

# 2013

考天下名师团 编

格林 主编

# 英语专业考研

# 词汇红宝书

Test Bible of Vocabulary for  
Graduates Majoring in English

直击考点高频词汇 | 详解经典真题例句



 NO.1

中国石化出版社

[HTTP://WWW.SINOPEC-PRESS.COM](http://www.sinopec-press.com)

教·育·出·版·中·心

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# 前 言

英语专业考研和我们平时的普通考研英语是截然不同的。普通考研英语是针对那些报考非英语专业的考生所进行的英语水平测试,由教育部统一出题,主要考查大学英语的基本知识。而英语专业考研是针对报考英语专业研究生的考生而进行的考试,难度大,参考书目多,基础知识在考试中显得尤为重要。加之在一些院校中,英语专业考研不像其他专业一样公布考研参考书目和试题,这更使得英语专业考研变得越来越神秘难测。

掌握词汇是学好外语的先决条件,它就仿佛是一座大楼的根基。而且,词汇学习绝不像某些人想象的那样,背背词汇表就行了。学习词汇如同了解一个人,要分两个阶段:先要知其相貌,进而熟其脾性。对于词汇学习,“知其相貌”就是要记住词汇的形、音、义、性“熟其脾性”则是要进而了解其所属语域(正式、口语、俚语、粗俗等)、专业领域(医学、物理、天文、音乐、摄影等)、用法、搭配等。当然,正如我们不可能、也没有必要深入了解我们见过的每一个人一样,对于有些词汇混个脸儿熟即可。而考试大纲撤销了词汇释义的信息告诉我们,考生不仅要牢牢掌握每个大纲单词的字典本义,也有必要了解其在上下文中的特定含义。

本书以英语专业四级、八级、部分 GRE 词汇为基础,再补充一些经常出现于文学作品和评论中的词汇,以及从历年各校英语专业考研入学考试试题中萃取的易考词、常考词和难词,适合英语专业本科毕业后有意攻读英语专业研究生的同学使用。一个英语专业的本科毕业生在基本掌握专八词汇的基础上,简单记忆本书所列词汇后,词汇量即可扩大到 16000 以上,足以应对全国各级研究生院的入学考试。

本书与其他图书相比,具有以下一些特点:

### 1. 全——内容全面

本书不仅包含大纲所有词汇,还对历年考题涉及的词汇进行科学分类,同时为熟词生义和词义多变的词汇短语配以丰富例句。

### 2. 多——一书多用

本书例句均来自涉及多个学科专业的国外最新书刊,以及各大院校的历年真题。读者不仅可以利用真题例句作为英译汉练习,更可结合词汇本义意译真题以检验自己的阅读翻译水平,真正做到一书多用。

### 3. 易——记忆容易

本书浓缩词项,以熟词带生词,以生词记熟词,减轻考生记忆负担,尤其对考研新手和在职考生,背单词不再是任务,而成需求。这样,考生就能够在短时间内获得“与众不同、名副其实”的速记效果。

### 4. 便——使用方便

书中对每个点词汇均有涉及,结合各个高校真题进行剖析,内容全面,使考生实现真正意义上的高分突破,享受“一书在手,全部拥有”的自豪感。

翻开这本书,就如同交上一位良师益友。它可以改变你人生的坐标,奏响生命的乐章;它能让你变得睿智、豁达、优雅、美丽;它虽不能改变你人生的起点,但可以改变你人生的终点。相信通过本书的学习,你的英语水平会有质的飞跃,相信英语词汇将不再成为阻碍你进步的绊脚石!

编者

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## 练习一

### abandon

1. Sophonisba P. Breckinridge, the first woman admitted to the bar in Kentucky, eventually abandoned her legal career and became a social worker. (北二外)

- (A) supported (B) prosecuted (C) gave up (D) tired of

### abbreviate

2. It is seldom acceptable to abbreviate words in formal writing.

- (A) omit (B) explain (C) invent (D) shorten

### abhorrent

3. I find his idea extremely abhorrent.

- (A) superficial (B) dangerous (C) distasteful (D) illogical

### abiding

4. The concept of upward social mobility has been an abiding feature of American life.

- (A) enduring (B) unaffected (C) intriguing (D) observable

### ablaze

5. In the autumn, the northern mountains are ablaze with shades of red, yellow, and orange. (武汉大学)

- (A) radiant (B) bloom  
(C) decorated (D) beautiful

### abolish

6. They voted to abolish the office of second vice-president.

- (A) decorate (B) create  
(C) improve (D) eliminate

### abroad

7. Eleanor Roosevelt's dedication to humanitarian causes won her affection and honor at home and abroad.

- (A) on the air (B) henceforth  
(C) nearby (D) in foreign countries

**abrupt**

8. Choreographer Twyla Tharp uses familiar dance movements in original ways to create works filled with clever gestures and abrupt changes in motion and mood. (上海对外贸易学院)  
(A) graceful (B) creative (C) sudden (D) dramatic

**abruptly**

9. Red giant stars do not become white dwarf stars abruptly; the process takes more than fifteen hundred years.  
(A) suddenly (B) in unison (C) prematurely (D) accidentally

**abundant**

10. Although South Carolina's mineral resources are abundant, not all of them can be mined lucratively.  
(A) molten (B) plentiful (C) diverse (D) precious

**abundantly**

11. Blue-green algae grow abundantly in salt marshes. (西南大学)  
(A) primarily (B) slowly  
(C) on plants (D) in great numbers

**accelerate**

12. Pollutants introduced into a lake can rapidly accelerate its natural aging process.  
(A) change (B) speed up  
(C) turn around (D) destroy

**accelerated**

13. Current demographic trends, such as the fall in the birth rate, should favor an accelerated economic growth in the long run.  
(A) fashionable (B) rapid (C) modern (D) contemporary

**accept**

14. Slang and substandard language are not generally accepted in published scientific papers.  
(A) abundant (B) apparent (C) pragmatic (D) permitted

**access**

15. The road west gave access to the lake.  
(A) ascendancy (B) approach (C) exit (D) asset

**accessible**

16. Bone and ivory are light, strong, and accessible materials for Inuit artists.

(东华大学)

- (A) beautiful (B) economical (C) available (D) natural

**acclaim**

17. Ron O'Neal received widespread acclaim for his acting in productions of Dream on Monkey Mountain.

- (A) recognition (B) confidence  
(C) reimbursement (D) training

**acclaimed**

18. The highly acclaimed dance school founded by Katherine Dunham in New York City was an influential center of Black dance.

(北航)

- (A) promoted (B) significant (C) visible (D) praised

**accommodate**

19. Chicago's O'Hare International Airport accommodates forty-four million passengers per year.

- (A) amazes (B) lures (C) handles (D) counts

**accommodation**

20. It is said that the accommodations of this hotel are limited to 600 persons.

- (A) epoch (B) lodgings (C) fiasco (D) dilemma

**accompany**

21. The most famous Shoshone Indian was Sacagawea—the woman who accompanied Lewis and Clark on their exploration of the upper Missouri River.

- (A) traveled with (B) argued with (C) defended (D) avoided

**accretion**

22. It is now generally assumed that the planets were formed by the accretion of gas and dust in a cosmic cloud.

(北师大)

- (A) separation (B) reaction (C) accumulation (D) motion

**accumulate**

23. While they were away on vacation, they allowed their mail to accumulate at the post office.

- (A) be delivered (B) pile up  
(C) get lost (D) be returned

**accurately**

24. If the weatherman has predicted accurately, tomorrow will be a perfect day for our picnic. (电子科大)

- (A) astutely (B) correctly (C) carefully (D) acutely

**ache**

25. Usually, in an attack of influenza, the patient's limbs ache.

- (A) hurt (B) soften (C) get numb (D) get hot

**achievement**

26. Paul Robeson's achievements as both an actor and concert performer gained him international recognition in the early 1940's.

- (A) accomplishments (B) appearances  
(C) talents (D) songs

**acid**

27. When Dorothy Parker's book reviews for Vanity Fair were deemed to be too acid, she joined the staff of the New Yorker.

- (A) intellectual (B) disorganized (C) personal (D) harsh

**acquire**

28. In the early 1850's the city of New York acquired the land that was to become Central Park. (对外经贸大学)

- (A) cleared (B) inspected (C) obtained (D) beautified

**acquisition**

29. No matter what language they are learning children all seem to follow the same order in the acquisition of sounds.

- (A) inheritance (B) possession (C) acquirement (D) accumulation

**acid**

30. Wild raspberries have a more acid flavor than do cultivated raspberries.

- (A) defined (B) gratifying (C) recognizable (D) bitter

**acrimonious**

31. The acrimonious quarrel hurt her feelings deeply.

- (A) useless (B) fruitful (C) harmful (D) bitter

**actually**

32. Although pencils actually are made of graphite and not of lead, the term "lead pencil" has come to be widely used. (北京科大)

- (A) supposedly (B) really (C) everywhere (D) still

**actuate**

33. Automaton are mechanical objects that become relatively self-operating once they have been actuated. (东华大学)  
 (A) timed (B) constructed (C) cleaned up (D) set in motion

**acute**

34. One of California's most acute problems is inadequate water supply.  
 (A) unusual (B) persistent (C) unexpected (D) critical

**acutely**

35. His parents are acutely aware of his problems at school.  
 (A) cleverly (B) quietly (C) tentatively (D) keenly

**adaptation**

36. As aquatic plants moved millions of years ago from the ocean to the land, they underwent a number of adaptations. (中国地质大学)  
 (A) mishaps (B) expansions (C) setbacks (D) modifications

**adequate**

37. One of California's greatest problems is providing adequate water to meet the needs of its expanding population.  
 (A) sufficient (B) palatable (C) suitable (D) unpolluted

**adjacent**

38. Weed killers must be chosen and applied with great care to avoid damage to adjacent trees and shrubs.  
 (A) indigenous (B) nearby (C) perennial (D) similar

**adjoining**

39. Eleven states, including the adjoining states of North and South Carolina, seceded from the United States in the 1860's and formed a southern confederacy.  
 (A) separated (B) neighboring (C) colonial (D) competing

**admire**

40. I admire his work.  
 (A) recognize (B) exploit (C) tolerate (D) esteem

**admonish**

41. The embarrassed young mother admonished her children for having taken the candy from the grocery shelf.  
 (A) spanked (B) reminded (C) rebuked (D) hit

**adopt**

42. Acculturation is a process whereby the members of one culture adopt the customs of another. (大连海事大学)  
(A) spread (B) regulate (C) take on (D) count on

**adopt**

43. On the fourth of July 1776 the Declaration of Independence was adopted by the Continental Congress.  
(A) accepted (B) nominated  
(C) appointed (D) recommended

**adornment**

44. Throughout history, shoes have been worn not only for comfort but also for adornment. (大连理工大学)  
(A) enjoyment (B) dispensation  
(C) prestige (D) embellishment

**adult**

45. Adult moths are usually quite different from adult butterflies, although the characteristics of one group, the skippers, are somewhere between the two.  
(A) Large (B) Typical (C) Familiar (D) Mature

**advent**

46. The prehistoric art of inscribing figures and designs on rock surfaces seems to have slowly disappeared with the advent of agriculture, which required a large amount of time and energy. (中山大学)  
(A) coming (B) arrest (C) financing (D) stability

**adversely**

47. Breathing polluted air may adversely affect an individual's respiratory capacity.  
(A) detrimentally (B) consequently (C) occasionally (D) inadvertently

**affection**

48. Lorraine Hansberry acquired a deep affection for Africa and its people from her uncle William, a professor of African history at Howard University.  
(A) respect (B) concern (C) longing (D) fondness

**affectionately**

49. The stuffed toy bears belonging to Theodore Roosevelt's children were affectionately called "Teddy bears".

- (A) lovingly (B) appropriately (C) unwittingly (D) ironically

**affinity**

50. Although they had never met before the party, Dick and Jane felt a strong affinity to each other.

- (A) affability (B) attraction (C) dislike (D) interest

**答案**

- 1)C 2)D 3)C 4)A 5)A 6)D 7)D 8)C 9)A 10)B  
 11)D 12)B 13)B 14)D 15)B 16)C 17)A 18)D 19)C 20)B  
 21)A 22)C 23)B 24)B 25)A 26)A 27)D 28)C 29)C 30)D  
 31)D 32)B 33)D 34)D 35)D 36)D 37)A 38)B 39)B 40)D  
 41)C 42)C 43)A 44)D 45)D 46)A 47)A 48)D 49)A 50)B

**词汇注解**

1. **abandon** [ə'bdæn] *v.* 放弃 (relinquish, give up completely)

[真题例句] The scheme was abandoned when it was discovered it would be very costly. 发现这个方案将耗资巨大后便放弃了。 (北二外)

**bar** [bɑ:] *n.* 律师协会 (attorneys' association)

**prosecute** ['prɒsɪkjʊt] *v.* 起诉 (sue)

2. **abbreviate** [ə'brɪ:vɪeɪt] *v.* 缩写; 缩短 (shorten, abridge, condense)

**omit** [əu'mɪt] *v.* 省略 (leave out, exclude)

3. **abhorrent** [əb'hɒrənt] *adj.* 可恶的 (loathsome, detestable)

[真题例句] A paternalistic government, so abhorrent to Jefferson, appealed strongly to the minds tempered by Puritanism. 家长式政府和杰斐逊格格不入, 却强烈地吸引着清教徒们。 (东北师大)

**superficial** [ˌsɜ:ju:pə'fi:ʃəl] *adj.* 表面的, 肤浅的 (shallow)

**distasteful** [dɪs'teɪstfʊl] *adj.* (令人) 不愉快的; 讨厌的 (displeasing, disagreeable)

**illogical** [ɪ'lɒdʒɪkəl] *adj.* 不合逻辑的; 不合理的 (inconsistent, irrational)



4. **abiding** [ə'baɪdɪŋ] *adj.* 持久的 (steadfast, enduring, persistent)  
[真题例句] The concept of upward social mobility has been an abiding feature of American life. 向社会上层流动这个观念一直都是美国人生活的特点。  
(大连海事大学, 北二外)  
**mobility** [məʊ'bɪləti] *n.* 变化 (change); 活动性 (movability)
- intriguing** [ɪn'trɪ:ɡɪŋ] *adj.* 迷人的 (appealing, fascinating)
5. **ablaze** [ə'bleɪz] *adj.* 闪耀的 (radiant, blazing)  
**radiant** ['reɪdiənt] *adj.* 发光的 (shining, luminous)  
**abloom** [ə'blu:m] *adj.* 开花的 (flowing, in bloom)  
**decorated** ['dekəreɪtɪd] *adj.* 装饰的 (adorned, ornamented)
6. **abolish** [ə'bɒlɪʃ] *v.* 废止, 废除 (法律、制度、习俗等) (abrogate, eliminate)  
[真题例句] The government has issued a decree abolishing special privileges for government officials. 政府出台了一项法令, 取消了政府官员的特权。  
(上海师大)  
**vice-president** 副总裁; 副校长
7. **abroad** [ə'brɔ:d] *adv.* 在国外 (overseas)  
**humanitarian** [hju:mæni'teəriən] *adj.* 人道主义的 (philanthropic)  
**on the air** 正在广播  
**henceforth** ['hens'fɔ:θ] *adv.* 自此以后 (from this time on)
8. **abrupt** [ə'brʌpt] *adj.* 突然的 (sudden)
9. **abruptly** [ə'brʌptli] *adv.* 突然地 (suddenly)  
**red giant stars** 红巨星  
**white dwarf stars** 白矮星  
**in unison** 和谐, 一致  
**prematurely** [ˌpri:mə'tʃuəli] *adv.* 过早地; 早熟地 (too soon, untimely)
10. **abundant** [ə'bʌndənt] *adj.* 丰富的, 充裕的 (copious, plentiful)  
**lucrative** ['lju:kɹətɪv] *adj.* 有利的 (profitable, remunerative)  
**molten** ['mɔ:ltən] *adj.* 熔化的 (fused, melted)  
**precious** ['preʃəs] *adj.* 宝贵的 (valuable, costly, invaluable)
11. **abundantly** [ə'bʌndəntli] *adv.* 丰富地 (in large quantities, in great numbers)  
**marsh** [mɑ:ʃ] *n.* 湿地, 沼泽 (swamp, bog)
12. **accelerate** [ək'seləreɪt] *v.* 加速, 促进 (quicken, expedite, stimulate)  
**pollutant** [pə'lju:tənt] *n.* 污染物质  
**aging process** 老化过程  
**speed up** 加速 (quicken)