

英语能力多维训练系列

英语词汇能力

Building up Your **Vocabulary** This Way

多维强化训练

● 中级必备 3500 词 ●

3,500 Core Words for Intermediate English Learners

上下册合订本

马立东 主编



廣州外語音像出版社

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广州外语音像出版社 出版发行
(广州市白云大道北 2 号 广东外语外贸大学内)

网址: <http://www.gwyxs.com>

湛江日报社印刷厂 印刷

787 × 1092 毫米 1/16 14.5 印张 290 千字
2010 年 9 月第 1 版 2010 年 9 月第 1 次印刷

发行专线: 020 - 36206041 36209274

ISRC CN - F14 - 09 - 305 - 00/A · G

定价: 33.00 元 (含光盘 1 张)

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前 言

《英语词汇能力多维强化训练（中级必备3500词）》通过多维度词汇能力阶梯训练帮助英语学习者系统地掌握学习英语必须学会的约3500个核心词。《英语词汇能力多维强化训练（中级必备3500词）》是由经验丰富的大学英语教师和中学英语教师合作，依托计算机辅助语料分析、词频分析和英语词族谱系关系挖掘等技术编写而成的。应用练习中的句子或段落精选自剑桥、韦氏、朗文、柯林斯、牛津等优秀学习型英语词典和专用语料库。全书语境资料丰富，特别适合精讲多练，讲练结合。

《英语词汇能力多维强化训练（中级必备3500词）》为上下册合订本，上册和下册各有12个单元，共计24个单元。全书各单元中词汇的安排以使用频率为主线，注重词汇的共现关系，并兼顾数种流行教材中词汇出现的先后顺序。每个单元的词汇能力阶梯训练都包含三个功能模块：“重点单词强化训练”、“词形转换能力训练”及“词组和惯用法专项训练”。重点单词强化训练模块中的单词难易搭配合理，使学习者在获得成就感的同时仍要随时迎接新的挑战。词形转换能力训练模块是根据本书专用语料库的词表和词频数据设计而成的，突出了英语词汇的形态变化特征，是深入理解英语词形变化规律的好资料。词组和惯用法训练模块引导学习者掌握中级阶段必备的常用词组和惯用表达法。

本书适合已经掌握初级必备的约1500个英语单词的英语学习者使用，也可供学过大约3000个核心词的学习者系统复习时使用，是解决中级学习者词汇量参差不齐的问题的有效辅助教材。本书的词汇范围覆盖高考必备核心词，所以也是帮助高中学生系统提高英语词汇能力的好资料。

《英语词汇能力多维强化训练（中级必备3500词）》的特点是循序渐进和系统高效。根据设计安排，完成全书的学习或训练需要75学时，也可根据实际情况适当延长，及时复习效果更佳。听录音和朗读是提高记忆效率的重要手段，所以要充分利用随书配备的MP3声音文件，一定要多听、多跟读。为了确保达到本书的设计目标，学习者需要踏踏实实地勤动笔、多分析、多跟读、多复习。一般大约经过10个学时后就会有明显的进步和成就感，坚持到最后定能收获一份惊喜。

马立东
于广东外语外贸大学
2010年8月

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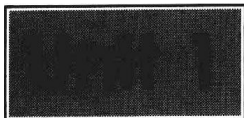
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英语词汇能力多维强化训练

上册

1. The service _____ (糟糕透顶, 糟糕透顶)
2. He _____ (疲倦, 疲倦)
3. "I don't know" is _____ (谦虚, 谦虚)
4. The record is _____ (打破, 打破)
5. Many _____ speak English. (欧洲人)
6. The _____ are not mixed. (欧洲)
7. He's in a difficult _____ (境地, 境地; 情况, 情况)
8. He's not very _____ of learning. (聪明的, 聪明的)
9. He started a new job in the _____ (秋天, 秋天)
10. I sat out _____ at the trade fair. (摊位, 摊位; 摊位, 摊位)



I. 重点单词强化训练

Group I

A. 朗读下列单词并在自己不熟悉的单词前画上圆圈。

curious /'kjʊəriəs/ *adj.* 好奇的

European /juə'reɪpi:ən/ *adj.* 欧洲的;
欧洲人的 *n.* 欧洲人

exchange /ɪks'tʃeɪndʒ/ *vt. & n.* 交换;
交流; 兑换

exciting /ɪk'saɪtɪŋ/ *adj.* 令人兴奋的

expression /ɪk'spreʃ(ə)n/ *n.* 表达; 词
句; 说法; 表示; 表情

fall /fɔ:l/ *n.* 〈美〉秋天; 落下; 瀑布
v. 倒下; 跌落; 落下

feeling /'fi:liŋ/ *n.* 感觉; 感受; (常用
复数形式)感情, 心情

fond /fɒnd/ *adj.* 喜爱的; 喜欢的

government /'gʌvənment/ *n.* 政府

handsome /'hænsəm/ *adj.* (男)英俊的

honest /'ɒnɪst/ *adj.* 诚实的

hunt /hʌnt/ *v. & n.* 打猎; 寻找

notebook /'nəʊtbʊk/ *n.* 笔记本; 笔记
本式电脑

repeat /ri'pi:t/ *v.* 重复; 重说; 重做

shy /ʃaɪ/ *adj.* 害羞的, 腼腆的, 羞怯的

situation /sɪtʃu'eɪʃ(ə)n/ *n.* 形势; 情
况; 局面; 处境; (建筑物等的)位置

speech /spi:tʃ/ *n.* 演讲; 讲话

stand /stænd/ *n.* 台; 看台; 摊, 摊位
v. 站, 站立; 忍受; 位于

suitable /'sju:təb(ə)l/ *adj.* 合适的, 适
宜的

total /'təʊt(ə)l/ *n.* 总数; 合计, 总计
adj. 总的; 全部的; 整个的; 完全的,
全然的

B. 根据句末括号中的提示要求, 用单词的适当形式填空。

1. She smiled _____. (害羞地, 腼腆地)

2. He _____ the number. (重复; 重说)

3. "I don't know!" he _____. (重复; 重说; 重做)

4. She looked at him _____. (好奇地)

5. Many _____ speak English. (欧洲人)

6. The _____ has cut taxes. (政府)

7. He's in a difficult _____. (境遇, 处境; 形势; 情况; 局面)

8. He's not very _____ of dancing. (喜爱的; 喜欢的)

9. He started a new job in the _____. (秋天; 落下)

10. Visit our _____ at the trade fair. (摊位; 台; 看台)

11. This film is _____ for children. (合适的, 适宜的)
12. He had a sad _____ on his face. (表情, 脸色; 表达, 说法)
13. He is a _____ young man, tall and slim. (英俊的)
14. The _____ cost of the work was \$800. (总的; 全部的; 整个的)
15. There's been a sharp _____ in prices. (下降; 落下; 秋天)

Group II

A 朗读下列单词并在自己不熟悉的单词前画上圆圈。

adventure /əd'ventʃə(r)/ *n.* 冒险; 冒险经历

ancient /'eɪnʃənt/ *adj.* 古代的; 古老的

argue /'ɑ:gju:/ *vi.* 争论; 争辩

brave /brɛv/ *adj.* 勇敢的

communication /kə'mju:nɪ'keɪʃ(ə)n/ *n.* 交流; 通讯; 通信

crazy /'kreɪzɪ/ *adj.* 着迷的, 狂热的; 发疯的, 疯狂的

female /'fi:meɪl/ *adj.* 女(性)的; 雌的
n. 女子, 妇女; 雌性的动物

global /'gləʊb(ə)l/ *adj.* 全球的; 全世界的; 球形的

international /ɪntə'næʃən(ə)l/ *adj.* 国际的; 世界的

local /'ləʊk(ə)l/ *adj.* 地方性的, 当地的; 本地的; 局部的

lonely /'ləʊnli/ *adj.* 孤独的, 寂寞的

mirror /'mɪrə(r)/ *n.* 镜子

movement /'mu:vmənt/ *n.* 运动; 动作; 活动; 移动

native /'neɪtɪv/ *adj.* 本国的; 本地的; 土生土长的 *n.* 本地人; 当地人; 本

国人 (native speakers 说本族语的人)

official /ə'fɪʃ(ə)l/ *adj.* 官方的; 正式的
n. 官员; 行政官员

organization /,ɔ:ɡənə'zeɪʃ(ə)n/ (英 organisation) *n.* 组织; 机构; 团体

president /'prezɪdnt/ *n.* 总统; 校长; 总裁; 会长

pronounce /prə'naʊns/ *vt.* 发音

publish /'pʌblɪʃ/ *vt.* 发表; 出版; 公布

service /'sɜ:vɪs/ *n.* 服务; 服务性工作; 服务机构

share /ʃeə(r)/ *vi.* 分享; 共有; 分担; 合用, 共同使用 *n.* 分享; 份额; 股份

southern /'sʌð(ə)n/ *adj.* 南方的; 南部的

tongue /tʌŋ/ *n.* 舌头; 语言

tourism /'tuəɪz(ə)m/ *n.* 旅游; 观光; 旅游业

towel /'taʊəl/ *n.* 毛巾

trade /treɪd/ *n.* 贸易; 商业

traditional /trə'dɪʃən(ə)l/ *adj.* 传统的

various /'veəriəs/ *adj.* 各种各样的

B 根据句末括号中的提示要求, 用单词的适当形式填空。

1. You're going to Africa? How _____! (令人兴奋的, 使人激动的)
2. He was too _____ to say anything to her. (害羞的, 腼腆的, 羞怯的)
3. They rely heavily on trade with _____. (欧洲)
4. I get the _____ that he doesn't like me. (感觉; 感情)
5. Kids, will you stop _____ with each other? (争论; 争辩)
6. She's vice _____ of sales and marketing. (总裁; 总统; 校长)

7. I was _____ to know what would happen next. (好奇的; 想弄清楚)
8. Without friends, he felt _____ in a new city. (孤独的, 寂寞的)
9. The new hospital was _____ opened yesterday. (正式地; 官方的)
10. The food was nice, but the _____ wasn't very good. (服务)
11. This book is _____ by Cambridge University Press. (出版, 发行, 刊印; 发表; 公布)
12. The children are driving me _____ [= making me annoyed]. (发疯的, 疯狂的; 着迷的, 狂热的)
13. She looks in the _____ each morning as she puts on make-up. (镜子)
14. Mia's _____ about baseball [= is very interested in baseball]. (着迷的, 狂热的; 疯狂的)
15. The school is improving _____ between teachers and parents. (交流; 通讯; 通信)
16. We will shortly be landing in London, where the _____ time is 3:15. (当地的, 地方的)
17. It's traditional for the two teams to _____ shirts after the game. (交换; 交流; 兑换)
18. It's a film about the _____ of two friends travelling across Africa. (冒险经历, 历险)
19. Some scientists say that _____ warming is the biggest environmental danger. (全球的)
20. If two people _____ looks, smiles, words, etc, they look at each other, smile at each other, talk to each other, etc. (交换; 交流; 兑换)

II. 词形转换能力训练

A. 分析下列单词的构成。

adventure /əd'ventʃə(r)/ *n.* 冒险; 冒险的经历; 历险, 奇遇

adventurous /əd'ventʃərəs/ *adj.* 喜欢冒险的; 惊险的; 惊心动魄的

adventurer /əd'ventʃərə(r)/ *n.* 冒险家

argue /'ɑ:gju:/ *vi.* 争论; 争辩 *vt.* 主张

argument /'ɑ:gjument/ *n.* 争论; 争辩; 辩论; 论点; 论据

brave /breɪv/ *adj.* 勇敢的

bravery /'breɪvəri/ *n.* 勇敢

bravely /breɪvli/ *adv.* 勇敢地

communication /kə'mju:nɪ'keɪʃ(ə)n/

n. 交流; 通讯; 通信; 沟通

communicate /kə'mju:nɪkeɪt/ *v.* 交流; 交往; 传达(思想、意图等)

cost /kɒst; (US) kɔ:st/ *n.* 费用; 成本;

代价 *vt.* 值(多少钱); 花费

costly /'kɒstli/ *adj.* 昂贵的; 费用高的; 代价高的

curious /'kjʊəriəs/ *adj.* 好奇的; 奇特

的, 奇异的, 古怪的

curiosity /kjuəri'ɒsɪti/ *n.* 好奇(心);
古玩, 古董

European /'juərə'pi:ən/ *adj.* 欧洲的;
欧洲人的 *n.* 欧洲人

Europe /'juərəp/ *n.* 欧洲

exciting /ɪk'saɪtɪŋ/ *adj.* 令人兴奋的,
使人激动的

excited /ɪk'saɪtɪd/ *adj.* (人感到)兴
奋的

excite /ɪk'saɪt/ *vt.* 使兴奋, 使激动

express /ɪk'spres/ *vt.* 表达; 表示
n. 快车; 快递; 快运

expression /ɪk'spreʃ(ə)n/ *n.* 表达; 词
句; 表示, 说法; 表情

expressive /ɪk'spresɪv/ *adj.* 表现的,
表达……的; 有表现力的, 富于表情的

feel /fi:l/ *v.* & *link-v* (felt, felt) 感觉,
觉得; 摸, 触

feeling /'fi:lɪŋ/ *n.* 感觉; 感受; (常用
复数形式) 感情, 心情

globe /gləʊb/ *n.* 地球; 地球仪; 球体

global /'gləʊb(ə)/ *adj.* 全球的, 全球
性的; 全世界的; 球形的

govern /'gʌv(ə)n/ *v.* 统治; 管理

government /'gʌvənmənt/ *n.* 政府

governor /'gʌvənə(r)/ *n.* 总督; 州长;
省长; 地方长官

honest /'ɒnɪst/ *adj.* 诚实的; 正直的

honestly /'ɒnɪstli/ *adv.* 诚实地; 正直地

honesty /'ɒnɪsti/ *n.* 诚实; 正直

dishonest /dɪs'ɒnɪst/ *adj.* 不诚实的

hunt /hʌnt/ *v.* & *n.* 打猎; 猎取; 寻找,
搜寻

hunting /'hʌntɪŋ/ *n.* 打猎; 搜寻; 追逐

hunter /'hʌntə(r)/ *n.* 猎人, 狩猎者;
搜寻者

nation /'neɪʃ(ə)n/ *n.* 民族; 国家

national /'næʃn(ə)/ *adj.* 国家的; 全

国性的; 民族的

international /,ɪntə'næʃn(ə)/ *adj.* 国
际的; 世界的

move /mu:v/ *v.* 移动, 搬动; 搬家; 感动

movement /'mu:vmənt/ *n.* 运动; 动
作; 活动; 移动

official /ə'fɪʃ(ə)l; (US) 'ɔ:f-/ *adj.* 官方
的; 正式的 *n.* (公司、团体或政府的)
官员; 行政官员

officially /ə'fɪʃəli; (US) 'ɔ:f-/ *adv.* 职
务上; 正式地

officer /'ɒfɪsə(r); (US) 'ɔ:fɪsə/ *n.* 军
官; 警察, 警官; (政府)官员; 主管人员

office /'ɒfɪs; (US) 'ɔ:fɪs/ *n.* 办公室;
办事处; 事务所

organize /'ɔ:gənaɪz/ (英 *organise*) *v.*
组织; 组织起来

organization /,ɔ:gənaɪ'zeɪʃ(ə)n/ (英
organisation) *n.* 组织; 机构; 团体

pronounce /prə'naʊns/ *vt.* 发音

pronunciation /prə'nʌnsɪ'eɪʃ(ə)n/ *n.*
发音

repeat /ri'pi:t/ *v.* 重复; 重说, 复述;
重做

repetition /repi'tɪʃ(ə)n/ *n.* 重复, 反
复; 循环

serve /sɜ:v/ *vt.* 招待(顾客等), 服务

service /'sɜ:vɪs/ *n.* 服务; 服务性工
作; 服务机构

service charge /'sɜ:vɪs tʃɑ:dʒ/ *n.* (另
加的)服务费

south /sauθ/ *n.* 南; 南方; 南部

adv. 在南方; 向南方; 自南方 *adj.* 南
(方)的; 向南的; 从南来的

southern /'sʌð(ə)n/ *adj.* 南方的; 南部的

speak /spi:k/ *v.* (spoke, spoken) 说,
讲; 谈话; 发言

speech /spi:tʃ/ *n.* 演讲; 讲话

suit /su:t, sju:t/ *vt.* 适合; 相配

n. 套装; 一套西服; 诉讼

suitable /'sju:təb(ə)l/ *adj.* 合适的, 适宜的

unsuitable /ʌn'su:təb(ə)l/ *adj.* (for) 不合适的, 不适宜的

tour /tuə(r)/ *n.* 旅游, 观光; 旅行; 巡回演出 *v.* 旅行; 游历

tourist /'tuərist/ *n.* 旅游者, 观光者

tourism /'tuəriz(ə)m/ *n.* 旅游; 观光;

旅游业

tradition /trə'dɪʃ(ə)n/ *n.* 传统

traditional /trə'dɪʃən(ə)l/ *adj.* 传统的

vary /'veəri/ *vi.* 变化; 不同 *vt.* 变化, 改变; 使多样化

various /'veəriəs/ *adj.* 各种各样的; 不同的

variety /və'raɪəti/ *n.* 种类; 种种; 多样化; 变化

B. 用括号中单词的适当形式填空。

- Are you being _____? (service)
- She's _____ into a new apartment. (movement)
- Roses _____ widely in size and shape. (various)
- Car prices _____ greatly across Europe. (vary)
- When is it _____ for the engineer to come? (suit)
- He would like to experience something _____. (adventure)
- We don't want a _____ of last year's disaster. (repeat)
- I would like to _____ my thanks for your kindness. (expression)
- Which of the following is the author's main _____? (argue)
- He managed to send the _____ to the airport in time. (tour)
- Which of the following is the _____ title for the passage? (suit)
- The earliest pictures were painted by people who _____ animals. (hunter)
- This year, for example, more than 40 parks will offer special day and evening activities to excite your _____ about nature and history. (curious)
- A _____ Chinese medicine factory in northeast China has been shut down as part of an investigation into the death of a patient who died after being injected with one of its products. (tradition)
- Dennis once has taught himself Chinese and can speak a little Chinese but with poor _____ and grammar, hoping to meet the needs of everyday life and study, and understand each other in basic _____ through training. (pronounce; communicate)

III. 词组和惯用法专项训练

A. 朗读下列词组或惯用表达用语, 并在自己不熟悉的项目前画上圆圈。

a great many 许许多多; 极多

be compared with 与……比较

be curious about 对……感到好奇

be fond of 喜欢; 爱好

care about 关心; 担心; 在乎

come about 发生

drop sb. a line 给某人写信(通常指写短
信)

end up 以……告终

except for 除了……之外

hunt for 搜索; 追寻; 寻找

in addition to 除了……之外(还有)

in order to 为了

in the first place 首先

in total 总共

make yourself at home 别客气; 别拘束

no less than 不少于

or so 大约

put on makeup 化妆, 上妆

refer to 指的是, 意指; 谈到, 提及; 参
考; 涉及

stay up 熬夜

such as 例如

take care 小心; 保重

take part in 参加

whether ... or 是……还是……

with care 小心地

B. 用介词、副词、形容词、动词或名词填空。

1. She will stay here five days or _____.
2. We stayed _____ (late) to watch a film.
3. The roads are icy, so drive _____ care.
4. I'm going, _____ she likes it or not.
5. I was curious _____ his life in India.
6. The movie was good except _____ the ending.
7. I usually _____ her a line on her birthday.
8. Please sit down and _____ yourself at home.
9. I really don't care whether we go out _____ not.
10. I've cleaned all the rooms _____ the toilet.
11. They are still hunting _____ the missing child.
12. My brother is fond _____ pointing out my mistakes.
13. The country is very quiet compared _____ the town.
14. Someone's got to tell her, whether it's you _____ me.
15. We made \$700 _____ total, over three days of trading.
16. The parcel had a label on it saying "Handle _____ care".
17. How did the problem come _____ [= happen] in the first place?
18. I need some supplies, such _____ pencils, a notebook, and a ruler.
19. Instant coffee just doesn't compare _____ freshly ground (碾碎了的, 磨成粉的)
coffee.
20. Your article is excellent except _____ several spelling mistakes.
21. The hunt _____ the injured climber continued throughout the night.
22. There were no less _____ two hundred people there buying tickets.
23. She ended _____ owning the company where she had gotten her first job.
24. Take _____ not to [= Make certain that you do not] spill your coffee.
25. Your parents are only doing this because they care _____ [= love] you.
26. He came home early _____ order to see the children before they went to bed.

27. I received a _____ many phone calls and emails of support from our listeners (听众).
28. Take _____ on these busy roads [= Drive with attention so that you do not have an accident].
29. After working her way around the world, she ended _____ teaching English as a foreign language.
30. Please feel free to look around and make yourself _____ home [= Please don't stand on ceremony].

Unit 2

I. 重点单词强化训练

Group 1

A 朗读下列单词并在自己不熟悉的单词前画上圆圈。

aware /ə'weə(r)/ *adj.* 意识到的; 知道的

basic /'beɪsɪk/ *adj.* 基本的; 基础的

disappointed /dɪsə'pɔɪntɪd/ *adj.* 失望的

disaster /dɪ'zɑːstə(r); (US) dɪ'zæstər/

n. 灾难; 灾祸

eager /'iːɡə(r)/ *adj.* 渴望的, 热切的

fantastic /fæn'tæstɪk/ *adj.* 极好的, 很

棒的, 难以相信的; 奇异的; 空想的,

异想天开的

fight /faɪt/ *vi.* (fought, fought) 打仗;

战斗; 作战; 搏斗; 打架; 与……作斗争

n. 斗争; 战斗; 打仗; 打架; 争论

forgetful /fə'getf(ə)l/ *adj.* 健忘的, 好

忘事的

handle /'hænd(ə)l/ *vt.* 操作; 处理

n. 柄; 把手; 手柄

host /həʊst/ *vt.* 主办; 主持(某活动)

n. (男)主人; 节目主持人; 东道主

naughty /'nɔːti/ *adj.* 顽皮的; 淘气的

nervous /'nɜːvəs/ *adj.* 紧张的

painful /'peɪnf(ə)l/ *adj.* 痛苦的; (引
起)疼痛的

pleasant /'plezənt/ *adj.* 令人愉快的;
舒适的, 宜人的; 可爱的

poison /'pɔɪz(ə)n/ *n.* 毒药; 毒害

v. 毒害; 投毒

scare /skeə(r)/ *v.* 惊吓; (使)害怕

shake /ʃeɪk/ *n.* 摇动; 震动; 颤抖

v. 摇动; 摇; 震动; 颤抖

sharp /ʃɑːp/ *adj.* 锋利的, 尖的; 刺耳
的; 急剧的 *adv.* (时刻的)正, 准

tip /tɪp/ *n.* 指点; 提示, 小贴士; 尖
端; 小费

touch /tʌtʃ/ *v.* 触摸; (使)接触; 触及;
感动 *n.* 触觉; 触摸; 轻触; 接触, 联系

B 根据句末括号中的提示要求, 用单词的适当形式填空。

1. He gave the porter a _____. (小费)

2. I was too _____ to speak. (紧张的)

3. That boy is a _____ child. (顽皮的; 淘气的)

4. You look _____ in that dress. (极好的, 很棒的; 空想的, 异想天开的)

5. She had a _____ look on her face. (吃惊的, 吓坏了的)

6. She sounded very _____ to meet you. (渴望的, 热切的)

7. I wasn't even _____ that he was ill. (意识到的; 知道的)

8. We don't want to _____ the fans. (使失望, 使沮丧)
9. That paint is wet—don't _____ (it). (触摸; 接触; 触及)
10. Thank you for a most _____ evening. (令人愉快的; 有乐趣的)
11. The performance will start at 7:30 _____. (正, 准)
12. Who _____ the marketing in your company? (处理; 操作)
13. Our _____ for tonight's show is Terry Wogan. (主持人; 东道主)
14. He has a _____ understanding of the problem. (基本的)
15. She's getting very _____ in her old age. (健忘的, 好忘事的)
16. We need the public's help in _____ crime. (与……作斗争; 战斗; 搏斗; 打架)
17. Floods and earthquakes are natural _____. (灾难; 灾祸)
18. He said that someone had _____ his coffee. (放毒于; 投毒; 毒害)
19. She was _____ (that) they hadn't phoned. (失望的)
20. I am _____ aware that I have made mistakes. (痛苦地)

Group II

A 朗读下列单词并在自己不熟悉的单词前画上圆圈。

active /'æktɪv/ *adj.* 积极的, 主动的;
活跃的

advance /əd'vɑːns; (US) əd'væns/ *v.*
前进; 推进; (取得) 进展 *n.* 前进;
进展; 提升

adventurous /əd'ventʃərəs/ *adj.* 喜欢
冒险的; 惊险的; 惊心动魄的

amazing /ə'meɪzɪŋ/ *adj.* 令人惊奇的;
惊人的

annoying /ə'nɔɪɪŋ/ *adj.* 使人气恼的,
让人讨厌的

board /bɔːd/ *v.* 上(船、火车、飞机等)
n. 木板; 布告牌; 伙食; 董事会

combine /kəm'baɪn/ *v.* (使) 联合;
(使) 结合

consider /kən'sɪdə(r)/ *vt.* 考虑; 认为
deadline /'dedlaɪn/ *n.* 最后期限; 截止
时间

destroy /drɪ'strɔɪ/ *vt.* 摧毁; 毁坏; 破坏

encouraging /ɪn'kʌrɪdʒɪŋ/ *adj.* 令人鼓
舞的

enjoyable /ɪn'dʒɔɪəb(ə)l/ *adj.* 令人愉
快的; 有(乐)趣的

equal /'iːkw(ə)l/ *adj.* 相等的; 平等的;
同等的; 均等的 *n.* 同等的人; 相等物
v. 等于; 比得上

excitement /ɪk'saɪtmənt/ *n.* 激动; 兴
奋; 刺激

experience /ɪk'spɪəriəns/ *n.* 经验; 经历
vt. 经历; 体验; 感受

flow /fləʊ/ *vi. & n.* 流动; 流淌

historical /hɪ'stɒrɪk(ə)l/ *adj.* 历史(上)
的; 有关历史的

male /meɪl/ *adj.* 男(性)的; 雄(性)的
n. 男子; 雄性动物

means /miːnz/ *n.* 手段; 方法

national /'næʃən(ə)l/ *adj.* 国家的; 全
国性的; 民族的

nature /'neɪtʃə(r)/ *n.* 自然; 自然界;
本性

ordinary /'ɔːdɪnəri; (US) 'ɔːrdənəri/
adj. 普通的; 平常的

physical /'fɪzɪk(ə)/ *adj.* 身体的; 物理的; 物质的

popular /'pɒpjələ(r)/ *adj.* 流行的, 通俗的; 普及的; 受欢迎的; 有销路的

rescue /'reskjʊ:/ *n. & vt.* 援救; 营救

seize /si:z/ *vt.* 抓住(时机等); 捉住; 逮住; 夺取

separate /'seperət/ *vt.* 分开, 分离; 隔开; 分居 *adj.* 单独的; 分开的; 各自的

simply /'sɪmpli/ *adv.* 仅仅; 只不过; 简单地; 完全; 简直

strike /straɪk/ *v.* (struck, struck) 罢工; 击打; (钟)鸣; 敲(响); 打动, 感动, 给……以印象 *n.* 罢工; 击打

struggle /'strʌgl(ə)/ *vi.* 挣扎; 奋斗; 努力; 争取; 吃力地行进; 抗争 *n.* 斗争; 奋斗; 努力; 挣扎

B 根据句末括号中的提示要求, 用单词的适当形式填空。

- Which country is _____ the next Olympic Games? (主办; 主持)
- "Pleased to meet you," he said, _____ my hand. (摇动; 摇; 震动; 颤抖)
- I _____ his arm and made him turn to look at me. (抓住; 捉住; 逮住)
- She turned the _____ and slowly opened the door. (柄; 把手)
- The old photograph brought back _____ memories. (痛苦的; 疼痛的)
- Tim really _____ me in the meeting this morning. (惹恼; 使恼怒; 使烦恼)
- At London airport she _____ a plane to Australia. (上飞机; 上船; 上火车)
- We need to find some other _____ of transportation. (手段; 方法)
- He _____ the girl on the arm to get her attention. (触摸; 接触; 触及; 感动)
- She's very _____ in [= involved in] local politics. (活跃的; 积极的, 主动的)
- It was _____ to sit down after standing for hours. (令人愉快的; 舒适的, 宜人的)
- She wears an _____ pair of shoes to go for a walk. (普通的; 平常的)
- The clock was _____ ten as we went into the church. (敲, 击打; 打动; 罢工)
- Clearly there will be a power _____ within the party. (斗争; 挣扎)
- The _____ thing is that it was kept secret for so long. (令人惊奇的, 惊人的)
- As a child Juliana had a lovely _____ —everyone liked her. (本性; 自然; 自然界)
- I will _____ your offer and tell you my decision tomorrow. (考虑; 认为)
- New companies often _____ a loss in their first few years. (经历; 体验; 感受)
- The art department and the main college are in two _____ buildings. (单独的; 分开的)
- There's no way I can meet that _____ (a time or day by which something must be done). (最后期限; 截止时间)