typical way 在活动中的;起作用的 ☆ an ~ volcano 活火山 ③not merely passive or inert; positive 主动的;有力的;积极的 ☆ ~ measures 积极措施

activity

[æk'tiviti] *n.* (*pl.* activities) ①(usu. in *pl.* 常用复数) sth. that is done or is being done; occupation or

pursuit 活动;所做的事;工作;职业 ☆ terrorist activities 恐怖主义活动 ②the state of being active 活动;活跃;能动性 ☆ conscious ~ 自觉活动 短 ①be in activity (火山等)在活动中 ②with activity 精力充沛地

actor

[ˈæktə; ˈæktə] *n.* a man who acts in a play, film, etc. (戏剧、电影中的)扮演者;男演员

actual

[ˈæktʃuəl] *adj.* ①existing in fact; real 现实的;实在的;实际的 ☆ in ~ life 在现实生活中 ②current 现行的;现时的;现存的 ☆ in ~ existence 现存

actually

[ˈæktʃuəli] *adv.* ①as a fact; really 事实上;实际上;实在地 ☆ The country is nominally but not ~ independent. 这个国家名义上独立,但实际上并不独立。②strange as it may seem 有点出乎意料;居然;竟然 ☆ For the first time in years, the rate of inflation has ~ fallen. 通货膨胀率居然下降了,这是多年来的第一次。派 actuality *n.* 现实;实情;现状

adapt

[ə'dæpt] *v.* [I, T] ①make suitable for a new use, need, situation, etc. (使)适合;(使)适应 ☆ Some new students can not ~ very well to the college life. 一些新学生不能很好地适应大学生活。②alter or modify (esp. a text) 改编;改写 ☆ This text has been ~ ed for English beginners. 这本教科书是改编给英语初学者看的。

add

[æd] *v.* [I, T] ①put together with

something else so as to increase the number, size, importance, etc. 增加; 添加 ☆ Fireworks ~ ed to the attraction of the festival night. 烟火使节日之夜更加生色。②put together (numbers) to find their total (数)相加; 合计 ☆ Add up these figures, please. 请把这些数字加起来。③say further; go on to say 又说; 继续说 短 ①add to 增加; 增添 ②add up 合计; 加起来; 前后一致; 合理 ③add up to 总计, 共达, 加起来等于; 〈口〉总之就是, 等于说, 意味着 ④add in 算入; 把...包括在内; 吸收...为成员 ⑤add on 加上; 附加 ⑥to add to 更加; 又加

addition

[ə'dɪʃən] *n.* ①process of adding 加 ☆ The sign “+” stands for ~. “+”号代表加。②thing or person added or joined 增加的人或物; 附加物 ☆ have an ~ to one's family 生孩子; 添人口 短 in addition to 加之; 除...之外还

address

[ə'dres; ə'dres] *v.* [T] ①make a speech to; speak to, using a title 向...发表演说; 向...说话; 称呼 ☆ ~ a protest to sb. 对某人提出抗议 ②write a name and address on (an envelope, parcel, etc.) 在(信封、包裹等)上写姓名、地址 ☆ ~ a letter to sb. 写信给某人 ③put (oneself) to work at 从事于; 忙着做 ☆ She ignored the side issues and ~ ed herself to the main problem. 她抛开枝节问题, 致力于主要问题。 || *n.* ①details of where a person may be found and where letters, etc. may be delivered 通

讯处; 地址; 住址 ☆ a return ~ 回信地址 ②speech or talk (to an audience) 讲话; (对听众的)演说; 谈话 ☆ a man of pleasing (or good) ~ 谈吐流利的人 派 ①addressee *n.* 收件人; 收信人 ②addresser *n.* 发言人; 陈述人

adduce

[ə'dju:s] *v.* [T] cite as an instance or as proof or evidence 举出某例为证; 引证; 举证; 引用 ☆ ~ reasons in support of one's case 提出理由来支持自己的论证

adequate

['ædəkwɪt; 'ædɪkwɪt] *adj.* ①enough for the purpose 适当的; 足够的; 充分的 ☆ The city's water supply is no longer ~ for its needs. 这个城市的供水不能再满足需求了。②having the necessary qualities 可以胜任的 ☆ He is an ~ person for the job. 他是一个适合做此项工作的人。派 ①adequately *adv.* 充足地; 适当地 ②adequacy *n.* 充足; 适当 短 ①be adequate for 适合; 足够 ②be adequate to 够(用); 胜任

adjective

['ædʒɪktɪv] *n.* *Gram.* word that names a quality, or that defines of limits a noun [语法]形容词 || *adj.* ①*Gram.* of adjective [语法]形容词的 ☆ ~ phrase 形容词短语 ②of attachment 附属的 ☆ ~ law 附属法; 程序法

adjourn

[ə'dʒə:n] *v.* [I, T] ①put off; postpone; break off (a meeting etc.) temporarily 延期, 推迟; 使(会议等)暂时

中止 ☆ ~ the debate 暂停辩论 ② transfer to another place 转移他处; 〈口〉换地方 ☆ ~ to the dining room 移到餐室 派 adjournment *n.* 延期; 闭会; 休会; 休庭; 休会(或休庭)期

adjudge

[ə'dʒʌdʒ] *v.* [T] ①pronounce judgement on(a matter) (对某件事)判决; 裁决 ☆ ~ a man (to be) guilty 判决某人有罪 ②declare to be; pronounce 宣布; 宣告 ☆ The show was ~ d a great success. 演出宣告获得巨大成功。

adjunct

[ˈædʒʌŋkt] *n.* sth. that is added or joined to sth. else but is not a necessary part of it 附属物; 附件

adjure

[ə'dʒʊə] *v.* [T] beg or command 请求; 要求 ☆ ~ sb. to tell the truth 要某人务必说实话 派 adjuration *n.* 严令; 恳求

adjust

[ə'dʒʌst] *v.* [I, T] ①order or position; arrange 整理; 整顿; 安排 ☆ ~ one's clothes 整顿装束 ②set right 校正; 校准 ☆ ~ one's watch 把表拨准 ③harmonize(discrepancies) 调解(矛盾等) ☆ ~ differences 解决分歧 派 adjustment *n.* 调整; 调节; 校正; 调解; (赔偿损失的)清算

administer

[əd'ministə] *v.* [I, T] ①control; manage; look after business affairs, a household, etc. 管理; 处理; 照料; 治理(商务, 家务等) ☆ ~ a trust fund 管理信托基金 ②put into operation 执行; 实施 ☆ Government agencies ~

the environmental laws. 环境法规由政府机构执行。③deliver or dispense, esp. formally (a punishment, sacrament, etc.) (尤指正式地)给予; 发放(处罚、圣礼等) ☆ ~ sb. a box on the ear 给某人一个耳光 ④cause to make(an official promise) 使立(誓言) ☆ The judge ~ ed the oath to a witness in court. 法官使证人在法庭上宣誓。短 administer to 有助于

admire

[əd'mair; əd'maɪə] *v.* [T] ①regard with pleasure and respect; have a good opinion of 赞赏; 称赞; 钦佩; 羡慕 ☆ ~ sb.'s capacity for work 钦佩某人的工作能力 ②want to; like 想要; 喜欢 派 ①admiring *adj.* 表示或感觉赞赏的; 赞美的; 羡慕的 ②admirer *n.* 赞美者; 羡慕者 短 ①admire to do sth. 很想做某事 ②admire sb. for sth. 羡慕(或钦佩)(某人)...

admissible

[əd'misəbl; əd'misəbl] *adj.* (of an idea, etc.) worth accepting or considering (意见等)可采纳的, 可接受的; 值得考虑的 ☆ Is it ~ to swim here? 这里允许游泳吗?

admission

[əd'mɪʃən] *n.* ①allowing or being allowed to enter or join a school, club, building, etc; charge for this 允许进入; 入场费, 入场券 ☆ Admission by ticket only. 凭票入场。②statement admitting sth.; confess or acknowledgement 承认; 供认; 坦白 ☆ make an ~ of guilt 认罪 短 ①by/on sb.'s own admission 据某人自己承认 ②gain/obtain admission to 获准进入

③grant sb. admission 准许某人进入

admit

[əd'mit] *v.* [I, T] (admitted, admitting) ①permit (a person or thing) to enter; let in 允许(人或物)进入; 让...进入 ☆ He opened the door and ~ted me into his room. 他打开门, 让我进入他的房间。②state or agree to the truth of (usu. sth. bad); confess 承认; 供认(一般指坏事) ☆ ~ to robbery 承认抢劫 ③have space or room for 容纳 ☆ The room ~s only 50 people. 这间房子只能容纳 50 人。派 admittance *n.* 许可进入 短 ①admit of 容许; 有...余地 ②admit to 承认 ③be admitted to bail[律]准许保释

admonish

[əd'manɪʃ; əd'mɒnɪʃ] *v.* [T] ①reprove 轻责; 谴责 ☆ The witness was ~ed by the judge for failing to answer the question. 证人因不回答问题而受到法院的轻责。②warn 警告; 告诫 ☆ She ~ed him of the danger ahead. 她警告他前面危险。派 admonishment *n.* 告诫; 劝告

adopt

[ə'dɒpt; ə'dɒpt] *v.* [T] ①take and use as one's own 采用; 采取; 采纳 ☆ ~ new techniques in raising silkworms 采用新技术养蚕 ②take a person into a relationship, esp. as one's child or heir 收养; 领养 ☆ an ~ed daughter 养女 ③approve formally; accept 正式通过; 正式批准; 认可; 接受 ☆ The UN Assembly ~ed a resolution. 联合国大会通过了一项决议。④choose

选定 派 ①adoptable *adj.* 可采取的; 可采用的; 可沿用的; 可收养的 ②adopter *n.* 采纳者; 接收器 ③adopted *adj.* 被收养的; 过继的

adroit

[ə'droɪt] *adj.* quick and skillful in using mind or hand 机敏的; 灵巧的; 熟练的 ☆ an ~ manager 精明能干的经理 派 adroitly *adv.* 机敏地; 巧妙地; 熟练地

adult

[ə'dʌlt; 'ædʌlt] *n.* a fully grown person or animal, esp. a person over an age stated by law, usu. 18 or 21 (指人或动物)成年; 成人; [生]成体; 成虫 ☆ This film is for ~s only. 此电影只供成人观看。|| *adj.* of or for adults 成人的; 成年人的; 限于(或适合)成年人的 ☆ ~ education 成人教育

adulterate

[ə'dʌltə'reɪt; ə'dʌltə'reit] *v.* [T] debase (esp. foods) by adding other substances (尤指在食物中)掺假使变得不纯 ☆ ~ milk with water 奶中兑水

advance

[əd'væns; əd'vɑːns] *v.* [I, T] ①come or go forward 前进 ☆ The troops have ~d 20 kilometres. 部队已前进了 20 公里。②(cause to) improve or move forward 取得进展; 向前移; 提升 ☆ ~ the hour hand 向前拨动时针 ③bring forward to an earlier date or time 提前 ☆ The date of the meeting was ~d from Friday to Wednesday. 会议时间从星期五提前到星期三。④put forward 提出 ☆ ~