

大学英语教学改革系列教材

新概念

New Concept

强化篇

大学英语

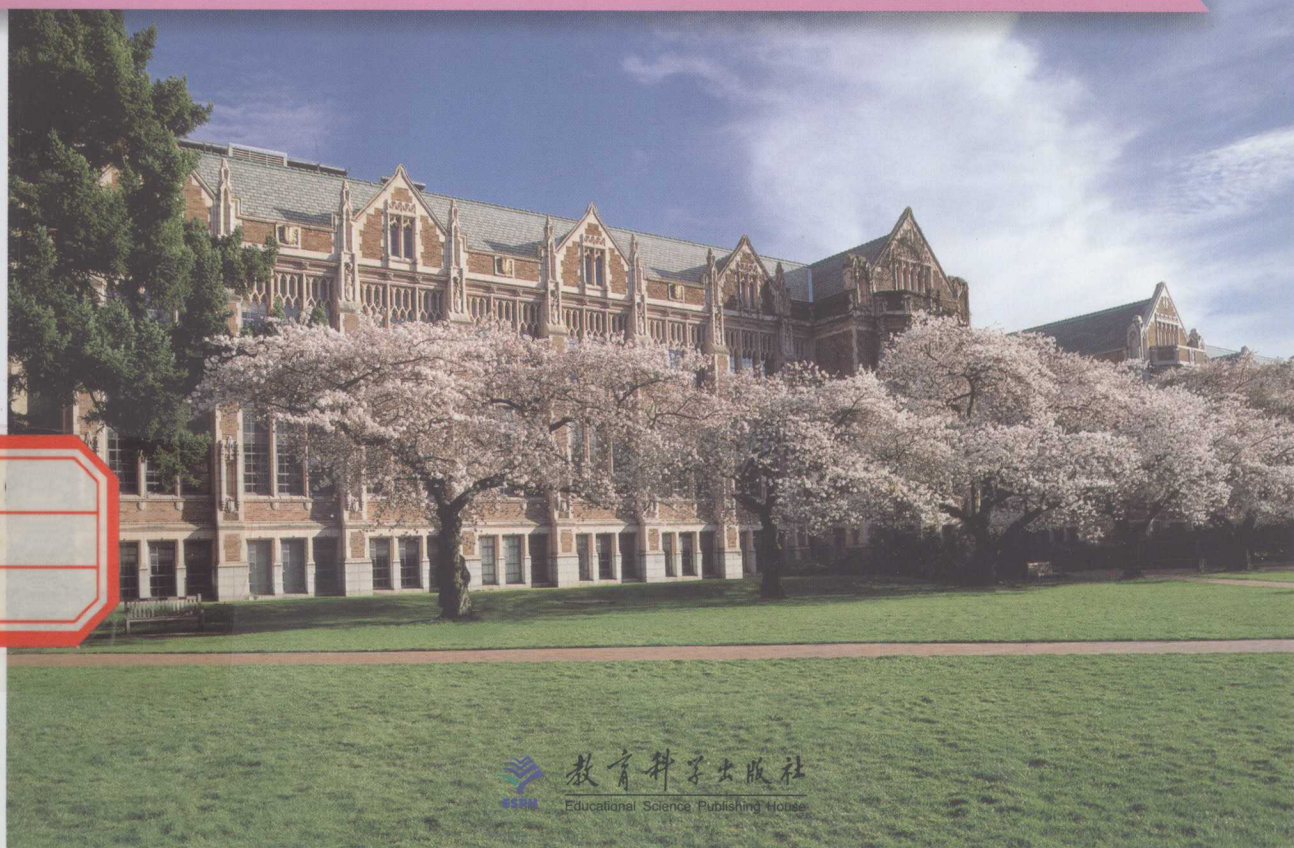
Listening and Speaking

听说教程

College English

总主编 黄丽萍

主审 [英] Michael Lewis Garnett



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大学英语教学改革系列教材是根据教育部颁布的《大学英语课程教学要求》，由多所高校青年骨干教师联合编写的一套全新的个性化、立体化大学英语教材，旨在响应高校英语教学改革要求，通过新理念、新话题、新内容、新板块的设置和集成，建立新的教学模式，体现英语教学的实用性、知识性和趣味性。

《大学英语教学改革系列教材：新概念大学英语听说教程》选材新颖、语言地道、内容丰富、难度适当、兼具趣味性和实用性，集听、说于一体。在内容的安排上遵循由易到难、由浅入深的原则，每册都有不同的教学内容设计，既相互独立，又相互协调、相得益彰，形成逻辑与难度循序渐进的系统，旨在让不同区域、不同群体、不同层次乃至不同时期的学习者各取所需地选用学习资源。

《新概念大学英语听说教程（强化篇）》共8个单元，内容包括假日与节日、地球的财富、动物与宠物、名人文化、电影时光、犯罪、财富、美容与化妆。每个单元分为四个部分，各部分内容如下。

Test Your Ears: 该部分为听力训练，泛听与精听有机结合，设置与《新概念大学英语综合教程（第2册）》相应单元主题配套的长对话、正误判断和段落填空的听力练习，随附与听力内容相关的重要词汇和句型表达，以帮助学生充分理解所听内容。

Open Your Mouth: 该部分为口语训练，设置与课文主题相关的 Express Your Opinion、Stand Your Ground 和 Join Your Group 三个栏目。

- Express Your Opinion 设置可拓展思维、注重情感表达的话题供学生讨论，并提供相关的背景知识、语言表达或文化知识。本册该部分的话题

依次为“节后综合征”“旅行者金唱片”“动物福利”“真人秀”“电影主题旅游”“青少年犯罪”“贫富差距”“化妆品”。

• **Stand Your Ground** 设置与生活中的焦点和社会热点相关的辩论话题,旨在使学生以英语语言逻辑为基础、以思辨性和交互性为内核,培养其批判性思维及沟通能力,在语言与观点的交锋中锤炼思维和开阔视野。为更好地帮助学生表达观点,该部分提供相关的重要词汇和句型表达。本册该部分的辩题依次为“黄金周应该被取消”“保护野生动物是一种资源浪费”“在大学饲养宠物”“应禁止大众媒体报道名人私生活”“电影院是欣赏电影的唯一地方”“应该废除死刑”“贫富差距是必然的”“外在美更重要”。

• **Join Your Group** 设置与本单元主题相关并联系实际情境的内容,让学生通过小组活动进行大量的口语练习,交流见解、协调合作、互动创新。该部分附有范例,供学生参考。本册该部分主题依次是“黄金周出游计划的采访”“矿物燃料”“最喜爱的动物”“对选秀节目的看法”“电影类型”“网络犯罪”“贫富差距”“化妆品推介”。

Facilitate Your Life: 该部分为生存英语,主要包括 Broaden Your Horizon、Deepen Your Comprehension 和 Transfer Your Knowledge 三个部分。

• **Broaden Your Horizon** 主要介绍跨文化知识、英语国家的生存知识和生活技能。本册该部分内容依次是电话礼仪、世界环境日、宠物与个人性格、如何选择效仿的榜样、如何理解电影台词、如何找兼职工作、如何在美国看病、如何申请美国的大学。

• **Deepen Your Comprehension** 包含篇章听力与长对话听力理解。根据最新大学英语四、六级改革精神,设置与本单元主题或者与生活相关的对话听力理解、段落挖空填词听力训练,有针对性地训练听力技巧。

• **Transfer Your Knowledge** 设置情境模拟和实践任务,让学生在听力练习的基础上进行电话预约、电视采访、电影对白、提建议、看医生等场景模拟并完成情景对话任务,以期学以致用。

Activate Your Mind: 该部分选取与主题相关的听力材料,内容涉及讲座、获奖感言、导游词、演讲、影片推介、景点推荐、语言学习与交流、化妆步骤介绍等,按照“精听→讨论→模仿”的顺序设置有针对性的训练内容。

本系列教材适合应用型高校非英语专业的本科、专科学生使用,也适

合欲参加雅思、托福的考生使用。建议本系列教材与教育科学出版社出版的《大学英语教学改革系列教材：新概念大学英语综合教程》配套使用，学习效果会更佳，系统性会更强。

本教材总主编所在的高校——福州外语外贸学院，是经国家教育部批准设立，具有独立颁发国家承认学历的全日制普通本科院校，是一所以外语和外贸为特色的院校。多年来，福州外语外贸学院积极响应国家教育部的号召，进行了一系列大学英语教学改革，并取得了显著成效。

本系列教材在编写和试用过程中得到了福州外语外贸学院吴钦明、沈斐敏、黄建平等领导的关心和指导。英语教育专家 Michael Lewis Garnett 作为主审审校了本系列教材，提出了许多建设性意见，在此一并致以衷心的感谢。由于我们的编写水平有限，不妥之处在所难免，恳请广大师生批评指正。

编者

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Part A Test Your Ears

I. Choose Your Answers

Listen to the following two long dialogues and then select the best answer among the four choices marked A, B, C and D.

Dialogue 1

- ① What holiday are they going to spend?
- A. Christmas Day. B. New Year's Day.
C. Mid-autumn Day. D. National Day.
- ② What is Richard going to do on the coming holiday?
- A. To have a barbecue. B. To finish his report.
C. To take part in a party. D. To have classes.
- ③ When will Richard hand in his report?
- A. Tomorrow. B. On New Year's Day.
C. This week. D. Next week.

Dialogue 2

- ① What is Paul busy with?
- A. He'd like to organize a Christmas party.
B. He is about to organize a Thanksgiving party.
C. He is about to organize a New Year party.
D. He'd like to organize a Halloween party.

- ② Who are allowed to attend the party?
- A. Only the students.
 - B. Anyone who is interested in the party.
 - C. Only Paul's friends.
 - D. Paul's classmates and friends.
- ③ When and where will the party be held?
- A. On Saturday night, at the Students' Activity Center.
 - B. On Sunday night, at the Students' Activity Center.
 - C. Next weekend, at the Students' Activity Center.
 - D. On Saturday night, in the classroom.



Words and Expressions

overwork [ˌəʊvə'wɜ:k]	<i>n.</i>	过度工作; 劳累
Halloween [ˌhæləʊ'i:n]	<i>n.</i>	万圣节前夕
facility [fə'sɪləti]	<i>n.</i>	设施
vacant ['veɪkənt]	<i>adj.</i>	空闲的; 空缺的
at some point		在(将来)某一时刻

II. Confirm Your Judgment

Listen to the passage and then decide whether the following statements are true (T) or false (F) .

- () 1. April Fools' Day is a national holiday celebrated every year on the first day of April.
- () 2. Popular since the 9th century, April Fools' Day is well known in Europe and the United States.
- () 3. People play practical jokes and tricks on each other on April Fools' Day.
- () 4. The Internet and available global news services enable April Fool's tricks to catch a wider audience than ever before.
- () 5. There are only positive views on April Fools.



Words and Expressions

practical jokes		恶作剧
hoax [həʊks]	<i>n.</i>	戏弄; 恶作剧; 骗局
prank [præŋk]	<i>n.</i>	恶作剧, 开玩笑
schadenfreude [ˈʃɑːdəŋ,frɔɪdə]	<i>n.</i>	幸灾乐祸
deceit [diˈsi:t]	<i>n.</i>	欺骗; 诡计; 谎言
creepy [ˈkri:pi]	<i>adj.</i>	恐怖的

III. Fill in Your Answers

Listen to the passage again and then fill in the blanks.

April Fools' Day is celebrated every year on the first day of April. Popular since the 19th century, the day is not a (1) _____ holiday in any country, but it is well known in Europe and the United States. It is celebrated as a day when people play practical jokes and hoaxes on each other. The jokes and their (2) _____ are known as "April fools". As well as people playing pranks on one another on April Fools' Day, (3) _____ practical jokes have appeared on radio, TV stations, newspapers and web sites. Hoax stories may be reported by the (4) _____ and other media on this day and explained on (5) _____ days. With the advent of the Internet and (6) _____ global news services, April Fool's pranks can catch and (7) _____ a wider audience than ever before. The practice of April Fool's pranks and hoaxes is questioned. The positive view is that April Fools can be good for one's health because it brings all the benefits of (8) _____ including stress relief and reducing (9) _____ on the heart, while the negative view describes April Fools' hoaxes as "creepy", "(10) _____" and "a little bit dirty", as well as "based on schadenfreude and deceit".

Part B Open Your Mouth

I. Express Your Opinion

Read the following information about post-vacation blues and then discuss the following questions with your partner.

- (1) What's the matter with those people in the following pictures?
- (2) Why do most people get holiday blues?
- (3) Do you know how to overcome the post-vacation blues?



Post-vacation Blues (节后综合征)

A person may suffer from post-vacation blues after returning home or to a normal routine from a long vacation, especially if it was a pleasurable one. The longer a trip lasts, the more intense the post-vacation blues may be. This is because after the person returns home, they realize how boring and unsatisfactory their normal lifestyle routine is when compared to the activities he or she did while on their holiday or vacation. Post-vacation blues may result in tiredness, loss of appetite, strong feelings of nostalgia (怀旧之情), and in some cases, depression. Jet lag (倒时差) may intensify (加剧) the post-vacation blues. Indeed, for some people, post-vacation blues can result in a feeling that you no longer want to keep doing the job you have done in the past so that all you can think about is making an enormous change to your life.

While it may be unpleasant, the post-vacation blues can be overcome with a little

determination and a focus on accepting what the vacation gave you and how valuable your everyday life is. In general, post-vacation blues wear off (逐渐消退) in a short term, taking a few days sometimes. Other ways of treating post-vacation blues are for the person to share their experiences with family and friends, or to look at photos and souvenirs (纪念品).

II. Stand Your Ground



The Golden Week is the name given to a semi-annual 7-day national holiday, which implemented in 2000. In 2006, delegates (代表) to the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference (中国人民政治协商会议) brought up proposals to cancel both the National Day and May Day Golden Weeks, arguing that the holidays have not achieved significant results in promoting internal consumption (内销), which was the original intention for these long holiday weeks. Rather, the delegates said, these Golden Weeks have disrupted (破坏) people's regular 5-day weekly schedule and are increasingly impeding (妨碍) commerce and international trade, as many key government agencies, especially those related to customs, tax collection, and legal affairs, are shut down for seven days. Now debate on the following topic: **Golden Week Should Be Canceled.**

Useful Words and Expressions

favour

支持; 赞成

promote

促进, 推进; 提升, 助长

severe

严峻的; 严厉的; 剧烈的; 苛刻的

decrease

减少, 减小

resource	资源; 物力, 财力
stimulate	刺激; 激励, 鼓舞
overcrowding	过度拥挤
take regular vacations	定期休假
broaden one's horizon	开阔视野
rich and colorful life	丰富多彩的生活
leisure lifestyle	生活休闲方式
excessive damage	过度损害
approve of	赞成
argue with	争论
catering industry	餐饮业
tourism industry	旅游业
scenic spot	景点
domestic consumption	国内消费
domestic demand	国内需求
tourist resort	旅游胜地

Useful Sentences

- ① Golden Week stimulates the development of the tourism industry, the catering industry and other related industries.
- ② Golden Week increases the domestic demand and promotes domestic consumption.
- ③ It develops the economy and creates more jobs.
- ④ Golden Week creates an opportunity for people to get more time to stay with their family members, or friends.
- ⑤ People's horizons can be broadened by traveling in Golden Weeks.
- ⑥ Significant results had not achieved in promoting domestic consumption over the last few years.
- ⑦ The economic contribution of Golden Week is lower than what many people expected.
- ⑧ Tourist resorts came under severe pressure because of the sudden increase of visitors.
- ⑨ The "overcrowding" of the Golden Week decreases the pleasure of the holiday.
- ⑩ The crowd does much harm to the environment—different tourism resources are destroyed, and various pollutions are caused.

- ⑪ I entirely approve of your opinions about that.
- ⑫ I don't think anyone would disagree that the National Day does much harm to the environment.
- ⑬ It's not likely to happen. On the contrary, people will be wild about having the Golden Week.
- ⑭ Overloaded scenic spots may result in extensive damage to natural environment.
- ⑮ I think the National Day Golden Week will increase domestic demand, and promote domestic consumption.

III. Join Your Group

Task: An Interview

1. Warming Up

People enjoy a variety of leisure activities during the Golden Week.

travel alone 独自旅行

go bungee jumping 蹦极

go camping 露营

play badminton 打羽毛球

take a cruise trip 游轮旅行

read widely 广泛阅读

catch up on sleep 补充睡眠

go hiking 远足

travel abroad 出国旅游

2. Challenge Yourself

Suppose you are a reporter, you will do a survey on how people plan for their National Day Golden Week holiday. It is required that a list of questions should be made according to what you want to know and then record their answers. A conclusion should be made for your survey.

Sample Questions

- (1) Do you like to travel alone or with your family? Why?
- (2) Do you have a plan to go to the gym?
- (3) It's so hard to get a train ticket during the long holiday, how do you solve this problem?
- (4) Which place do you think is the most popular tourist destination this year?
- (5) What can we do to reduce travel pollution during Golden Week?

Part C Facilitate Your Life

I. Broaden Your Horizon

Phone Etiquette

Phone technology has changed rapidly in recent years, leaving us with a variety of different methods for making phone calls. Phone calls are important to a healthy social life and a strong relationship. Some good manners can help you to make effective calls in expectation and avoid confusing, frustrating (令人沮丧的) or even embarrassing situations. Remembering to use proper telephone etiquette, whether answering the phone or making phone calls. Following are some helpful hints.

Answering Calls

When answering the phone, you should greet the caller pleasantly and identify yourself. In a business setting, you should say “Good morning” or “Good afternoon”, then introduce your company or department and say “Who’s speaking?” On a personal phone, it is necessary to say “Hello” and give your name. Don’t answer in a brisk (轻快的) or hurried tone or just with “Yes” or “Yeah” that leave discourteous (不礼貌的) impression on people.

Making Calls

When making calls, do identify yourself clearly and ask for the person you’re trying to reach politely or briefly state your reason for calling. In addition, you should take a few moments before deciding what you’re going to say. Being clear and concise will save time and reduce confusion. You may make some small talk, but be sure to cut to the point quickly.

Do speak in a friendly, pleasant voice with moderate volume. Make sure that all your words are clear when you speak to the caller. Slightly smile while you’re talking. You’d better speak slowly because the person on the other end of the phone conversation needs to understand you.

Taking Messages

When taking messages, try to sound friendly and politely, letting the caller know you’re writing his or her message down and will pass it on to the person he or she’s trying to reach as soon as possible. Try not to interrupt when the caller is speaking. If you need more information from the caller, ask for it politely. Don’t be impatient with the caller. Don’t ask

for more information than you need unless the caller wants to give.

Leaving Messages

When leaving messages, do speak clearly and slowly, leaving your name and complete number both at the beginning and the end of the message and briefly stating what you're calling about. Don't go into too much detail in a message, and don't assume that the caller remembers your last name or can get your number from the phone's display.

Making a Business Call

When working in a business environment, it is important to make and answer phone calls appropriately. Telephone systems have many different features to handle calls professionally and effectively, like call holding features, call waiting features, teleconferencing (电话会议的) features, etc.. It is important that you are able to use the functions of the telephone correctly and follow organizational procedures so that a positive image of yourself and the organization is given to callers, customers and colleagues.

II. Deepen Your Comprehension

1. Conversation Listening

Conversation A

Listen to the conversation between Fiona and James, and then choose the right answer to the following questions.

① Why doesn't James recognize Fiona?

A. Because the woman is Fiona's sister.

B. Because Fiona has a sore throat.

C. Because James is dialing the wrong number.

D. Because James is playing a joke on Fiona.

② Whom does James want to contact with?

A. Fiona.

B. Fiona's mother.

C. Fiona's sister.

D. Fiona's friend.

③ What's James's phone number?

A. 1-8-0-5-4-5-7-6-6-8-8.

B. 1-8-0-5-5-5-7-3-3-8-8.

C. 1-8-0-5-5-4-7-6-6-8-8.

D. 1-8-0-5-5-5-7-6-6-8-8.