

致读者

想在快乐阅读中轻松地提高英语写作能力吗?你会发现,这套《国家地理英语阅读与写作训练丛书》(National Geographic Theme Sets,下称《丛书》)就是一个很好的选择。

《丛书》共14册,涵盖14个主题,每个主题下的4个相关小话题围绕着关键概念,按阅读和写作的易难程度,循序渐进地依次编排。《丛书》的"关键概念+递进阅读+任务型写作"的创新编排体例,帮助学生从培养语感和思维方式开始,在阅读过程中自然习得英语写作的规律和特点,从根本上提高学生的综合语言应用能力。此外,《丛书》紧贴高中英语教学的实际需要,在针对性和实用性方面有着无可比拟的优势:

- **第一,对生词进行注释**。注释生词既为读者创造了猜词空间,也为读者快速查阅提供了方便,不至于被生词破坏了阅读的兴致。考虑到音标对单词记忆,以及培养学生朗读与口语能力的重要作用,我们对所有注释词汇都加注了国际音标。
- 第二,根据高中英语学习和高考写作的要求,对注释词汇进行三级分类。记忆词汇属于基础词汇,也是高分作文常用词汇,学习者要做到会写、会读、会听、会用;阅读进阶词汇是高中学生提高英语水平需要掌握的英语常用词汇,建议学习者经常使用,熟悉这类词汇有助于作文的表达;阅读参考词汇包括话题所涉及的专业词汇和非常用词汇,学习者了解即可,可以根据自己的实际情况各取所需。在编排中,记忆词汇在文中用加粗的字体表示。为了方便学生集中记诵,"阅读"板块的记忆词汇被放在每一个小话题的开篇页,"任务型写作"板块的记忆词汇则集中编排在书末。阅读进阶词汇和阅读参考词汇在文中分别用绿色和紫色字体表示,注释词条呈现在当前页上,以利于学生查阅。
- 第三,以丰富多样的主题和体裁系统地介绍了各类英语应用文的写作。写作从阅读开始,即首先了解优秀文章是什么样的。在阅读的基础上,《丛书》介绍了不同范文的体例特点和适用范围,其中包括记叙文、说明文等十几种常用作文体裁。同时,《丛书》以严谨的思路和清晰的操作步骤,把学生带进一个既有阶梯渐进的具体指引,又有充分创意空间的写作训练营。
- **第四,具有综合教学功能**。由于在指导应用文写作方面的独特设计和精心编排,这套丛书不 仅适合学生自学,更适用于课堂的写作教学。《丛书》的写作训练案例是英语教师写作教学中难 能可贵的参考资料,可直接作为英语写作课程的辅助教材使用。

Try it! 你会发现,英语阅读原来可以这么轻松快乐,英语写作也不总是"头疼"、"痛苦"的代名词。

朱京力 中国人民大学附属中学 2005年6月

TEACHINIG NOTES

Theme Objectives

Cultures and Celebrations

Key Concepts

- 1. Every society has a way of life that people share. This way of life makes up its culture.
- 2. Culture and celebrations help create a sense of national identity among people.
- 3. Some parts of culture change, but modern and traditional activities can exist side by side.

Sections in the Theme

Mexico Italy Japan

Egypt

Literacy Objectives

Vocabulary

national identity

ancestor celebration culture dialect

society

symbol traditional unity value work ethic

Genre Study

Photo Essay

Visual Literacy

Comparison Chart

Research & Write

Create Your Own Photo Essay

Comprehension Focus

Making Inferences

Background Information

About the Theme

Cultures and Celebrations explains how groups of people from four different places – Mexico, Italy, Japan, and Egypt – have different ways of life, or cultures. While each section focuses on a different group of people, its values, traditions, clothing, food, and celebrations, the same key concepts are developed across all four sections to help students focus on the big ideas. The theme explores how

cultural practices bring people together. Students use the specific content and vocabulary within each section to discuss and examine these big ideas, or key concepts.

For more detailed teaching notes and assessment options, see the online Teacher's Guide at www.ngschoolpub.org



国 家 地 理 英语阅读与写作训练丛书

Cultures and Celebrations

文化与庆典

[美] Greg Banks 著 · 朱京力 注



北京大学出版社

PEKING UNIVERSITY PRESS

著作权合同登记 图字: 01-2005-3631

图书在版编目 (CIP) 数据

Cultures and Celebrations (文化与庆典) / (美) 班克斯 (Banks, G.) 著; 朱京力 注. 一北京:

北京大学出版社, 2005.7

(国家地理英语阅读与写作训练丛书·英语注释版)

ISBN 7-301-08582-6

I.文··· Ⅱ.①班···②朱··· Ⅲ.①英语-阅读教学-自学参考资料②英语-写作-自学参考资料 Ⅳ. H31

中国版本图书馆CIP数据核字(2005)第065295号

Copyright © (2004) National Geographic Society/Macmillan Education Australia. All rights reserved. Copyright © (2005) (in English-Chinese bilingual) National Geographic Society. All rights reserved.

图片来源 (Photo Credits)

Cover: Music at May Day Festival © Sandro Vannini/Corbis/Tranz.

© AAP: page 72 (bottom); © AAP Image Library: 78 (top, bottom); © AFP: page 79 (bottom), 80 (bottom); © Artville: page 9 (top right), 21 (top), 33 (top); © Corbis: page 6, 8, 9 (left), 10, 12 (top), 13, 14, 15 (top, bottom), 16 (top, bottom), 17, 18, 20, 24 (top), 25, 27, 28 (top, bottom), 30, 32, 33 (bottom), 34, 35, 36, 39, 40, 41, 42, 44, 45, 48 (top), 50, 57, 60 (top), 64 (top, bottom), 65 (top, bottom), 66 (top, bottom), 67 (top), 68 (bottom), 69, 70 (left, right), 71 (bottom), 72 (top), 73, 74, 75, 76 (bottom), 79 (top), 85; Digital Vision: page 83; © Fotopress: page 52, 60 (top), 77 (top, bottom); © Getty Images: page 1, 5, 22, 26, 27, 29, 51, 58 (top, bottom), 59 (top, bottom), 60 (bottom), 61 (bottom), 62, 63, 71 (top), 76 (top); MEA: page 24 (bottom), 33 (top); Photodisc: page 21 (bottom), 35, 36, 37, 38, 46, 48 (bottom), 61 (top); © Panorama Stock: page 9 (bottom right), 17; © Stock Image Group: page 11, 23, 67 (bottom), 68 (top); © The Granger Collection, New York: page 12 (bottom).

国家地理英语阅读与写作训练丛书(英语注释版)由美国北极星传媒有限公司授权,并与君红阅读(北京)出版咨询有限公司共同策划。

书 名: Cultures and Celebrations (文化与庆典)

著作责任者: [美] Greg Banks 著 朱京力 注

责任编辑:游冠辉 姜乐英

标准书号: ISBN 7-301-08582-6/G・1433

出版发行: 北京大学出版社

地 址: 北京市海淀区中关村北京大学校内 100871

网 址: http://cbs.pku.edu.cn

电 话: 邮购部 62752015 发行部 62750672 编辑部 62765014

电子信箱: zbing@pup.pku.edu.cn

设计制作: 君红阅读

印刷者:北京中科印刷有限公司

经 销 者: 新华书店

787 毫米×1092 毫米 16开本 5.5印张 100千字

2005年7月第1版 2005年7月第1次印刷

定 价: 20.00元

未经许可,不得以任何方式复制或抄袭本书之部分或全部内容。

版权所有,翻版必究

结束: 需要全本请在线购买: www.ertongbook.com

Contents

W	Cultures and Celebrations	4
	The Culture of Mexico. The Culture of Italy. The Culture of Japan. The Culture of Egypt.	.18
V	Think About the Key Concepts	. 53
	Visual Literacy Comparison Chart	.54
	Genre Study Photo Essay	.56
	Dia de los Muertos – A Mexican Celebration	.63
9	Apply the Key Concepts	. 81
	Research and Write Create Your Own Photo Essay	.82
	Sharing Your Work Create Your Own Photo Exhibition	.84
	Glossary	.86
	Index	.87

Cultures and Celebrations

Culture is the way people in one group live that makes them different from other groups. Culture is made up of many different things. These include traditions, language, dress, **ceremonies**, and other ways of life that a group of people share. **Celebrations** are also an important part of culture. By looking at countries such as Mexico, Italy, Japan, and Egypt, you can see how cultural **practices** bring people together.



Key Concepts

- 1. Every society has a way of life that people share.
 This way of life makes up its culture.
- 2. Culture and celebrations help create a sense of national **identity** among people.
- 3. Some parts of culture change, but modern and traditional activities can exist side by side.

阅读参考词汇

Mexico /meksīkəu/ n.墨西哥 Egypt /ˈiːdʒɪpt/ n.埃及

记忆词汇

add /æd/ v.加
celebration /,selɪˈbreɪ∫ən/
n.庆祝
ceremony /'serɪməni/ n.仪式
costume /'kɒstjum/ ħ.服装
flat /flæt/ n.扁平的

flavor /'fleivə/n.味道
identity /ai'dentiti/n.认同
practice /'præktis/n.习俗
religion /ri'lidʒən/
n.宗教,信仰
replace /ri'pleis/v.取代

stand for 代表
style / starl/ n.式样
suit / su:t / v.适合
traditional / trə'dɪ∫ənəl/
adj.传统的
value /'vælju:/ n.价值观



The Culture of Mexico



n.弹球游戏 Roman Catholic

Step into Mexico. What do you see? You see people that are a mix of Spanish and Mexican Indian. You may see children playing soccer or marbles. Listen to the children speak. You hear mostly Spanish, but also Mexican Indian languages. Can you see churches? Most Mexicans are Roman Catholic, but some follow other religions. Look and listen. What else can you see and hear?

People have lived in Mexico for a very long time.

Mexican Indians were the first people in Mexico.
Then Spanish people came in the 1500s. For many years, Mexico was ruled by Spain.

Hernan Cortes, seated, led Spanish soldiers into Mexico in 1519.

Mexico Today

Mexico is a country in North America. Its people have locate a way of life that mixes the past with the present. Some parts of this way of life come from Mexican Indian groups. Some parts of this way of life come from the Spanish.

阅读进阶词汇 /ləʊˈkeɪt/ v.位于

Look at the map below. It shows you where Mexico is **located**.





Key Concept 1 Every society has a way of life that people share. This way of life makes up its culture.

Societies and Their Cultures

Every society has its own way of life, or culture. Some parts of culture are easy to see. You can see how people dress and what they eat.

Others are not so easy to see. You cannot see what people believe. You cannot always see what their **values** are.



These girls are dressed in traditional Mexican dancing costumes.

Mexican Food

Have you ever eaten a tortilla? A tortilla (toretee-yuh) is a **flat** bread made of corn meal or wheat flour. Tortillas are a food that is part of Mexican culture.

Frijoles (free-*hoh*-les), or beans, are another important food in Mexico. Frijoles can be eaten with tortillas or alone. Mexicans often **add spices** to frijoles.



Chilies are an important flavor in Mexican food.

阅读进阶词汇 chili /'tʃɪli/n.红辣椒 spice / spaɪs/n.香料

阅读参考词汇
frijole / 'fri:həʊl/
n.菜豆
taco / tɑ:kəʊ/
墨西哥玉米薄卷饼
tortilla / tɔ:'ti:jə/
n.玉米粉圆饼

Meat and vegetables can be wrapped in a wheat-flour tortilla to make a *taco*.

Mexican Values

Spending time with family and friends is important to Mexicans. This is one of their values. Mexican people like to invite guests to their homes. It is a sign of friendship. Mexicans like to say, "Mi casa es tu casa." This means, "My house is your house."

阅读进阶词汇 occasion /ə'keɪʒən/ n.场合, 时刻



Family and friends enjoy celebrating special occasions together.



Key Concept 2 Culture and celebrations help create a sense of national identity among people.

Culture and National Identity

Certain things bring the people of Mexico together. One of these things is the Mexican flag. Other things are Mexican art and language. Celebrations also bring Mexicans together. These things give the people a national identity.

阅读进阶词汇 bravery / 'breɪvəri/ n.勇敢 purity / 'pjʊərɪti/ n.纯净,纯洁 remind (of) 使…意识到 stripe / straɪp/n.条纹

Flag

The colors of the Mexican flag **stand for** values that are important to Mexicans. The green **stripe** stands for hope and victory. It **reminds** Mexicans of their fight with Spain to be a free country. The white stripe stands for the **purity** of Mexico's values. The red stripe stands for the **bravery** of Mexico's national heroes.



Art

Mexico's art is an important part of its culture. People in Mexico have made pottery for thousands of years. They often paint their pottery with bright **patterns**.

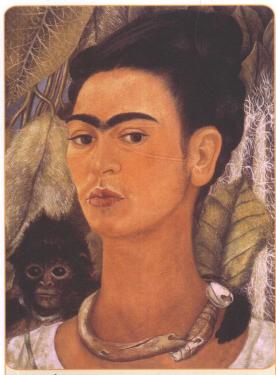
Do you know what a mural is? A mural is a large painting on a wall. One of Mexico's most famous artists was Diego Rivera. He lived from 1886 to 1957. Rivera painted murals about Mexican life. His wife, Frida Kahlo, was also a well-known Mexican painter.



A Mayan plate made in Mexico more than 1,000 years ago



Mexican artist Diego Rivera painted this mural in Mexico City.



Frida Kahlo painted this portrait of herself in the 1930s.

阅读进阶词汇 pattern /'pætən/n.图案 portrait /'pɔ:trɪt/n.肖像 阅读参考词汇 mural/'mjʊərəl/ n.壁画 pottery/'pɒtəri/ n.陶器

Music

Music is important in Mexican culture. Have you ever heard a *mariachi* band? Mariachis are men who sing. They also play guitars, trumpets, and violins. Mariachis often wear frilly shirts and hats called *sombreros* when they play. Mariachi bands are a colorful part of Mexican culture.

阅读参考词汇

frilly /'frɪli/ adj.镶褶边的 mariachi band 墨西哥流浪乐队 sombrero / sɒm'breərəu/ (墨西哥男子的)阔边草帽 trumpet /'trʌmpɪt/ n.喇叭

Language

Spanish is the official language of Mexico. Most Mexicans speak Spanish every day. However, many Mexicans speak Mexican Indian languages as well as Spanish. These languages are all part of Mexico's culture and national identity.



Celebrations

Mexican people have many national celebrations that stand for their values. One of these is the Day of the Dead. On this day, Mexicans remember their ancestors and other relatives who have died. Often, the Mexican people build altars for this celebration. An altar is a platform on which food, flowers, and other objects are placed. Then family members gather together to honor their dead ancestors.

阅读进阶词汇 ancestor / 'ænsəstə/ firework/'fa1aw3:k/ n.焰火 parade/pə'reid/ platform /'plætfo:m/ n.平台

阅读参考词汇 altar /'ɔ:ltə/ n.祭坛 skeleton/'skelitan/ n. 骷髅

Cinco de Mayo is a celebration about Mexican history.

Cinco de Mayo celebrates a Mexican victory over the French in 1862. Today, people celebrate Cinco de Mayo with parades and fireworks. They sometimes wear costumes and act out the Mexican victory.

