

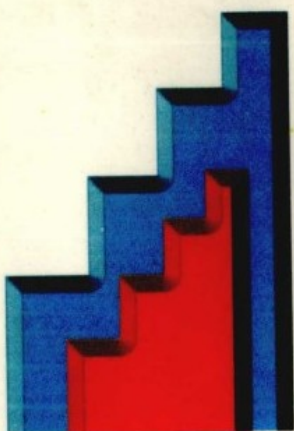
北京名校名师中考辅导

英语

应试技巧

◎ 齐平昌 主编

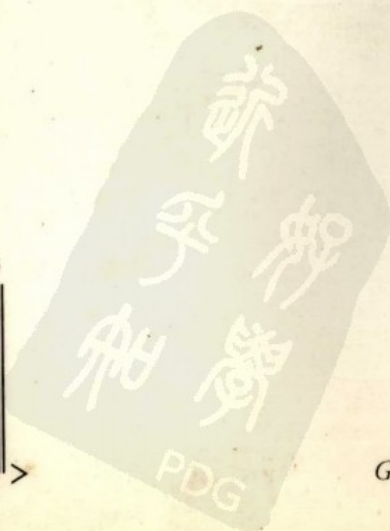
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编辑说明

本套丛书,均由初三各科把关教师编写,具有极强的指导性和针对性,与同类书相比较,它具有如下鲜明特点:

(1)辅导系统,重在能力的培养。各书的编写,均以“大纲为纲”“教材为本”,并结合中考试题,系统辅导,使初三学生温故知新,提高应试能力。

(2)覆盖面广,涉及所有题型。各科的辅导,不遗漏任何要点,涉及中考试卷中的所有题型,使学生既掌握知识,又熟悉考试题型。真正做到有备参考。

(3)题例典型,点拨应试技巧,试卷中的典型题例,往往就是教材中的重点和难点。各书的编写,均通过对试卷中失分题、迷惑题等典型题例的详细剖析,指出解题关键和要领,使学生在复习重点知识的同时,掌握应试技巧。

本套丛书,按学科编写,一共5册。编写者大都参加过中考阅卷,有的还是命题教师,这就使本丛书具有相当的权威性和实用性,是各层次初三学生的必备应试参考书。

目 录

第1章 近年中考英语试题命题趋势谈	1
1-1 听力试题的命题与解题	1
1-2 笔试选择题试题的命题与解题	5
1-3 笔试非选择题试题的命题与解题	16
第2章 中考英语新题型分析	21
2-1 听力试题新题型	21
2-2 选择题新题型	22
2-3 非选择题新题型	23
2-4 非选择题新题型补充练习	23
第3章 中考英语失分题及迷惑题的分析	27
第4章 初中英语知识点归纳	114
4-1 Junior Book 1	114
4-2 Junior Book 2	141
4-3 Junior Book 3	188
第5章 中考英语语言基础知识要点练习	266
5-1 初中英语基本句型	266
5-2 初中英语语法词法	274
5-3 初中英语语法动词	320
5-4 初中英语语法句法	343
5-5 初中英语基本词汇用法	362
第6章 中考英语语言基本技能训练	371

6—1	短文填词实例	371
6—2	对话完形填空实例	379
6—3	语篇完形填空实例	384
6—4	循序渐进阅读理解——提高理解单句的能力	389
6—5	循序渐进阅读理解——提高理解语篇的能力	398

第1章 近年中考英语试题命题趋势谈

1—1 听力试题的命题与解题

1—1—1

【题目要求】听句子，选择与所听句子意思一致的选项。

【分数分配】共5分，每小题1分。

【考查特点】考查学生在听的过程中对单句中的细节部分，如名称、数字、时间、地点等的领悟能力。

【解题】听力试题要求考生的注意力应高度集中，但又不可过于紧张。信息出现之前应浏览完题干和选项。

1. Jim is a _____.

A. doctor B. worker C. student

2. It's about _____ o'clock now.

A. 7 B. 12 C. 4

3. A. I want to eat something.

B. I want to buy a ruler.

C. I'm going to play football.

4. A. She was well yesterday.

B. She was ill yesterday.

C. She lost her bag yesterday.

5. A. Mr Smith didn't come back from London last Tuesday.
B. Mr Smith has never been to London.
C. Mr Smith has been to London.

【答案】1. C 2. B 3. A 4. B 5. C

【原句】1. Jim studies in a middle school in China.

2. Jack is going to have his lunch soon.

3. I'm hungry. I've had nothing since this morning.

4. Mrs Read went to see a doctor yesterday.

5. Mr Smith came back from London last Tuesday.

1-1-2

【题目要求】听对话，回答问题。

【分数分配】共5分，每小题1分。

【考查特点】考查学生在听的过程中对对话中某些细节部分，如名称、数字、时间、地点等的领悟能力。

【解题】由于该题型是在对话中设问，又由于对话的一个显著特点是省略，考生留意这一特点，则有助于解题。

1. A. 13 B. 14 C. 15
2. A. Tea. B. Milk. C. Bread.
3. A. On a small farm. B. In a school.
C. In a car factory.
4. A. In the classroom.
B. In a shoe shop.
C. In a hospital.
5. A. Mr Hu would like to see Mr Green.
B. Mr Hu won't give Mr Green's son any work to do.

C. Mr Hu will give Mr Green's son some work to do.

【答案】1. B 2. A 3. C 4. B 5. C

【原句】1. Boy: How old are you?

Girl: I'm fourteen.

Question: How old is Mary?

2. Woman: Which would you like, tea or coffee?

Man: I'll have tea, please.

Question: What would the man like to have?

3. Girl: Where do you work, Uncle Wang?

Man: I work in a car factory.

Question: Where does Uncle Wang work?

4. Woman: What can I do for you?

Man: I'm looking for a pair of black shoes.

Woman: What size do you want?

Man: Size eight.

Question: Where are they talking?

5. First man: Mr Zhang, I don't know if I could ask my son's Chinese teacher to give him some work to do during his holiday.

Second man: Yes, Mr Green, that's possible. I'll ask Mr Hu. I'm sure he won't mind.

Question: What does Mr Zhang mean?

1-1-3

【题目要求】听短文，回答问题或完成句子。

【分数分配】共 5 分，每小题 1 分

【考查特点】考查考生能在所听到的段落中抓住名称、数字、时间、地点等要素，对段落所提供的事实要有良好的记忆和准确的判断能力。

【解题】建议考生在听到短文出现之前应浏览完题干和选项，应留意 5 Wh—questions 即 What、Where、When、Who、Which，以及 How 的设问。

1. How old was the boy?
A. 15 B. 7 C. 11
2. What did the boy want to be?
A. A player. B. A train—driver. C. A farmer.
3. The boy couldn't go to school because _____.
A. he had no arms B. he had no money
C. he was too young
4. Where did the boy drive the train?
A. First to a small station, then back to the town.
B. First to the town, then back to a small station.
C. First to a small station, then to another town.
5. Why was the worker so surprised?
A. Because he had never seen the boy before.
B. Because the train was travelling too fast.
C. Because he found the boy could drive the train with his feet.

【答案】 1. C 2. B 3. A 4. A 5. C

【原文】

An eleven—year—old boy in a small town wanted to be a train—driver. But the boy was born without arms. He was

taught by his uncle to use his feet as “hands”. He couldn't go to school so he spent all his time watching trains coming and going because he lived near the station.

How he wished he could be a train-driver! One day he saw an empty train and he climbed in. He started it with his feet easily. Soon the train was travelling at forty kilometres an hour. Nobody could see the boy in the train and stop the train. The train reached a small station a little way from the town and then the boy drove it back. When he was near the town, a worker caught up with the train and stopped it. At first he was very angry, but when he saw the boy, he was so surprised that he hardly thought it was true. “I like trains,” said the boy quietly.

(注：有关听力新题型试题的介绍，请见本书第2章中的相关内容。)

1—2 笔试选择题试题的命题与解题

1—2—1 语音

【题目要求】下列各组单词中，有一个单词划线部分的读音与其他三个单词 划线部分的读音不同，选出该单词。

【分数分配】共5分，每小题1分

【考查特点】这一题型与 '95 中考相仿。考查内容为：

(1—2)元音字母在开音节和闭音节中的读音规则及特例。

(3-4)常见字母组合的读音规则及特例。

(5)辅音字母 g 的不同读音。

- | | | | |
|----------------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 1. A. <u>n</u> ame | B. <u>m</u> ake | C. <u>l</u> ake | D. <u>h</u> ave |
| 2. A. <u>f</u> ive | B. <u>b</u> ig | C. <u>sh</u> ip | D. <u>sw</u> im |
| 3. A. <u>m</u> eat | B. <u>br</u> ead | C. <u>t</u> ea | D. <u>te</u> am |
| 4. A. <u>f</u> arm | B. <u>h</u> ard | C. <u>w</u> arm | D. <u>c</u> ar |
| 5. A. <u>o</u> range | B. <u>g</u> ate | C. <u>gl</u> ad | D. <u>g</u> ame |

【答案】1. D 2. A 3. B 4. C 5. A

1-2-2 选择填空

【题目要求】从下列各题所给的四个选项中选择正确的一项。

【分数分配】共15分，每小题1分

【考查特点】均为最基本的必考语法项目，如冠词基本用法、

There is/are 结构、形容词比较级、ask somebody to do something、并列句、宾语从句等。建议考生详细研读本书第4章“初中英语知识点归纳”的相关内容。

- Mr Li is ____ old worker.
A. a B. an C. some D. /
- Lucy and Lily ____ in the same class.
A. am B. is C. are D. be
- There ____ a pencil-box on the desk.
A. is B. are C. has D. have
- These are ____ books. Yours are over there.
A. I B. my C. me D. mine
- "Thank you ____ the beautiful flowers!"

"Not at all."

A. in B. on C. at D. for

6. I think Chinese is _____ than maths.

A. interesting B. more interesting
C. most interesting D. the most interesting

7. Mr Zhang asked me _____ the words again.

A. read B. reads C. to read D. reading

8. You _____ play on the road. It's dangerous.

A. mustn't B. may C. can D. must

9. We bought Granny a present, _____ she didn't like it.

A. but B. and C. or D. so

10. Lin Tao's uncle is a driver, _____ he?

A. is B. isn't C. does D. doesn't

11. " _____ is the shirt?" "Forty yuan."

A. How much B. How many C. How long D. How old

12. Mr Brown _____ in Beijing since 1993.

A. work B. works C. worked D. has worked

13. I _____ a letter when my mother came in.

A. write B. am writing
C. was writing D. will write

14. Could you tell me _____ ?

A. Mrs King where lives B. where does Mrs King lives
C. where Mrs King lives D. Mrs King lives where

15. It's not an important party, you needn't _____.

A. pay for it B. wear it out
C. try it out D. dress up for it

【答案】

1. B 2. C 3. A 4. B 5. D
6. B 7. C 8. A 9. A 10. B
11. A 12. D 13. C 14. C 15. D

1-2-3 阅读理解

【题目要求】根据短文内容,从下列各题所给的四个选项中选择最佳的一项。

【分数分配】共10分,每小题1分

【考查要求】阅读试题要求考生做到:

- (1) 能够识记英语文章中的词汇和短语。
- (2) 能够迅速找出语篇中的主要思想和次要信息,即细节部分,能看出部分与整体关系、时间关系、地点关系、并列关系与从属关系等。
- (3) 能理解句子结构的功能意义,如请求、命令、祈使、原因、结果、目的、时间关系等。
- (4) 能够判断句子间的逻辑关系,理解句内语义关系,段内语义关系和语篇语义关系。
- (5) 能在速读中获取文章主旨大意,并看出文章中的思想和组织关系等。
- (6) 能看出作者的目的、态度、口气和文章的基调。
- (7) 能看出印刷版面、标题、目录、书写符号和斜体等的作用。
- (8) 中考英语阅读试题有以下几种不同难度要求的判断性测试:
 - i. 测试题中句子的词汇、句型等与文章中的句子基本一致,有时仅有词序等少量变化。

- ii. 测试题中的句子是文章中的句子的某些转换,包括同义转换和句型转换。
- iii. 测试题中的句子的意义仅有部分与文章中原句相符,需加仔细辨别。
- iv. 测试题中句子的命题是文章中句子所未曾表明的,需将文章内容作适当的推理或引申,以找出它的含蓄意义。正确解答这类命题,应从文章的字里行间中寻找证据,不可作纯属主观臆测的推想。
- v. 随着阅读的深入,最后一种类型的判断题会占更大的比重。

(A)

It was a cold spring morning in London. The weather was very cold, and many people were ill. So there were many people in the doctor's waiting room. At the head of the queue was an old woman. The woman was a visitor. She did not live in London. She lived in the country. She was in the city to visit her daughter. She wanted to see the doctor because her back hurt.

Soon an Indian(印度人) came into the waiting room, and walked quickly to the doctor's door. The old woman thought he was a queue jumper. She stood up and took his arm. Slowly, she said, "We were all here before you. You must wait for your turn. Do...you...understand?"

The Indian answered: "No, madam. You don't understand! You're all after me! I'm the doctor!"

1. The old woman lived _____