TWO-WAY
COMMUNICATION
DRILLS
IN SPOKEN ENGLISH

双向式 英语 口语训练 <sup>尹效勤编著</sup>

西北工业大学出版社

# 西安译协译著丛书

# 双向式英语口语训练

西北工业大学出版社 1992年6月 西安

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【内容简介】本书是专为学习《双向式英语》的广大读者编写的一本补充教材。它紧扣扶氏《双向式英语》教科书中的重点句型、短语和词汇,结合口语教学的特点编撰而成。其特点是口语句型丰富全面,积极词汇复现率高,并对《双向式英语》教科书的短语和词汇配写了用法例句,选材多出自名著。语言规范,措词严谨。此外,为帮助读者复习、巩固已掌握的内容,每课后均配备1至4个讨论题,供读者自练时选用。

西安译协译著丛书 **双向式英语口语训练** 

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# 前 言

《双向式英语口语训练》是根据参加"双向英语"学习的学生的实际需要,紧扣扶氏"双向式英语"教科书中的重点句型、短语和词汇,结合口语教学活动中着重练记、练用的要求编撰而成。本书共分三部分,分别与《双向式英语》一、二、三册相对应,是一本通过强化训练手段努力引导学生扎扎实实学好《双向式英语》基本内容的补充教材。

本书是以作者讲授"双向式英语"的教案为基础,并参考了国内外有关口语教材和资料,按册逐课编写而成的。全书除略去原书的第三册第 15—16 课外(因其脏话颇多,课堂讲授违背精神文明教育原则),每课均包括重点句型练习、重点短语练习、词汇练习和讨论题四项训练内容。各项训练均与扶氏教材紧密结合,并在词汇、短语、常用词的用法,习惯表达方式和句式等方面有所拓宽,突出了语言重点和难点,补充了大量例句,旨在使读者通过大量的语言实践牢牢掌握教材内容,提高运用语言的能力,尤其是实际英语会话能力。

本书具有口语句型突出,要点简明,积极词汇复现率高,例句丰富,实践性强的特点。对于读者熟练灵活地掌握扶氏教材的精髓,刺激他们说话的欲望,培训交际能力及提高学习成绩都有着较大的促进作用。

在本书的编写过程中,曾得到吕瑞昌教授的指导,有关领导和同志曾给予热情支持与帮助;出版时承蒙西北工业大学张轲教授鼎力支持,在此谨向他们表示衷心的感谢。

由于编者水平有限,书中不足之处,恳请广大读者批评指正。

编著者 1991 年 7 月

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## Part I

# Lesson 1 My Parents Are Kind

## I. Key Sentences

1. My name is David.

## Examples:

- (1) My name is Frank.
- (2) Your name is David.
- (3) Her name is Mary.
- (4) His name is Tom.
- (5) His brother's name is Bray.
- 2. She is my sister.

## Examples:

- (1) She is my mother.
- (2) He is her nephew.
- (3)I am his father.
- (4) You are my teacher.
- (5) They are her students.
- 3. She is a happy girl.

### Examples:

(1) He is a happy boy.

- (2) She is a charming girl.
- (3) You are a lazy workman.
- (4)We are all lucky doctors.
- (5) They are all smart men.

## 4. What is that?

## Examples:

- (1) What is that? It is a tape.
- (2) What is that? It is a car.
- (3) What is that? It is a black and white TV set.
- (4) What is that? It is a radio.
- (5) What is that? It is a window.

# 5. Is it your camera?

### Examples:

- (1) Is it your book? Yes, it is.
- (2) Is it his pen? No, it is not.
- (3) Is it her schoolbag? Yes, it is.
- (4) Is it your daughter's bed? No, it is not.
- (5) Is it his mother's dress? Yes, it is.

# 6. Is this (or that) also a camera?

## Examples:

- (1) Is this also a tape recorder? No, this is a radio.
- (2) Is this also a car? No, this is a bike.
- (3) Is this also a TV set? No, this is a tape recorder.
- (4) Is this also a bus? No, this is a plane.
- (5) Is that also a dog? Yes, that is also a dog.

# 7. Where is your tape recorder?

## Examples:

- (1) Where is your camera?
- (2) Where is his car?
- (3) Where is her cat?
- (4) Where is their school?
- (5) Where is our bedroom?

## 8. Who are you?

## Examples:

- (1) Who is she? She is my lawyer.
- (2) Who is he? He is her bodyguard.
- (3) Who are you? I'm your new teacher.
- (4) Who is that short girl? She is my neighbor's daughter.
- (5) Who are those people? they are all farmers.

## 9. Why are you poor?

### Examples:

- (1) Why are you happy? I'm happy because my parents are kind.
- (2) Why is she rich? She is rich because her husband is a businessman.
- (3) Why is he poor? He is poor because he is jobless.
- (4) Why is that student unhappy? He is unhappy because he is short.
- (5) Why is the doctor sad? She is sad because her boyfriend died.

## I. Words to Keep in Mind

- 1. expensive
- (1) We really don't need such a big, expensive car.
- (2) A long illness is an expensive misfortune for the average family.

### 2. cheap

- (1) Eggs are wonderfully cheap now.
- (2) This is the cheapest restaurant in the town.

#### 3. smart

- (1)I want a smart boy to look after my shop.
- (2) It's easy to teach smart students.

## 4. patient

- (1)He is a very patient man.
- (2) You are very patient with me, Ruth.

### 5. nice

- (1) It's a nice place, and it isn't expensive.
- (2)He was a very nice fellow.

### 6. rich

- (1) He was rich and had influential relatives.
- (2) I'm not rich but I'm comfortable.

## 7. poor

- (1) My family is pretty poor.
- (2)Being a poor schoolmaster I have to economise.

## 8. beautiful

(1) This is a beautiful coat, but it is too expensive for me.

(2)I have a very beautiful room to let.

## 9. lucky

- (1) You are luckier than most women.
- (2) It's a lucky start for you.

#### 10. short

- (1)Dad is a short man.
- (2) Harry is shorter than his brothers.

## M. Topics for Discussion

- 1. How many people are there in your family? Who are they?
- 2. Why are students poor? Who is rich?
- 3. Who is David? Would you like to say something about him?
- 4. What do you have? Where do you usually put them?

# Lesson 2 I Love Jane

## I. Key Sentences

#### 1. What does he do?

#### Examples:

- (1) What does she do? She is a teacher.
- (2) What do you do? I'm a professor.
- (3) What do they do? They are drivers.
- (4) What does your wife do? She is a doctor.
- (5) What does your son do? He is an engineer.

## 2. What is the difference between this and that?

## Examples:

- (1) What is the difference between China and the United States?
- (2) What is the difference between Jane and her sister?
- (3) What's the difference between cricket and football?
- (4) What's the difference between English and French?
- (5) What's the difference between your point of view and his?

## 3. Do you ever drink?

- (1)Do you ever play cards? Yes, sometimes.
- (2)Do you ever swim in that river? Yes, I often swim in it with my wife.

- (3)Do you ever get up early in the morning? No, I usually get up at eight o'clock.
- (4) Does she ever do the dishes? No, but her husband does.
- (5)Does your nephew ever gamble? Yes, he lost a lot of money, gambling at cards.

## 4. How often do you drink?

## Examples:

- (1) How often do you buy flowers for your girlfriend? I buy flowers for my girlfriend about once a month.
- (2) How often does your father teach in the University of Chinese Culture? He teaches there twice a week.
- (3) How often do you write home? I write home every other week.
- (4) How often do they eat in a restaurant? They eat in a restaurant twice a week.
- (5) How often does Raymond go abroad? He goes abroad about once a year.

## 5. Where do you usually drink?

## Examples:

- (1) Where do you usually meet your boyfriend? I usually meet my boyfriend in the park.
- (2) Where does he usually read newspapers? He usually reads newspapers in the reading room.
- (3) Where does your daughter usually take lunch? She usually takes lunch in the restaurant next to