

文理科通用

《大学英语》五、六级  
重要词组、词汇例解

A Handbook of  
Key Words and Phrases in  
Book V and Book VI of  
College English

林 静 编著

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# 前 言

本书是攻读《大学英语》五、六级读者的重要参考书,也可作为欲达英语六级并希望进一步扩充英语知识者的实用参考书。

编者认为,《大学英语》五、六级之所以在程度上远比前四级难,除了课文较长、生词较多、句子结构较复杂外,妨碍读者正确阅读理解的主要原因,还在于课文中出现的一些比较少见的词组和一些虽常见却具有多种释义的词。因此,为了满足广大读者的需要,编者根据教学实践,列出了 271 个重要的词组及词,对这些词组、词在相应课文中的意义及其它常用释义作了较为详细明了的例解,其中大部分例句选自国内外权威辞典和英文报刊杂志。

为了方便读者,本书在编排上以课文顺序及语言点在课文中的先后顺序来进行。遇到多种意义的词组或词,例解中第一个释义为该语言点在该课文中的意义,后面的释意则为补充,目的在于帮助读者复习或扩充知识。另外,个别带星号的词组选自课后动词词组专项练习,编者对这些常用而不易准确掌握的动词词组做了较详细的例解。

由于本书编写时间匆促,不足甚至错误之处在所难免,敬请读者提出宝贵意见!

编 者

1995. 11. 于厦门大学

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# Book V

## Unit One

### A kind of Sermon

#### 1. appreciate v.

- ① understand, enjoy 理解, 欣赏

Einstein's theory of relativity was so profound that very few people could ~ it.

爱因斯坦的相对论理论很深奥, 没有几个人能理解。

You can't ~ English poetry unless you understand its rhythm.

如果你不懂英诗的韵律, 你就无法欣赏英诗。

- ② be aware of 意识到

Do you fully ~ the risk you are taking?

你充分意识到你在冒什么险吗?

- ③ be sensitive to 对……敏感

He is a trained musician who can ~ even very small

differences in sounds.

他是个技艺精湛的音乐家,能分辨出音的小小的区别。

④ be grateful for 感激

I greatly ~ all your help.

我很感激你的所有帮助。

⑤ increase in value 增值

Houses in this area have all ~ d since the new road was built.

这个地区的房子自从新路建成后价值增高了。

2. frustrate v.

① cause sb. to be discouraged or be disappointed 使气馁, 使失望

The student becomes ~ d when his efforts seems to have no result.

这个学生在其努力没收到效果时感到失望。

The boy felt ~ d when he found he had difficulty with most of the maths problems.

当这个男孩发现大部分数学题都很难时,他感到气馁。

After two hours' frustrating delay, our train at last arrived.

经过两个小时令人沮丧的耽延,火车终于到站了。

② prevent the fulfilment of; defeat 阻止实现;挫败

The bad weather ~ d all our hopes of going out.  
坏天气使我们无法出门。

In his attempts to escape, the prisoner was ~ d by

a watchful guard.

警惕的门卫挫败了这囚犯想逃跑的企图。

3. **confront with** face with 面对, 面临

They were not frustrated when *confronted with* such difficulties.

面对这样的困难, 他们并不气馁。

We must *confront* the future *with* optimism.

我们应该以乐观主义的态度来面对未来。

The new system was *confronted with* great difficulties at the start.

新制度开始实行时面临很大的困难。

He confessed when *confronted with* the evidences of his guilt.

在罪证面前, 他承认了罪行。

4. **reduce to**

① be forced into doing sth. (humble, unpleasant or dishonorable) 被迫做出……; 沦为……

Alone and unsupported, the old lady was *reduced to* begging for her living.

由于孤独无援, 老太太被迫乞讨为生。

During the famine, many people were *reduced to* eating grass and leaves.

在饥荒时, 许多人只好吃草和树叶。

The teacher was often *reduced to* trying to explain the inexplicable.

教师常被迫硬着头皮去解释无法解释的东西。

- ② bring or get to a certain condition, etc. 使成为某种情况

This *reduced* him to silence.

这使得他哑口无言。

The officer was *reduced* to the ranks.

该军官被贬为士兵。

- ③ change (to another form) 改变(成另一形式)

It is necessary to *reduce* the equation to its simple form.

需要把这方程式化简。

His opinion is *reduced* to writing.

他的意见写成书面形式了。

- ④ make smaller, cheaper etc. 减小, 减值

The coat was *reduced* to 50 dollars.

这大衣降到 50 美元。

5. take refuge (in) find shelter or protection in (a place or action); seek help in 在……避难; 用某行为来回避, 求助于

He *took refuge* in a foreign country.

他在外国避难。

Mary *takes refuge* in remembering happier times when she is sad.

玛丽心情不好时就在回忆快乐的时光中求安慰。

Jolyon *took refuge* in a smile.

乔里恩用一个微笑支吾过去。

In order to effect this miracle, he *took refuge* in

God's omnipotence.

为了使这种奇迹能够实现,他求助于上帝的万能。

6. counter v. adv. adj.

- ① v. oppose; move or act in opposition to 反对

Jim did not like our plan; so he ~ed it with one of his own.

吉姆不喜欢我们的计划,因此他以自己的计划来反对我们的。

We must ~ reactionary violence with revolutionary violence.

我们必须以革命的暴力来反对反革命的暴力。

Sam's employer ~ed his request for more money by threatening to dismiss him.

萨姆的雇主威胁要解雇他,以此来回答他增加报酬的要求。

- ② adv. adj. contrary; in the opposite direction 相反的,对立的

- ① He acted ~ to his promise.

他违背了自己的诺言。

The new rules run ~ to tradition.

这些新规则违背传统。

His behaviour was ~ to my wishes.

他的行为与我的愿望相反。

7. amount to

- ① be equal to; seem to be in fact 等于; 实际上是

His flight ~~amounts~~ to a confession of guilt.

他的逃走等于承认了犯罪。

Your words *amount to* a refusal.

你的话实际上是拒绝。

② make a total of 总计, 达到

His debts *amount to* 5000 dollars.

他的债务已达 5000 美元。

The population of that city *amounts to* 400,000.

那城市的人口达到 40 万人。

③ become 成为

He will never *amount to* anything

他决不会有所成就的。

#### 8. alternative *adj. n.*

① *adj.* other 其他的, 另外的

An ~ arrangement can be made if my plans don't suit you.

如果我的计划不适合你, 还有另外一种安排可以采用。

Alternative sources of protein must be found when meat and fish are not available.

当吃不到肉和鱼时, 必须找到其他的蛋白质来源。

The ~ plan suggested by Mr. Chen will be more expensive and thus less practicable.

另外一个由陈先生提出来的计划花钱较多, 因而较不可行。

② *n.* that may be used in place of sth. else 替换物; 变通办法, 选择余地



Is there no ~ to what you propose?

你的提议就没有变通的余地吗?

You have the ~ of working hard and being successful or of not working hard and being unsuccessful.

你有两条路可选择:努力工作而成功或不努力而失败。

He was given the ~ of ~~leaving or staying~~.

他只有去留之间的抉择。

In this circumstances, what ~s were left to her?

在这样的情况下,她还有什么可以选择的呢?

9. wash one's hands of

洗手不干

① refuse to be responsible for 不负责

One can suggest that students should spend two or three years in an English-speaking country, which amounts to *washing one's hands of* them.

有人建议学生到说英语的国家呆上二至三年。这实际上是对他们不负责任。

The school *washed its hands of* the students' behavior during the vacation.

学校对学生在假期里的行为不负责任。

② have no more to do with 不再参与,不过问

Let her go. I *wash my hands of* the whole thing.  
让她走吧!这事我不再过问了。

It's wrong for you to *wash your hands of* politics.  
你不过问政治是不对的。

10. come across