The Chemistry of Synthetic Dyes

EDITED BY K. VENKATARAMAN

YOLUME Y



7800445

外文书库

The Chemistry of SYNTHETIC DYES

VOLUME V

Edited by

K. VENKATARAMAN

National Chemical Laboratory Poona, India





1971

ACADEMIC PRESS

New York and London

COPYRIGHT © 1971, BY ACADEMIC PRESS, INC.

ALL RIGHTS RESERVED
NO PART OF THIS BOOK MAY BE REPRODUCED IN ANY FORM,
BY PHOTOSTAT, MICROFILM, RETRIEVAL SYSTEM, OR ANY
OTHER MEANS, WITHOUT WRITTEN PERMISSION FROM
THE PUBLISHERS.

ACADEMIC PRESS, INC. 111 Fifth Avenue, New York, New York 10003

United Kingdom Edition published by ACADEMIC PRESS, INC. (LONDON) LTD. 24/28 Oval Road, London NW1 7DD

LIBRARY OF CONGRESS CATALOG CARD NUMBER: 52 - 5201

PRINTED IN THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

THE CHEMISTRY OF SYNTHETIC DYES VOLUME V

CONTRIBUTORS

- F. BENGUEREL
- J. BENZ
- G. BOOTH

JOHN F. CORBETT

HEINRICH GOLD

V. N. IYER

J. LENOIR

W. SCHOENAUER

B. D. TILAK

K. VENKATARAMAN

HEINRICH VOLLMANN

LIST OF CONTRIBUTORS

Numbers in parentheses indicate the pages on which the authors' contributions begin.

- F. BENGUEREL (57), Sandoz Ltd., Switzerland
- J. Benz (57), Sandoz Ltd., Switzerland
- G. BOOTH (241), Imperial Chemical Industries Limited, Dyestuffs Division, Blackley, Manchester, England
- JOHN F. CORBETT (475), Gillete Research Laboratory, Reading, England
- HEINRICH GOLD (536), Main Scientific Laboratory, Farbenfabriken Bayer AG, Leverkusen, West Germany
- V. N. IYER (132), National Chemical Laboratory, Poona, India
- J. Lenoir (314), Research Laboratory for Pigments, Française des Matières Colorantes S.A., Saint-Denis, France
- W. Schoenauer (57), Sandoz Ltd., Switzerland
- B. D. TILAK (1), National Chemical Laboratory, Poona, India
- K. VENKATARAMAN (132), National Chemical Laboratory, Poona, India
- HEINRICH VOLLMANN (283), Farbenfabriken Bayer AG, Anwendungstechnische Abteilung, Leverkusen, West Germany

PREFACE

For a few years I considered writing an entirely new edition of "The Chemistry of Synthetic Dyes." As a result of discussions with many friends and colleagues who are familiar with the two volumes, I decided that the urgent need was not for a revision, because very little of the material had become obsolete, but for the addition of supplementary material covering the developments from 1950.

The progress made in the chemistry of synthetic dyes in the last twenty years is amazing. The discovery of reactive dyes is one major advance. There has also been extensive research on intermediates, disperse dyes, cationic dyes, cyanine dyes, and pigments, which has led to much new chemical knowledge. Consequently I realized that it was no longer possible for a single author to give accurate and authoritative accounts of the progress made in each specialized area of synthetic dyes. I have been very fortunate in the response I have had to my invitations to contribute to the additional volumes. The chapters have been written by acknowledged authorities who have worked for many years on the topics they have covered; their names have been associated with many patents and papers.

The additional volumes not only cover synthetic dyes of nearly all types, but also raw materials, intermediates, and such fundamental topics as color and electronic states of organic molecules, measurement of color, photochemistry of dyes, and physical chemistry of dyeing. A separate chapter on fluorescent brightening agents has also been included because of their close relationship to synthetic dyes.

These volumes are intended primarily for chemists and technologists who are concerned with the synthesis of dyes and their applications, but since most of the chapters constitute essays in synthetic organic chemistry, they should be of interest to organic chemists in general. An important feature is the very thorough coverage and critical assessment of patent literature as well as publications in scientific journals. The record of achievement presented in these volumes also indicates the direction of future research.

I am deeply indebted to the authors for accepting my invitation. I must also thank the companies who made it possible for their leading scientists to spare the necessary time. The plan for this multiauthor effort took concrete shape during ten days I spent in the Research Department of Farbenfabriken Bayer; I am greatly indebted to Professor Petersen, Dr. Delfs, and their colleagues for valuable suggestions. I am grateful to Dr. R. R. Davies of the Research Department, Imperial Chemical Industries (Dyestuffs Division), Manchester, who has helped

me in many ways. My thanks are also due to Dr. R. B. Mitra, Mr. J. V. Rajan, Dr. N. R. Ayyangar, and Mr. V. Parameswaran for assistance in the editorial work. Academic Press has handled production of the volumes with its usual efficiency, and it is a pleasure to thank the staff for their cooperation. Finally, I wish to make grateful acknowledgment of the hospitality of the National Chemical Laboratory provided by the Director, Dr. B. D. Tilak, and the Director-General of Scientific and Industrial Research, Dr. Atma Ram, without which I could not have undertaken this project.

K. VENKATARAMAN

CONTENTS OF OTHER VOLUMES

VOLUME I

- I. Introduction
- II. Raw Materials
- III. Intermediates
- IV. Diazotization and Diazonium Salts
 - V. Classification of Dyes
- VI. Application of Dyes
- VII. Color and Its Measurement
- VIII. Color and Chemical Constitution
 - IX. Nitroso Dyes
 - X. Nitro Dyes
 - XI. Azo Dyes-General
- XII. Monoazo and Disazo Dyes
- XIII. Mordant Azo Dyes
- XIV. Constitution of Metal-Dye Complexes
- XV. Trisazo and Polykisazo Dyes
- XVI. Urea and Cyanuric Acid Derivatives
- XVII. Direct Cotton Dyes Aftertreated on the Fiber
- XVIII. Pyrazolones
 - XIX. Thiazoles
 - XX. Stilbene Dyes
 - XXI. Azo Dyes for Cellulose Acetate
- XXII. Azoic Dyes

VOLUME II

- XXIII. Diphenylmethanes and Triphenylmethanes
- XXIV. Xanthene and Acridine Dyes
- XXV. Azines, Oxazines, Thiazines
- XXVI. Benzophenone, Benzoquinone, and Naphthoquinone Dyes
- XXVII. Anthraquinone Dyes for Cellulose Acetate
- XXVIII. Anthraquinone Mordant Dyes
 - XXIX. Acid Anthraquinone Dyes
 - XXX. Anthraquinone Vat Dyes
 - XXXI. Anthraquinone Vat Dyes—Anthraquinone Derivatives
- XXXII. Anthraquinone Vat Dyes—Anthrone Derivatives
- XXXIII. Indigoid and Thioindigoid Dyes
- XXXIV. Solubilized Vat Dyes

XXXV. Sulfur Dyes

XXXVI. Sulfurized Vat Dyes

XXXVII. Phthalocyanines

XXXVIII. Cyanine Dyes

XXXIX. Miscellaneous Dyes

XL. The Action of Light on Dyes and Dyed Fibers

XLI. Chemical Constitution of Dyes in Relation to Substantivity

XLII. Identification, Analysis, and Evaluation of Dyestuffs Author Index—Subject Index—Dyestuff Index

VOLUME III

I. Introduction

K. Venkarataraman

II. Raw Materials

G. Collin and M. Zander

III. Intermediates

N. N. Vorozhtsov, Jr.

IV. Color and the Electronic States of Organic Molecules

S. F. Mason

V. Diazotization and Coupling

J. M. Tedder

VI. Azo Dyes

C. V. Stead

VII. The Chemistry of Metal Complex Dyestuffs

R. Price

VIII. Disperse Dyes

J. M. Straley

Author Index—Subject Index

VOLUME IV

I. Application of Dyes by Dyeing Oskar Glenz

II. Application of Dyes in Textile Printing
Karl Neufang

III. Basic Dyes

N. R. Ayyangar and B. D. Tilak

IV. Cationic Dyes for Synthetic Fibers Donald R. Baer V. Cyanine Dyes G. E. Ficken

VI. The Photographic Color Development Process
J. Bailey and L. A. Williams

VII. Photochemistry of Dyes
Hans Meier
Author Index—Subject Index

VOLUME VI

I. Reactive Dyes: Reactive Groups
E. Siegel

II. Reactive Dyes: Chromophore Systems K. H. Schündehütte

III. Reactive Dyes: Application and Properties
D. Hildebrand
Author Index—Subject Index

VOLUME VII (Tentative)

I. Sulfur Dyes

II. Dye-riber Affinity. Physical Chemistry of Dyeing

III. Applications of Synthetic Dyes to Biological Problems

IV. Color and Its Measurement
Author Index—Subject Index—Dyestuff Index

LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

 ${\it Manufacturing companies}$ (CI abbreviations have generally been followed):

AAP	Koppers Co. Inc., Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania (American Aniline Products Inc.)
ACC	Augusta Chemical Co., Augusta, Georgia
Acna	Aziende Colori Nazionali Affini A.C.N.A., Milan, Italy
B & BASF	Badische Anilin- und Soda-Fabrik A.G., Ludwigshafen a.
D & DASE	Rhein, Germany
BrC	British Celanese Ltd., Spondon, England
CCC	American Cyanamid Co., Bound Brook, New Jersey
CFM	Cassella Farbwerke Mainkur A.G., Frankfurt a. Main, Germany
Chinoin	Chinoin Gyogyszer-es Vegyeszeti Termelek Gyara, RT, Budapest, Hungary
CIBA	CIBA Ltd., Basle, Switzerland
CL	Celanese Corporation of America, New York
CN	Compagnie Nationale de Matières Colorantes et de
011	Produits Chimiques du Nord réunies Etablissements
	Kuhlmann, Paris, France
DGS	Deutsche Gold- und Silber Scheideanstalt vormals
20.0	Roessler, Frankfurt, Germany
DH	Durand & Huguenin S. A., Basle, Switzerland
Dow	Dow Chemical Co., Midland, Michigan
DuP	E. I. Du Pont de Nemours & Co., Wilmington, Delaware
EKCo	Eastman Kodak Co., Rochester, New York
Ethicon	Ethicon Inc., Somerville, New Jersey
FBy	Farbenfabriken Bayer A.G., Leverkusen, Germany
FH	Farbwerke Hoechst A.G., Frankfurt/Main-Hoechst, Germany
Filature	Filature de Laine Provoust, Roubaix, France
Provoust	
Fran	Compagnie Française des Matières Colorantes, Paris, France
\mathbf{FW}	Farbenfabrik Wolfen, Kr., Bitterfeld, Germany
\mathbf{G}	General Aniline & Film Corporation, New York
Gy	J. R. Geigy S. A., Basle, Switzerland
HCC	Hodogaya Chemical Co. Ltd., Tokyo, Japan
HH	Hardman and Holden Ltd., Manchester, England
HWL	Hickson & Welch Ltd., Castleford, England

IC	Interchemical Corporation, Hawthorne, New Jersey
ICI	Imperial Chemical Industries Ltd., Manchester, England
IG	I. G. Farbenindustrie A.G., Frankfurt a. Main, Germany
K	Kalle & Co., A.G., Biebrich, a. Rhein, Germany
Kewanee	Kewanee Oil Co., Bryn Mawr, Pennsylvania
KYK	Nippon Kayaku Co. Ltd., Tokyo, Japan
LBH	L. B. Holliday & Co., Huddersfield, England
MCI	Mitsubishi Chemical Industries Ltd., Tokyo, Japan
MDW	Mitsui Chemical Industry Co. Ltd., Tokyo, Japan
MLB	Farbwerke vorm. Meister, Lucius & Brüning, Hoechst a.
	Main, Germany
NAC	Allied Chemical Corporation, New York, New York
Nepera	Nepera Chemical Co., Inc., Harriman, New York
NSK	Sumitomo Chemical Co., Ltd., Osaka, Japan
OBM	Otto B. May, Inc., Newark, New Jersey
PCC	Peerless Color Co., Passaic, New Jersey
PHO	Phoenix Color & Chemical Co., Paterson, New Jersey
Pitt	Pittsburgh Coke & Chemical Co., Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania
RL	Rohner Ltd., Pratteln, Switzerland
\mathbf{S}	Sandoz Ltd., Basle, Switzerland
TE	Eastman Chemical Products (Eastman Kodak Co.),
	Kingsport, Tennessee
Ube-Ditto	Ube-Ditto Kasai Ltd., Osaka, Japan
UCC	Union Carbide Corporation, New York, New York
VGF	Vereinigte Glanzstoff-Fabriken A.G., Wuppertal-Elber-
	feld, Germany
Vond	N. V. Fabriek van Chemische Producten, Vondelingen-
	plaat, Holland
Whitten	H. A. Whitten Co., New York, New York
YDC	Yorkshire Dyeware & Chemical Co. Ltd., Leeds, England

Journals, Reports, and Books:

1961 Chemical Abstracts List of Abbreviations has been generally followed. The following special abbreviations have also been used.

followed. The following special abbreviations have also been used.					
BIOS	British Intelligence Objectives Sub-Committee Final				
	Report				
CA	Chemical Abstracts				
CI	Colour Index, 2nd edition, 1956				
CIOS	Combined Intelligence Objectives Sub-Committee Report				
CIS	Colour Index, 2nd edition, Supplement 1963				

CSD The Chemistry of Synthetic Dyes, Academic Press, 1952

FIAT Field Intelligence Agency Technical Report

PB Technical Report of the Office of the Publication Board,

Office of the Technical Services of the U.S. Department

of Commerce

Ullmann Ullmanns Encyclopädie der Technischen Chemie

Patents:

AustP Austrian Patent
BeP Belgian Patent
BP British Patent
CP Canadian Patent

CzechP Czechoslovakian Patent
DAS Deutsche Auslegeschrift
DBP Deutsche Bundespatente

DP Dutch Patent

DRP Deutsche Reichspatente EGP East German Patent

FP French Patent
IP Indian Patent
JP Japanese Patent
PolP Polish Patent
RP Russian Patent

SAP South African Patent USP United States Patent

CONTENTS

List of	Contributors		*			vii
Preface						ix
	s of Other Volumes					жi
	Abbreviations					xv
List of	Autoreomitons		•		•	
I. Na B. D.	phthoquinonoid Dyes and Pigments Tilak					
т	Introduction					1
II.	Dves Derived from 1.4-Naphthoguinone					3
III.	Dyes Derived from 2,3-Dichloro-1,4-naphthoquinone (I)		,			3
IV.	Miscellaneous Dves					45
V.	Interrelationship between Coplanarity and Substantivity	of I	Nap	hth	0-	é o
***	quinonoid Dyes for Cellulosic and Hydrophobic Fibers		•	٠	٠	$\frac{52}{54}$
V1.	Conclusion		•			94
	cid Anthraquinone Dyes hoenauer, F. Benguerel, and J. Benz					
т	Dyes Derived from 1-Aminoanthraquinone-2-sulfonic Ac	id				59
11.	Diaminodihydroxyanthraquinonesulfonic Acids					87
III.	Dyes Formed by Sulfonation of a Dye Base					88
K. Ve	Anthraquinonoid Vat Dyes nkataraman and V. N. Iyer					190
	Introduction		٠	٠	•	$\frac{132}{132}$
	***************************************				٠	136
111.	General Properties and Reactions					147
V.	The Scholl Reaction					193
VI.	Anthrone Derivatives					200
VII.	Vat Dves Related to the Anthraguinonoids: Derivatives	of	Per	yler	ie-	
	3,4,9,10-tetracarboxylic Acid and Naphthalene-1,8-dicar	rbo	xyli	c a	nd	àor
	$1,4,5,8\text{-tetracarboxylic Acids} \ . \ . \ . \ . \ . \ . \ . \ . \ .$	*			٠	$\frac{231}{236}$
VIII.	Solubilized Vat Dyes	٠	٠	•	*	230
	Phthalocyanines					
G. Bo	om					217
	Introduction					241
	Copper Phthalocyanine	•	•	٠	٠	$\frac{242}{247}$
III.	Metal-Free Phthalocyanine			٠	•	247
1V.	Phthalocyanines of Other Metals					255
v.	Oxidation and Reduction Reactions					276
VII.	Spectra and Physicochemical Properties		ì			280
	Prospects					281

V. Phthalogen Dyestuffs Heinrich Vollmann		
I. Introduction		283
 II. The Two Structure Types of Phthalogen Dyestuff Developers an Routes to Their Discovery III. Commercial Products of the Phthalogen Class, Including the Auxil 	 liaries	285 307
IV. Technique and Reaction Mechanisms of the Application of Phths Dyestuffs	logen	310
VI. Organic Pigments		
J. Lenoir		
		01.4
I. General Survey		
II. Chemistry and Properties of Organic Pigments		
III. Evaluation of Pigments	* .	. 409

VII. Hair Dyes		
John F. Corbett		
I. Introduction :		. 475
II. Oxidative Hair Dyes		. 478
III. Autoxidative Hair Dyes		. 495
IV. Metal Chelate Dyes		. 505
V. Direct Dyes for Human Hair		
VI. Miscellaneous Dyes	•	. 531
VII. Colored Hair Sprays	*	. 532
VIII. Fluorescent Brightening Agents		
Heinrich Gold		
I. General Considerations		. 536
II. Stilbene Compounds		. 556
III. Coumarin and Carbostyryl Compounds		
IV. 1,3-Diphenylpyrazolines		. 611
		. 616
VI. Aryloazolyl-(2) Compounds		. 620
VII. Various Systems		. 656
VIII. Application of Fluorescent Brightening Agents		. 663
IX. Evaluation of the Fluorescent Brightening Effects		
		. 670
		. 681
Author Index	•	
Subject Index		. 690

CHAPTER I

NAPHTHOQUINONOID DYES AND PIGMENTS

B. D. Tilak

NATIONAL CHEMICAL LABORATORY POONA, INDIA

I.	Introduction				1
II.	Dyes Derived from 1,4-Naphthoquinone				3
	Dyes Derived from 2,3-Dichloro-1,4-naphthoquinone (I)				3
	A. Reaction of (I) with Phenols: Furanonaphthoquinone	8			4
	B. Reaction of (I) with Reactive Methylene Compound	s: 2,3	-Phth	al-	
morales	oylpyrrocolines			. 1	6
10.00.11	C. Reaction of (I) with Amines			. 2	9
	D. Reaction of (I) with Mercaptans: 3,4-Phthaloyl-2-thi	aquin	olizin	es 3	7
IV.	Miscellaneous Dyes			. 4.	5
	A. 1H-Naphtho[2,3-d]imidazole-4,9-dione			. 4	5
	B. Naphthoxazolediones and Bisnaphthoxazolediones			. 4	8
	C. Naphthothiazolediones			. 4	9
	D. Merocyanines derived from 1,4-Naphthoquinone and	2,3-I	Dichlo	ro-	
	1,4-naphthoquinone (I)			. 4	9
V.	Interrelationship between Coplanarity and Substantivity	of N	aphtl	10-	
	quinonoid Dyes for Cellulosic and Hydrophobic Fibers			. 5	2
VI.	Conclusion			. 5	4

I. Introduction

Whereas several pigments related to 1,4-naphthoquinone have been isolated from vegetable and animal sources, synthetic naphthoquinone dyes are mainly derived from 1,4-naphthoquinone and its 2,3-dichloro derivative. 2,3-Dichloro-1,4-naphthoquinone (I) is more commonly used because of its ease of preparation and its high chemical reactivity.

Among dyes derived from 1,4-naphthoquinone and (I), Naphthazarin (Brilliant Alizarin Black B) (II), its derivatives, and Indanthrene Yellow 6GD, a vat dye, are the only ones used for dyeing textiles. Indanthrene Yellow 6GD is nontendering and possesses good lightfastness (4-5). It is synthesized by condensing (I) with the azine (III) obtained by condensation of nitrosoated naphthosultam with o-phenylenediamine.