

1993 年

全真托福试题与详解

高玉娟 李玉梅 编著

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托福

辽宁师范大学出版社

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前 言

TOEFL 作为一项最具国际权威的英语水平考试,已经得到了人们的广泛认可。近几年,在我国应考 TOEFL 的考生中,除了欲去国外读研究生或大学本科者外,希望能够考出好成绩,从而进入三资或外向型企业工作的考生也与日增多。因此,TOEFL 考试在我国不仅仅是一条出国留学的捷径,也成为—个可供广泛使用的英语水平测试手段。

许多水平不低的人参加托福考试,所获得的成绩不但令自己失望,也令别人惊讶。究其原因,决非实力或努力不够,而是在复习的方向上出现偏差。事实告诉我们,许多托福考试得高分的人都有这样的体会:托福考试的最好复习材料——就是托福真题。因为托福考试采用的是题库形式,所以大量地掌握托福真题,特别是最近的真题,势必会使考生少走弯路,从而达到事半功倍的效果。

基于以上情况,我们收集了 1993 年最新托福全真试题并加以详解。其中 3 月和 7 月这两套全真试题是目前国内难以见到的。

在对本书试题的注释上,我们针对中国学生学习英语的特点,对一些难点做了重点注释。

特别值得提出的是,本书在排版格式上完全按照托

福全真试题样式,形象逼真,读者在自我测试过程中,犹在托福考场之中,有身临其境之感。同时,英语教师、研究生、大中专学生也可通过本书提高和检测自己的英语水平。

我们深信,您通过对本书全真试题的测试,一定会取得如意的成绩,实现美好夙愿。

Wish You Success!

编著者

1994年3月于大连

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1993 年 1 月全真托福试题

SECTION 1

LISTENING COMPREHENSION

In this section of the test, you will have an opportunity to demonstrate your ability to understand spoken English. There are three parts to this section, with special directions for each part.

Part A

Directions: For each question in Part A, you will hear a short sentence. Each sentence will not be written out for you. Therefore, you must listen carefully to understand what the speaker says.

After you hear a sentence, read the four choices in your test book, marked (A), (B), (C), and (D), and decide which one is closest in meaning to the sentence you heard. Then, on your answer sheet, find the number of the question and fill in the space that corresponds to the letter of the answer you have chosen. Fill in the space so that the letter inside the oval cannot be seen.

Example 1

Sample Answer

You will hear:

A B ● D

You will read: (A) Mary outswam the others.

(B) Mary ought to swim with them.

(C) Mary and her friends swam to the island.

(D) Mary's friends owned the island.

The speaker said, "Mary swam out to the island with her friends." Sentence (C), "Mary and her friends swam to the island," is closest in meaning to the sentence you heard. Therefore, you should choose answer (C).

Example 1

Sample Answer

You will hear:

A B ● D

You will read: (A) Please remind me to read this book.

(B) Could you help me carry these books?

(C) I don't mind if you help me.

(D) Do you have a heavy course load this term?

The speaker said, "Would you mind helping me with this load of books?" Sentence (B), "Could you help me carry these books?" is closest in meaning to the sentence you heard. Therefore, you should choose answer (B).

DO NOT GO ON TO THE NEXT PAGE UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO.

1. (A) Did you move the chair or did Ed do it?
(B) Ed wants to move the chair.
(C) Please move the chair, ED.
(D) Ed forgot to move the chair so, will you do it?
2. (A) Diane respects her teacher.
(B) The teacher is looking at Diane.
(C) Diane is taller than her teacher.
(D) Diane doesn't like her teacher's looks.
3. (A) I must take my groceries home.
(B) I didn't bring my shopping list with me.
(C) My left wrist is sore.
(D) I need to go home for a rest.
4. (A) I thought the novel would be better.
(B) The novel is surprisingly good.
(C) The novel is just what I hoped it would be.
(D) I think the novel is quite boring.
5. (A) Someone assisted him with the work.
(B) Someone should do the work or him.
(C) He didn't quite finish the work.
(D) He didn't work long enough.
6. (A) At what time must you leave?
(B) Have you forgotten what day it is?
(C) What still needs to be done today?
(D) Who left the tray here yesterday?
7. (A) No one knew what the formal requirements were.
(B) There was no need for us to get dressed up.
(C) They asked for our former address.
(D) Everyone was wearing formal suits or gowns.
8. (A) I seldom have meat.
(B) I like to eat early.
(C) I never buy meat.
(D) I prefer my meat rare.
9. (A) Rita's roommate helped her to back.
(B) Rita's roommate needed help backing.
(C) Rita got the package for her roommate.
(D) Rita had her baggage with her.
10. (A) I figured the expenses on the last page.
(B) Your plan will cost too much.
(C) Drawing can be an expensive hobby.
(D) You should go back to your original plan.
11. (A) Both of us were exhausted.
(B) We always tried to rest after exercising.
(C) I turned over and went to sleep again.
(D) I was overtired and couldn't sleep.
12. (A) How could you forget to put the salt out?
(B) I thought I bought salt last week, but I could be wrong.
(C) I bought salt a few days ago, it can't be finished yet.
(D) Did someone else also buy salt?

GO ON TO THE NEXT PAGE 

13. (A) Let's not make them at all.
 (B) Don't make them use it all.
 (C) Leslie wouldn't share her work with them.
 (D) We should share the work with them.
14. (A) She left the hospital and resumed her classes.
 (B) She went to the hospital after class.
 (C) She didn't complete her classes because she went to the hospital.
 (D) She was released from class so she could go to the hospital.
15. (A) Our phone service was turned off.
 (B) They added another telephone.
 (C) Our phone service began today.
 (D) They refused to repair our telephone.
16. (A) The frightened puppy was licking Lois' hand.
 (B) Lois is not afraid to give a speech now.
 (C) Some people came over to speak to Lois.
 (D) Lois will hear about the fair tonight.
17. (A) It's too bad you haven't worked harder.
 (B) We haven't heard a word about your work
 (C) We'd like to walk to work with you.
 (D) You'll be well repaid for working so hard.
18. (A) You can honestly say what you think.
 (B) Believe me, the tray is not much use.
 (C) Frankly, I don't think much of Ray.
 (D) In my opinion, the play was not very good.
19. (A) She overlooked my paper by mistake.
 (B) She wanted us to review our own papers.
 (C) She asked us over to discuss the errors.
 (D) She said she would look at the papers again.
20. (A) Two people walked in late for the movie.
 (B) Most of the people left before the movie was over.
 (C) A few people had to stand to watch the movie.
 (D) Some people moved their seats during the movie.

GO ON TO THE NEXT PAGE 

Part B

Directions: In Part B you will hear short conversations between two speakers. At the end of each conversation, a third person will ask a question about what was said. You will hear each conversation and question about it just one time. Therefore, you must listen carefully to understand what each speaker says. After you hear a conversation and the question about it, read the four possible answers in your test book and decide which one is the best answer to the question you heard. Then, on your answer sheet, find the number of the question and fill in the space that corresponds to the letter of the answer you have chosen.

Look at the following example.

Sample Answer

You will hear:

● B C D

You will read: (A) Present Professor Smith with a picture.

(B) Photograph Professor Smith.

(C) Put glass over the photograph.

(D) Replace the broken headlight.

From the conversation you learn that the woman thinks Professor Smith would like a photograph of the class. The best answer to the question "What does the woman think the class should do?" is (A), "Present Professor Smith with a picture." Therefore, you should choose answer (A).

21. (A) He can't go this weekend.

(B) He has a hole in his bathing suit.

(C) They should stay at the beach longer.

(D) They shouldn't spend much money.

22. (A) Turn the alarm off.

(B) Live on a farm

(C) Move his alarm clock.

(D) Go to bed earlier.

23. (A) He hasn't had time to find another apartment.

(B) His mother dusted her apartment the day before last.

(C) He hasn't cleaned the apartment.

(D) His mother was the last person to come over to his apartment.

24. (A) Making a pot of coffee.

(B) Trying different brands of coffee.

(C) Drinking less coffee.

(D) Getting a different coffee pot.

25. (A) Some music cassettes.

(B) Some school supplies.

(C) Something to drink.

(D) Something to eat.

26. (A) He has finished his biology project.

(B) He'll feel happier when the project is completed.

(C) He's annoyed with everyone.

(D) He took a nap in biology class.

GO ON TO THE NEXT PAGE 

27. (A) She knows very little about bicycles.
 (B) She doesn't want the man to study.
 (C) The man likes to study outdoors
 (D) The man isn't ready to study yet.
28. (A) Try to find it in the house.
 (B) Repair the roof.
 (C) Lend his friend a pen.
 (D) Become extremely angry.
29. (A) She agrees with the man.
 (B) She didn't hear what the man said.
 (C) She is surprised by his opinion.
 (D) She thinks he should look at it again.
30. (A) The weather forecast has often been wrong.
 (B) No more rain is needed.
 (C) It's going to rain today.
 (D) They'll have more time tomorrow.
31. (A) Ann should shut the door.
 (B) Ann should be quieter.
 (C) Ann shouldn't have stayed at the library so long.
 (D) Ann shouldn't have returned home.
32. (A) Doris asked someone to build them.
 (B) Both she and Doris worked on them.
 (C) They didn't need to be fixed.
 (D) Not all of them were hers.
33. (A) Bob doesn't have to stay until after his exams.
 (B) Bob will get into trouble if he doesn't stay.
 (C) Bob can't take his exams home with him.
 (D) Bob can't find a way to solve the problem.
34. (A) He lost it.
 (B) He used it last night.
 (C) He was the last to use it.
 (D) He finally brought it back.
35. (A) The novel wasn't that difficult to read.
 (B) She can't remember the author's name.
 (C) There were many comic characters.
 (D) She read it a long time ago.

GO ON TO THE NEXT PAGE 

Part C

Directions: In this part of the test, you will hear short talks and conversations. After each of them, you will be asked some questions. You will hear the talks and conversations and the questions about them just one time. They will not be written out for you. Therefore, you must listen carefully to understand what each speaker says.

After you hear a question, read the four possible answers in your test book and decide which one is the best answer to the question you heard. Then on your answer sheet, find the number of the question and fill in the space that corresponds to the letter of the answer you have chosen.

Answer all questions on the basis of what is stated or implied in the talk or conversation.

Listen to this sample talk.

You will hear:

Now look at the following example.

You will hear:

You will read: (A) They are impossible to guide.

(B) They may go up in flames.

(C) They tend to leak gas.

(D) They are cheaply made.

The best answer to the question "Why are gas balloons considered dangerous?" is (B), "They may go up in flames." Therefore, you should choose answer (B).

Now look at the next example.

Sample Answer

You will hear:

● B C D

You will read: (A) Watch for changes in weather.

(B) Watch their altitude.

(C) Check for weak spots in their balloons.

(D) Test the strength of the ropes.

The best answer to the question "According to the speaker, what must balloon pilots be careful to do?" is (A), "Watch for changes in weather." Therefore, you should choose answer (A).

36. (A) One of his classes finished early.

(B) He wanted to get some studying done.

(C) The library had a special display on the Industrial Revolution.

(D) His books were ten days overdue.

37. (A) Checked them out.

(B) Took notes on them.

(C) Returned them to the shelves.

(D) Put them in his book bag.

38. (A) They are marked with colored labels

(B) They are specially coded.

(C) They are checked out.

(D) They are inspected by the guard.

39. (A) Copies down the name and the address of each borrower.

(B) Checks all books for missing pages.

(C) Demagnetizes the books as they are checked out.

(D) Helps students use the card catalog.

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40. (A) To explain the importance of learning rhythm and harmony in jazz.
 (B) To show that jazz is not really music at all.
 (C) To point out similarities between jazz and classical music.
 (D) To describe what makes a good jazz performance.
41. (A) They memorize their music before performing it.
 (B) They are more famous than performers of other kinds of music.
 (C) They perform their music as a means of individual.
 (D) They possess detailed knowledge of the rules of jazz.
42. (A) Practice various jazz rhythms.
 (B) Interview a jazz musician.
 (C) Watch a film about jazz performers.
 (D) Listen to some recordings of jazz music.
43. (A) To Colorado.
 (B) To Arizona.
 (C) To the Nile River.
 (D) To the Museum of Natural History.
44. (A) Archaeological.
 (B) Biological.
 (C) Meteorological.
 (D) Sociological.
45. (A) In a cave.
 (B) In a river.
 (C) In a tree.
 (D) In a boat.
46. (A) Solve a mystery.
 (B) See the canyon.
 (C) Find some driftwood.
 (D) Take some photographs.
47. (A) A radio broadcast.
 (B) A political discussion.
 (C) A sales promotion
 (D) A health documentary.
48. (A) Where fruit is grown.
 (B) How fruit becomes ripe.
 (C) Why fruit falls from trees.
 (D) Which fruits are edible.
49. (A) The fruit itself.
 (B) The air surrounding the fruit.
 (C) The spray applied by farmers.
 (D) The tree or vines to which the fruit is attached.
50. (A) The fruit loses its sweetness.
 (B) The fruit falls off the tree.
 (C) Bees begin to pollinate the fruit.
 (D) The temperature inside the fruit increases.

**THIS IS THE END OF THE LISTENING COMPREHENSION
SECTION OF THE TEST**

**THE NEXT PART OF THE TEST IS SECTION 2. TURN TO THE
DIRECTIONS FOR SECTION 2 IN YOUR TEST BOOK,
READ THEM, AND BEGIN WORK.**

DO NOT READ OR WORK ON ANY OTHER SECTION OF THE TEST.

STOP

STOP

STOP

STOP

STOP

STOP

STOP

STOP

SECTION 2
STRUCTURE AND WRITTEN EXPRESSION

Time — 25 minutes

This section is designed to measure your ability to recognize language that is appropriate for standard written English. There are two types of questions in this section, with special directions for each type.

Directions: Questions 1—15 are incomplete sentences. Beneath each sentence you will see four words or phrases, marked (A), (B), (C), and (D). Choose the one word or phrase that best completes the sentence. Then, on your answer sheet, find the number of the question and fill in the space that corresponds to the letter of the answer you have chosen. Fill in the space so that the letter inside the oval cannot be seen.

Example 1

Sample Answer

● B C D

Vegetables are an excellent source.....; vitamins.

- (A) of
- (B) has
- (C) where
- (D) that

Example 1

Sample Answer

A B ● D

.....in history when remarkable progress
was made within a relatively short span of time.

- (A) Periods (B) Throughout periods
- (C) There have been periods (D) Periods have been

The sentence should read, "There have been periods in history when remarkable progress was made within a relatively short span of time." Therefore, you should choose answer (C). Now begin work on the questions.

1. ____ that as both birds and mammals become larger, their metabolic rates per unit of tissue decrease, and they generally live longer.
- (A) The truth
 - (B) If true
 - (C) It is true
 - (D) To be true
2. Asteroids are small and therefore very

difficult to identify, even when ____ to Earth.

- (A) quite closely
- (B) are being quite close
- (C) are they quite closely
- (D) they are quite close

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3. A number of modern sculptors have rejected _____ of minimal and environmental art and developed a style of extreme realism.
 (A) which abstract qualities
 (B) there are abstract qualities
 (C) the abstract qualities
 (D) the qualities are abstract
4. _____ tributaries of the Mississippi River system were navigated by steamboats during the period before the outbreak of the Civil War.
 (A) More than forty
 (B) More than forty were
 (C) Forty more than
 (D) There were more than forty
5. Mary Eliza McDowell's introduction to social service came _____ when she assisted victims of the great Chicago Fire of 1871.
 (A) was sixteen years old
 (B) had sixteen years
 (C) at age sixteen
 (D) sixteen
6. Young herons are helpless for a few weeks _____ they learn to fly.
 (A) how
 (B) before
 (C) despite
 (D) since
7. The history of painting is a fascinating chain of events that probably began with _____.
 (A) ever made the very first pictures
 (B) the ever made very first pictures
 (C) the very first ever made pictures
 (D) the very first pictures ever made
8. The center of gravity of the human body _____ behind the hip joint.
 (A) locates
 (B) locating
 (C) to locate
 (D) is located
9. The leaves and stems of the alfalfa plant are the only parts of the plant _____.
 (A) the uses for livestock feed
 (B) for using livestock feed
 (C) used for livestock feed
 (D) they are used for livestock feed
10. _____ choose to live in or near metropolitan areas simply because they like the rapid pace of city life.
 (A) So large numbers of people to
 (B) There are large numbers of people
 (C) Large numbers of people
 (D) Large numbers of people who
11. _____ to space travelers is high acceleration or deceleration forces.
 (A) Danger can be
 (B) They can be dangerous
 (C) What can be dangerous
 (D) While danger
12. Organic chemistry has made many new products _____.
 (A) possible
 (B) as possible
 (C) are possible
 (D) they are possible
13. Perfectly matched pearls, strung into a necklace, _____ a far higher price than the same pearls sold individually.
 (A) in order to bring
 (B) their bringing
 (C) bringing
 (D) bring

GO ON TO THE NEXT PAGE 

14. Some metropolitan newspapers would make sizable volumes _____ in book form.
(A) than the print
(B) print them
(C) if printed
(D) they are printed
15. Pennsylvania ranks high among the states in population, _____ many areas are sparsely settled.
(A) and yet
(B) so even
(C) if not
(D) except for

Directions: In questions 16—40 each sentence has four underlined words or phrases. The four underlined parts of the sentence are marked (A), (B), (C), and (D). Identify the one underlined word or phrase that must be changed in order for the sentence to be correct. Then, on your answer sheet, find the number of the question and fill in the space that corresponds to the letter of the answer you have chosen.

Example 1

A ray of light passing through the center
A B
of a thin lens keep its original direction.
C D

Sample Answer

A B ● D

The sentence should read, "A ray of light passing through the center of a thin lens keeps its original direction." Therefore, you should choose answer (C).

Example I

The mandolin, a musical instrument that has
strings, was probably copied from the lute,
a many older instrument.

Sample Answer

A B D ●

The sentence should read, "The mandolin, a musical instrument that has strings, was probably copied from the lute, a much older instrument." Therefore, you should choose answer (D). Now begin work on the questions.

GO ON TO THE NEXT PAGE

16. Since the beginning of this century the United States government has
an role in the supervision and use of the nation's natural resources.
 A B C D
17. Between 1906 and 1917, political activist Emma Goldn devoted most of
A B C
 her efforts to writing, traveling, and lectured.
 D
18. Height, powerful, and speed are attributes that coaches often look for
A B C
 in basketball players.
 D
19. Many of society's wealth is controlled by large corporations and government
A B C
agencies.
 D
20. Pieces of eighteenth-century porcelain they are frequently dug up in excavations
A B C
at Williamsburg, Virginia.
 D
21. A major purpose of scientific analysis is to identify and examine causal
A B
connections between independent and dependence variables.
C D
22. Vaccines for some rare diseases are given only to persons which risk exposure
A B C
 to the disease.
 D
23. Because it is a healthful way to exercise, aerobic dancing is considered
A B C
 an excellent method for release tension.
 D
24. Doppler radar can be used to determine the direction which in the
A B
 particles of a cloud are moving.
 C D
25. Applied research aims at some specific objective, such as the
A B
 development of a new produce, process, or material.
C D

GO ON TO THE NEXT PAGE