

读真题
记单词

大学英语 四级词汇

(2009.12-2005.6)

李立新 主 编
傅芳欣 吴嘉平 王彦琳 副主编

710分

- 收词齐全 历年真题词汇一网打尽
- 注释精准 词条重点突出循环记忆
- 全面扩充 同义反义同根全面囊括
- 精准译文 巩固记忆写译双重提高

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前言

突破四级并不难，关键要过词汇关。众所周知，熟练掌握大纲要求的词汇是顺利通过四级考试的基石，所以选择一本最有效的词汇参考书至关重要。对于备考四级的同学来说，大纲和真题是最权威的复习资料。真题除了用来熟悉出题思路，提高解题技巧之外，还是记单词的经典蓝本，因为真题几乎涵盖了大纲词汇，而且体现了高频词汇，所以在真题中记单词使得备考更有针对性。此外，把单词放在真题语境中，记单词就会更高效。因此读真题记单词无疑是一种非常有效的方法。

本书具备以下特色：

一、涵盖历年真题词汇，注释精准重点突出

本书收录了2005—2009年的大学英语四级考试真题。所有词条的选择和注释都既严格按照大纲的要求，又考虑到考生的需求。所注词条包括真题中所有疑难词汇和词组，以及读写常用搭配，而且重点高频单词、词组在不同的篇章重复出现，便于读者巩固记忆。

本书的注释不求全面，但求精准、重点突出。每个单词和词组的第一个义项都是在对应的真题语境中的意义，随后是常用义项。考生掌握后就能轻松应对四级考试中的熟词生义、一词多义现象。

二、全面扩充核心词汇，囊括同义反义同根词组

笔者根据大纲的要求，考虑到实战需要，根据各类词汇的不同特点，对核心词汇进行了全面扩充，附有常用的同义词、反义词、同根词及词组，方便考生通过联想扩大词汇量。

三、在语境中记单词，从容应对新四级

虽然新四级不再有词汇题，但词汇测试渗透到了每个题型中，而且大纲要求更加注重在语篇中综合运用词汇的能力，这从2006年新四级真题的选词填空、完型填空以及翻译题中可见一斑。在真题语境中记住的单词和词组才可以灵活运用，才可以在考试中以不变应万变。

愿此书伴您走向成功！

编者
2010年1月

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文章词汇注释

▶▶ beneath [bi'ni:θ]

[释义] *prep.* ①在…下方 ②在底下

③在…的掩盖下

[同义] under, below, underneath

[反义] above

▶▶ secure [si'kjʊə]

[释义] *v.* ①使安全, 保护 ②保证获得

a. ①安全的 ②安心的 ③有把握的

[同义] guarantee, make safe

[同根] security [si'kjʊəriti] *n.* ①安全

②保护物 ③保证 ④确信, 把握

[词组] be secure of 对…有把握, 确信
feel secure about/as to 对…(觉得)
放心

secure (sth.) against/from 使(某物)
免遭

▶▶ electricity crisis 电力危机

▶▶ boost [bu:st]

[释义] *n.* ①推动(力) ②提高 *v.* ①举,
推 ②推动, 提高 ③增加

[同义] enhancement

▶▶ for sure 确切地, 毫无疑问, 肯定地

▶▶ crude [kru:d]

[释义] *a.* ①天然的 ②简单的 ③粗鲁的
④未加修饰的 *n.* 原油, 石油

[同义] natural, primitive, raw

[反义] refined

[同根] crudity ['kru:ditɪ] *n.* ①粗糙,
粗野 ②粗鲁的行为

▶▶ conduct [kən'dʌkt; -dækt]

[释义] *v.* ①做, 进行, 管理 ②为人,
表现 ③给…做向导 ④指挥

['kɒndʌkt; 'kɑ:n-] *n.* ①实施(方式),
经营(方式) ②行为, 品行 ③指导,
领导

[同义] do, perform, manage, behave

[同根] conduction [kən'dʌkʃn] *n.* ①传

导, 传导性 ②输送, 输导

conductor [kən'dʌktə] *n.* ①指导者

②售票员 ③指挥家 ④导体

conductive [kən'dʌktɪv] *a.* 传导的,
传导性的, 有传导力的

▶▶ output ['aʊtpʊt]

[释义] *n.* ①产量 ②产出, 生产 ③(工、
农业等的)产品, (文艺方面的)作品

▶▶ barrel ['bærəl]

[释义] *n.* ①桶, 一桶之量 ②圆筒 ③许
多, 大量 *v.* 把…装桶

▶▶ consumption [kən'sʌmpʃən]

[释义] *n.* ①消费量, 消耗量 ②消耗,
消费, 浪费

[反义] conservation

[同根] consume [kən'sju:m] *v.* ①消耗,
耗尽 ②吃完, 喝光 ③毁灭 ④挥霍

consumer [kən'sju:mə] *n.* ①消费
者, 用户 ②消耗者, 毁灭者

▶▶ pump [pʌmp]

[释义] *v.* ①(用泵)抽(水), 抽吸
②灌输, 注入 *n.* 泵, 抽水机

[词组] pump out 抽空

▶▶ reserve [ri'zɜ:v]

[释义] *n.* ①(常作 ~ s) (矿)藏量,
储量 ②贮备金, 储藏量 *v.* ①保留

②预订 ③把…专门留给 *a.* ①保留的
②留出的 ③后备的, 预备的

[同义] store

[同根] reservation [ˌrezə'veɪʃən] *n.* 保
留, (旅馆房间等)预定, 预约

reserved [ri'zɜ:vd] *a.* ①留作专用的,
储备的 ②预订的, 预约的 ③有所保
留的 ④拘谨的

[词组] keep in reserve 留作预备
with reserve 有保留地
without reserve 无保留地, 无条件地

▶▶ cut back on ①减少, 削减, 缩减
②倒叙

▶▶ equivalent [ˈɪkwɪvələnt]

[释义] *a.* ①相等的, 相同的 ②同等重要的 *n.* 等价物

[同义] equal, similar

[同根] equivalence [ˈɪkwɪvələns] *n.* 相等, 等价, 等效, (词语的) 等义

[词组] be equivalent to ①相等于..., 等(同)于 ②与...等效

▶▶ boom [bu:m]

[释义] *n.* ①迅速发展, 繁荣 ②隆隆声
v. ①繁荣 ②发出隆隆声 *a.* 繁荣的

[同义] prosperity, flourish

[同根] booming [ˈbu:mɪŋ] *a.* ①趋于繁荣的, 迅速发展的 ②隆隆作响的

▶▶ revenue [ˈrevɪnju:]

[释义] *n.* ①(国家的) 岁入, 税收
②尤指(大宗的) 收入, (从地产、投资等所得的) 收益

[同义] income

[词组] revenue tax (旨在筹措财政收入的) 岁入税

▶▶ lease [li:s]

[释义] *v.* 出租(土地等), 租得, 租有(土地等)

▶▶ fee [fi:]

[释义] *n.* ①费(如手续费, 会费等), 服务费, 酬金 ②赏金, 小费

[同义] charge

[词组] hold in fee 占有, 拥有

▶▶ advocate [ˈædvəkeɪt]

[释义] *n.* ①拥护者, 提倡者 ②辩护者, 律师 *v.* ①拥护, 主张

[同义] supporter, promoter, backer

[反义] opponent

[同根] advocacy [ˈædvəkəsi] *n.* ①拥护, 提倡 ②辩护, 辩护术

advocator [ˈædvəkətə] *n.* ①拥护者, 提倡者 ②辩护者

▶▶ drilling [ˈdrɪlɪŋ]

[释义] *n.* ①钻孔, 钻井 ②操练, 演习
a. ①钻孔的 ②辛辣的, 尖刻的

[同根] drill [drɪl] *v.* ①在...上打眼(或钻孔) ②训练, 演练 ③通过练习传授 *n.* ①钻头, 钻机 ②训练, 演练

▶▶ insignificant [ˌɪnsɪɡnɪfɪkənt]

[释义] *a.* ①可忽略的, 微小的 ②不重要的, 无意义的

[同义] unimportant, trivial

[反义] significant

[同根] insignificance [ˌɪnsɪɡnɪfɪkəns] *n.* ①微小 ②不重要, 无意义

▶▶ chase [tʃeɪs]

[释义] *v.* ①驱逐, 赶出 ②追赶, 追捕, 追寻 ③追求, 向...献殷勤 *n.* ①追赶, 追捕 ②追寻, 追求 ③被追猎的动物

[同义] drive out, pursue, run after, hunt

[词组] chase up ①追上 ②为某一目的而寻找

▶▶ estimate [ˈestɪmeɪt]

[释义] *n.* ①估计, 估计量 ②看法, 判断 *v.* ①估计, 估价 ②评价, 判断

[同根] overestimate [ˌoʊvəˈestɪmeɪt] *v.* 过高估计, 评价过高

underestimate [ˌʌndəˈestɪmeɪt] *v.* 低估, 看轻

[词组] by estimate 据估计

make an estimate of 给...作一估计, 评价

▶▶ recoverable [rɪˈkʌvərəblɪ]

[释义] *a.* ①可重获的 ②可恢复的, 能复原的 ③能追回的, (债务等) 能收回的

[同根] recover [rɪˈkʌvə] *v.* ①追回, 收复 ②挽回, 补偿 ③恢复(健康等)

recovery [rɪ'kʌvəri] *n.* ①追回, 收复
②恢复, 复苏 ③康复, 痊愈

▶ virtually ['vɜ:tʃʊəli]

[释义] *ad.* 实际上, 事实上, 差不多

[同义] in fact, almost, nearly

[同根] virtual [vɜ:tʃu:əl;-tʃʊəl]

a. ①实际上的, 事实上的 ② [计] 虚拟的

▶ regulatory ['regjʊlətəri]

[释义] *a.* ①管理的, 控制的 ②调整的, 调节的 ③受控制的

[同根] regulate ['regjuleɪt] *v.* ①管理, 控制 ②调整, 调节 ③使规则化 ④调

选顶词汇注释

▶ exhaust [ɪg'zɔ:st]

[释义] *v.* ①用尽, 耗尽 ②使精疲力竭 ③把…的内容抽空, 排完 *n.* ①(废气等的) 排出, 放出 ②排气装置 ③(排出的) 废气, 废液

[同义] use up, wear out

[反义] supply, refresh, renew

[同根] exhausted [ɪg'zɔ:stɪd] *a.* ①用完的, 枯竭的 ②极其疲惫的, 精疲力竭的

exhausting [ɪg'zɔ:stɪŋ] *a.* 使之用完的, 使人精疲力竭的

[词组] be exhausted by/with 因…而疲劳

▶ yield [ji:ld]

[释义] *n.* ①收益 ②产量 *v.* ①出产, 生产 ②产生(效果等) ③使屈服, 使投降 ④让出, 放弃

[同根] yielding ['ji:ldɪŋ] *a.* ①出产的 ②易弯曲的 ③柔顺的, 屈从的

[词组] yield to 屈服于, 让步于

▶ reliance [rɪ'laɪəns]

[释义] *n.* ①依靠, 依赖 ②信任, 信心 ③受信赖的人(或物)

整, 校准

regulation [regju'leɪʃən] *n.* ①规则, 条例 ②管理 ③校准, 调整

▶ point out 指出

▶ responsible [rɪ'spɒnsəbl]

[释义] *a.* ①承担责任的, 应负责任的 ②有责任能力的

[反义] irresponsible

[同根] responsibility [rɪ'spɒnsə'bɪlətɪ]

n. ①责任, 职责 ②责任感, 责任心

[词组] be responsible for 是造成…的原因, 为…负责

[同义] dependence

[同根] rely [rɪ'laɪ] *v.* ①依靠, 仰仗

②信赖, 相信, 指望

reliable [rɪ'laɪəbl] *a.* 可靠的, 可信的

reliant [rɪ'laɪənt] *a.* ①信赖的, 依靠的 ②有信心的, 自力更生的

[词组] place reliance on/upon 信任

▶ drain [dreɪn]

[释义] *v.* ①(使) 逐渐消耗 ②排干积水 *n.* ①消耗, 耗尽 ②排水沟

[同义] exhaust

[同根] drainage ['dreɪnɪdʒ] *n.* ①排水, 排泄 ②排泄物 ③排泄设备

[词组] drain away 使排出, 流出
drain of 使逐渐消耗

▶ commercial [kə'mɜ:ʃəl]

[释义] *a.* ①商业的 ②商品的 ③商业广告性的 *n.* (广播、电视等的) 商业广告

[同义] business-related

[同根] commerce ['kɒmɜ:s] *n.* ①商业, 贸易 ②社交, (意见等的) 交流

►► exploitation [ˌeksplɔɪ'teɪʃən]

[释义] *n.* ① (资源等的) 开发, 利用
② 剥削, 榨取

[同义] development, utilization, use

[同根] exploit [ɪk'splɔɪt] *v.* ① 开发, 开采 ② 利用 ③ 剥削

exploitative [ɪk'splɔɪtətɪv] *a.* ① 开发的, 开采的 ② 剥削的, 榨取的

►► optimistic [ɒptɪ'mɪstɪk]

[释义] *a.* 乐观的, 乐观主义的

[同义] hopeful, cheerful

[反义] pessimistic

[同根] optimism ['ɒptɪmɪzəm] *n.* ① 乐观 ② 乐观主义

optimist ['ɒptɪmɪst] *n.* 乐观主义者

►► get under way 开始进行

Passage 2

“Tear 'em apart!” “Kill the fool!” “Murder the referee (裁判) !”

These are common remarks one may hear at various sporting events. At the time they are made, they may seem innocent enough. But let's not kid ourselves. They have been known to influence behavior in such a way as to lead to real bloodshed. Volumes have been written about the way words affect us. It has been shown that words having certain connotations (含义) may cause us to react in ways quite foreign to what we consider to be our usual humanistic behavior. I see the term “opponent” as one of those words. Perhaps the time has come to delete it from sports terms.

The dictionary meaning of the term “opponent” is “adversary”, “enemy”, “one who opposes your interests.” Thus, when a player meets an opponent, he or she may tend to treat that opponent as an enemy. At such times, winning may dominate one's intellect, and every action, no matter how gross, may be considered justifiable. I recall an incident in a handball game when a referee refused a player's request for a time out for a glove change because he did not consider them wet enough. The player proceeded to rub his gloves across his wet T-shirt and then exclaimed, “Are they wet enough now?”

In the heat of battle, players have been observed to throw themselves across the court without considering the consequences that such a move might have on anyone in their way. I have also witnessed a player reacting to his opponent's intentional and illegal blocking by deliberately hitting him with the ball as hard as he could during the course of play. Off the court, they are good friends. Does that make any sense? It certainly gives proof of a court attitude which departs from normal behavior.

Therefore, I believe it is time we *elevated* (提升) the game to the level where it belongs thereby setting an example to the rest of the sporting world. Replacing the term “opponent” with “associate” could be an **ideal** way to start.

The dictionary meaning of the term “associate” is “colleague”, “friend”, “companion.” Reflect a moment! You may soon see and possibly feel the difference in your reaction to the term “associate” rather than “opponent.”

文章词汇注释

►► **tear apart** ①把…批评得体无完肤
②彻底搜查(某处)

►► **murder** ['mɜ:də]

[释义] *v.* ①谋杀, 残杀, 屠杀 ②扼杀(真理、艺术等) *n.* ①谋杀, 谋杀罪,
②〈口〉(对语言等的)破坏, 糟蹋

[同义] kill, slaughter, massacre

[同根] murderer ['mɜ:dərə] *n.* 杀人犯, 凶手

►► **remark** [rɪ'mɑ:k]

[释义] *n.* ①言辞, 言语, 评论 ②注意, 觉察 *v.* ①说, 评论 ②注意, 觉察

[同义] comment, statement

[同根] remarkable [rɪ'mɑ:kəbl] *a.* ①不平常的, 非凡的 ②显著的, 值得注意的 *n.* 引人注目的事, 知名人物

[词组] make/pass a remark on 就…发表意见, 对…品头论足

remark on/upon 谈论, 议论, 评论

►► **event** [ɪ'vent]

[释义] *n.* ①比赛项目 ②(常用复数) 时事, 时局 ③事件, 事变

[词组] at all events 无论怎样

in any event 无论如何

in the event of 万一, 如果…发生

in no event 决不能

►► **innocent** ['ɪnəsənt]

[释义] *a.* ①无害的 ②无罪的, 清白的

③单纯的, 坦率的 ④幼稚的, 无知的, 头脑简单的 *n.* ①无罪的人 ②天真无邪的人(尤指孩子) ③头脑简单的人, 无知的人

[同义] guiltless

[反义] guilty

[词根] innocence ['ɪnəsns] *n.* ①无罪, 清白 ②率直, 天真无邪 ③无知, 头脑简单

►► **bloodshed** ['blʌdʃed]

[释义] *n.* ①杀戮 ②流血

►► **volume** ['vɒlju:m; (US)-jəm]

[释义] *n.* ①书卷, 卷 ②体积, 容量
③份量, 额 ④音量

[词组] speak volumes (for sth.) 有力地说明, 充分证明

►► **react** [rɪ'ækt]

[释义] *v.* ①做出反应 ②影响, 起作用
③反抗, 反对

[同义] respond

[同根] reaction [rɪ:'ækjən] *n.* ①反应
②看法, 态度 ③反动, 对抗

►► **consider** [kən'sɪdə]

[释义] *v.* ①认为, 把…看作 ②考虑, 细想 ③体贴, 照顾

[同义] think, believe

[同根] consideration [kən'sɪdə'reɪʃən] *n.* ①考虑 ②需要考虑的事项 ③体

贴, 关心

considering [kən'sɪdərɪŋ] *prep.* 考虑到, 就…来说

considerable [kən'sɪdərəbl̩] *a.* ①相当大(或多)的 ②重大的, 重要的, 著名的

considerate [kən'sɪdərɪt̩] *a.* ①关切的, 体贴的, 体谅的 ②考虑周到的

▶▶ humanistic [ˌhju:mə'nɪstɪk]

[释义] *a.* 人道主义的, 人文主义(者)的, 人文学科的

[同根] human [ˌhju:mən] *n.* 人, 人类
a. ①人的, 人类的 ②有人性的, 通人情的

humanity [ˌhju:mænɪtɪ] *n.* ①人道, 仁慈, 博爱 ②人类 ③人性

humanism [ˌhju:mənɪzəm] *n.* 人道主义, 博爱精神

▶▶ opponent [ə'pəʊnənt]

[释义] *n.* 对手, 反对者 *a.* ①对立的, 敌对的 ②对面的

[同义] rival, challenger

[同根] oppose [ə'pəʊz] *v.* ①反对, 抵抗 ②阻挡, 妨碍 ③使相对, 使对抗
opposite ['ɒpəzɪt] *a.* ①对面的 ②截然相反的 ③反对的, 对立的

opposition [ɒpə'zɪʃən] *n.* ①反对, 敌对 ②反对党 ③对面的位置

▶▶ delete [dɪ'li:t]

[释义] *v.* ①删除, 划掉 ②消除, 擦去

[同义] cross out, erase

[同根] deletion [dɪ'li:ʃən] *n.* ①删除 ②删除部分

▶▶ dominate ['dɒmɪnənt]

[释义] *v.* ①支配, 控制 ②俯瞰, 俯视 ③在…中占首要位置

[同义] control, rule

[同根] dominant ['dɒmɪnənt] *a.* ①占优势的, 统治的 ②(在数量、分布等方面)占首位的, 主要的 *n.* 占优

势者

dominance ['dɒmɪnəns] *n.* 优势, 统治或支配的地位, 最高权力

domination [dɒmɪ'neɪʃən] *n.* 支配, 统治, 控制

▶▶ intellect ['ɪntɪlekt]

[释义] *n.* ①理智, 智力 ②理解力, 领悟力 ③才智非凡的人, [总称] 知识界

[同义] mind

[同根] intelligence [ɪn'telɪdʒəns]

n. ①智力, 才智 ②情报

intellectual [ˌɪntɪ'lektʃʊəl] *n.* 知识分子
a. ①知识的, 智力的, 理智的 ②用脑力的, 需智力的 ③智力发达的, 理解力强的

▶▶ gross [grəʊs]

[释义] *a.* ①恶劣的, 严重的 ②粗俗的, 下流的 ③总的, 毛的 *n.* ①总量, 总额 ②多数, 大多数 *v.* 赚的总收入或毛利

▶▶ justifiable ['dʒʌstɪfəɪəbl̩]

[释义] *a.* 无可非议的, 正当的

[同义] justified, reasonable, correct, right, proper

[反义] unreasonable

[同根] justify ['dʒʌstɪfaɪ] *v.* ①证明…正当, 为…辩护 ②证明…无罪 ③证明…合法

justification [dʒʌstɪfɪ'keɪʃən] *n.* ①认为有理, 认为正当 ②正当的理由, 借口

▶▶ time out ① [体] (球类等比赛进行中的) 暂停 ② (工作等活动中的) 暂停时间, 休息时间

▶▶ proceed [prə'si:d]

[释义] *v.* ①继续进行, 进而做 ②进行, 开展 ③行进, 前进

[同根] process ['prəʊses] *n.* ①过程, 变化过程 ②步骤, 加工方法 ③(时

间等)进行, 进展 *v.* ①对...进行加工 ②使接受处理(或检查, 审议)
procedure [prə'si:dʒə] *n.* ①程序, 步骤 ②常规, 传统做法 ③[计]过程

procession [prə'seʃən;prəu-] *n.* ①行列, 队伍 ②连续, 一(长)排 ③列队行进

▶ *exclaim* [ɪk'skleɪm]

[释义] *v.* ①(表示抗议等)大声叫嚷 ②(由于痛苦等)呼喊, 惊叫

[同义] *cry, shout*

[反义] *whisper*

[同根] *exclamation* [ˌɛksklə'meɪʃən] *n.* ①喊叫, 惊叫 ②感叹词

▶ *consequence* ['kɒnsɪkwəns; (US) 'kɒnsɪkwəns]

[释义] *n.* ①结果, 后果 ②重要性, 价值

[同义] *result, effect*

[词根] *consequent* ['kɒnsɪkwənt] *a.* ①作为结果(或后果)的 ②合乎逻辑的, 合理的 *n.* 结果, 随后的事(或事件)

consequently ['kɒnsɪkwəntli] *ad.* 因此, 所以

[词组] *as a consequence* 因而, 结果
in consequence 因此, 结果
of no consequence 不重要的, 无足轻重的
without negative consequence 没有副作用

▶ *witness* ['wɪtnɪs]

[释义] *v.* ①目击, 注意到 ②为...作证, 证明 ③作...的证人 *n.* ①见证人 ②证据, 证词 ③可作证据的人(或物)

[词组] *bear witness* 作证, 证明, 表明
in witness of 作为...的证明, 为...作证

▶ *illegal* [ɪ'li:ɡəl]

[释义] *a.* 违反规则的, 不合法的, 非法的

[同义] *unlawful*

[反义] *legal*

▶ *deliberately* [dɪ'lɪbəreɪli]

[释义] *ad.* ①故意地, 蓄意地 ②慎重地, 审慎地 ③从容地

[同义] *on purpose, purposely, with intent, by design*

[同根] *deliberate* [dɪ'lɪbəreɪt] *v.* ①仔细考虑 ②商议 [dɪ'lɪbəreɪt] *a.* ①慎重的 ②蓄意的 ③从容的

deliberation [dɪ,lɪbə'reɪʃən] *n.* ①细想, 研究 ②审议, 商议 ③审慎, 从容

deliberative [dɪ'lɪbəreɪtɪv] *a.* ①审议的, 有审议权的 ②考虑过的, 慎重的

▶ *make any sense* 有意义, 有道理, 讲得通

▶ *depart from* ①违反, 背离 ②离开, 从...出发

▶ *replace...with...* 用...替代...

▶ *ideal* [aɪ'diəl]

[释义] *a.* ①理想的, 完美的, 典型的 ②空想的, 想象中的 *n.* ①理想 ②完美, 典型 ③努力目标, 最终目的 ④设想, 想象中的事物

[同义] *unrealistic, romantic*

[反义] *realistic*

[同根] *idealism* [aɪ'diəlɪzəm] *n.* ①唯心主义, 唯心论, 观念论, 理念论 ②理想主义

idealist [aɪ'diəlɪst] *n.* 理想主义者, 空想家

idealistic [aɪ,dɪə'lɪstɪk] *a.* ①理想主义(者)的, 空想(家)的 ②唯心主义(者)的

▶ *companion* [kəm'pænjən]

[释义] *n.* ①同伴, 伴侣 ②成对(副、双)

的东西之一 *v.* ①陪伴, 与...为伴

②结伴, 交往

[同义] friend

[同根] company ['kʌmpəni] *n.* ①公司, 商号 ②陪伴, 交往 ③一群人

④同伴(们), 朋友(们) *a.* ①待客

的 ②公司的

companionable [kəm'pænjənəbl]

a. 友善的, 好交际的

companionship [kəm'pænjənʃɪp]

n. ①伴侣关系 ②交际, 交往

选项词汇注释

▶ athlete ['æθli:t]

[释义] *n.* ①运动员, 选手 ②身强力壮的人

[同义] sportsperson

▶ harsh [hɑ:f]

[释义] *a.* ①苛刻的, 严厉的 ②毛糙的 ③刺目的 ④崎岖不平的

[同根] harshly [hɑ:ʃli] *ad.* 严厉地, 苛刻地

▶ short-tempered [ʃɔ:t'tempəd]

[释义] *a.* 脾气暴躁的, 易发怒的

[同义] quick-tempered, irritable, impatient

[反义] patient

▶ offend [ə'fend]

[释义] *v.* ①使生气, 冒犯, 得罪 ②违犯, 违反

[同根] offence [ə'fens] *n.* ①冒犯, 得罪 ②犯法(行为), 过错 ③引起反感的事物 ④进攻

offensive [ə'fensɪv] *a.* ①得罪人的, 无礼的 ②攻击的, 进攻性的

▶ rival ['raɪvəl]

[释义] *n.* ①竞争对手, 敌手 ②可与之匹敌的人(或物) *a.* 竞争的, 对立的 *v.* ①与...竞争 ②努力赶上(他人的事业等) ③与...匹敌, 比得上

[同义] competitor, opponent

▶ illegally [ɪ'li:gəli]

[释义] *ad.* 违反规则地, 违法地

[同义] unlawfully

[同根] legal ['li:gəl] *a.* ①法律(上)的 ②合法的 ③法定的

legalize ['li:gəlaɪz] *v.* 使合法化, 使得到法律认可

▶ keep on 继续, 保持

▶ scream [skri:m]

[释义] *v.* ①(因恐惧等而)尖声叫喊 ②(机器等)发出尖锐刺耳的声音 ③纵声大笑 ④强烈要求 *n.* ①尖叫声, 惊叫声 ②尖锐刺耳的声音

[反义] whisper

[同根] screaming ['skri:mɪŋ] *a.* ①发出尖叫的 ②引人注目的 ③引人捧腹大笑的

[词组] scream for 强烈要求
scream out 大叫

▶ protest ['prəʊtest]

[释义] *n.* ①抗议 ②申明 *v.* ①申明 ②抗议 *a.* 抗议性的, 表示抗议的

[同义] objection

[词组] under protest 被迫地, 持异议地, 不情愿地
without protest 心甘情愿地, 无异议地

▶ call on ①呼吁, 要求 ②访问, 拜访, 探望 ③邀请

▶ sense of responsibility 责任感

Consumers are being confused and misled by the *hodge-podge* (大杂烩) of environmental claims made by household products, according to a “green labeling” study published by Consumers International Friday.

Among the report's more *outrageous* (令人无法容忍的) findings—a German fertilizer described itself as “earthworm friendly”, a brand of flour said it was “non-polluting” and a British toilet paper claimed to be “environmentally friendlier.”

The study was written and researched by Britain's National Consumer Council (NCC) for lobby group Consumer International. It was funded by the German and Dutch governments and the European Commission.

“While many good and useful claims are being made, it is clear there is a long way to go in ensuring shoppers who are adequately informed about the environmental impact of products they buy,” said Consumers International director Anna Fielder.

The 10-country study surveyed product packaging in Britain, Western Europe, Scandinavia and the United States. It found that products sold in Germany and the United Kingdom made the most environmental claims on average.

The report focused on claims made by specific products, such as detergent (洗涤剂) and insect sprays, and by some garden products. It did not test the claims, but compared them to labeling guidelines set by the International Standards Organization (ISO) in September, 1999.

Researchers documented claims of environmental friendliness made by about 2,000 products and found many too vague or too misleading to meet ISO standards. “Many products had specially-designed labels to make them seem environmentally friendly, but in fact many of these symbols mean nothing,” said report researcher Philip Page.

“Laundry detergents made the most number of claims with 158. Household cleaners were second with 145 separate claims. While paints were third on our list with 73. The high numbers show how very confusing it must be for consumers to sort the true from the misleading,” he said.

The ISO labeling standards ban vague or misleading claims on product

packaging, because terms such as “environmentally friendly” and “non-polluting” cannot be verified. “What we are now pushing for is to have multinational corporations meet the standards set by the ISO.” said Page.

文章词汇注释

▶ mislead [mɪs'li:d]

[释义] *v.* ①把…引错方向, 把…引入歧途, 误导 ②使产生错误想法

[同义] misdirect

[同根] misleading [mɪs'li:dɪŋ] *a.* ①迷惑人的, 使人产生误解的 ②引入歧途的

▶ fertilizer ['fɜ:tɪlaɪzə]

[释义] *n.* ①肥料 (特指化肥) ②使丰富者, 促进发展者

[同根] fertilize ['fɜ:tɪlaɪz] *v.* ①施肥于, 使肥沃 ②使丰富, 促进…的发展

fertile ['fɜ:taɪl;fɜ:tl] *a.* ①肥沃的, 多产的 ②可繁殖的 ③想象力丰富的, 富于创造的

▶ flour ['flaʊə]

[释义] *n.* ①面粉, (谷物等磨成的) 粉 ②粉状物质

▶ non-polluting ['nɒnpə.lu:tɪŋ]

[释义] *a.* 不污染的, 污染极小的

▶ toilet paper 卫生纸, 手纸

▶ fund [fʌnd]

[释义] *v.* 为…提供资金 *n.* ①资金, 基金, 专款 ②储备, 蕴藏 ③ [pl.] (银行) 存款, 现款 ④特别基金管理机构

[同义] finance, sponsor

▶ a long way to go 有很长的一段路要走

▶ informed [ɪn'fɔ:md]

[释义] *a.* ①了解情况的, 见多识广的 ②有教养的, 开明的

[同义] learned

[同根] inform [ɪn'fɔ:m] *v.* ①通知, 告诉, 报告 ②告发, 检举
information [ˌɪnfə'meɪʃən] *n.* ①通知, 报告 ②消息, 资料 ③知识

▶ packaging ['pækɪdʒɪŋ]

[释义] *n.* ①包装, 打包 ②包装物, 包装术, 包装业

[同根] pack [pæk] *n.* 包裹, 背包 *v.* 包装, 捆扎, 塞满, 压紧

package ['pækɪdʒ] *n.* ①包裹, 小盒 ②包装袋 ③一揽子交易 (或计划等)
v. ①包裹, 把…打包 ②包装 (商品) ③把…组合成一体

▶ specific [spɪ'sɪfɪk]

[释义] *a.* ①明确的, 具体的 ②特有的, 独特的

[同根] specify ['spesɪfaɪ] *v.* 具体指定, 详细说明

specification [ˌspesɪfɪ'keɪʃən]

n. ①具体指定, 详细说明 ② [常作~s] 规格, 工程设计 (书), 详细计划 (书), 说明书

▶ insect spray 杀虫剂

▶ compare...to... ①把…和…比较 ②把…比作…

▶ document ['dɒkjʊmənt]

[释义] *v.* ①用文件等证明, 为…提供文件 ②为 (书等) 引证 ③用纪实材料作成 (影片等) *n.* ①文献, 公文

②证件, 单据

[同根] documental [ˌdɒkjʊ'mentəl]

a. ①文件的, 公文的 ②记录的, 记录的

▶ vague [veɪg]

[释义] a. ①模糊的, 含糊的 ②没有表情的, 茫然的

[反义] clear

[同根] vagueness ['veɪɡnɪs] n. ①含糊, 模糊 ②不明确的事, 模糊的东西

▶ laundry ['lɔ:ndri]

[释义] n. ①〈口〉所(送)洗的衣物 ②洗衣房, 洗衣店

选顶词汇注释

▶ outrageous [aʊ'treɪdʒəs]

[释义] a. ①令人不能容忍的 ②凶暴的 ③肆无忌惮的 ④极棒的

[同根] outrage ['aʊtreɪdʒ] n. ①肆无忌惮的恶行, 不法行为 ②侮辱, 冒犯 v. ①激怒 ②伤害(感情等) ③对... 施暴行

▶ become aware of 发觉, 注意到

▶ inform...of... 通知..., 告诉...

▶ revise [rɪ'vaɪz]

[释义] v. ①修改, 改正 ②修订, 校订

[同义] modify, adjust

[同根] revision [rɪ'vɪʒn] n. ①修订, 修改 ②校订本, 订正版

▶ arouse [ə'raʊz]

[释义] v. ①引起, 激起 ②使... 奋发, 使... 行动起来 ③唤起, 唤醒

[同义] stimulate, stir

▶ widespread ['wɜ:dspreɪd; -'spred]

[释义] a. ①普遍的, 广泛的 ②充分伸

▶ sort...from... 把...从...挑出来, 区分, 区别

▶ verify ['verɪfaɪ]

[释义] v. ①证明, 证实 ②核实, 查对, 查清

[同义] confirm, prove

[反义] disprove

[同根] verification [ˌverɪfɪ'keɪʃən]

n. ①证明, 证实 ②核实, 查对, 查清

verifiable ['verɪfəəbl] a. 可证实的, 可核实的

▶ multinational corporation 跨国公司

展的 ③分布广的

[同义] extensive, general

[反义] limited

▶ tempt [tempt]

[释义] v. ①诱惑, 引诱 ②吸引, 引起... 的兴趣 ③冒... 的风险

[同义] appeal, attract

[同根] temptation [temp'teɪʃən]

n. ①诱惑, 引诱 ②诱惑物

tempting ['temptɪŋ] a. 诱人的, 吸引人的

▶ satisfy ['sætɪsfaɪ]

[释义] v. ①符合, 达到(要求等), 满足(需要等) ②使满意

[同根] satisfaction [ˌsætɪs'fækʃən]

n. ①满意, 满足 ②使人满意的原因, 乐事

satisfied ['sætɪsfaɪd] a. 感到满意的, 满足的

satisfactory [ˌsætɪs'fæktəri] a. 令人满意的

Passage 4

Two hours from the tall buildings of Manhattan and Philadelphia live some of the world's largest black bears. They are in northern Pennsylvania's Pocono Mountains, a home they share with an **abundance** of other wildlife.

The streams, lakes, *meadows* (草地), mountain **ridges** and forests that make the Poconos an ideal place for black bears have also attracted more people to the region. Open spaces are threatened by plans for housing **estates** and important *habitats* (栖息地) are **endangered** by highway **construction**. To protect the Poconos' natural beauty from **irresponsible** development, the *Nature Conservancy* (大自然保护协会) named the area one of America's "Last Great Places".

Operating out of a century-old schoolhouse in the village of Long Pond, Pennsylvania, the **conservancy's** bud Cook is working with local people and business leaders to **balance** economic growth **with** environmental protection. By **forging partnerships** with people like Francis Altemose, the Conservancy has been able to protect more than 14, 000 **acres** of environmentally important land in the area.

Altemose's family has farmed in the Pocono area for generations. Two years ago Francis worked with the Conservancy to include his farm in a county farmland protection program. **As a result**, his family's land can be protected from development and the Altemoses will be better able to provide a secure financial future for their 7-year-old grandson.

Cook **attributes** the Conservancy's success in the Poconos to having a local **presence** and a **commitment** to working with local **residents**. "The key to protecting these **remarkable** lands is **connecting with** the local community," Cook said. "The people who live there respect the land. They value quite forests, clear streams and abundant wildlife. They are eager to help with conservation effort".

For more information on how you can help The Nature Conservancy protect the Poconos and the world's other "Last Great Places," please call 1-888-564 6864 or visit us on the World Wide Web at www.tnc.org.