

剑桥初级英语语法

ESSENTIAL

GRAMMAR

in USE



英语在用

Raymond Murphy [英] 著

114 units of grammar reference and practice

含114个单元语法讲解与练习

self-study and classroom use

自学与课堂使用均可

中文版

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英语在用

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英语学习者的“圣经”

——“英语在用”丛书简介

一套全面、实用的语法和词汇参考书是几乎所有英语学习者的梦想。如今我们欣喜地告诉大家，随着“英语在用”丛书的出版，这个梦想可以实现了。

本丛书是世界上最畅销的英语语法与词汇学习参考书，迄今读者已逾千万，被誉为“英语学习者的‘圣经’”。它专为非英语国家英语学习者编写，在结构上，条理明晰，形式简约顺达；在内容上，解析重点与难点，透彻生动，同时反复练习，巩固成效。

“英语在用”丛书包括语法和词汇两个系列，每系列分3级，分别针对初、中、高级学习者，并配有练习册。既可作为自学用书，也可作为课堂用书。

本丛书的特点是：

- **教法新颖**：以“在语境中学习语言”为原则，辅以大量生动的图表，摒弃死记硬背的陈旧方法。
- **内容实用**：取材自真实的语料库，强调内容的实用性，使您真正达到学以致用。
- **结构简明**：将语法和词汇项目分类解说，方便您挑选所需内容。
- **使用方便**：采用解说与练习左右两页对照的形式。左页解释说明语法规则和词汇意义，右页通过练习巩固本单元所学用法，随学随练，让您能每迈一步都体会到进步的成就感。
- **技巧训练**：介绍学习技巧，帮助您自己总结语法及词汇规律，养成良好的学习习惯。
- **参考答案**：详尽全面，给您充分的信息。
- **目录**：清晰详细，说明每单元讲解的词汇和语法，便于快速寻找所需内容。
- **索引**：将书中讲解的所有重要词汇和语法点按字母顺序列出，并标注书中位置，方便查找。
- **附录**：丰富全面，提供多方面的参考资料。

语法附录包括：被动语态，引语，不规则动词，常见错误等。

词汇附录包括：音标表，常用习语，常见错误等。

“英语在用”丛书原书由剑桥大学出版社出版。外语教学与研究出版社引进本套丛书，旨在介绍国际先进的英语学习方法，帮助学习者对英语融会贯通，学有卓效。《荀子》“劝学篇”中有一脍炙人口的佳句：“吾尝终日而思矣，不如须臾之所学也；吾尝跂而望矣，不如登高之博见也。”又有：“学而不化，非学也。”如果大家能借此套丛书通达学路，登顶揽胜，我们便可聊以自慰了。

“英语在用”丛书将分英文版和中文注释版两种陆续出版。首批推出：

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- English Vocabulary in Use: pre-intermediate and intermediate 剑桥中级英语词汇
- English Vocabulary in Use: upper-intermediate and advanced 剑桥高级英语词汇
- Test Your English Vocabulary in Use: pre-intermediate & intermediate 剑桥中级英语词汇练习

语法部分：

- Essential Grammar in Use 剑桥初级英语语法
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- Advanced Grammar in Use 剑桥高级英语语法
- Essential Grammar in Use Supplementary Exercises 剑桥初级英语语法练习
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英语在用

剑桥初级英语语法 剑桥中级英语语法 剑桥高级英语语法
剑桥初级英语语法练习 剑桥中级英语语法练习
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本书是专为初级英语学习者设计的语法书。共由114个单元组成，每个单元分别论述一个语法点。“目录”中列出各单元所含内容。

本书不必从头到尾依次学习，最好依需要而行。例如，对现在完成时（I have been, he has done等）有疑问，可用索引（书后）找出相关单元（第15-20单元），便可进行与现在完成时相关的各个语法点的学习。

每单元分为两页：左手页为相关信息，右手页为练习。

可依下列方式使用本书：

1. 从“目录”与/或“索引”处找出相关单元。
2. 学习左手页内容。
3. 做右手页练习。
4. 参看“练习答案”核查答案。
5. 如有必要，再学一次左手页内容。

别忘了书后第239-247页的各个附录，此部分给出主动与被动语态比较、不规则动词、缩略形式、拼写与短语动词等方面的内容。

书后第248-264页还有“补充练习”。第248页端列出这些练习的内容。

特色

- 主要针对语法，而非泛泛而谈。
- 专为初级学习者设计。不涉及其他级别的内容。
- 参考与练习相辅相成，融汇于同一册之中。
- 既可供自学也可供教学使用。

组织结构

全书共114个单元，每一单元集中讲述一个语法点。材料依语法类别如时态、疑问句与冠词等划分，不依难易程度排序，因此可酌情自行选择。学习时不应从头学到尾。“目录”处列明内容，书后“索引”详尽。

每一单元设计相同：左手页讲述语法点，相应的练习则在右手页上。第239-247页为7个附录，主要涉及主动语态与被动语态比较、不规则动词、缩略形式、拼写与短语动词等。老师如正确引导学生根据个人程度并利用这种编排结构灵活安排自己的学习进度，将会使其大有所获。

第248-264页为“补充练习”部分。这些练习为混合型，即将几个单元中的语法点（主要是与动词形式有关的）揉合在一起。此部分有33个练习，第248页详列此项内容。

第265-295页为“参考答案”，备学生核查答案使用。

水平

本书专为初学者尤其是没有学过多少英语的学习者使用，但不适用于零起点的学生。主要供语法较其他方面薄弱的中低级学习者。

解释是针对初学者的，因此尽量简单易懂。例句与练习中的词汇量也依这一水准严格控制，以便保证全书的适用性。

用途

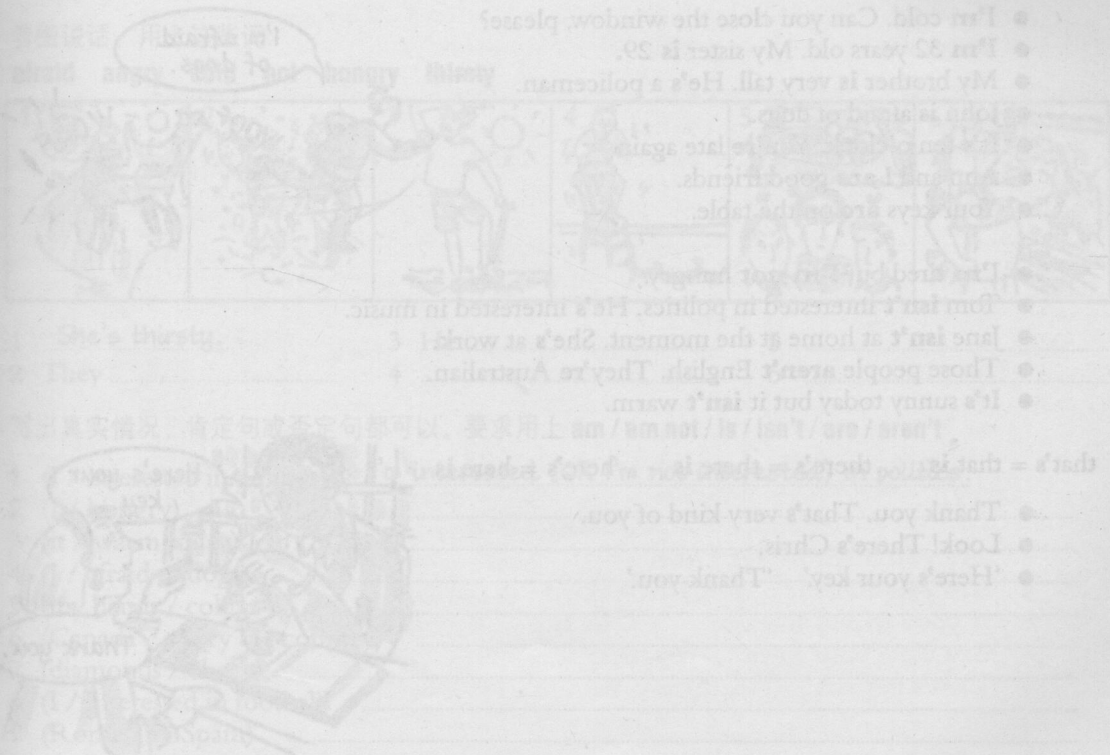
本书可供自学用（参见“致学生”），也可作为教学辅助材料。不论何种方式，都起到了初级语法书的作用。

Thanks

For their help in producing this new edition of *Essential Grammar in Use*, I would like to thank Jeanne McCarten, Nóirín Burke, Liz Driscoll, Chris Hamilton-Emery, Geraldine Mark, Jane Walsh, Pam Murphy, Ruth Carim and Lelio Pallini.

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A

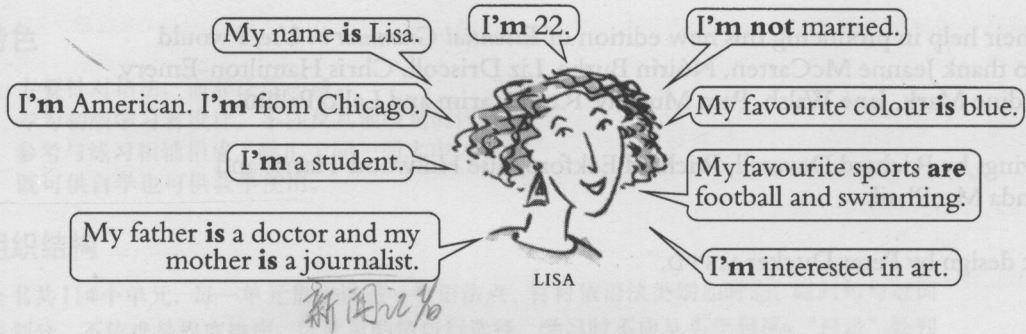
B

C

am/is/are

Thanks

A



B

肯定式

I	am	(I'm)
he	is	(he's)
she		(she's)
it		(it's)
we	are	(we're)
you		(you're)
they		(they're)

否定式

I	am not	(I'm not)
he	is not	(he's not 或 he isn't)
she		(she's not 或 she isn't)
it		(it's not 或 it isn't)
we	are not	(we're not 或 we aren't)
you		(you're not 或 you aren't)
they		(they're not 或 they aren't)

- I'm cold. Can you close the window, please?
- I'm 32 years old. My sister is 29.
- My brother is very tall. He's a policeman.
- John is afraid of dogs.
- It's ten o'clock. You're late again.
- Ann and I are good friends.
- Your keys are on the table.



- I'm tired but I'm not hungry.
- Tom isn't interested in politics. He's interested in music.
- Jane isn't at home at the moment. She's at work.
- Those people aren't English. They're Australian.
- It's sunny today but it isn't warm.

C

that's = that is there's = there is here's = here is

- Thank you. That's very kind of you.
- Look! There's Chris.
- 'Here's your key.' 'Thank you.'



EXERCISES

1.1 写出缩略形式 (she's / we aren't) 等。

- | | | |
|-----------------------|-------------------|---------------------|
| 1 she is <u>she's</u> | 3 it is not | 5 I am not |
| 2 they are | 4 that is | 6 you are not |

1.2 填入 am, is 或 are。

- | | |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| 1 The weather <u>is</u> nice today. | 5 Look! There Carol. |
| 2 I not tired. | 6 My brother and I good tennis players. |
| 3 This bag heavy. | 7 Ann at home. Her children at school. |
| 4 These bags heavy. | 8 I a taxi driver. My sister a nurse. |

1.3 写出完整的句子。要求用上 is/isn't/are/aren't。

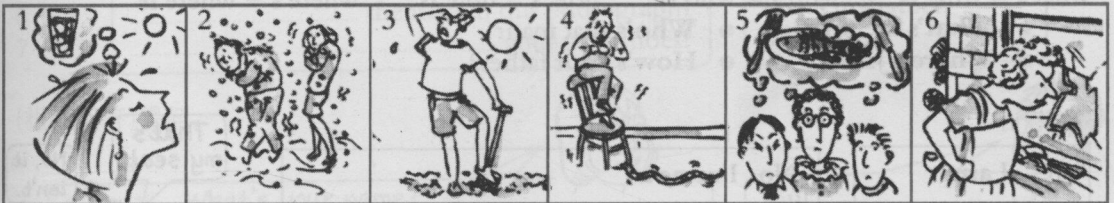
- 1 (your shoes very dirty) Your shoes are very dirty.
- 2 (my brother a teacher) My
- 3 (this house not very big)
- 4 (the shops not open today)
- 5 (my keys in my bag)
- 6 (Jenny 18 years old)
- 7 (you not very tall)

1.4 参看莉萨所用的句子 (第1单元A节)。现在写写你自己的情况。

- | | |
|----------------------|----------------------------------|
| 1 (name?) My | 6 (favourite colour or colours?) |
| 2 (from?) I | My |
| 3 (age?) I | 7 (interested in...?) |
| 4 (job?) I | I |
| 5 (married?) I | |

1.5 看图说话。用上这些词:

afraid angry cold hot hungry thirsty



- | | | |
|-------------------------|------------|---------|
| 1 <u>She's thirsty.</u> | 3 He | 5 |
| 2 They | 4 | 6 |

1.6 写出真实情况, 肯定句或否定句都可以。要求用上 am / am not / is / isn't / are / aren't。

- 1 (I / interested in politics) I'm interested (OR I'm not interested) in politics.
- 2 (I / hungry) I
- 3 (it / warm today) It
- 4 (I / afraid of dogs)
- 5 (my hands / cold)
- 6 (Canada / a very big country)
- 7 (diamonds / cheap)
- 8 (I / interested in football)
- 9 (Rome / in Spain)

am/is/are (疑问句)

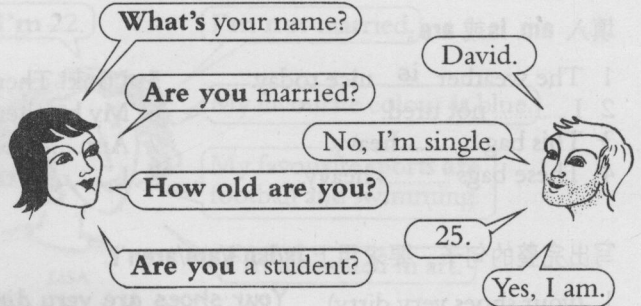
A

肯定式

I	am
he	} is
she	
it	
we	} are
you	
they	

疑问式

am	I?
is	he?
	she?
	it?
are	we?
	you?
	they?



- 'Am I late?' 'No, you're on time.'
- 'Is your mother at home?' 'No, she's out.'
- 'Are your parents at home?' 'No, they're out.'
- 'Is it cold in your room?' 'Yes, a little.'
- 'Your shoes are nice. Are they new?'

可以说:

- Is she at home? / Is your mother at home? (而非 Is at home your mother?)
- Are they new? / Are your shoes new? (而非 Are new your shoes?)

B

Where ... ? / What ... ? / Who ... ? / How ... ? / Why ... ?

- 'Where is your mother? Is she at home?' ● 'Where are you from?' 'Canada.'
- 'What colour is your car?' 'It's red.'
- 'How are your parents? Are they well?' ● 'How old is Joe?' 'He's 24.'
- 'How much are these postcards?' 'Fifty pence.'
- 'Why are you angry?'

what's = what is who's = who is how's = how is where's = where is

- What's the time? ● Who's that man?
- Where's Jill? ● How's your father?

C

简略答语

Yes, I am.
Yes, { he } { she } } is.
{ it }
Yes, { we } { you } } are.
{ they }

No, I'm not.
No, { he's } { she's } } not. 或 No, { he } { it's } } isn't.
{ she }
{ it }
No, { we're } { you're } } not. 或 No, { we } { they're } } aren't.
{ we }
{ you }
{ they }



- 'Are you tired?' 'Yes, I am.'
- 'Are you hungry?' 'No, I'm not but I'm thirsty.'
- 'Is your friend English?' 'Yes, he is.'
- 'Are these your keys?' 'Yes, they are.'
- 'That's my seat.' 'No, it isn't.'

EXERCISES

2.1 找出问题的恰当的回答。

- 1 Where's the camera?
- 2 Is your car blue?
- 3 Is Linda from London?
- 4 Am I late?
- 5 Where's Ann from?
- 6 What colour is your bag?
- 7 Are you hungry?
- 8 How is George?
- 9 Who's that woman?

- A London.
- B No, I'm not.
- C Yes, you are.
- D My sister.
- E Black.
- F No, it's black.
- G In your bag.
- H No, she's American.
- I Very well.

- 1 G
- 2
- 3
- 4
- 5
- 6
- 7
- 8
- 9

2.2 根据这些词语写出疑问句。要求用上 **is** 或 **are**。

- 1 (at home / your mother?) Is your mother at home?
- 2 (your parents / well?) Are your parents well?
- 3 (interesting / your job?)
- 4 (the shops / open today?)
- 5 (interested in sport / you?)
- 6 (near here / the post office?)
- 7 (at school / your children?)
- 8 (why / you / late?)

2.3 用 **What...** / **Who...** / **Where...** / **How...** 补全问题。

1	..... <u>How are</u>	They're very well.
2	..... the bus stop?	At the end of the street.
3	..... your children?	Five, six and ten.
4	..... these oranges?	£1.20 a kilo.
5	..... your favourite sport?	Skiing.
6	..... the man in this photograph?	That's my father.
7	..... your new shoes?	Black.

2.4 (根据回答) 提问。

1 (name?) <u>What's your name?</u>	Paul.
2 (married or single?)	I'm married.
3 (American?)	No, I'm Australian.
4 (how old?)	I'm 30.
5 (a teacher?)	No, I'm a lawyer.
6 (wife a lawyer?)	No, she's a designer.
7 (from?)	She's Italian.
8 (her name?)	Anna.
9 (how old?)	She's 27.

2.5 写出简略答语 (**Yes, I am.** / **No, he isn't.** 等)。

- | | |
|--|------------------------------|
| 1 Are you married? <u>No, I'm not.</u> | 4 Are your hands cold? |
| 2 Are you thirsty? | 5 Is it dark now? |
| 3 Is it cold today? | 6 Are you a teacher? |

I am doing (现在进行时)

A



She's eating.
She isn't reading.



It's raining.
The sun isn't shining.



They're running.
They aren't walking.

现在进行时形式为 **am/is/are + doing/eating/running/writing** 等:

I	am	(not) -ing	I'm working.
he	}	is (not) -ing	Chris is writing a letter.
she			She isn't eating. (或者说: She's not eating.)
it			The phone is ringing.
we	}	are (not) -ing	We're having dinner.
you			You're not listening to me. (或者说: You aren't ...)
they			The children are doing their homework.

B

am/is/are + -ing 表示“现在正在发生某事”:

I'm working
she's wearing a hat
they're playing football
I'm not watching television

过去 ————— 现在 ————— 将来

- Please be quiet. I'm working. (我现在正在工作)
- Look at Sue! She's wearing her new hat. (她现在正戴着它)
- The weather is nice at the moment. It's not raining.
- 'Where are the children?' 'They're playing in the park.'
- (打电话时) We're having dinner now. Can you phone again later?
- You can turn off the television. I'm not watching it.

拼写 (参见附录5):

come → coming write → writing dance → dancing
run → running sit → sitting swim → swimming
lie → lying

am/is/are ⇒ UNIT 1 are you doing? (疑问句) ⇒ UNIT 4 I am doing 与 I do 比较 ⇒ UNIT 8

What are you doing tomorrow? ⇒ UNIT 26