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在线课堂 e讲e练

决胜六级

最新六级考试

听力必备

编著 徐江 宁克建 审订 王迈迈 Jason A. Cravy(美)

2002年最新修订本



中国致公出版社





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前 言

《决胜六级》丛书(2002年最新修订本)是为即将参加六级考试的同学准备的。我们希望,本套丛书能够尽量满足各种层次,尤其是基础差一些的同学们的需要,帮助他们尽量节省宝贵的时间,尽快熟悉六级考试的形式和内容,争取一举通过六级考试。

本书具有以下四大特点:

一、“全”,模拟形式全。根据国家教委公布的《大学英语考试大纲》、《样题》和大学英语六级考试题型,本书设计了六级考试可能使用到的各种模拟题型,全面反映了《教学大纲》和《考纲》的宗旨和要求。听力部分增加了 Compound Dictation。为了提高考生的动手能力,还设计了英汉互译的题型。写作部分给出了有关目前社会热点问题的作文题和参考样文。

二、“真”。本书以选择“真题”为出发点,力求使每道试题的容量和难易度都和实际考试题一致,而且,材料大多选自最新英、美书刊,语言规范,表达生动准确,集文学、历史、文化、风土人情、传记、科技为一体,兼顾趣味性 with 科学性,把大学英语六级考试五大部分的特点展现在考生面前,使他们能把握住特点,轻松逾越考试大关。

三、“细”。本书对考题进行了精心细致的研究与分析,并给出尽可能详尽、准确的解答,使考生对考题不仅知其然,而且知其所以然;不仅学到了知识,而且学会了分析问题、解决问题的方法。

四、“准”。本书的指导方向准。无论从选材、题型的编排,还是从

问题的解答上看,本书都是以培养和提高考生的语言综合运用能力、实践能力为出发点的。我们相信,只要考生能按照《大纲》和《考纲》的要求,认真模拟训练本书的试题,一定会取得成功!

由于水平有限,书中失误疏漏之处在所难免,恳请同仁及广大读者批评指正。

武汉现代外国语言文学研究所

2002年2月

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Model Test One

Section A

Directions: In this section, you will hear 10 short conversations. At the end of each conversation, a question will be asked about what was said. Both the conversation and the question will be spoken only once. After each question there will be a pause. During the pause, you must read the four choices marked A), B), C) and D) and decide which is the best answer. Then mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the centre.

- A. Seeing a film. B. Diving in the sea.
C. Having a class. D. Doing an experiment.
- A. Alice is now in a very bad temper.
B. Alice is now preparing for the test.
C. Alice is now very happy.
D. Alice is now ill.
- A. A chemistry class. B. A biology class.
C. A mathematics class. D. A physics class.
- A. It's less expensive. B. It's more comfortable.
C. It's faster. D. It's more direct.

5. A. He prefers staying at home because he doesn't like to travel.
 B. He prefers taking a bus because the plane makes him nervous.
 C. He prefers taking a plane because the bus is too slow.
 D. He prefers travelling with the woman.
6. A. The train is faster than the bus.
 B. There are two buses every day.
 C. The bus is cheaper than the train.
 D. The train is cheaper than the bus.
7. A. At 11 o'clock. B. At 4 o'clock.
 C. At 7 o'clock. D. At 2 o'clock.
8. A. In the morning B. Late at night.
 C. After 5:30. D. At or before 5:30.
9. A. 150 pounds. B. 140 pounds.
 C. 145 pounds. D. 135 pounds.
10. A. He doesn't want to stay home.
 B. The movie is excellent.
 C. He wants to see the movie again.
 D. The movie is not good.

Section B

Directions: In this section you will hear 3 short passages. At the end of each passage, you will hear some questions. Both the passage and the question will be spoken only once. After you hear a question, you must choose the best answer from the four choices marked A), B), C), and D). Then mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the centre.

Passage One

Questions 11 to 13 are based on the passage you have just heard.

11. A. An English reporter. B. An American reporter.

- C. An English scientist. D. An American scientist.
12. A. Cooler weather. B. **Raining.**
 C. **Warm and sunny.** D. **Stormy.**
13. A. Very cool weather. B. Very warm weather.
 C. Raining weather. D. Fair weather.

Passage Two

Questions 14 to 16 are based on the passage you have just heard.

14. A. Something in the Bermuda Triangle is strange.
 B. Where the Bermuda Triangle is.
 C. On very little about this.
 D. ships were not lost.
15. A. Money. B. Ships and planes.
 C. Florida. D. Trains and cars.
16. A. In the Pacific Ocean. B. Close to Europe.
 C. Nobody knows. D. In the Atlantic Ocean.

Passage Three

Questions 17 to 20 are based on the passage you have just heard.

17. A. A bomb explosion. B. A traffic accident
 C. Murder. D. Massacres.
18. A. At a railway station. B. At a bus center.
 C. In the countryside. D. In a coastal town.
19. A. 1 B. 2 C. 3 D. 4
20. A. The discussion.
 B. The European Union team.
 C. *The European Union deputy foreign ministers.*
 D. The UN investigation.

Model Test Two

Section A

Directions: *In this section you will hear 10 short conversations. At the end of each conversation, a question will be asked about what was said. Each conversation and question will be spoken only once. After each question there will be a pause. During the pause, you must read the four suggested answers marked A), B), C) and D), and decide which is the best answer. Then mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the centre.*

1. A) 7:55. B) 7:45. C) 8:00. D) 8:05.
2. A) 5. B) 3. C) 2. D) 8.
3. A) On a train. B) On a ship.
C) On a plane. D) On a bus.
4. A) America. B) England.
C) Switzerland. D) Sweden.
5. A) A movie. B) A documentary.
C) A soccer game. D) A comedy.
6. A) She thinks his lectures are boring.
B) She thinks his tests are too long.
C) She doesn't think he prepares well enough.
D) She doesn't like his choice of test questions.
7. A) She got up later than usual.
B) The bus was late.
C) She forgot her class.
D) Her clock was wrong.
8. A) The teacher postponed the conference.

- B) There won't be a test this afternoon.
 C) The students will be attending the conference.
 D) The students took a science test that afternoon.
9. A) Lawyer—client.
 B) Doctor—patient.
 C) Dentist—patient.
 D) Bank teller—customer.
10. A) \$ 29 B) \$ 50 C) \$ 25 D) \$ 30

Section B

Directions: *In this section, you will hear 3 short passages. At the end of each passage, you will hear some questions. Both the passage and the question will be spoken only once. After you hear one question, you must choose the best answer from the four choices marked A), B), C) and D). Then mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the centre.*

Passage One

Questions 11 to 13 are based on the passage you have just heard.

11. A) An Indian summer brings warm days and nights.
 B) An Indian summer occurs only in October.
 C) An Indian summer is an annual phenomenon.
 D) An Indian summer lasts many weeks.
12. A) The first period of cold, wintry days in autumn.
 B) The turning of color and falling of leaves.
 C) A large mass of warm tropical air carried northward.
 D) The southwestern winds.
13. A) A short period of fair weather and mild days.
 B) No definite time of beginning or ending.
 C) Its end, which signals winter's start.

- D) Soft yellow or orange skies.

Passage Two

Questions 14 to 16 are based on the passage you have just heard.

14. A) Use of library facilities.
B) Library regulations.
C) Library personnel.
D) Location of the library.
15. A) Book publishers.
B) Librarians.
C) New university students.
D) Faculty members.
16. A) Graduate students.
B) Undergraduate students.
C) Professors.
D) Library employees.

Passage Three

Questions 17 to 20 are based on the passage you have just heard.

17. A) The role of inland waterways in the nation's growth.
B) The development of New York City as a seaport.
C) The growth of the railroads.
D) The disappearance of the canal system.
18. A) In the early 1900's.
B) In the mid-1800's.
C) In the early 1800's.
D) In the late 1800's.
19. A) Agricultural products.
B) Manufactured foods.

Model Test Two

- C) Settlers.
 - D) Farm animals.
20. A) National unity.
- B) Cheap transportation.
 - C) The decline of Atlantic seaports.
 - D) Movement of the population.

Model Test Three

Section A

Directions: In this section you will hear 10 short conversations. At the end of each conversation, a question will be asked about what was said. Both the conversation and the question will be spoken only once. After each question there will be a pause. During the pause, you must read the four suggested choices marked A), B), C) and D), and decide which is the best answer. Then mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the centre.

1. A) That it looks exactly like Susan.
B) That it makes Susan look younger than she really is.
C) That it makes Susan look older than she really is.
D) That it makes Susan look better than she looks in person.
2. A) Fifty students. B) Forty students.
C) Twenty-five students. D) Fifteen students.
3. A) Yes, but not at a special low price.
B) Yes, at a special low price.
C) No, they are not for sale.
D) No, there aren't any rugs left.
4. A) At a bus stop.
B) At an airport.
C) In a car.
D) At school.
5. A) That he wants something to eat.
B) That he will tell them.
C) That he is not hungry.

- D) That he is angry.
6. A) Miss Brown does not know how to paint.
 B) Miss Brown will teach art.
 C) Miss Brown will teach English.
 D) Miss Brown will not go to the high school.
7. A) At a post office. B) At a bank.
 C) At an airport. D) At a drug store.
8. A) Husband and wife.
 B) Mother and son.
 C) Doctor and patient.
 D) Teacher and student.
9. A) Because they are alike.
 B) Because the man's briefcase has a lock.
 C) Because the man's briefcase is smaller.
 D) Because she doesn't have one.
10. A) Mr. Jacob's.
 B) To confirm her boss's appointment.
 C) Mr. Smith's.
 D) At two o'clock this afternoon.

Section B

Compound Dictation

Directions: In this section, you will hear a passage of about 120 words three times. The passage is printed on your Answer Sheet with about 50 words missing. First, you will hear the whole passage from beginning to end just to get a general idea of it. Then, in the second reading, you will hear a signal indicating the beginning of a pause after each sentence, sometimes two sentences or just part of a sentence. During the pause, you must write down the missing words you have just heard in the corresponding space on the Answer Sheet. There is also a different signal indicating the end of the pause. When you hear this signal, you must get

ready for what comes next from the recording. You can check what you have written when the passage is read to you once again without pauses.

Arabs consider it (11) _____ bad manner to start talking business immediately. Even the busiest government official or (12) _____ always takes (13) _____ time to be polite and offer (14) _____. No matter how busy you are, you should make time for this (15) _____.

Making decisions quickly is not an Arab custom. There is a (16) _____ in doing business in the Middle East which will puzzle a (17) _____. Give yourself lots of time and ask lots of questions.

Patience is an important (18) _____. You may have to wait two or three days to see high-level government officials as they are very busy. Give yourself enough time.

Personal relationships are very important. They are the key to do business in Arab countries. (19) _____

When an Arab says yes, he may mean "maybe". When he says maybe, he probably means "no". You will seldom get a direct "no" from an Arab because it is considered impolite. Also, he does not want to close his options. Instead of "no", he will say "inshalah" which means, "if God is willing". (20) _____