# Coding for MIMO Communication Systems

Tolga M. Duman and Ali Ghrayeb



TN92 D885

# Coding for MIMO Communication Systems

#### Tolga M. Duman

Arizona State University, USA

Ali Ghrayeb

Concordia University, Canada







John Wiley & Sons, Ltd

Copyright © 2007

John Wiley & Sons Ltd, The Atrium, Southern Gate, Chichester, West Sussex PO19 8SQ, England

Telephone (+44) 1243 779777

Email (for orders and customer service enquiries): cs-books@wiley.co.uk Visit our Home Page on www.wileyeurope.com or www.wiley.com

All Rights Reserved. No part of this publication may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system or transmitted in any form or by any means, electronic, mechanical, photocopying, recording, scanning or otherwise, except under the terms of the Copyright, Designs and Patents Act 1988 or under the terms of a licence issued by the Copyright Licensing Agency Ltd, 90 Tottenham Court Road, London W1T 4LP, UK, without the permission in writing of the Publisher. Requests to the Publisher should be addressed to the Permissions Department, John Wiley & Sons Ltd, The Atrium, Southern Gate, Chichester, West Sussex PO19 8SQ, England, or emailed to permreq@wiley.co.uk, or faxed to (+44) 1243 770620.

This publication is designed to provide accurate and authoritative information in regard to the subject matter covered. It is sold on the understanding that the Publisher is not engaged in rendering professional services. If professional advice or other expert assistance is required, the services of a competent professional should be sought.

#### Other Wiley Editorial Offices

John Wiley & Sons Inc., 111 River Street, Hoboken, NJ 07030, USA

Jossey-Bass, 989 Market Street, San Francisco, CA 94103-1741, USA

Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH, Boschstr. 12, D-69469 Weinheim, Germany

John Wiley & Sons Australia Ltd, 42 McDougall Street, Milton, Queensland 4064, Australia

John Wiley & Sons (Asia) Pte Ltd, 2 Clementi Loop #02-01, Jin Xing Distripark, Singapore 129809

John Wiley & Sons Canada Ltd, 6045 Freemont Blvd, Mississauga, Ontario, L5R 4J3, Canada

Wiley also publishes its books in a variety of electronic formats. Some content that appears in print may not be available in electronic books.

Anniversary Logo Design: Richard J. Pacifico

#### Library of Congress Cataloging-in-Publication Data

Duman, Tolga M.

Coding for MIMO communication systems / Tolga M. Duman, Ali Ghrayeb. p. cm.

ISBN 978-0-470-02809-4 (cloth)

1. Space time codes. 2. MIMO systems. 3. Wireless communication systems. I. Ghrayeb, Ali. II. Title.

TK5103.4877.D86 2007

621.3840285'572 - dc22

2007025115

#### British Library Cataloguing in Publication Data

A catalogue record for this book is available from the British Library ISBN 978-0-470-02809-4 (HB)

Typeset in 10/12pt Times by Laserwords Private Limited, Chennai, India Printed and bound in Great Britain by Antony Rowe Ltd, Chippenham, Wiltshire This book is printed on acid-free paper responsibly manufactured from sustainable forestry in which at least two trees are planted for each one used for paper production.

# Coding for MIMO Communication Systems

## **About the Authors**

#### Tolga M. Duman

Tolga M. Duman received the B.S. degree from Bilkent University, Ankara, Turkey, in 1993, M.S. and Ph.D. degrees from Northeastern University, Boston, in 1995 and 1998, respectively, all in electrical engineering. Since August 1998, he has been with the Electrical Engineering Department of Arizona State University, first as an Assistant Professor (1998–2004), and currently as an Associate Professor. He spent the 2004–05 academic year as a visiting associate professor at Bilkent University in Turkey. Dr. Duman's current research interests are in digital communications, wireless and mobile communications, MIMO systems, channel coding, underwater acoustic communications, and applications of coding to wireless and recording channels.

Dr. Duman is a recipient of the National Science Foundation CAREER Award and IEEE Third Millennium medal. He is a senior member of IEEE, and an editor for *IEEE Transactions on Wireless Communications* and *IEEE Transactions on Communications*.

#### Ali Ghrayeb

Ali Ghrayeb received the Ph.D. degree in electrical engineering from the University of Arizona, Tucson, AZ, in May 2000. He is currently an Associate Professor in the Department of Electrical and Computer Engineering, Concordia University, Montreal, Canada. He holds a Concordia Research Chair in High-Speed Wireless Communications. His research interests are in wireless and mobile communications, wireless networks, and coding and signal processing for data transmission and storage. He has co-instructed technical tutorials and short courses on Coding for MIMO Systems and on Synchronization for WCDMA Systems at several major IEEE conferences. He serves as an Associate Editor for IEEE Transactions on Vehicular Technology and Wiley Wireless Communications and Mobile Computing Journal.

### **Preface**

Employing multiple transmit and receive antennas, namely using multi-input multi-output (MIMO) systems, has proven to be a major breakthrough in providing reliable wireless communication links. Since their invention in the mid-1990s, transmit diversity, achieved through space-time coding, and spatial multiplexing schemes have been the focus of much research in the area of wireless communications. Although many significant advancements have been made recently in MIMO communications, there is still much ongoing research in this area. Parallel to that, communication companies have already started looking into integrating MIMO systems in their current and future wireless communication systems. In fact, several standards for future wireless communication applications have already adopted MIMO systems as an option.

This book is intended to provide a comprehensive coverage of coding techniques for MIMO communication systems. The contents of this book have evolved over the past several years as a result of our own research in MIMO communications, and the tutorials and short courses we have given at several conferences (including IEEE International Conference on Communications (ICC), Global Telecommunications Conference (GLOBECOM), Vehicular Technology Conference (VTC), and Wireless Communications and Networking Conference (WCNC)). The feedback we have received motivated us to write this book in order to address the fundamentals of MIMO communications in an accessible manner.

At this time, several books have been published on MIMO systems. However, there are a number of factors that differentiate this book from the existing ones. First, we try to stay away from including very complicated derivations, mathematical expressions, and very specific systems. Instead, we focus more on the fundamental issues pertaining to MIMO systems. We use language that is easy to comprehend for a wide audience interested in this topic, including starting graduate or senior undergraduate students majoring in electrical engineering with some limited training in digital communications and probability theory. For certain topics, we present more details with some derivations in an effort to accommodate the needs of a more specific group of researchers or advanced graduate students. However, the book is organized in such a way that these subjects are easy to spot, and thus, these should not overwhelm the rest of the audience. Another major factor that differentiates this book from other books is the breadth of coverage of topics. For instance, in addition to our coverage of basic MIMO communication algorithms, such as space-time block codes, space-time trellis codes, unitary and differential signaling and spatial multiplexing schemes, we include a detailed coverage of turbo codes and iterative decoding for MIMO systems, antenna selection algorithms, practical issues such as spatial correlation and channel estimation, as well as MIMO systems for frequency selective fading channels. Finally, we provide numerous examples - some elementary, some more advanced - on various topics

xiv PREFACE

covered, and a large number of references on MIMO communications at the end of each chapter.

#### Audience

The primary audience of this book is senior undergraduate students, graduate students, practitioners and researchers who are interested in learning more about MIMO systems, or perhaps would like to get into this area of research. For the audience to get the full benefits of the book, it is recommended that they have some background in digital communications, linear algebra and probability theory.

Although this book is intended primarily for researchers and practitioners, it can also be adopted as a textbook for a graduate level, or an advanced undergraduate level, course on "Wireless MIMO Communications." The language, organization, and flow of the material should make this easy. The material could be covered in a one-semester course. In order to facilitate its use as a textbook, the book is also complemented with a set of problems at the end of each chapter which serve the purpose of making the main topics covered in each chapter more clear, and shedding some light on certain aspects that are not provided in detail in the text.

#### Acknowledgments

We thank the National Science Foundation of the United States and the Natural Sciences and Engineering Research Council of Canada for providing us with research funding in the area of MIMO communications over the past several years which enabled our collaboration on the subject, and made this project possible. Furthermore, we have received help from many individuals in completing this work. In particular, we appreciate the help we received from our former and current students in generating many of the figures throughout the book, and numerous suggestions they have provided. Tolga M. Duman wishes to thank Jun Hu, Subhadeep Roy, Mustafa N. Kaynak, Israfil Bahceci, Andrej Stefanov, Zheng Zhang, Vinod Kandasamy, Yunus Emre, Tansal Gucluoglu, and Renato Machado. Ali Ghrayeb would like to thank Xian Nian Zeng, Abdollah Sanei, Chuan Xiu Huang, Hao Shen, May Gomaa, Jeyadeepan Jeganathan and Ghaleb Al Habian. In addition, we would like to express our gratitude to John G. Proakis, Masoud Salehi, William E. Ryan, Cihan Tepedepenlioglu, Junshan Zhang and Walaa Hamouda for their feedback on various drafts of the book.

Finally, Tolga M. Duman would like to thank his wife, Dilek, for her understanding, love and support. Ali Ghrayeb wishes to express his gratitude to his wife, Rola, and his sons Adam and Mohamed for their continuous support, encouragement, patience and love throughout the course of writing this book.

Tolga M. Duman, Arizona State University

Ali Ghrayeb, Concordia University

# **Notation**

$\approx$	approximately equal to
≜	defined as equal to
>>	much greater than
«	much less than
	multiplication operator
arg max [f(x)]	the value of $x$ that maximizes the function $f(x)$
$\arg \max_{x} [f(x)]$ $\arg \min_{x} [f(x)]$	the value of $x$ that minimizes the function $f(x)$
$\exp(x)$	exponential of x (i.e., $e^x$ )
$Im\{x\}$	the imaginary part of x
$Re\{x\}$	the real part of $x$
Q(x)	Gaussian Q-function $\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}}\int_{x}^{\infty}e^{-t^{2}/2}dt\right)$
$\mathbb{R}$	the field of all real numbers
$X \sim p_X(x)$	the random variable X has p.d.f. $p_X(x)$
E[X]	the expected value of random variable $X$
H(X)	the entropy of random variable $X$
H(Y X)	the conditional entropy of random variable Y given random
	variable X
I(X;Y)	the mutual information between random variables $X$ and $Y$
x	the absolute value of the complex number x
$\angle x$	the angle of the complex number x
<i>x</i> *	the conjugate of a scalar or vector quantity
x	the vector x
x	the norm of vector $\mathbf{x}$
$x^T$	the transpose of vector $\mathbf{x}$
$x^H$	the Hermitian (conjugate transpose) of vector $x$
$\boldsymbol{A}$	the matrix $A$
$\boldsymbol{A}^T$	the transpose of matrix $A$
$A^H$	the Hermitian (conjugate transpose) of matrix A
$A^*$	the conjugate of matrix A
$A^{-1}$	the inverse of matrix A
$\ A\ $	the Frobenius norm of the matrix A (i.e., sum of
	absolute value squares of all the entries of $A$ )
det(A)	the determinant of matrix A
trace(A)	the trace of matrix $A$

xxvi NOTATION

$I_N$	the $N \times N$ identity matrix
$0_N$	the $N \times N$ all zero matrix
$0_{M \times N}$	the $M \times N$ all zero matrix
$diag\{a_1, a_2, \ldots, a_N\}$	the diagonal matrix with elements $a_1, a_2, \ldots, a_N$ on the
	main diagonal
$N_t$	number of transmit antennas
$N_r$	number of receive antennas
$h_{i,j}$	channel coefficient between the ith transmit and jth receive
	antennas
$h^{(l)}(k)$	ISI channel coefficient for the $l$ th tap at time $k$
$h_{i,j}^{(l)}(k)$	channel coefficient from the $i$ th antenna to the $j$ th antenna
	at time $k$ for the $l$ th channel tap
H	MIMO channel matrix
X	transmitted signal
Y	received signal
N	AWGN noise
ho	average signal-to-noise ratio at each receive antenna
L	number of intersymbol interference taps
$L_r$	number of selected antennas at the receiver side
$L_t$	number of selected antennas at the transmitter side
$R_c$	code rate
$P_b$	bit error probability
$P_e$	probability of error
T	coherence time in number of symbols
N	frame length at each transmit antenna
$\log_x \det[A]$	the log, base $x$ , of the determinant of matrix $A$
sinc(x)	the sinc function $(\sin(\pi x)/\pi x)$
$X \sim \mathcal{CN}(0, 1)$	the random variable $X$ is circularly symmetric complex
	Gaussian
	with zero mean and variance 1/2 in each dimension
W	bandwidth of a signal
C(f;t)	time-varying frequency response of a wireless channel
$c(\tau;t)$	impulse response of a wireless channel
$T_m$	multipath spread
$B_D$	Doppler spread
$B_C$	coherence bandwidth
$(\Delta t)_c$	coherence time (in seconds)
$S(\tau;\lambda)$	scattering function

## **Abbreviations**

APP a posteriori probability

AWGN additive white Gaussian noise

BP belief propagation

BICM bit interleaved coded modulation
BLAST Bell Laboratories layered space-time

BPSK binary phase shift keying
BSC binary symmetric channel
c.d.f. cumulative distribution function
CSI channel state information

DBLAST diagonal Bell Laboratories layered space-time

DFE decision feedback equalization
DFT discrete Fourier transform
DPSK differential phase shift keying
DSTC differential space-time code
EGC equal gain combining

EM expectation maximization
FFT fast Fourier transform
FS frequency selective
FSK frequency shift keying

HBLAST horizontal Bell Laboratories layered space-time

HDD hard decision decoding

IFFT inverse fast Fourier transform
IIR infinite impulse response
ISI intersymbol interference
LAPP log a posteriori probability
LDPC low density parity check

LLR log likelihood ratio

LOS line of sight LS least squares

LSTC layered space-time code MAP maximum a posteriori

MAPP modified a posteriori probability
MIMO multiple-input multiple-output
MISO multiple-output single-input

ML maximum likelihood

MLSD maximum likelihood sequence detector

xxviii ABBREVIATIONS

MLSTC multilayered space-time code MMSE minimum mean-squared error

MMSE-IC minimum mean-squared error with interference cancellation

M-PSK *M*-ary phase shift keying MRC maximum ratio combining

MSOVA modified soft output Viterbi algorithm
OFDM orthogonal frequency division multiplexing
OFDMA orthogonal frequency division multiple access

PAM pulse amplitude modulation

PCCC parallel concatenated convolutional code

PEP pairwise error probability p.d.f. probability density function

PSK phase shift keying

QAM quadrature amplitude modulation

RF radio frequency

RSC recursive systematic convolutional

SC selection combining

SCBLAST single code Bell Laboratories layered space-time

SCCC serial concatenated convolutional code

SDD soft decision decoding SISO soft-input soft-output SOVA soft-output Viterbi algo

SOVA soft-output Viterbi algorithm
SSC switch and stay combining
STBC space-time block code
STC space-time code

STC space-time code

STCM space-time coded modulation

STTC space-time trellis code

SVD singular value decomposition

TC-DSTC turbo coded differential space-time code TC-USTC turbo-coded unitary space-time code

TCM trellis-coded modulation
TDMA time-division multiple access
TSTC threaded space-time code
TuCM turbo-coded modulation
USTC unitary space-time code
VA Viterbi algorithm

VBLAST vertical Bell Laboratories layered space-time

ZF zero forcing

ZF-IC zero forcing with interference cancelation

# **Contents**

	Abo	ut the A	Authors					xi
	Preface							xiii
	List of Figures							XV
	List	les					xxiii	
	Nota	ation						xxv
	Abb	reviatio	ons				3	xxvii
1	Ove	rview						1
	1.1	Need 1	for MIMO Systems					1
	1.2		Communications in Wireless Standards					3
	1.3	Organi	ization of the Book		٠			3
	1.4	Other	Topics in MIMO Systems					5
2	Fadi	ing Cha	annels and Diversity Techniques					7
	2.1	Wirele	ess Channels	•		•		7
		2.1.1	Path Loss, Shadowing and Small-Scale Fading					9
		2.1.2	Fading Channel Models					10
	2.2	Error/0	Outage Probabilities over Fading Channels			•	٠	17
		2.2.1	Outage Probability for Rayleigh Fading Channels					17
		2.2.2	Average Error Probabilities over Rayleigh Fading Channels					18
		2.2.3	Extensions to Other Fading Channels	•				19
		2.2.4	Performance over Frequency Selective Fading Channels .					19
	2.3	Divers	sity Techniques	•				20
		2.3.1	Types of Diversity	٠			٠	21
		2.3.2	System Model for Lth Order Diversity					22
		2.3.3	Maximal Ratio Combining (MRC)					23
		2.3.4	Suboptimal Combining Algorithms					26
		2.3.5	Selection Combining				•	27
		2.3.6	Examples					28

	2.4	Channel Coding as a Means of Time Diversity	28
		2.4.1 Block Coding over a Fully Interleaved Channel	30
		2.4.2 Convolutional Coding	34
	2.5	Multiple Antennas in Wireless Communications	35
		2.5.1 Receive Diversity	35
		2.5.2 Smart Antennas and Beamforming	35
		2.5.3 Space-Time Coding – Basic Ideas	37
	2.6	Chapter Summary and Further Reading	38
	Prob	plems	39
3	Cap	pacity and Information Rates of MIMO Channels	43
	3.1	Capacity and Information Rates of Noisy Channels	43
	3.2	Capacity and Information Rates of AWGN and Fading Channels	45
		3.2.1 AWGN Channels	45
		3.2.2 Fading Channels	46
	3.3	Capacity of MIMO Channels	50
		3.3.1 Deterministic MIMO Channels	51
		3.3.2 Ergodic MIMO Channels	56
		3.3.3 Non-Ergodic MIMO Channels and Outage Capacity	60
		3.3.4 Transmit CSI for MIMO Fading Channels	62
	3.4	Constrained Signaling for MIMO Communications	64
	3.5	Discussion: Why Use MIMO Systems?	65
	3.6	Chapter Summary and Further Reading	67
		plems	68
			00
4	Spa	ce-Time Block Codes	71
	4.1	Transmit Diversity with Two Antennas: The Alamouti Scheme	71
		4.1.1 Transmission Scheme	72
		4.1.2 Optimal Receiver for the Alamouti Scheme	72
		4.1.3 Performance Analysis of the Alamouti Scheme	76
		4.1.4 Examples	77
	4.2	Orthogonal Space-Time Block Codes	79
		4.2.1 Linear Orthogonal Designs	80
		4.2.2 Decoding of Linear Orthogonal Designs	82
		4.2.3 Performance Analysis of Space-Time Block Codes	84
		4.2.4 Examples	86
	4.3	Quasi-Orthogonal Space-Time Block Codes	87
	4.4	Linear Dispersion Codes	88
	4.5	Chapter Summary and Further Reading	90
	Prob	lems	90
5	Spac	ce-Time Trellis Codes	93
	5.1	A Simple Space-Time Trellis Code	93
	5.2	General Space-Time Trellis Codes	94
		5.2.1 Notation and Preliminaries	95
		5.2.2 Decoding of Space-Time Trellis Codes	96
	5.3	Basic Space-Time Code Design Principles	97

CC	NTE	NTS		vii
		5.3.1	Pairwise Error Probability	97
		5.3.2	Space-Time Code Design Principles	99
		5.3.3	Examples of Good Space-Time Codes	101
		5.3.4	Space-Time Trellis Codes for Fast Fading Channels	104
	5.4	Repres	entation of Space-Time Trellis Codes for PSK Constellations	107
		5.4.1	Generator Matrix Representation	107
		5.4.2	Improved Space-Time Code Design	108
	5.5	Perform	nance Analysis for Space-Time Trellis Codes	109
		5.5.1	Union Bound for Space-Time Trellis Codes	110
		5.5.2	Useful Performance Bounds for Space-Time Trellis Codes	113
		5.5.3	Examples	118
	5.6	Compa	rison of Space-Time Block and Trellis Codes	120
	5.7		r Summary and Further Reading	121
	Prob	lems		122
6	Laye		ace-Time Codes	123
	6.1	Basic 1	Bell Laboratories Layered Space-Time (BLAST) Architectures	124
		6.1.1	VBLAST/HBLAST/SCBLAST	124
		6.1.2	Detection Algorithms for Basic BLAST Architectures	125
		6.1.3	Examples	131
	6.2	Diagor	nal BLAST (DBLAST)	135
		6.2.1	Detection Algorithms for DBLAST	136
		6.2.2	Examples	140
	6.3	Multila	ayered Space-Time Codes	142
		6.3.1	Encoder Structure	142
		6.3.2	Group Interference Cancellation Detection	143
		6.3.3	Example	145
	6.4	Thread	led Space-Time Codes	146
		6.4.1	Layering Approach	147
		6.4.2	Threaded Space-Time Code Design	148
		6.4.3	Example	150
		6.4.4	Detection of Threaded Space-Time Codes	151
	6.5	Other	Detection Algorithms for Spatial Multiplexing Systems	151
		6.5.1	Greedy Detection	152
		6.5.2	Belief Propagation Detection	152
		6.5.3	Turbo-BLAST Detection	153
		6.5.4	Reduced Complexity ZF/MMSE Detection	153
		6.5.5	Sphere Decoding	153
	6.6	Divers	ity/Multiplexing Gain Trade-off	154
	6.7		er Summary and Further Reading	158
	Prob	_		158
7			ed Codes and Iterative Decoding	161
	7.1		opment of Concatenated Codes	161
	7.2		tenated Codes for AWGN Channels	163
		7.2.1	Encoder Structures	163
		7.2.2	Iterative Decoder Structures	165

viii	CONTENTS

		7.2.3 The SOVA Decoder	
		7.2.4 Performance with Maximum Likelihood Decoding 181	
		7.2.5 Examples	
	7.3	Concatenated Codes for MIMO Channels	
		7.3.1 Concatenated Space-Time Turbo Coding Scheme 187	
		7.3.2 Turbo Space-Time Trellis Coding Scheme	
		7.3.3 Turbo Space-Time Coding Scheme 189	
	7.4	Turbo-Coded Modulation for MIMO Channels 190	
		7.4.1 Encoder Structure	
		7.4.2 Decoder Structure	
		7.4.3 Examples	
	7.5	Concatenated Space-Time Block Coding	
		7.5.1 Encoder Structure	
		7.5.2 Decoder Structure	
		7.5.3 Performance Analysis	
		7.5.4 Examples	
	7.6	Chapter Summary and Further Reading	
	Prob	lems	
0	TT	1 Diee	
8	8.1	ary and Differential Space-Time Codes  Consoity of Noncoherent MIMO Changele	
	0.1	Capacity of Noncoherent MIMO Channels	
		200	
	8.2		
	0.2	Unitary Space-Time Codes	
		212	
		8.2.3 Performance Analysis	
		8.2.5 Examples	
	8.3	Differential Space-Time Codes	
	0.5	8.3.1 Differential Space-Time Coding for Single Antenna Systems 221	
		8.3.2 Differential Space-Time Coding for MIMO Systems	
	8.4	Turbo-Coded Unitary Space-Time Codes	
	0.1	8.4.1 Encoder Structure	
		8.4.2 Noncoherent Iterative Decoder	
		8.4.3 Example	
	8.5	Trellis-Coded Unitary Space-Time Codes	
	8.6	Turbo-Coded Differential Space-Time Codes	
	0.0		
		255	
	8.7	230	
	Prob		
	1100	238	
9		e-Time Coding for Frequency Selective Fading Channels 239	
	9.1	MIMO Frequency Selective Channels	
	9.2	Capacity and Information Rates of MIMO Frequency Selective Fading	
		Channels	

CC	NTE	NTS		ix
		9.2.1	Information Rates with Gaussian Inputs	240
		9.2.2	Achievable Information Rates with Practical Constellations	241
		9.2.3	Examples	245
	9.3	Space-	Time Coding for MIMO FS Channels	247
		9.3.1	Interpretation of MIMO FS Channels Using Virtual Antennas	247
		9.3.2	A Simple Full Diversity Code for MIMO FS Channels	249
		9.3.3	Space-Time Trellis Codes for MIMO FS Channels	250
		9.3.4	Concatenated Coding for MIMO FS Channels	253
		9.3.5	Spatial Multiplexing for MIMO FS Channels	257
	9.4		el Detection for MIMO FS Channels	257
	15 (5.1)	9.4.1	Linear Equalization for MIMO FS Channels	258
		9.4.2	Decision Feedback Equalization for MIMO FS Channels	258
		9.4.3	Soft-Input Soft-Output Channel Detection	258
		9.4.4	Other Reduced Complexity Approaches	259
	9.5		OFDM Systems	260
	,	9.5.1	MIMO-OFDM Channel Model	261
		9.5.2	Space-Frequency Coding	262
		9.5.3	Challenges in MIMO-OFDM	263
	9.6		r Summary and Further Reading	263
	Prob	-		264
	1100			
10	Prac	tical Is	sues in MIMO Communications	267
	10.1	Channe	el State Information Estimation	267
		10.1.1	CSI Estimation Using Pilot Tones	268
		10.1.2	What to Do with CSI?	271
		10.1.3	Space-Time Coding Examples with Estimated CSI	272
	10.2		Channel Correlation for MIMO Systems	273
			Measurements and Modeling of Spatial Correlation	275
		10.2.2	Spatial Channel Correlation Models	276
			Channel Capacity with Spatial Correlation	277
			Space-Time Code Performance with Spatial Correlation	279
	10.3		ral Channel Correlation	281
			Communication System Design Issues	283
			r Summary and Further Reading	284
				285
11	A 4 -	mne C-	lection for MIMO Systems	287
11			lection for MIMO Systems ty-based Antenna Selection	287
	11.1			288
			•	289
			Optimal Selection	
			Simplified (Suboptimal) Selection	290
	11.0		Examples	290
	11.2	Energy	-based Antenna Selection	292

X	x	CONTENT	S'
	11.3.3 Fast Fading Channels		8
			9
	11.4 Antenna Selection for Space-Time B	lock Codes 30	12
	11.4.1 Receive Antenna Selection		12
	11.4.2 Transmit Antenna Selection		
	11.4.3 Examples		
	11.5 Antenna Selection for Combined Cha	annel Coding and Orthogonal STBCs 30	
	11.5.1 Performance Analysis	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	_
	11.5.2 Examples		
	11.6 Antenna Selection for Frequency Sel-	ective Channels 31	
	11.7 Antenna Selection with Nonidealities	31	1
	11.7.1 Impact of Spatial Correlation		
	11.7.2 Example		_
	11.7.3 Impact of Channel Estimation	n Error	
	11.8 Chapter Summary and Further Reading	ng	_
	Problems	31	200
			+
	Bibliography	31'	7

333

Index