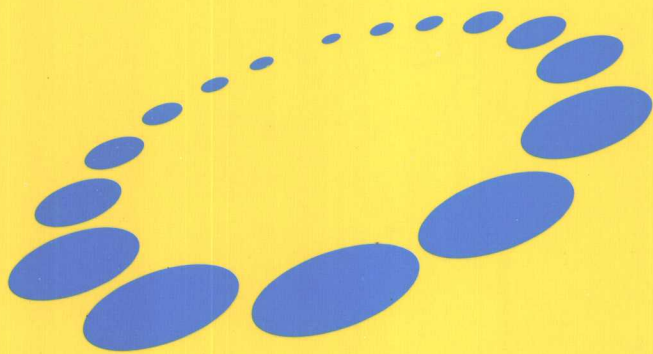


FLTRP
Little Chinese-English
Dictionary

外研社
汉英小词典

大字本



外语教学与研究出版社
FOREIGN LANGUAGE TEACHING AND RESEARCH PRESS

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前言

PREFACE

市场上同类的汉英词典可谓林林总总,但大都有一个通病:收词不少,指导读者如何实际应用的例证搭配却不够丰富。本词典既保持了收词量大的特点,又收录了丰富的例证。它以一直为读者青睐的外研社《现代汉英词典》(新版)为蓝本,增加了大量的新词新义和丰富的例证编写而成。它具有以下鲜明的特点:

- 一、收词量大。与同类词典相比,这部词典收词量更多,信息量更大,实用性更强。它收录了基本词条 35,000 余条,派生词条 5,000 余条,在同类词典中首屈一指。
- 二、新词量多。本词典增收了大量新词新义,共增收新词新义 5,000 余条,新词如波波族、德比战、非典、狗仔队、海归、贺岁片、黑哨、假球、蓝牙、听证会、友情出演等等;新义如“包装”词条增加了“对人或事物的形象给予装扮美化”的新义项,“触电”词条增加了“没有接触过电影、电视方面工作的人开始涉及这方面的工作”的新义项。
- 三、例证丰富。几乎每个词条都给出了例证,常见词条例证一般为 2 至 3 个,加上可以作为例证看待的派生词条在内,本词典的例证达到了 50,000 余条。如此大量的例证对读者确切理解词条的含义和掌握具体的用法大有裨益。
- 四、标注词性。本词典率先尝试对汉语词条的词性进行了标注,引导读者深层次把握词条在具体语境下的含义。

参加编校的人员有(以姓氏笔画为序):王莹、申葳、许海峰、任玲娟、陈凯、杨镇明、沈中锋、罗来鸥、赵红、董燕萍等。

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用法说明

GUIDE TO THE USE OF THE DICTIONARY

(一) 条目安排

Arrangement of Entries

1. 本词典所收条目分单字条目和多字条目；有些多字条目后有合成词。
2. 单字条目按汉语拼音字母顺序排列。同音异调的汉字按汉字声调顺序排列。同音同调的汉字按笔画多少排列。
3. 多字条目按第一个字分列于单字条目之下。同一个单字条目下的多字条目不止一条时，按第二个字的汉语拼音字母顺序和笔画多少排列。第二个字相同时，按第三个字排列，依此类推。
4. 单字或多字条目字形相同而音或调不同者，分立条目。如：答(dā)和答(dá)；播种(bōzhǒng)和播种(bōzhòng)。分立的单字条目一般加注“另见”。如答(dá)后加注“另见 dā”；反之亦然。
5. 轻声单字条目一般紧接在同形的非轻声单字条目之后；带轻声字的多字条目紧接在同形的无轻声字的多字条目之后。如：地道(dìdao)排在地道(dìdào)之后。
6. 在同一单字条目下，多字条目意义相同、用字略有差异者，一般只收录其中较常见者，并在条目后加注“又作”。如：“介意”(又作‘介怀’)。

(二) 注音

Pronunciation

1. 条目用汉语拼音字母注音。
2. 声调一般只注原调，不注变调。
3. 轻声不加调号。如：喇叭(lǎba)。
4. 多字条目的注音中音节界限有可能混淆时，加隔音号“'”。如：海鸥(hǎi'ōu)。
5. 专有名词的注音中第一个字母大写。如：中国(Zhōngguó)。
6. 儿化音只在基本形式后加r，不标出语音的实际变化。如：小孩儿(xiǎoháir)。
7. 多字条目中的并列词和并列结构的四字条目的注音用连字号“-”连接并列成分。如：陈词滥调(chéncí-làndiào)。

(三) 释义

Definitions

1. 专业条目一般用中文注明所属专业或学科名称,详细的学科术语可参见“学科术语略语表”。
2. 本词典的多数条目都标注了词性。如果该条目有多个词性,则用罗马数字 I、II、III 等标明,详细词性分类可参见“词类略语表”。成语、惯用语、俗语等条目不标词性。
3. 释义一般用对应的英语词语,无对应的词语时用英语解释。同一义项下有两个或两个以上解释时,用分号“;”隔开;一个条目有两个或两个以上义项时用 ① ② ③ 等数码标出顺序。
4. 释义中的可替换词语放在圆括号“()”内,前面加“or”。如:
群起而攻之: **all rise (or turn) against sb.**
5. 由于条目和英语对应词二者的词义范围不同,有的释义用英语加注补充性或限制性说明,放在圆括号内。如:
嫁: **(of a woman) marry**
6. 有关用法、语法特征等都英语说明,放在圆括号内。
7. 某些条目先用英语作字面翻译,然后释义,二者之间加破折号“—”。如:
舍车保帅: **give up a chariot to save the marshal (in Chinese chess) — make minor sacrifices to safeguard major interests**
8. 有的单字条日本身无意义,只是构词成分,释义用“(构词成分)见下”来表示。
9. 不在同一单字条目下的同义多字条目,一般只对较常见者释义,另一处用“同”表示。如:厉兵秣马:同〔秣马厉兵〕。

(四) 例证

Examples

1. 例证前加冒号“:”。例证中的本条目用代词号“~”表示。例证的英语译文不止一个时,如果是词或词组,用分号隔开;如果是句子,用 **or** 隔开。例证与例证之间用斜线号“/”隔开。
2. 例证中可替换部分及其英译放在圆括号内。
3. 例证英译中替换词语放在圆括号内,前面加 **or**。

略语表

ABBREVIATIONS USED IN THE DICTIONARY

学科术语略语表

Abbreviations of Subject Labels

本词典学科标记	中文学科术语	术语英文对应词
[测]	测绘	surveying and drawing
[地理]	地理学	geography
[地质]	地质学	geology
[电]	电学; 电工	electricity
[电影]	电影	film
[电子]	电子学	electronics
[动]	动物学	zoology
[法]	法律	legal
[纺]	纺织; 纺织工程	textile
[工美]	工艺美术	arts and crafts
[航海]	航海	navigation
[航空]	航空	aviation
[航天]	航天	space
[化]	化学	chemistry
[化纤]	化学纤维	chemical fibre
[环保]	环境保护	environmental protection
[机]	机械	mechanics
[几何]	几何学	geometry
[计]	计算机	computing
[建]	建筑	architecture
[交通]	交通	transportation
[经]	经济; 经济学	economics
[军]	军事	military
[考古]	考古	archaeology

本词典学科标记	中文学科术语	术语英文对应词
[矿]	矿物学;矿业	mining
[林]	林业	forestry
[逻]	逻辑学	logic
[美]	美术	arts
[牧]	畜牧业(学)	animal husbandry
[农]	农业;农学	agriculture
[气]	气象学	meteorology
[商]	商业	commerce
[摄]	摄影	photography
[生]	生物学	biology
[生化]	生物化学	biochemistry
[生理]	生理学	physiology
[史]	历史	history
[数]	数学	mathematics
[刷]	印刷	printing
[水]	水利	water
[体]	体育	sports
[天]	天文学	astronomy
[铁路]	铁路	railway
[统计]	统计	statistics
[外交]	外交	diplomacy
[微]	微生物学	bacteriology
[无]	无线电	radio
[物]	物理学	physics
[戏]	戏剧	theatre
[心理]	心理学	psychology
[药]	药物;药学	pharmacy
[冶]	冶金学	metallurgy
[医]	医学	medicine
[音]	音乐	music

本词典学科标记	中文学科术语	术语英文对应词
[油]	石油	petroleum
[渔]	渔业	fishery
[语]	语言学; 语言; 语法	linguistics; grammar
[语音]	语音学	phonetics
[杂]	杂技	acrobatics
[哲]	哲学	philosophy
[植]	植物学	botany
[中]	中医; 中药	Chinese medicine
[宗]	宗教	religion

修辞用语略语表 Abbreviations of Rhetoric Labels

本词典略语标记	中文修辞术语	术语英文对应词
<贬>	贬抑	derogatory
<粗>	粗野话	vulgar
<反>	反义词	(as) opposed (to)
<方>	方言	dialect
<古>	古词、古义	archaic
<诙>	诙谐语	humorous
<讳>	讳言(骂人话)	offensive
<旧>	旧词	old
<口>	口语	informal
<略>	略语	abbreviation
<谦>	谦辞	humble
<书>	书面语	formal
<套>	客套语	polite
<婉>	婉辞	euphemism
<文>	文学语言	literary
<喻>	比喻	figurative

本词典略语标记	中文修辞术语	术语英文对应词
<字>	字面意义	literal(ly)
<尊>	尊称	honorific

词类略语表 Abbreviations of Word Classes

本词典词性标记	词性	英文对应词
代	代词	pronoun
动	动词	verb
副	副词	adverb
介	介词	preposition
后缀	后缀	suffix
连	连词	conjunction
量	量词	measure word
名	名词	noun
拟	拟声词	onomatopoeia
前缀	前缀	prefix
数	数词	numeral
叹	叹词	interjection
形	形容词	adjective
助	助词	particle

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A a

阿 ā ㄊㄨㄛˋ 〈方〉 ① (a prefix used before pet names, monosyllabic surnames, or numbers denoting order of seniority in a family, to form terms of endearment): ~宝 A Bao / ~唐 A Tang; Tang ② (a prefix used before kinship terms): ~爸 dad; pop; pa / ~妹 younger sister; sister — 另见 ē

【阿飞】āfēi ㄊㄨㄛˊ a young street rowdy; a (teenager) hoodlum or hooligan

【阿訇】āhōng ㄊㄨㄛˊ ahung; imam

【阿拉伯】Ālābó ㄊㄨㄛˊ Arab; Arabian; Arabic: ~半岛 the Arabian Peninsula; Arabia / ~国家 Arab countries (or states) / ~国家联盟 the League of Arab States; the Arab League / ~人 Arab / ~数字 Arabic numerals / ~语 Arabic (language)

【阿门】āmén ㄊㄨㄛˊ (used at the end of a Christian's prayer) amen

【阿司匹林】āsīpílin ㄊㄨㄛˊ aspirin

【阿姨】āyí ㄊㄨㄛˊ ① a form of address for a woman of one's parents' generation; auntie ② a nursemaid in a family or a childcare worker in a nursery school or kindergarten

啊 ā ㄊㄨㄛˊ (expressing surprise or admiration): ~, 出虹了! Oh, there's a rainbow! / ~, 这菊花真美! Ah, these chrysanthemums are simply gorgeous!

哎 āi ㄊㄨㄛˊ (showing surprise or disapproval): ~, 你怎么不早跟我说呢? But why didn't you tell me sooner?

哀 āi ㄊㄨㄛˊ ㄩㄞˊ grieved; sorrowful ㄩㄞˊ ① mourning: 志~ express one's mourning for the deceased ② pity

【哀兵必胜】āibīng bì shèng an army burning with indignation is bound to win

【哀愁】āichóu ㄊㄨㄛˊ distressed; 无限~ be extremely distressed

【哀悼】āidào ㄊㄨㄛˊ mourn for the deceased; grieve over sb.'s death; lament sb.'s death; 向死者家属表示深切的~ express one's heartfelt condolences to the family of the deceased

【哀告】āigào ㄊㄨㄛˊ beg piteously; supplicate

【哀号】āiháo ㄊㄨㄛˊ cry piteously; wail

【哀鸿遍野】āihóng biànyě famished refugees swarming over the land; disaster victims moaning everywhere

【哀怜】āilián ㄊㄨㄛˊ feel compassion for; pity

【哀鸣】āimíng ㄊㄨㄛˊ whine plaintively

【哀求】āiqiú ㄊㄨㄛˊ entreat; implore: 百般~ resort to every means to entreat

【哀伤】āishāng ㄊㄨㄛˊ be grieved and heart-broken

【哀思】āisī ㄊㄨㄛˊ sad memories (of the deceased); grief: 寄托~ give expression to one's grief over sb.'s death

【哀叹】āitàn ㄊㄨㄛˊ sigh sorrowfully for; lament; bewail; bemoan

【哀痛】āitòng ㄊㄨㄛˊ grief; sorrow: ~欲绝 be grief-stricken; be extremely grieved

【哀怨】āiyuàn ㄊㄨㄛˊ grief; resentment

【哀乐】āiyuè ㄊㄨㄛˊ funeral music; dirge

埃 āi ㄊㄨㄛˊ dust

挨 āi ㄊㄨㄛˊ ① be or get close to; be next to: ~着窗口坐 sit by the window / 那两家铺子紧~着。The two shops are next to each other. ② follow a regular order or sequence; do sth. in sequence or by turns: ~家送牛奶 go from house to house delivering milk / ~个儿 one by one — 另见 ái

【挨家挨户】āijiā-āihù go from house to house (or from door to door)

【挨近】āijìn ㄊㄨㄛˊ get close to; be near to: 两家挨得很近。The two families are close to each other.

唉 āi ㄊㄨㄛˊ (expressing sadness, weariness, regret or disappointment) — 另见 ài

【唉声叹气】āishēng-tànqì heave deep sighs (of grief, worry or anguish); moan and groan

挨 ái ㄊㄨㄛˊ ① suffer; endure: ~饿 suffer from hunger; go hungry / ~骂 get a scolding; get a dressing-down ② struggle to pull through (hard times); drag out: ~日子 suffer day after day; drag out a miserable existence ③ delay; stall; put off: 为什么非要~到下个个月不可? Why

must we put it off till next month? — 另
见 āi

挨打 āidǎ ① take a beating; get a thrashing ② come under attack: 处于被动的地位 be passive and vulnerable to attack

挨整 āizhěng ① be in for criticism and denunciation

皑 ái ① (文) pure white; snow white

皑皑 ái'ái ① (of snow, frost, etc.) pure white: 白雪 ~ an expanse of white snow

癌 ái ① cancer; carcinoma

癌变 āibiàn ① [医] canceration; cancerization

癌细胞 áixìbāo ① cancer cell

癌症 áizhèng ① cancer

矮 ǎi ① short (of stature): 我个子 ~. I'm short. ② low: ~墙 a low wall ③ low in rank or grade: 她在中学里比我 ~ 一级。She was a grade lower than me in middle school.

矮墩墩 ǎidūndūn ① pudgy; dumpy; stumpy

矮胖 ǎipàng ① short and stout; squat; dumpy; roly-poly

矮小 ǎixiǎo ① short and small; low and small; undersized: 身材 ~ short and slight in figure

矮子 ǎizi ① a short person; dwarf ◇ ~里拔将军 choose a general from among the dwarfs — pick the best out of a mediocre bunch

暖 ǎi ① (expressing disagreement or negation): ~, 没有这回事。你别信他。No, it isn't true. Don't believe what he says. / ~, 你搞混啦。No, no, you're all mixed up. — 另见 ài

蔼 ǎi ① friendly; amiable: 和 ~ 可亲 kindly; amiable; affable

霭 ǎi ① (书) mist; haze: 暮 ~ evening haze

艾 ài ① [植] Chinese mugwort ② (书) end; stop: 方兴未 ~ be fast unfolding

艾美奖 Àiměijǎng ① Emmy Award

艾滋病 àizībìng ① AIDS (acquired immune deficiency syndrome): ~ 携带者 AIDS carriers

唉 ài ① (a sigh of sadness or regret): ~, 谁能想到啊! Well, who'd have thought of that? / ~, 真可惜! What a

pity! ② (a response to a call, order, etc.): 快开门去。—— ~。Open the door, quick! — Right. — 另见 āi

爱 ài ① love: 他 ~ 上她了。He has fallen in love with her. ② like; be fond of; be keen on: ~游泳 be fond of swimming / ~干净 like cleanliness ③ cherish; treasure; hold dear; take good care of: ~公物 take good care of public property ④ be apt to; be in the habit of: 她老 ~ 发脾气。She's always losing her temper. / 铁 ~ 生锈。Iron rusts easily.

爱不释手 ài bù shìshǒu be so fond of sth. that one will not let it out of one's hand

爱称 àichēng ① term of endearment; pet name

爱戴 àidài ① love and esteem: 老师博得了同学们的 ~。The teacher has won the love and esteem of his students.

爱抚 àifú ① show tender care for: 母亲 ~ 的眼神 loving eyes of one's mother

爱国 àiguó ① love one's country; be patriotic ◇ ~者 patriot; ~主义 patriotism

爱好 àihào ① take great pleasure in; have sth. as a hobby; be keen on: ~音乐 like music / ~体育 go in for sports ② interest; hobby: 你在文娱方面有什么 ~? What kind of recreation do you go in for? ◇ ~者 lover (of art, sports, etc.); enthusiast; fan

爱护 àihù ① cherish; treasure; take good care of: ~公物 take good care of public property

爱怜 àilián ① show tender affection for

爱恋 àiliàn ① be in love with; feel deeply attached to: 对故土的 ~ attachment to one's native soil

爱面子 ài miànzi ① be concerned about face-saving; be sensitive about one's reputation

爱莫能助 ài mò néng zhù be willing to help but unable to do so

爱慕 àimù ① adore; admire: ~虚荣 be vain; be given to vanity

爱情 àiqíng ① love (between man and woman): ~专一 be constant in love

爱人 àiren ① husband or wife ② sweetheart; lover

爱神 àishén ① god of love; Cupid

爱屋及乌 ài wū jí wū love me, love my dog

爱惜 àixī ① value highly and use prudently; treasure: ~人才 treasure men of talent / ~时间 make the best use of one's time; use time efficiently

【爱心】àixīn 图 love; sympathy; compassion

【爱憎分明】àizēng fēnmíng understand what to love and what to hate; know whom to love and whom to hate

隘 ài 图 narrow: ~巷 a narrow lane; alley 图 a narrow pass; 关~ (mountain) pass

碍 ài 图 hinder; obstruct; be in the way of; ~于面子 just to spare sb.'s feelings

【碍口】àikǒu 图 be too embarrassing to mention

【碍面子】àimiànzǐ 图 spare sb.'s feelings; be afraid of hurting others' feelings

【碍事】àishì 图〈口〉① be in the way; be a hindrance: 这桌子放在门口太~了。This table is too close to the door, it gets in the way. ② (usu. used in the negative) be of consequence; matter: 这不~。It doesn't matter. or It's of no consequence.

【碍手碍脚】àishǒu-àijiǎo be in the way; be a hindrance

【碍眼】àiyǎn 图 unpleasant to look at; offensive to the eye: 门前那堆垃圾实在太~。The garbage heap in front of the house is really an eyesore.

暖 ài 图 (expressing regret or annoyance): ~, 早知道就好了。Oh! If only I'd known sooner. —另见 ǎi

暖 ài 图〈书〉(of daylight) dim

【暧昧】àimèi 图 ① ambiguous; equivocal: 态度~ assume an ambiguous attitude ② shady; dubious: 关系~ dubious relationship

安 ān 图 ① peaceful; at ease; undisturbed; tranquil; calm: 心神不~ feel uneasy ② safe; secure; in good health: 身体~康 be in good health 图 ① set (sb.'s mind) at ease; calm ② rest content; be satisfied; ~于现状 be content with things as they are ③ install; fix; fit: ~电灯 install electric lights ④ bring (a charge against sb.); give (sb. a nickname): ~罪名 bring charges against; put the blame on

【安邦定国】ānbāng-dìngguó (of a ruler) bring peace and stability to the country

【安步当车】ān bù dàng chē stroll over instead of riding in a carriage; walk rather than ride

【安插】ānchā 图 place (sb.) in a certain position; assign to a job: ~亲信 put one's

trusted followers in key positions

【安定】āndìng 图 stable; quiet; settled: ~的生活 a stable (or settled) life / ~的社会环境 a stable social environment 图 stabilize; maintain: ~社会秩序 maintain social order / ~人心 reassure the public; set people's minds at rest

【安顿】āndùn 图 help settle down (or in); get sth. or everything arranged; find a place for: 家里都~好了吗? Have you got everything settled at home?

【安放】ānfàng 图 put in a proper place; lay

【安分】ānfèn 图 not going beyond one's bounds; law-abiding; knowing one's place 图 ~守己 abide by the law and behave oneself; be content with one's lot and act one's part

【安抚】ānfū 图 aid and comfort (or console); reassure and pacify; appease: ~人心 reassure and pacify the public

【安好】ānhǎo 图 safe and sound; well: 全家~, 请勿挂念。You will be pleased to know that everyone in the family is well.

【安家】ānjiā 图 set up a home; get married: 他收入不高, 还没有条件~。He isn't earning enough to get married and start a family. 图 ~费 settling-in allowance; family allowance

【安检】ānjiǎn 图 security check

【安静】ānjìng 图 quiet; peaceful: 这个地方很~。It is very quiet here. 图 quiet down: 大幕一拉开, 观众顿时~下来。As soon as the curtain rose, the audience quieted down.

【安居乐业】ānjū-lèyè live and work in peace and contentment

【安康】ānkāng 图 in good health: 祝您~! Wishing you the best of health!

【安乐】ānlè 图 peaceful and happy; free from worry 图 ~死 mercy killing; euthanasia; ~窝 cosy nest; ~椅 easy chair

【安理会】Ānlǐhuì 图〈略〉全称为“联合国安全理事会” the (U.N.) Security Council

【安眠】ānmǐán 图 sleep peacefully 图 ~药 sleeping pill (or tablet); soporific

【安宁】ānníng 图 ① peaceful; tranquil ② calm; composed; free from worry: 心里很不~ feel rather worried

【安排】ānpái 图 arrange (matters); plan in detail; dispose (manpower): 妥善~时间 budget one's time well / 合理~人力 dispose available manpower rationally

【安培】ānpéi 图[电] ampere

【安琪儿】ānqí'ér 图 angel

【安全】ānquán 图 safe; secure 图 ~感 sense

of security; ~带 safety belt; seat belt; ~帽 safety helmet

【安然】ānrán ㄟ 安全: ~脱险 be out of danger ㄟ ㄟ be free from worry; feel at ease: ~入睡 go to sleep peacefully ◇ ~无恙 safe and sound; (escape) unscathed

【安如泰山】ān rú Tàishān as solid as Mount Tai; as firm (or solid) as a rock

【安设】ānshè ㄟ install; set up: ~报警装置 install a warning system

【安身】ānshēn ㄟ have a roof over one's head; take shelter: 无处~ have no roof over one's head; have nowhere to live; be homeless and shelterless ◇ ~立命 settle down and get on with one's work

【安神】ānshén ㄟ calm (or soothe) the nerves

【安生】ānshēng ㄟ peaceful; restful: 过~日子 live a peaceful and restful life

【安适】ānshì ㄟ quiet and comfortable: ~的环境 a quiet and comfortable environment

【安危】ān-wēi ㄟ safety and danger; safety: 不顾个人~ be heedless of one's personal safety

【安慰】ānwèi ㄟ ① be comforted; feel encouraged; 我听了这些话心里很~。I felt much comforted at hearing these words. ② comfort; console: 我~了他几句。I said a few words to comfort him. ㄟ consolation; comfort: 孩子成了她惟一的~。The child became her only consolation. ◇ ~奖 consolation prize

【安稳】ānwěn ㄟ smooth and steady: 睡得很~ sleep peacefully

【安息】ānxī ㄟ ① rest; go to sleep ② rest in peace: 烈士们,~吧! May the revolutionary martyrs rest in peace!

【安闲】ānxián ㄟ peaceful and carefree; relaxed; leisurely: ~自在 leisurely and carefree

【安详】ānxiáng ㄟ serene; composed; unruffled: 举止~ behave with composure

【安歇】ānxiē ㄟ go to bed; retire for the night

【安心】ānxīn ㄟ ① feel at ease; be relieved; set one's mind at rest ② keep one's mind on sth.: ~工作 keep one's mind on one's work; work contentedly ③ harbour an (evil) intention: 不安好心 have evil intentions

【安逸】ānyì ㄟ easy and comfortable; easy: ~的生活 an easy life

【安营】ānyíng ㄟ pitch a camp; camp ◇ ~扎寨 pitch a camp; camp

【安葬】ānzàng ㄟ bury (the dead)

【安之若素】ān zhī ruò sù ① bear (hardship, etc.) with equanimity ② regard (wrongdoing, etc.) with indifference

【安置】ānzhì ㄟ find a suitable place, position, job, etc. for; arrange for: ~行李 put away the luggage

【安装】ānzhuāng ㄟ install; fix; set up: ~电话 install a telephone

桉 ān ㄟ [植] eucalyptus: ~树 eucalyptus

氨 ān ㄟ [化] ammonia

【氨基酸】ānjīsuān ㄟ amino acid

【氨水】ānshuǐ ㄟ ammonia solution; ammonia (water)

谖 ān ㄟ 〈书〉 know well: 不~水性 be no swimmer

【谖熟】ānshú ㄟ be proficient in; be conversant with

庵 ān ㄟ ① 〈书〉 hut: 草~ a thatched hut ② nunnery; Buddhist convent

鹌 ān (构词成分) 见下

【鹌鹑】ānchun ㄟ quail (a bird)

鞍 ān ㄟ saddle

【鞍马】ānmǎ ㄟ ① [体] pommel horse; side horse ② 〈书〉 saddle and horse — horseback riding: ~生活 life on horseback — soldiering

【鞍子】ānzi ㄟ saddle

铵 ǎn ㄟ [化] ammonium

岸 àn ㄟ ㄟ bank; shore; coast: 江~ the bank of a river; river bank ㄟ ㄟ 〈书〉 lofty; tall and big: 伟~ tall and sturdy

【岸然】ànrán ㄟ 〈书〉 in a solemn manner: 道貌~ look dignified

按 àn ㄟ ㄟ ① press; push down: ~门铃 ring a doorbell / ~手印 put one's fingerprint on (a document, etc.) ② restrain; control: ~不住心头怒火 be unable to restrain (or control) one's anger ③ keep one's hand on; keep a tight grip on: ~住操纵杆 keep a tight grip on the control lever ㄟ ㄟ according to; in accordance with; in the light of; on the basis of: ~质定价 fix the price according to the quality / ~比例发展 develop in proportion; proportional development ㄟ ㄟ note; comment: 编者~ editor's note

【按兵不动】ànbīng bùdòng ① hold one's troops where they are; not throw one's

troops into battle ② take no action; bide one's time

【按部就班】 ànbù-jiùbān follow the prescribed order; keep to conventional ways of doing things

【按揭】 ànjiē ④ (usu. used in real estate) mortgage: ~购房 take out a mortgage to buy a house / ~贷款 mortgage loan

【按劳分配】 àn láo fēnpèi distribution according to work

【按理】 ànlǐ ④ according to principle or reason; normally: ~不应当这么办。Logically, it shouldn't be done this way.

【按脉】 ànmài ④ feel (or take) the pulse

【按摩】 ànmó ④ massage ◇ ~器 massager; ~师 massager; massagist

【按捺】 ànnà ④ control (or contain) oneself: ~不住激动的心情 be unable to suppress one's excitement

【按钮】 ànniǔ ④ push button

【按期】 ànqī ④ on schedule; on time: ~交货 deliver goods on schedule

【按时】 ànshí ④ on time; on schedule: ~到达 arrive on time

【按说】 ànshuō ④ in the ordinary course of events; ordinarily; normally: ~这时候该下雪了。Ordinarily it should be snowing at this time of the year.

【按图索骥】 àn tú suǒ jì ① try to find sth. by following up a clue ② deal with a matter in a mechanical way

【按需分配】 àn xū fēnpèi distribution according to need

【按压】 ànyā ④ ① press down with one's hand ② suppress; restrain: ~不住心头怒火 can't suppress one's anger

【按照】 ànzhào ④ according to; in accordance with; in the light of; on the basis of: ~自愿原则组合 form groups on a voluntary basis

案

àn ④ ① an old-fashioned long, narrow table or desk: 书~ desk ② a long board propped up to serve as a table or counter ③ law case; case: 破~ clear up a criminal case ④ record; file: 在~ be on file ⑤ a plan submitted for consideration; proposal: 草~ draft (of a plan, law, etc.)

【案板】 ànbǎn ④ kneading or chopping board (usu. rectangular)

【案犯】 ànfàn ④ [法] case criminal

【案件】 ànjiàn ④ law case; case: 刑事~ a criminal case

【案卷】 ànjuǎn ④ records; files; archives

【案例】 ànlì ④ [法] case: ~分析 case analysis

【案情】 ànqíng ④ details of a case; case: 了解~ investigate the details of a case

【案头】 àntóu ④ desk: ~日历 desk calendar

【案由】 ànyóu ④ the main point (or a brief summary) of a case; brief

【案子】 ànzi ④ ① a long, narrow table: 肉~ meat counter ② 〈口〉 law case; case

暗

àn ④ ① dark; dim; dull: ~绿 dark green / 天色渐渐~下来了。It's getting dark. ② unclear; hazy ③ ④ secretly: ~下决心 make up one's mind secretly

【暗暗】 àn'àn ④ secretly; inwardly; to oneself: ~跟踪 secretly follow sb.

【暗藏】 àncáng ④ hide; conceal

【暗处】 ànchù ④ ① a dark place ② a secret place; a covert place; cover

【暗淡】 àndàn ④ dim; faint; dismal; gloomy: ~的颜色 a dull colour / ~的景象 a dismal picture

【暗地里】 àndìlǐ ④ secretly; inwardly; on the sly: ~捣鬼 secretly make trouble

【暗度陈仓】 àn dù Chéncāng (of a man and a woman) enter into a secret liaison

【暗害】 ànhài ④ ① kill secretly ② stab in the back

【暗含】 ànhán ④ imply: ~不满 imply resentment

【暗号】 ànhào ④ a secret signal (or sign); countersign; watchword

【暗箭】 ànjiàn ④ an arrow shot from hiding — an attack by a hidden enemy; a stab in the back: ~伤人 stab sb. in the back; injure sb. by underhand means / ~难防 hidden arrows are difficult to guard

【暗礁】 ànjiāo ④ ① submerged reef (or rock) ② latent obstacle

【暗恋】 ànliàn ④ love sb. in one's heart

【暗器】 ànqì ④ hidden weapon (as darts hidden inside sleeves)

【暗杀】 ànshā ④ assassinate

【暗伤】 ànshāng ④ ① internal (or invisible) injury ② indiscernible damage

【暗示】 ànshì ④ drop a hint; hint; suggest: 领会~ take sb.'s hint; understand a hint

【暗送秋波】 àn sòng qiūbō make eyes at sb.; give sb. the glad eye; ogle

【暗算】 ànsuàn ④ plot against; 遭人~ fall a prey to a plot

【暗探】 àntàn ④ secret agent; spy

【暗无天日】 àn wú tiānrì complete darkness — total absence of justice

【暗喜】 ànxǐ ④ feel pleased but not show it;

A

心中～ feel secretly happy
【暗箱】ànxiāng ㊦ [摄] camera bellows; camera obscura

【暗箱操作】ànxiāng cāozuò covert abuse of power; corrupt behaviour

【暗笑】ànxiào ㊦ laugh in one's sleeve; snigger

【暗语】ànyǔ ㊦ code word

【暗喻】ànyù ㊦ metaphor

【暗中】ànzhōng ㊦ ① in the dark ② in secret; on the sly; surreptitiously: ～操纵 pull strings from behind the scenes / ～策划 plot in the dark

【暗自】ànzi ㊦ inwardly; to oneself; secretly: ～落泪 cry to oneself / ～庆幸 congratulate oneself; consider oneself lucky

黯 àn ㊦ dim; gloomy

【黯然】ànrán ㊦〈书〉① dark and dim-looking ② dejected; low-spirited; downcast ◇～神伤 feel dejected (or depressed); ～失色 be cast into the shade; be overshadowed; be eclipsed; pale into insignificance

肮 āng (构词成分)见下

【肮脏】āngzāng ㊦ ① dirty; filthy: ～的衣服 dirty clothes ② vile; mean; foul; dirty: ～的勾当 dirty work; a foul deed

昂 áng ㄩㄥˊ ㊦ hold (one's head) high ㊦ high; soaring: 群情激～。Popular feeling ran high.

【昂贵】ángguì ㊦ expensive; costly: 价格～ be high-priced

【昂然】ángrán ㊦ chin up and chest out; upright and unafraid: ～直入 walk in, chin up and chest out

【昂首阔步】ángshǒu-kuòbù stride along with one's chin up; stride proudly ahead

【昂扬】ángyáng ㊦ high-spirited: ～的歌声 spirited singing

盎 àng ㄤˋ ㊦ an ancient vessel with a big belly and a small mouth

【盎然】àngrán ㊦ abundant; full; exuberant: 趣味～ be full of interest

【盎司】àngsī ㊦ ounce

凹 āo ㄠ ㊦ concave; sunken; dented: ～鼻梁儿 a flat nose

【凹面镜】āomiànjìng ㊦ concave mirror

【凹透镜】āotòujìng ㊦ concave lens

【凹凸不平】āo-tū bù píng full of bumps and holes; uneven

【凹陷】āoxiàn ㊦ cave in; sink: 地面～。

The ground caved in.

遨 áo ㄠˊ ㊦ stroll; saunter

【遨游】áoyóu ㊦ go on a pleasure tour; travel: ～太空 travel through space

嗷 áo (构词成分)见下

【嗷嗷】áo'áo ㊦ the sound of crying: 疼得～叫 howl with pain ◇～待哺 (of starving people or young animals) cry piteously for food

熬 áo ㄠˊ ㊦ ① cook (cereals, etc.) into porridge or thick soup: ～粥 make gruel / ～一锅汤 prepare a pot of soup ② endure (distress, hard times, etc.): hold out: ～日子 drag out a miserable existence

【熬煎】áojiān ㊦ suffering; torment; torture: 受尽～ be subjected to all kinds of sufferings (or afflictions)

【熬夜】áoyè ㊦ stay up late or all night

翱 áo ㄠˊ ㊦〈书〉take wing

【翱翔】áoxiáng ㊦ hover; soar: 展翅～ soar on the wing

麈 áo ㄠˊ ㊦〈书〉engage in fierce battle

【麈战】áo zhàn ㊦〈书〉fight hard; engage in fierce battle

袄 ǎo ㄠˇ ㊦ a lined Chinese-style coat or jacket: 小～ a short close-fitting jacket

拗 ào ㄠˋ ㊦ defy; disobey ——另见 niù

【拗口】ào kǒu ㊦ hard to pronounce (esp. rapidly); awkward reading: ～令 tongue twister

傲 ào ㄠˋ ㊦ proud; haughty: 那人～得很, 可不好接近了。That fellow is extremely haughty and standoffish. ㊦ refuse to yield to; brave; defy

【傲岸】ào'àn ㊦〈书〉proud; haughty: ～不群 haughty and standoffish; proud and aloof

【傲骨】àogǔ ㊦ unbending backbone — lofty and unyielding character

【傲慢】àomàn ㊦ arrogant; haughty; overbearing: 态度～ be arrogant; put on airs; give oneself airs; hold one's nose in the air

【傲气】àoqì ㊦ air of arrogance; haughtiness: ～十足 full of arrogance; extremely haughty ㊦ arrogant; haughty: 她可～了。She's very haughty.

【傲然】àorán ㊦ lofty and proud-looking; unyielding

【傲视】àoshì ㊦ regard with disdain; turn up