

学生知识训练

飞天英语阅读训练 动物医生

主编 孙 杰



远方出版社

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前 言

学习英语,我们可以通过听英文歌曲,看英文电影等形式一边玩一边学,在玩中学,在学中玩,但是学好英语,只靠这些是不够的。学习英语,首先要有扎实的英语基础,要做到这一点,就应当掌握基本的英语语法知识和阅读技巧,同时去做大量的专项练习,以便巩固所学的知识。为此,我们特地编写了这套《学生知识训练》丛书。

本套丛书分两大部分:一部分是英语语法的讲解与练习,另一部分是英语阅读理解讲解与练习。书中精选的练习题针对性强,并附有参考答案。语法部分系统介绍了英语新课程标准中所规定的语法项目,讲解简明扼要,重点内容详尽全面,并配有大量例句;阅读部分搜集了各种英语阅读文章,体裁多样、内容丰富,读者可结合自身学习特点,有选择地阅读,从而扩大知识面,提高阅读能力。

由于水平有限,加之编写的时间过于仓促,书中难免有不妥之处,敬请读者批评指正。

编者

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Unit 1 A doctor for animals

三个行之有效的阅读技巧

1. 瞻前顾后。

对一具体问题不要局限于一词一事,而应从短文整体考虑,从主线向外扩展,打开思路,前后上下对照。这样,可减少“钻牛角尖”和“繁琐分析”。而且,即使是事实和细节题,也是围绕或用以说明主旨和大意的。

2. 首尾突破。

大多数短文,尤其是新闻报道或议论文的第一段,或每段的第一句,常包含了全文的主要信息或基本观点;而结尾部分常是结局或结论。寓言或幽默文字的结尾也往往是点睛之笔或值得玩味之处。因此,抓住首尾往往就抓住了主要矛盾。



3. 先易后难。

即先做浅层易答之题,再做深层复杂或尚存疑惑之题,各个击破。这样,既可减轻心理压力,而且有了已完成的易题的内容作铺垫,有时还会从中得到意想不到的启示。





阅读理解

Passage 1

A farmer had a cow. He took very good care of this cow and one day when it was ill, he was worried. He telephoned the vet.

"What's the problem?" the vet asked him when he arrived.

"My cow's ill," the farmer said, "I don't know what's the matter with her. She's lying down and won't stand up. She won't eat, and she's making a strange noise."^①

The vet looked at the cow. "She's certainly ill," he said, "and she needs to take some very strong medicine."^② He took a bottle out of his box and put two pills into his hand.

"Give her these," he said, "The pills should make her better."

"How should I give them to her?" the farmer asked.

The vet gave him a long tube (管子). "Put this tube in her





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mouth," he said, "then put the pills in the tube and blow. That'll make it." Then the vet went away.

The next day he came to the farm again. The farmer was sitting outside his house and looked more worried.

"How's your cow?" the vet asked.

"No change," the farmer said, "and I'm feeling very strange myself."

"Oh?" the vet said, "Why?"

"I did what you said," The farmer answered. "I put the tube in the cow's mouth and then put two pills down it."

"And?" the vet asked.

"The cow blew first." the farmer said.

译 注

① She won't eat, and she's making a strange noise.

她不吃东西,并且发出奇怪的声音。

② ... and she needs to take some very strong medicine.

……她需要吃一些药效很强的药。

根据短文内容,选择最佳答案。

1. In the story, the vet must be _____.

A. the farmer's friend

B. a doctor for animals

C. a milk factory





D. a hospital for cows

2. The farmer asked the vet for help when his cow _____.

A. couldn't lie down

B. didn't eat the pills

C. was ill

D. couldn't make a strange noise

3. What medicine did the vet give the farmer?

A. Two pills.

B. A long tube.

C. A bottle of pills.

D. A small box.

4. The vet taught the farmer how _____.

A. to take the medicine

B. to put the tube in his mouth

C. to blow the tube

D. to make the cow take the pills

5. Which of the following is TRUE?

A. The vet came to help the farmer to change the cow the next day.

B. The farmer ate the pills instead.

C. The cow got better after taking the medicine.

D. The farmer waited for the vet outside his house the next day.





Passage 2

Many people like animals and keep one or more as pets (宠物)—dogs, cats, or some kinds of birds. If you keep a dog or a cat as a pet, you must know how to look after them.

A grown-up (成年的) dog needs two meals a day—not more. And it can eat meat, fish, rice and some other things. Dogs like large bones, but don't give them chicken bones. Remember to give them much clean water.

A dog should have a clean, dry box for sleeping. ① Washing it once a week is good for its health. If it is ill, take it to a doctor. A healthy dog will bring you more pleasure.

Be careful when you have chosen a cat. It has two meals a day with some meat or fish. ② Cats drink a little milk every day. Sometimes give them vegetables to eat. Don't forget that they need clean water to drink.

Take good care of your pets. They will be your good friends. Maybe they can give you some help when you need.

译 注

① A dog should have a clean, dry box for sleeping.

一只狗应该有一个干净、干燥的用于睡觉的箱子。



② It has two meals a day with some meat or fish.

它(猫)一天两次吃有肉或鱼的食。

根据短文内容,判断下列各句正(T)误(F)。

1. Some people have birds as their pets.

2. You can feed a grown-up dog three meals a day.

3. Dogs like bones, so we can give them some chicken bones to eat.

4. Dogs can eat fish and meat.

5. The writer prefers us to choose cats as our pets.

6. Dogs need washing four times a month.

7. Both dogs and cats need clean water to drink.

8. Cats don't eat vegetables, but they like eating fish and meat.

Passage 3

Robert is fifteen now. Two and a half years ago he came to the city and began to study in a middle school. He studies hard and gets on well with his classmates. And he often helps his friends with their lessons. But as he comes from a village, the headmaster who was born in a rich family is bad to him and





does his best to make excuses to punish him. ① The boy knows it and takes precautions against (提防) it.

One afternoon all the students went to have supper and he bought a piece of bread. He was reading a book under a big tree, while a dog was standing near him. At that moment the headmaster came out and saw it. He became angry and said, "Don't you know we don't let anybody rear (饲养) dogs in the school?"^②

"Yes, I do, sir." said the boy.

"Why have you brought your dog to school, then?"

"It isn't my dog."

"Why is it following you, then?"

"You're following me now, sir." said the boy, "Can you say you are mine?"

译 注

① But as he comes from a village, the headmaster who was born in a rich family is bad to him and does his best to make excuses to punish him.

但是因为他从农村来,出身于富裕家庭的校长对他不好,并且总找借口惩罚他。

② Don't you know we don't let anybody rear dogs in the school?





难道你不知道我们不让任何人在学校养狗吗？

根据短文内容填空，每空一词。

Robert is fifteen. He is in Grade 1 now. He studies hard and his classmates are 2 to him. And he often helps his friends to 3 their lessons. But as he was 4 in a farmer family, the headmaster from a 5 family is bad to him and does 6 he can to punish him.

One day in the 7, all the students went 8 supper and he bought a piece of bread, reading a book under a tree. At the moment a dog was standing near him. 9 the headmaster saw this, he wanted to 10 him. But he failed that day again.



完形填空

Passage 4

It was an unexpected holiday. 1 April 19, we were told to leave school and stay at home because of a new deadly disease called SARS.

It is not very 2 to stay at home, unable to 3. Although our classes are sometimes boring, going to school is much 4 than staying at home. I am even starting to 5 some of my teachers. It would be nice just to see their faces again. Meeting old classmates would be great too. I feel as if 6 7 haven't seen them for ages.

After weeks of being at 7, I asked my parents to take my cousins and me to the Great Wall. Being able to get outside made me feel 8. It was not very crowded there because 9 people wanted to leave their homes.

My school has asked me to do a special job during this unusual 10.





Every day I phone ten of my classmates and ask them to
11 their temperatures. I also ask them if they have done
their homework. 12 I give the information to our teacher.

This is a lot of fun.

I have 13 made so many phone calls to my
classmates!

14 knows how long this holiday will last. When we go
back to school, I 15 everything will return to normal (正常
状态). I miss my friends and my school very much.

根据短文内容,选择能填入空白处的最佳答案。

1. A. In

B. At

C. For

D. On

2. A. nice

B. lonely

C. hard

D. natural

3. A. work out

B. go out

C. take out

D. find out

4. A. better

B. worse

C. good

D. well

5. A. think

B. love

C. miss

D. know

6. A. you

B. I

C. he

D. we





7. A. school

C. home

8. A. interested

C. lovely

9. A. few

C. many

10. A. week

C. holiday

11. A. make

C. see

12. A. Than

C. Then

13. A. never

C. already

14. A. Somebody

C. Anybody

15. A. decide

C. agree

B. hospital

D. class

B. unhappy

D. excited

B. little

D. no

B. year

D. day

E. take

D. find

B. When

D. After

B. ever

D. yet

B. Everybody

D. Nobody

B. hope

D. find

