



即学即用

英语

丛书主编 蒋 钢

本册编者 张丹阳 张 弛

朗读 Alexandra Octavia (女)

Sasan Robert Salek (男)

900句

谁说英语难学？有了《即学即用·英语 900 句》

说英语变得巨 Easy!

- 最实用的词汇
- 最经典的句型
- 最有趣的对话
- 最智慧的名言



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◎ 即学即用 • 英语 900 句 ◎

英语是当今世界上使用最为广泛的语言,是名副其实的“世界语”,而以英语为母语的英、美、加、澳等国家,在经济、文化领域也名列前茅。几百年来,英语国家创造了很多令世人惊叹的奇迹。因此,掌握这门重要的语言,是我们在“全球化”浪潮中走向世界的必备工具,也是我们学习西方先进科技和文化的方便利器。在“信息化”席卷全球的今天,英语的重要性愈加突显,英语对于个人职业发展和事业成功的作用愈发不可小视。

《即学即用·英语 900 句》集中了英语日常口语中使用频率较高的 900 个句型,这些句型都结合了当今最为流行的热点,话题新颖生动,巨型鲜活实用,相信会带给您来自语言上的新冲击。本书按场景分类,各场景涵盖了日常生活的各个方面,内容全面而实用。每个话题基本上都涵盖了以下内容:

重点词汇 该话题的重点学习词汇,里面还包括近几年出现的新词汇。

经典句型 最常用的口语句型,替您提前准备好日常生活中的各种情况。

情景对话 展现日常生活语言,内容生动有趣。

幽默故事 让您体会不一样的幽默和思维方式。

谚语名言 代代相传的谚语,让您的对话更地道。

作为提高英语口语能力和理解能力的口语书,本书让读者从易到难,循序渐进地学习英语,使读者在短时间内经过学习和练习,不仅掌握听说技能,而且了解到当前最流行的表达。读者在掌握本书内容的同时,将逐渐构筑英语学习的坚实基础。在此基础之上,努力做到灵活应用,举一反三,就能够在各种生活场景中应对自如,同时本书还配有由外教精心录制的 MP3,通过模仿跟读,相信将很快提高您的口语能力,从而讲出一口地道而流利的英语。

编者
2010 年初

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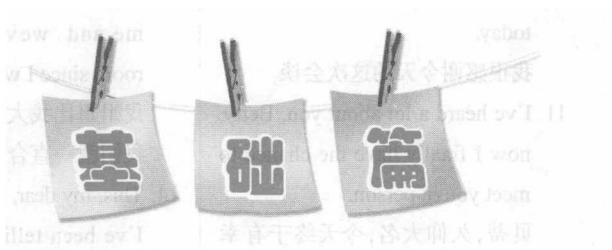
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第一篇



1 Greetings and Introductions

寒暄和介绍

◎重点词汇

greeting 打招呼, 问候

president 总裁

introduction 介绍

director 主管, 总监

pleasure 荣幸

cooperate 合作

◎经典句型

1. Hi! How are you?/ How are you doing?
你好吗?
2. Hi! It's nice to meet you!
你好, 很高兴见到你。
3. You looks well.
你看起来气色不错。
4. Imagine meeting you here!
真想不在这儿碰到你!
5. I don't think I've had the pleasure.
我想我未曾有幸见过你。
6. Long time no see!

好久不见!

7. I'd like to introduce myself—
my name is Jansen, and I'm vice-president.
我来作一下自我介绍, 我是詹森, 是副总裁。
8. Hello, Mr. Wu, let me introduce you to Mr. Liu. He is our new Chief Executive Officer.
你好, 吴先生, 让我介绍你认识刘先生, 他是我们新的首席执行官。
9. A pleasure to meet you, Mr. Bruse.
很荣幸认识你, 布鲁斯先生。

10. I'm most grateful for this meeting today.

我很感谢今天的这次会谈。

11. I've heard a lot about you, Betty, now I finally have the chance to meet you in person.

贝蒂,久仰大名,今天终于有幸让我一睹芳容。

12. Now would be a good time, I think, for some introductions.

我想,下面是作些介绍的时候了。

13. My sister is two years older than me and we've been sharing a room since I was 4 years old.

我姐姐比我大两岁,从我四岁起我们就一直合用一个房间。

14. This, my dear, is the young fellow I've been telling you about Mr. Henderson, my wife Alice.

亲爱的,这就是我一直跟你提起的那个年轻人亨德森先生,这是我的妻子艾丽丝。

◎ 情景对话 ————

Dialogue 1

J=Jansen; D=David

J: Welcome, please come into my office. My name is Jansen, and I'm president.

D: A pleasure to meet you, Mr. Jansen. I am David from ABC Group.

J: Our company has been watching ABC for a long time, and we made a decision to cooperate with your company. I think this cooperation will enhance competition abilities of Lenovo and our company.

D: We too feel this way.

詹森: 欢迎,请到我办公室来。我是詹森,这里的总裁。

大卫: 很高兴认识你,詹森先生。我是 ABC 集团的大卫。

詹森: 我们公司观察贵公司很久了,并且决定与你们公司合作。我相信这次合作会提升贵公司与我公司的竞争力。

大卫: 我们也这么认为。

Dialogue 2

B=Brian; L=Dr. Liu; P=Professor James

B: Hello, Dr. Liu. Let me introduce you to Professor James. Professor James, this is Dr. Liu, a visiting scholar with Professor Adams.

L: Hello, Professor James. Nice to meet you.

J: Nice to meet you too. I have heard a lot about you.

L: Really? Nothing bad, I hope.

J: Of course not. You made a lot of new equipment by yourself.

L: Yes. I programmed the equipment as well.

J: Great! We may need your help later on.

L: Sure. Just let me know when.

J: Thanks. I'll talk to you later.

布赖恩: 你好, 刘博士。让我介绍你认识詹姆斯教授。詹姆斯教授, 这是刘博士, 是跟随亚当斯教授的访问学者。

刘博士: 您好, 詹姆斯教授。很高兴认识您。

詹姆斯: 也很高兴认识你, 我听说不少你的事儿。

刘博士: 是吗? 我希望不是什么坏事!

詹姆斯: 当然不是。你自己动手做了不少仪器。

刘博士: 是啊, 我还把它们程序化了。

詹姆斯: 真了不起! 我们以后也许需要你帮忙呢。

刘博士: 好啊, 和我说一声就行。

詹姆斯: 谢谢! 我回头和你谈。

◎ 谚语名言 ————

If you smile when no else is around, you really mean it.

如果你独自一人时笑了, 那是真心的笑。

—— Andy Rooney 安迪 · 鲁尼

The years teach much which the days never know.

学问积年而成, 而每日不自知。

—— Emerson 爱默生

If anyone thinks he has no responsibilities, it is because he has not sought them out.

如果有人认为他没有责任, 那是因为他还没有发现责任。

—— Marry Lyon 玛丽 · 里昂

A leader knows what's best to do; a manager knows merely how best to do it.
领导者知道做什么最好,管理者知道怎样做最好。

——Ken Adelman 肯·阿德尔曼

2 About People 人们

◎ 重点词汇

talented 有才华的;天才的
handle 处理,解决,应付

opinion 观点
communicate 传达,表达

◎ 经典句型

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1. Do you have any idea about her age?
你知道她的年龄吗? | 他的女朋友有着棕色的头发和苗条的身材。 |
| 2. Can you guess how old he is?
你能猜出他多大年纪吗? | 8. She's obviously in poor health.
显然她身体不好。 |
| 3. Let me see. He can't be more than twenty-five.
我看他不可能超过 25 岁。 | 9. From her appearance, I guess she's an Asian.
看她的外表,我猜她是亚洲人。 |
| 4. What do you think his age is?
你觉得他多大了? | 10. Mr. Jansen is a talented person.
詹森先生是个有才华的人。 |
| 5. I don't think he as old as he says he is.
我认为他没有他自己说的那么大。 | 11. She's highly gifted in music.
她在音乐上很有天赋。 |
| 6. Jane looks so young.
简看上去很年轻。 | 12. In my opinion, Peter is more skillful in handling such matters.
依我看,彼得在处理这类问题上更有技巧。 |
| 7. His girlfriend has brown hair and is quite short. | 13. Her eyes were as blue as the sky. |

她的眼睛像天空一样蓝。

14. Jenny was a very happy girl and she made all the others around her happy as well.

珍妮是个很快乐的女孩,她还给身边的人带来了快乐。

15. You are a very considerate person.

你是个深思熟虑的人。

16. She is a homely girl.

她是一个心胸狭窄的女孩。

17. He is a very dumb guy.

他是位沉默的老兄。

◎情景对话

Dialogue 1

A: Jenny has a new boyfriend now.

B: Yes, what do you think of him?

A: Not bad! He is very handsome. And he is good at communicating and is highly gifted in dance.

B: Yeah, Jenny likes such boys.

A: 珍妮现在有新男朋友了。

B: 是吗,你认为这人怎么样呀?

A: 不错啊,挺帅的,而且非常善于交流,也有很高的跳舞天赋。

B: 嗯,珍妮就喜欢这样的男孩子。

Dialogue 2

A: Susan, who's the guy you were with at the movie theater last night?

B: Oh, he is Mark. He is my English teacher. He's learning Chinese from me and the film was my lesson for him.

A: Where is he from?

B: His hometown is in a small town near Chicago. He's taught English at my college for two years. He loves China.

A: Does he also love Chinese girls? Is he married? What do you think about him?

B: Hey, don't ask so many questions. I don't know what you're talking about.

A: 苏姗,昨晚在电影院和你在一起的那个人是谁?

B: 噢,是马克。他是我的英语教师。他在跟我学中文。那场电影就是
给他上的课。

A: 他是哪里人?

B: 马克的家在芝加哥附近的一个小镇上。他在我们大学教了两年英语了。
他很喜欢中国。

A: 他也喜欢中国姑娘吗? 他结婚了吗? 你觉得他人怎么样?

B: 嘿,哪来那么多问题。我真不懂你在说些什么。

◎ 谚语名言 ————

A professional is someone who can do his best work when he doesn't feel like it.

专业人员就是即使在不喜欢做的时候,也能把工作做得不错的人。

——Cooke 库克

Opportunity, sooner or later, comes to all who work and wish.

只要努力工作而且心怀志向,机会迟早会来临。

——Stanley 斯坦里

Opportunities are often things you haven't noticed the first time around.

机会常常是你第一次没有注意到的东西。

——Catherine Deneuve 凯瑟林·德纽夫

A good wife and health is a man's best wealth.

一个男人最大的财富莫过于贤妻和健康。

——Fuller 福勒

3

About Objects 事物



◎ 重点词汇 ————

photographer 摄影师

colourfast 不褪色的

phonograph 留声机

domestic 国内的

reasonable 合理的,有道理的

subscription 订阅

◎ 经典句型

1. How are you getting along with your new colleagues?
你与新同事相处得还不错吧?
2. Do you have a book? Yes, I do. (No, I don't).
你有一本书吗? 是的, 我有。(不, 我没有。)
3. You have a radio, don't you?
你有一台收音机, 是吗?
4. Your pictures are very good. How long have you been a photographer?
你的照片拍得非常好。你搞摄影多长时间了?
5. Does this notebook belong to you? Yes, I think it does.
这个笔记本是你的吗? 是的, 它是我的。
6. Excuse me, but have you got the same design in yellow?
对不起, 你们有同一款式但颜色是黄色的吗?
7. Oh, it is very nice, but the color is

a little darker.

哦, 很不错, 就是颜色暗了点。

8. He already has a MP4, but he doesn't have an iphone yet.
他已经有一个 MP4 了, 但是他还没有 iphone。
9. The style isn't out-of-date and its price is reasonable.
这一款式不过时, 而且价格合理。
10. This material doesn't shrink and is colourfast.
这种面料洗后不缩水、不褪色。
11. What is the subject of the painting you are doing now?
你现在画的画是什么题材?
12. What color is the car? It's blue.
那汽车是什么颜色的? 它是蓝色的。
13. What do you think of the TV news report?
你认为这个电视新闻报道怎么样?

◎ 情景对话

A: Jansen, you know Beijing's full of different types of mass media in Chinese, but I can't understand any of it... Is there anything available in

English?

B: Well, haven't you come across the *China Daily*?

A: Actually, I did see one old issue... yes. Is it good?

B: Yes, I think it is quite good. It's certainly the most popular English newspaper around. It covers all the usual areas: domestic news, international news, politics, culture, education, sports and so on.

A: It sounds ideal... but how can I get hold of it?

B: You can subscribe to it at any main post office, I think. I could go with you if you like...

A: I'm not really going to be here long enough to make a subscription worthwhile. But are there any other possibilities?

B: Yes... there's *Beijing Review*, if you'd prefer a magazine. It's published weekly... I'm not sure what it's like, but it's probably the oldest English language magazine in China.

A: That's fairly attractive, isn't it? Do you think they have them in the library?

B: Yes. So, if you want, you can go and read it there. Let's go and I can show you where they are.

A: Thank you a lot!

A: 詹森,你知道北京有很多大众媒体都是中文的,可我一点儿都不懂……有没有英文的?

B: 哦,你有没有看过《中国日报》?

A: 实际上,我看过一期旧的……是吗?觉得它好吗?

B: 好,我觉得那份报纸很好。它肯定是这儿最受欢迎的英文报纸。它的内容涉及日常的方方面面:国内新闻、国际新闻、政治、文化、教育及体育等等。

A: 听起来很不错……可我怎样才能得到它呢?

B: 我想你在任何一个大邮局都可以订阅。如果你想订我可以和你一起去。

A: 我在这儿待的时间不会太长,订阅不值得。还有其他的选择吗?

B: 有。假如你想看杂志的话,还有《北京周报》。它是周刊,我也不清楚它

怎么样,但它可能是中国最早的英文刊物了。

A: 听着还不错,是吧? 你觉得在图书馆会有吗?

B: 当然。如果你想看的话,可以到那里看看。我们现在就去,我可以告诉你它们在哪儿。

A: 非常感谢!

◎ 谚语名言

There are no secrets to success. It is the result of preparation, hard work, and learning from failure.

成功没有秘诀。它是仔细准备、努力工作和从失败中吸取教训的结果。

——Gen. Colin L. Powell 吉·克林·L·鲍威尔

Happiness in marriage is entirely a matter of chance.

幸福的婚姻只是一种机遇。

——Jane Austin 简·奥斯丁

Who controls the past controls the future; who controls the present controls the past.

把握过去的人可以把握未来;把握现在的人才能把握过去。

——George Orwell 乔治·奥威尔

4

About Holidays 节假日

◎ 重点词汇

holiday makers 旅游者

terrific 极妙的,了不起的

◎ 经典句型

1. Don't call my mobile phone while
I am on vacation.

我在度假的时候别打我的手机。

2. I am staying in a holiday resort.

我正待在一个度假胜地。

3. The roads are packed with holiday makers.

路上都挤满了度假的人。

4. When was the last time you took a vacation?

上次你去度假是什么时候。

5. I don't like to travel during the holiday season.

我不喜欢在放假的季节去旅游。

6. Where are you going during summer vacation?

暑假你打算去哪儿?

7. In my country, we get a couple of days off for Easter.

在我国,我们在复活节的时候有好几天假期。

8. In China, Spring Festival is the biggest holiday of the year, but in the west Christmas is the biggest.

中国最大的节日是春节,但在西方最大的节日是圣诞节。

9. Why do prices always go up during Spring Festival?

为什么春节期间总是涨价呢?

10. The road toll is higher during holiday periods.

在节假日期间路桥费比以往

要贵。

11. Now, it is very popular for the rich to spend holiday in country far from the city.

现在,富人流行在远离都市的乡村度假。

12. The day on which Easter is observed is the first Sunday following the full moon that occurs on or next after March 21.

复活节举行的日子是3月21日或其后月满之后的第一个星期天。

13. I wish I were home for the holidays.

我希望能回家过节。

14. How do you celebrate the new year in your country?

你们国家是怎样庆祝新年的?

15. The traditional Christmas dinner is roast turkey.

圣诞节的晚餐通常是火鸡。

16. Chinese New Year is the most important festival for Chinese people all over the world.

对于全世界华人来说,中国的新年是最重要的节日。

◎ 情景对话 ————

A: Where would you like to go for our vacation this year?