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联系电话: 0571-85170300-80928

e-mail: zjjy@zjcb.com 岡址: www.zjeph.com

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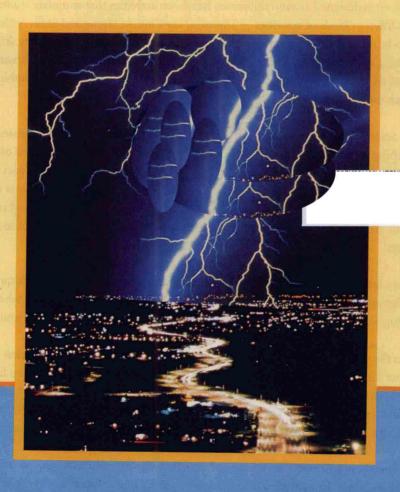
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浙江教育出版社



Preface to Science Explorer

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Welcome to *Science Explorer*. As the program lead author, one which is used by more students than any other in the United States, I know you will find this text engaging and fascinating.

Every aspect of *Science Explorer* is designed to motivate students to think about the science they are learning. This is, by definition, an inquiry approach to teaching and learning science. Why is inquiry so important? In today's world, in which nations are both competing and cooperating with one another, individuals and nations will perform well are those who are able to think scientifically, to identify critical questions to study, to carry out complicated procedures to eliminate all possibilities except the one under study, to discuss, share and argue with colleagues, and to adjust what you know based on that social interaction. This is the precise focus of *Science Explorer*.

Science Explorer is designed around numerous hands-on activities that stimulate students to think like scientists. Different kinds of activities — Discover, Try This, At Home and Skills Activities — involve students in relatively short term investigations that focus on individual inquiry skills like inferring, graphing and classifying. Other activities — Labs, Chapter Projects, and Tech and Design — allow students to do inquiry in greater depth and for greater periods of time. This combination of ways to approach inquiry is just what is envisioned by many international reports.

The text in *Science Explorer* is designed to engage students intellectually. It is animated and focused on teaching important content. All of the text has undergone the most detailed of reviews to ensure accuracy and suitability for students. Graphics of various sorts are an integral part of the program because they actively invite students to engage with the text by asking questions that require thoughtful analysis. I invite you to select a section randomly from any of the books and read it. I know you will be struck by the captivating writing style and the way that it reaches out to grab students' interest.

Since inquiry is such an important aspect of the program, let me share some quick questions that I used when designing activities for *Science Explorer*. I think you will find them useful when you are teaching the program. To make sure you are getting students involved in inquiry, ask yourself:

- 1. Who asks the question? That is, who asks the question that focuses the investigation (e.g., "What effect does the tilt of the earth have on seasons?" or "What effect does pH have on litmus paper?" or "Which antacid best neutralizes acid?")? Is it the student, the teacher or the book? In most curricula, these are an element given in the materials. However, as a teacher you need to plan activities that, at least on a periodic basis, allow students to pursue their own questions.
- 2. Who designs the procedures? I am speaking here of activity procedures for an investigation. Who designs this process for gathering information? In order to gain experience with the logic

underlying inquiry, students need continuous practice with designing procedures. Some labs, where the primary target is content acquisition, designate procedures. But others should ask students to do so.

- 3. Who decides what data to collect? Here, the focus is on the data itself. What data is important and who determines that? To answer this question, students must have a deep understanding of what they are trying to accomplish.
- 4. Who formulates explanations based upon the data? Do the text materials or the teacher give the answers? Or do questions posed at the end of activities make students think about what they are doing and then analyze and draw conclusions based on their data? The bottom line are you and the curriculum making students think?
- 5. Who communicates and justifies the results? Do activities push students not only to communicate, but to justify their answers? Are activities thoughtfully designed and interesting so that students want to share their results and argue about conclusions?
- 6. What kind of classroom climate is set up so that students can wrestle with the difficult questions posed during a good inquiry? Setting up an intellectually positive climate that stimulates students to think is the responsibility of the teacher. Do students know that they are expected to think and grapple with data? Or is there a sense among them that they will pretend to learn if the teacher pretends to teach?

I think you will find that *Science Explorer* promotes good results related to all six of these questions. I know your students will enjoy the program; I am also confident that you will learn to be a better science teacher with the program.

Michael Padilla

Lead Author, Science Explorer
Associate Dean and Professor
Eugene T. Moore School of Education
Clemson University
Clemson, South Carolina
USA



培养创新能力的好书

朱清时 (中国科学技术大学校长 中国科学院院士)

20世纪是人类历史上知识"大爆炸"的时代。例如,在这个世纪之初,人类对"光合作用"的了解,只限于叶绿素利用太阳能使二氧化碳与水反应生成碳水化合物和氧气这个概念,在这个世纪之末,我们已经厘清了光合作用所包含的大量复杂的化学反应,以及促进这些反应的各种酶,还发现了大部分的酶是如何与遗传基因相互对应的。要把现代关于光合作用的知识叙述一遍,需要写一本数百页的厚书。由此可见,人类关于光合作用的知识量在这一百年中增加了千倍以上。其实,科学技术的各个领域也都是如此。

积累的知识越多,人类文明越发达,然而,为了到达知识的前沿,学习的负担也就越重。传统的教学方法是以知识传授为主,追求知识的连贯、系统和完整,因此不得不以老师为中心,因为只有老师知道怎样的知识是完整、连贯和系统的。这样一来就容易变成填鸭式的灌输式教育,使学生对自然科学的兴趣、爱好以及他的创新能力都得不到发展。这样的教育不能满足人类社会发展的要求。

自20世纪中叶开始,一些科技发达的国家普遍进行了教学改革,摸索出了新的把培养学生的兴趣、爱好以及创新能力放在首位的教学方法。美国培生教育集团公司出版的《科学探索者》系列教材,就是这种创新能力教学的杰出代表。这套系列教材是针对21世纪人才培养计划编写的,已被美国和其他二十多个科技发达国家的学校广泛采用。它不仅涵盖自然科学各个领域的知识,而且以新的观念和方法训练读者的创新能力。读者在阅读它时,会被它引导着像科学家那样思考、做观察和做实验。这套系列教材既有科学性,又有趣味性和操作性,不仅适用于新课标的课堂辅助教学,也是一套极佳的科普读物。

几年前,浙江教育出版社与培生教育集团公司合作推出了《科学探索者》系列教材的中文版,非常受欢迎。现在他们又推出英文版,使读者不仅可以原汁原味地阅读它,还可以在学习科学的同时练习英文。希望英文版《科学探索者》系列教材与中文版一样广受喜爱科学的学子们的欢迎。

以上是为序。

双语教学的一种宝贵教学资源

张志远

(全国双语教学研究会会长 中央教育科学研究所教授)

Science Explorer (《科学探索者》)是根据美国《国家科学教育标准》为美国中学生编写的科学教材。这套丛书不仅内容丰富、图文并茂,而且在引领学生探究、启迪学生心智方面也有独到之处。因此,这套语言地道、通俗易懂的英文科学教材,为我国中学汉英双语教育实验提供了丰富的教育资源。

1985年,美国制订了《2061计划》,对中小学学生的科学素养教育提出了一系列建议。在此基础上,1996年制订的《国家科学教育标准》提出了"学生是研究者,学生似科学家"的理念。这个标准对许多国家的科学教育标准的制订产生了巨大的影响。

从《科学探索者》的编写思路和内容,我们可以看出,它与我国《初中科学课程标准》颇有相通之处。该丛书倡导探究性学习,要求学生像科学家那样思考、观察和实验,把重点放在培养科学探索的兴趣、方法和能力上。丛书内容的综合性、跨学科性和方法的科学性无疑为我国中学科学教育提供了极好的教学资源。

总之,丛书的撰写既保持了科学作品的严密性,又兼顾了面向中学生的普及性。除特定的科学术语外,所使用的词汇都是常用词汇,对于英语作为外语学习的学生来说不难接受。此外,丛书所选素材虽以美国为主,但也体现了跨文化的包容性,注意吸纳其他国家和民族的科学财富,凝聚了人类智慧的结晶,如书中关于秦始皇统一度量衡对人类发展的影响和中国养蚕业"蚕花娘娘"的传说,都无形中增添了几分人文色彩与和谐温馨的氛围,读者定会为之吸引,为之倾心。

有鉴于此,该套丛书不失为我国中学双语教学的宝贵资源。



Weather and Climate

Program Resources

Student Edition
Annotated Teacher's Edition
Teaching Resources Book with Color Transparencies
Weather and Climate Materials Kits

Program Components

Integrated Science Laboratory Manual
Integrated Science Laboratory Manual, Teacher's Edition
Inquiry Skills Activity Book
Student-Centered Science Activity Books
Program Planning Guide
Guided Reading English Audiotapes
Guided Reading Spanish Audiotapes and Summaries
Product Testing Activities by Consumer Reports™
Event-Based Science Series (NSF funded)
Prentice Hall Interdisciplinary Explorations
Cobblestone, Odyssey, Calliope, and Faces Magazines

Media/Technology

Science Explorer Interactive Student Tutorial CD-ROMs Odyssey of Discovery CD-ROMs
Resource Pro® (Teaching Resources on CD-ROM)
Assessment Resources CD-ROM with Dial-A-Test®
Internet site at www. science-explorer. phschool. com
Life, Earth, and Physical Science Videodiscs
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Science Explorer Student Editions

From Bacteria to Plants Animals Cells and Heredity Human Biology and Health **Environmental Science** Inside Earth Earth's Changing Surface Earth's Waters Weather and Climate Astronomy Chemical Building Blocks **Chemical Interactions** Motion, Forces, and Energy **Electricity and Magnetism** Sound and Light The Nature of Science and Technology

Staff Credits-----

The people who made up the *Science Explorer* team—representing editorial, editorial services, design services, field marketing, market research, marketing services, on-line services/multimedia development, product marketing, production services, and publishing processes—are listed below. Bold type denotes core team members.

Kristen E. Ball, Barbara A. Bertell, Peter W. Brooks, Christopher R. Brown, Greg Cantone, Jonathan Cheney, Patrick Finbarr Connolly, Loree Franz, Donald P. Gagnon, Jr., Paul J. Gagnon, Joel Gendler, Elizabeth Good, Kerri Hoar, Linda D. Johnson, Katherine M. Kotik, Russ Lappa, Marilyn Leitao, David Lippman, Eve Melnechuk, Natania Mlawer, Paul W. Murphy, Cindy A. Noftle, Julia F. Osborne, Caroline M. Power, Suzanne J. Schineller, Susan W. Tafler, Kira Thaler-Marbit, Robin L. Santel, Ronald Schachter, Mark Tricca, Diane Walsh, Pearl B. Weinstein, Beth Norman Winickoff

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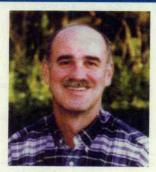
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Cover: Lightning flashes over Tucson, Arizona.

Program Authors



Michael J. Padilla, Ph.D. Professor Department of Science Education University of Georgia Athens, Georgia

Michael Padilla is a leader in middle school science education. He has served as an editor and elected officer for the National Science Teachers Association. He has been principal investigator of several National Science Foundation and Eisenhower grants and served as a writer of the National Science Education Standards.

As lead author of Science Explorer, Mike has inspired the team in developing a program that meets the needs of middle grades students, promotes science inquiry, and is aligned with the National Science Education Standards.



Ioannis Miaoulis, Ph.D. Martha Cyr, Ph.D. Dean of Engineering College of Engineering Tufts University Medford, Massachusetts

Director, Engineering Educational Outreach College of Engineering Tufts University Medford, Massachusetts

Science Explorer was created in collaboration with the College of Engineering at Tufts University. Tufts has an extensive engineering outreach program that uses engineering design and construction to excite and motivate students and teachers in science and technology education.

Faculty from Tufts University participated in the development of Science Explorer chapter projects, reviewed the student books for content accuracy, and helped coordinate field testing.



Book Author

Barbara Brooks Simons Science Writer Boston, Massachusetts

Contributing Writers

Alfred B. Bortz, Ph.D. School of Education Duquesne University Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania

Emery Pineo Science Teacher Barrington Middle School Barrington, Rhode Island

Karen Riley Sievers Science Teacher Callanan Middle School Des Moines, Iowa

......

Sharn M. Stroud Science Teacher Widefield High School Colorado Springs, Colorado

Reading Consultant

Bonnie B. Armbruster, Ph.D. Department of Curriculum and Instruction University of Illinois Champaign, Illinois

Interdisciplinary Consultant

Heidi Hayes Jacobs, Ed.D. Teacher's College Columbia University New York, New York

Safety Consultants

W. H. Breazeale, Ph.D. Department of Chemistry College of Charleston Charleston, South Carolina Ruth Hathaway, Ph.D.

Hathaway Consulting Cape Girardeau, Missouri

Tufts University Program Reviewers

Behrouz Abedian, Ph.D. Department of Mechanical Engineering

Wayne Chudyk, Ph.D.
Department of Civil and
Environmental Engineering

Eliana De Bernardez-Clark, Ph.D. Department of Chemical Engineering

Anne Marie Desmarais, Ph.D.
Department of Civil and
Environmental Engineering

David L. Kaplan, Ph.D.

Department of Chemical Engineering

Paul Kelley, Ph.D.
Department of Electro-Optics

George S. Mumford, Ph.D.
Professor of Astronomy, Emeritus

Jan A. Pechenik, Ph.D. Department of Biology

Livia Racz, Ph.D.

Department of Mechanical Engineering

Robert Rifkin, M.D. School of Medicine

Jack Ridge, Ph.D.
Department of Geology

Chris Swan, Ph.D.

Department of Civil and
Environmental Engineering

Peter Y. Wong, Ph.D.
Department of Mechanical Engineering

Content Reviewers

Jack W. Beal, Ph.D.
Department of Physics
Fairfield University
Fairfield, Connecticut

W. Russell Blake, Ph.D.
Planetarium Director
Plymouth Community
Intermediate School
Plymouth, Massachusetts

Howard E. Buhse, Jr., Ph.D. Department of Biological Sciences University of Illinois Chicago, Illinois

Dawn Smith Burgess, Ph.D. Department of Geophysics Stanford University Stanford, California

A. Malcolm Campbell, Ph.D. Assistant Professor Davidson College Davidson, North Carolina

Elizabeth A. De Stasio, Ph.D. Associate Professor of Biology Lawrence University Appleton, Wisconsin

John M. Fowler, Ph.D. Former Director of Special Projects National Science Teachers Association Arlington, Virginia

Jonathan Gitlin, M.D. School of Medicine Washington University St. Louis, Missouri

Dawn Graff-Haight, Ph.D., CHES Department of Health, Human Performance, and Athletics Linfield College McMinnville, Oregon Deborah L. Gumucio, Ph.D. Associate Professor Department of Anatomy and Cell Biology University of Michigan Ann Arbor, Michigan

William S. Harwood, Ph.D.
Dean of University Division and Associate
Professor of Education
Indiana University
Bloomington, Indiana

Cyndy Henzel, Ph.D.
Department of Geography
and Regional Development
University of Arizona
Tucson, Arizona

Greg Hutton
Science and Health
Curriculum Coordinator
School Board of Sarasota County
Sarasota, Florida

Susan K. Jacobson, Ph.D.
Department of Wildlife Ecology
and Conservation
University of Florida
Gainesville, Florida

Judy Jernstedt, Ph.D.
Department of Agronomy and Range Science
University of California, Davis
Davis, California

John L. Kermond, Ph.D.
Office of Global Programs
National Oceanographic and
Atmospheric Administration
Silver Spring, Maryland

David E. LaHart, Ph.D. Institute of Science and Public Affairs Florida State University Tallahassee, Florida

Joe Leverich, Ph.D.
Department of Biology
St. Louis University
St. Louis, Missouri

Dennis K. Lieu, Ph.D.
Department of Mechanical Engineering
University of California
Berkeley, California

Cynthia J. Moore, Ph.D. Science Outreach Coordinator Washington University St. Louis, Missouri

Joseph M. Moran, Ph.D.
Department of Earth Science
University of Wisconsin–Green Bay
Green Bay, Wisconsin

Joseph Stukey, Ph.D. Department of Biology Hope College Holland, Michigan

Seetha Subramanian Lexington Community College University of Kentucky Lexington, Kentucky

Carl L. Thurman, Ph.D. Department of Biology University of Northern Iowa Cedar Falls, Iowa

Edward D. Walton, Ph.D.
Department of Chemistry
California State Polytechnic University
Pomona, California

Robert S. Young, Ph.D.
Department of Geosciences and
Natural Resource Management
Western Carolina University
Cullowhee, North Carolina

Edward J. Zalisko, Ph.D. Department of Biology Blackburn College Carlinville, Illinois

Teacher Reviewers

Stephanie Anderson Sierra Vista Junior High School Canyon Country, California

John W. Anson Mesa Intermediate School Palmdale, California

Pamela Arline Lake Taylor Middle School Norfolk, Virginia

Lynn Beason College Station Jr. High School College Station, Texas

Richard Bothmer Hollis School District Hollis, New Hampshire

Jeffrey C. Callister Newburgh Free Academy Newburgh, New York

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Sarah C. Duff Baltimore City Public Schools Baltimore, Maryland

Melody Law Ewey Holmes Junior High School Davis, California

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Debra J. Goodding Kraemer Middle School Placentia, California

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Carol Ann Lionello Kraemer Middle School Placentia, California

Jaime A. Morales Henry T. Gage Middle School Huntington Park, California

Patsy Partin Cameron Middle School Nashville, Tennessee

Deedra H. Robinson Newport News Public Schools Newport News, Virginia

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Barbara M. Strange Ferndale Middle School High Point, North Carolina

Jackie Louise Ulfig Ford Middle School Allen, Texas

Kathy Usina Belzer Middle School Indianapolis, Indiana

Heidi M. von Oetinger L'Anse Creuse Public School Harrison Township, Michigan

Pam Watson Hill Country Middle School Austin, Texas

Activity Field Testers

Nicki Bibbo Russell Street School Littleton, Massachusetts

Connie Boone Fletcher Middle School Jacksonville Beach, Florida

Rose-Marie Botting Broward County School District Fort Lauderdale, Florida

Colleen Campos Laredo Middle School Aurora, Colorado

Elizabeth Chait W. L. Chenery Middle School Belmont, Massachusetts

Holly Estes Hale Middle School Stow, Massachusetts

Laura Hapgood
Plymouth Community
Intermediate School
Plymouth, Massachusetts

Sandra M. Harris Winman Junior High School Warwick, Rhode Island

Jason Ho Walter Reed Middle School Los Angeles, California

Joanne Jackson Winman Junior High School Warwick, Rhode Island

Mary F. Lavin
Plymouth Community
Intermediate School
Plymouth, Massachusetts

James MacNeil, Ph.D. Concord Public Schools Concord, Massachusetts

Lauren Magruder St. Michael's Country Day School Newport, Rhode Island Jeanne Maurand Glen Urquhart School Beverly Farms, Massachusetts

Warren Phillips
Plymouth Community
Intermediate School
Plymouth, Massachusetts

Carol Pirtle Hale Middle School Stow, Massachusetts

Kathleen M. Poe Kirby-Smith Middle School Jacksonville, Florida

Cynthia B. Pope Ruffner Middle School Norfolk, Virginia

Anne Scammell Geneva Middle School Geneva, New York Karen Riley Sievers Callanan Middle School Des Moines, Iowa

David M. Smith Howard A. Eyer Middle School Macungie, Pennsylvania

Derek Strohschneider Plymouth Community Intermediate School Plymouth, Massachusetts

Sallie Teames Rosemont Middle School Fort Worth, Texas

Gene Vitale Parkland Middle School McHenry, Illinois

Zenovia Young Meyer Levin Junior High School (IS 285) Brooklyn, New York



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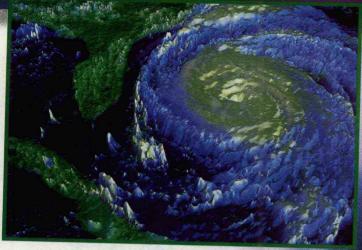
Eyes On EARTH

At the Kennedy Space Center on the east coast of Florida, a crew prepares to launch a satellite into space. They know that a thunderstorm may be moving toward them. Should they launch the mission or delay? Before deciding, the crew contacts meteorologists for the latest weather forecast.

The Kennedy Space Center is about 100 kilometers east of the center of the state. More summer thunderstorms occur in central Florida than nearly any other area in the world. Predicting when severe storms will develop and where they will move is one of the most demanding jobs for a meteorologist. One of the best people at this job is J. Marshall Shepherd.

J. Marshall Shepherd
The son of two school
principals, J. Marshall
Shepherd was born in 1969
and raised in the small town
of Canton, Georgia. Today he
works for NASA as a research
meteorologist for Mission to
Planet Earth. He's an expert
on the development of
powerful thunderstorms.
He studied meteorology at
Florida State University.





Hurricane Fran roars over the Caribbean Sea near Florida and the island of Cuba. White clouds swirl around the "eye" at the center of the hurricane (upper right).

Getting Started at a Science Fair

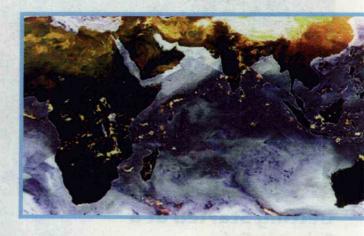
Marshall Shepherd is an "old hand" at predicting the weather. He's been at it since sixth grade, when his teacher suggested that he enter a science fair. Marshall titled his science project "Can a Sixth-Grader Predict the Weather?" First he toured the local TV station in Atlanta to see what instruments meteorologists use to measure basic weather variables.

The shape of Florida is part of the reason that so many storms form here.

"Then I did a little background reading and decided I could build some of those instruments out of basic materials around the house," he recalls.

Using household materials and a few inexpensive items at supply stores, Marshall Shepherd built everything he needed for his project. He constructed a weather station with an anemometer to measure wind speed, a wind vane to measure wind direction, a barometer to measure air pressure, a hair hygrometer to measure humidity, and a rain gauge.





TRMM, a device that records weather conditions from space, orbits Earth at an altitude of 350 kilometers. It flies over each position on Earth at a different time each day.



TRMM observatory is about the size of a small room and weighs as much as a medium-sized truck. It contains two solar panels and instruments to record weather data.

"From these basic instruments, I took weather observations around my neighborhood," he explains. "I developed a model of day-to-day weather over a six-month period and found some very interesting and accurate results." Marshall's instruments and scientific work on this project won prizes for him at local, district, and state science fairs.

"From that point on, I was involved with science projects," he recalls. By the time he graduated from high school, he had a definite goal. "One day, I planned to be a research scientist at NASA (National Aeronautics and Space Administration)," he stated.

Predicting Severe Storms

Hurricane Andrew—the most powerful hurricane ever to strike Florida—swept through Southern Florida and Louisiana in 1992. Marshall was in college at the time. "My college research paper was on hurricane tracking using radar. I actually did some work with Hurricane Andrew," he says. "That's how I got interested in tropical weather."

In graduate school, Marshall Shepherd investigated the way powerful thunderstorms form and move, especially those in central Florida. The long, narrow shape of Florida is part of the reason that so many storms form there. "When you have land heating faster than water, you get something called sea-breeze circulation," he explains. "On a typical summer day, a sea-breeze forms on both the west coast and the east coast of Florida. They tend to move toward the center. When they collide, you get intense thunderstorm development."

Designing New Instruments

Now Marshall Shepherd works at NASA, where his projects contribute to NASA's Mission to Planet Earth.