酒店服务管理

专业系列教材

酒店服务英语

石民辉 主编





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编写说明

为了适应社会主义市场经济体制的要求,国内贸易部于1998年颁发了商品经营等7个专业教学计划和专业课教学大纲。《酒店服务英语》一书是根据新编的教学计划和教学大纲的要求,充分吸收和借鉴本学科国内外研究的最新成果,重点放在学科体系、内容体系、结构体系的创新,强化知识应用性和可操作性。本书是商贸中等职业技术学校的必用教材,也可供业务岗位培训、再就业培训使用,还可作为广大企业职工的自学读物。

《酒店服务英语》一书由长春市商业技工学校石民辉任主编(第一、五部分),长沙市商业技工学校张小玲任副主编(第三部分),参加编写的还有济南商业技工学校尹晋(第四部分),广西桂林商业技工学校潘桂君(第二部分),全书由石民辉总纂。

本书在编写过程中,得到了许多学校领导和教师的大力 支持,在此致以深切的谢意。

由于编写时间仓促,编者水平有限,书中难免有疏漏之处,敬请广大读者不吝赐教,以便于修订,使之日臻完善。

内贸系统教材编审委员会 1999年7月1日

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PART ONE DAILY EXPRESSIONS

Unit 1 Greetings

Dialog 1:

A: Good morning, madam.

B:Good morning.

A: Welcome to our hotel.

B: Thank you.

Dialog 2:

A: How do you do?

B: How do you do?

A: My name is ChenMing. I'm glad to meet you.

B:I'm Helen White. I'm glad to meet you, too.

Dialog 3:

A: How are you?

B: Fine, thanks, And you?

A: I'm fine, too, thank you.

Useful Expressions:

- 1. Hello. 您好——Hello. 您好。
- 2. How do you do? 您好。

——How do you do? 您好。

- 3.Glad to meet you. 见到您真高兴。
 - ---Glad to meet you, too. 见到您我也很高兴。
- 4.Good morning.早上好。
 - ——Good morning. 早上好。
- 5. Good afternoon. 下午好。
 - ---Good afternoon. 下午好。
- 6.Good evening.晚上好。
 - ---Good evening. 晚上好。
- 7. How are you(getting on)? 您好吗?
 - ----Very well, thank you. 我很好,谢谢。
 - ---Just so so. 还可以。
 - ---Yes, not bad. 好的, 还不错。

Notes:

- 1.Good morning. 早上好(午夜零点至中午),Good afternoon. 下午好(中午至晚 18点)和 Good evening. 晚上好(晚 18点至睡觉前),都是问候用语,往往用于较客气的场合。服务人员可以用这样的问候语去接待客人,回答时用同样的话。
- 2. 接待人员对于年长的不知姓名的单个宾客通常称他(或她)为 sir(先生)或 madam(夫人),放在句末。如: Yes, madam. 当有数位男宾客时应称呼 gentlemen,当有数位女宾客时应称呼 ladies,当遇到团体客人(有男、女宾客)时,应称呼 ladies and gentlemen.
- 3. 接待人员如果知道对方的姓氏,应称呼其姓氏。则正式称呼是"某先生"、"某夫人",如果对方是不知是否已婚的女子,则称"某女士"如: Mr Baker, Mrs Smith, Miss Brown, Ms White. 注意 Mr. Mrs, Ms 不能单独用来作为称呼,不能冠于

名字前,只能冠于姓(或姓名)之前。Mr(先生)亦可冠于职务之前。如:Mr President,(总统先生),Mr Editor(编辑先生)。

- 4. 初次见面比较正式问候用语要用"How do you do?"意为"您好"。对方也说"How do you do?"作为回答。
- 5. 互相认识的同辈,平常打招呼的用语,最轻松的是用 "Hi!"其次是"How are you?"
 - 6. Hello(您好),较随便,朋友,熟人之间用。

Phonetics Revision 语音复习

1. 音节

音节是说话时最小的语言片断,通常由一个元音加上一个或几个辅音构成。但是单独一个元音也能成为一个音节。例如:[ə],[ai].有些较响亮的辅音,如[l],[ʌ],在后面没有元音的情况下也能和它前面的辅音构成一个音节。例如:['æpl],['litl],['lesn]。

- 2. 开音节和闭音节
- (1)开音节:有两种。(a)"以发音的元音字母结尾"的音节。例如:my,go,be.(b)"一个元音字母+一个辅音字母(r除外)+不发音的 e 结尾"的音节。如:make, five, those。在重读开音节中,元音字母按其字母名称读音。即:a[ei],e[i:],i[əi],o[əu],u[ju:].
- (2)闭音节:"一个元音字母+(一个或几个)辅音字母(r 除外)"的音节。如:it,desk,pen.在重读闭音节中,元音字母 读作短元音。即:a(æ),e(e),i(i),o(o),u(ʌ)或(u)。
 - (3)r音节:"一个元音字母+一个字母(r除外)"的音节。

如:bar,her,firm,for,fur。在重读音节中,ar 读作[a:],or 读作[ɔ:],ir,er 和 ur 都读作[ə:]。如:car,horse,girl,serve,burn.

3. 音标(48 个)

A. 元音(20个):单元音[i:][i][e][æ][ʌ][ɑ:][ɔ][ɔ:] [u:][u][a][a:](12个)

双元音:(əu)(au)(ei)(ai)(bi)(ia)(sa)(ua)(8个)

- B. 辅音:(28 个):(1)摩擦音:[f][v][θ][δ][s][z][ʃ][ʒ] [h][tʃ][dʒ][tz][dz][tr][dr](15 个)
 - (2)爆破音:[p](b)[t](d)[k](g)(6个)
 - (3)鼻音:[m][n][ŋ](3个)
 - (4)舌边音:[l](1个)
 - (5)滑动音:[i][w][r](3个)

Exercises:

- 1. Recite the useful expressions and the dialogs.
- 2. Role play:
- Guest: You(①a lady ②Mr Smith ③several men ④several ladies ⑤a group of guests) are coming to the hotel in the morning. (in the afternoon. in the evening.)

 Clerk: You are greeting the guest(s).
- 3. Fill in the blanks with the following words, according to their rules of reading: nine, black, sing, we, came, thick, let, shock, time, late, go tube, sack, ride, cute them, plane, flag, these, bike, clock, ship, pick, no, box, bus.

α	(ei)
	(æ)
e	(i;)
	(e)
i	(ai)
	(i)
0	(au)
	(၁)
u	(ju:)
	(A)

Unit 2 Partings

Dialog 1:

Scene: In a hotel.

Cashier: Good morning, sir. May I help you?

Guest: Yes. I'm leaving this morning. I want to pay my bill now. The name is Mr Black. Room 1234.

Ca: Just a moment, Please, That's 250 yuan.

G: Here you are.

Ca: Here's your receipt. I hope you enjoyed your stay with us.

G: Thank you and good - bye.

Ca: Good - bye.

Dialog 2:

Scene: At the railway station.

Peter: Thank you for coming to see us off.

Clerk: It's our pleasure.

P: We've enjoyed our stay in Beijing.

C: We've enjoyed having you with us. Please give my best regards to Prof. Miller.

P:I will.

C: I hope you can come back to Beijing again.

P: Yes, we will. I'm afraid we must get on the train now. Good - bye.

C:Good – bye, Peter! Wish you a pleasant journey. Take care, Lois!

L&P: Thank you. Good - bye, dear friend!

Useful Expressions:

- 1. It's very nice of you to come and see me off. 您来为我送行,真是太客气了。
 - 2. Well, I'll really have to get on my way. 我真的要走了。
 - 3. I must be going now. 我得走了。
- ——Can't you stay a bit longer? 不能再多留一会儿吗?
 - 4. Come and see me when you have time.
- ---Thanks. I'll certainly do that. 谢谢了,我一定会的。
 - 5. I hope to see you again. 希望能再见到您。
 - 6. We are looking forward to another chance to servé you.
 - ٠6٠

期望再有机会为您服务。

- 7. Please come again. 请下次再来。
- 8.Don't forget to give me a ring. 别忘了给我打电话。
- 9. Take care. 保重。
- 10. Keep well. 祝您健康。
- 11. Have a nice trip. 一路顺风。
- 12.Bon Voyage! 一路平安。
- 13. All the best! 一切顺利!
- 14. Good luck! 祝您好运,祝您顺利。
- 15. Wish you a pleasant journey! 祝您旅途愉快。
- 16.Good bye. 再见。——Good bye. 再见。
- 17. Bye. 再见。——Bye. 再见。
- 18.Good night.晚安。——Good night.晚安。
- 19. See you later. 再见。——See you later. 再见。
- 20.So long. 再见。——So long. 再见。

Notes:

- 1. be leaving. 现在进行时,有时可表示将来发生的动作。 用于 go, come, stay, leave, start 等表示动作的动词。eg: He is coming to see you tomorrow. 他明天要来看你。
 - 2.to pay one's bill. 结账。
- 3. I hope you enjoyed your stay. 因为客人已退房,要用过去式,客人初到时应该用将来时,即: I hope you will enjoy your stay.
 - 4. see sh. off. 为某人送行。"接机"通常用: meet。
 - 5. give one's(best)regards to sb. 请问候……
 - 6. have(got)to+动词原形。不得不,必须。

- 7. be looking forward to…盼望,期待……,多用于进行式,eg:I'm looking forward to seeing you. 我盼望能见到你。
 - 8.Good-bye.是分手最常用的一句话,只适用于送别时。
 - 9. Bye 等于 Bye bye. 也是比较随便的告别词。
 - 10. Good night. 是晚间分别估计不再见面的客套语。
- 11.So long. 用于彼此熟悉的人之间,是比较随便的告别语。对接待人员来说,以不用为宜。
- 12. 与人道别的方式很多,这主要取决于道别双方的关系以及具体场合。但是,不管是怎样的情况,有一点是必须共同遵循的,即:不要突然地说 Good bye,而应先有一定铺垫,使对方有一定的思想准备。这是我们中国人与英美人在道别时的不同的文化习俗。一般而言,英美人还常常利用道别这一时刻表示感谢,表示祝愿或约定下次见面的时间等。

Phonetic Revision 语音复习

字母组合的读音规则

元音字母组合	读 法	例词
all	(o:1)	wall, tall
ass	(a:s)	class, glass
ask	(a:sk)	ask, basket
air	(ස)	chair, hair
are	(ස)	hare, rare
ee	(i:)	see, sleep

续 表

元音字母组合	读 法	例词
ea	(i:)	tea, sleep
ai	(ei)	wait, rain
ay	(ei)	play, say
ear	(ə:)	early, learn
	(ia)	year, near
ew	(ju:)	news, few
igh	(ai)	night, light
OB.	(əu)	boat, coat
oi	(si)	oil, boil
oy		boy, toy
	[u:]在大多数情况下	school, food
∞	(u)在k前面	book, look
ou	(au)	out, loud
ow	(əu)	down, town
	(au)	slow, low

Exercises:

- 1. Recite the useful expressions and the dialog.
- 2. Role play:

Guest: You have paid the bill and are leaving the restaurant.

Clerk: You are serving the guest.

3. Fill in the missing words and finish the following dialog:

Alice: May I _____ to Peter, please?

Peter: is Peter.	
A:Hi, Peter! I'm sorry I can't come to see you	_
tomorrow.	
P:It's OK. I tomorrow's meeting is very impor	-
tant to you.	
A:So Peter, Please my best to your family.	,
P: I Take, Alice.	
Don't overwork yourself.(不要过分劳累)	
A:No,I won't luck,Peter!	
Hope we can again soon.	
P: I so too.	
Thank you for Good - bye, Alice!	
A:Good-bye, Peter! Bon!	
4. Read the following letters, sounds and words:	
th [θ]think, thank, bath, three. [ð]this, that, than, they, father.	
a 1	
sh[]]she, fish, shirt, wash, dish.	
qu[kw]quick,quite,queen,quarter.	
ch(tf)teach, child, China, touch.	
tch[t]match, watch, catch, patch.	
ture[tfə]picture, future, culture.	
ph(f)photo, telephone, physics.	
ck(k)neck, black, packet.	
kn(n)know, knife, knee, knock.	
nk(ŋk)ink, think, thank, link.	
ng(ŋ)sing, long, thing, spring.	

wr(r)write, wrong, wrap.

Unit 3 Getting Acquainted

Dialog 1:

Scene: At the airport.

R:Good afternoon, sir. I am the Airport Representative of Maria Hotel. Are you Mr. Smith?

S: Yes, I'm John Smith from America.

R: We are expecting you. Welcome to Beijing.

S: Thank you.

R:Mr. Smith, may I help you with your suitcase?

S: Thank you.

R: Would you come this way, please?

The car is waiting.

Dialog 2:

Guest: I'd like to see your manager, please.

Receptionist: Just a minute, Mrs Smith. Mrs Smith, this is our manager, Mr Li. Mr Li, this is Mrs Smith.

Li: How do you do, Mrs Smith? Nice to meet you.

G:How do you do, Mr Li.

Useful Expressions:

A: Self = introduction.

1.Let me introduce myself. I'm…请让我自我介绍一下,

我叫……

- 2. How do you do? My name is…, the attendant here. 你好,我叫……,是这儿的服务员。
- 3. May I introduce myself? I'm…请允许我做下自我介绍,我叫……
 - B: Introducing people.
 - 4. Let me introduce you to…请让我给你介绍……
 - 5. I'd like you to meet…我想让你见一见……
 - 6. May I introduce…to you? 我可以介绍一下……吗? C. Responses to introductions.
 - 7. How do you do, Mr…? 你好……
 - 8.I'm glad to meet you. 见到你,我很高兴。
 - 9. It's nice to see you. 见到你,真高兴。
 - 10. Welcome to our hotel. 欢迎您到我们宾馆。
- 11. Is this your first visit to China? 这是您第一次来中国吗?
 - 12. Are you American? 你是美国人吗?
- 13. How long are you going to stay here? 你打算在这住多久?
- 14. We hope you'll have a good time in our hotel. 希望您在宾馆生活愉快。
- 15. We hope you'll enjoy your visit here. 祝您在这儿过得愉快。
 - 16. Beautiful day, isn't it? 天气真好,是不是?
- 17. How do you like the weather here? 你觉得这儿的天气怎么样?
 - · 12 ·