

实用英语系列教材

实用英语 听力教程

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教师用书

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(教师用书)

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前 言

《实用英语听力教程》是根据国家教委颁布的《普通高等专科学校英语课程教学基本要求》而编写的,是《实用英语教程》的配套教材,旨在帮助使用者对现行听力考试的各种题型进行综合训练,以达到巩固所学各项技能,明确重点,有效地提高应试能力的目的。本书适用于参加英语应用能力考试的学生和大学1~4年级听力教学和自我训练,也可作为同等英语水平的自学者备考的听力复习资料。

《实用英语听力教程》共分三个阶段(STAGE I~III),每一阶段由十个单元组成。各阶段主要包括以下部分:

◆Fundamental Skills:此部分包括辨音、数字计算、地点及方位、否定、比较、条件和原因及结果等17个基本听力技能训练。每课涉及一个项目,18~30单元为综合训练。

◆Spot Dictation:此部分包括单词、短语、句子和段落听写。

◆Passage Understanding:每单元均有一至两篇短文,内容涉及社会、文化、艺术、科学和体育等。

◆Dialogues and Conversations:此部分包括大量对话和会话理解练习,旨在训练综合听力技能。

◆Table Filling:图表理解练习要求听者根据所听对话、句子或短文,将图表正确排序、匹配、填表或选择等。

◆Entertaining Minute:娱乐节目包括英文歌曲、幽默、笑话、歌曲、诗歌和谜语等。

◆Model Tests:每阶段后均附有五套模拟试题,供使用者进行强化练习。

◆Scripts and Keys:《教师用书》有每阶段各单元的练习以及模拟试题的答案及录音文字材料。

本书配有由在华美籍教师录制的音带9盒。音带音质清晰,音调优美、流畅,语速略高于“基本要求”规定的每分钟120个单词。

本书的编者均为在英语教学第一线多年辛勤耕耘,取得了优秀教学成果的教师。本书是他们丰富的教学经验和教学研究积累结出的果实。

限于编者学识水平,错误和疏漏之处难免。诚望使用者不吝赐教。

编 者

1999年8月

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Stage I

Unit 1

Part A Fundamental Skills

Sound Recognition

Exercise 1

- | | | | | |
|--------------|------------|--------------|-------------|------------------|
| 1. luck (A) | 2. toy (B) | 3. sit (A) | 4. goal (C) | 5. clue (A) |
| 6. thick (D) | 7. rat (C) | 8. crowd (B) | 9. hair (B) | 10. collects (A) |

Exercise 2

- | | | | | |
|----------|------------|----------|----------|-----------|
| 1. fun | 2. tough | 3. meals | 4. sound | 5. vote |
| 6. grass | 7. shifted | 8. pan | 9. bat | 10. short |

Part B Dictation

Exercise 1

1. The girl studied Marketing last year.
2. Mr Baker made the suggestions at the meeting.
3. The students had 6 lessons yesterday.
4. Most young people choose their own careers now.
5. They all try their best to pass the exam.
6. Mary often has a very small lunch in the restaurant.

Exercise 2

- A: Can I pay the room by credit card?
- B: Yes, of course. Could you register, please?
- A: Pardon?
- B: Could you check in the form, please?
- A: Oh, yes.

Part C Picture Identification

1. The girl and the man met at a dance party.
2. The man wore a black coat neatly.
3. The girl was in a long and fashionable skirt.
4. The man invited the girl to dance with him.
5. They all felt very happy at the end of the party.
6. The girl was stepped on her toes by the man.
7. The man gave a sudden cry at the party.

Keys:

1. T 2. F 3. F 4. T 5. F 6. T 7. F

Part D Passage Understanding

Passage 1

Mary was a university student. She did not have very much money, and her parents were not rich, but she had an uncle who had been fortunate enough to collect great wealth. He had no children, and Mary was his favorite niece, so he always gave her valuable Christmas and birthday presents.

When her Uncle George's birthday came round, Mary wanted to buy him something really special, but because he was so wealthy, she did not know what to get him. She went into the best shop in her town and explained what her problem was to one of the helpful young shop assistants.

Finally Mary said to her, "I suppose this isn't the first time anybody has come to you with this problem. What do you have for someone who's already got everything he wants or need?"

The girl sighed deeply and answered, "Envy. Only envy."

Keys:

Exercise 1

1. B 2. A 3. C 4. A 5. D

Exercise 2

1. F 2. F 3. T 4. F

Entertaining Minute

The champion athlete caught a very bad cold. He felt dizzy (头晕的) and had to stay in bed. The doctor came to see him. "You have a high fever," said the doctor after taking his temperature.

"How high is that, doctor?" the athlete murmured.

"40 °C," said the doctor.

"Well," asked the athlete without opening his eyes, "what's the world record?"

Unit 2

Part A Fundamental Skills

Numbers

Exercise 1

1. \$ 6 2. 814 3. 9:30 4. 9 th; 9:19 5. \$ 17
6. 45 th 7. 15 8. 88 9. 6386 10. 507-6893

Exercise 2

1. M: Where are you going on vacation this summer?
W: I've heard about a nice place called the Swiss Chalet. It's \$ 17 a day or \$ 114 a week.
Q: How much would it cost to stay at the Swiss Chalet for a day? (D)
2. M: What time does your class start every morning?
W: It starts at 8:00 from Monday to Friday. On Saturday it doesn't start until 9:00.
Q: What time does the woman's class begin on Wednesday? (D)
3. M: Where is the doctor's office?
W: He'll see you in Room 3. It's the fourth door on the right. You can't miss it. You're the 14th patient today.
Q: Where is the doctor? (A)
4. W: I'd like to buy a one-way ticket to Madrid, please. How much is it?
M: It costs us \$ 350 including tax.
Q: How much is the ticket? (B)
5. M: Do you reserve rooms by the week? You see, I'm not sure whether I'll stay for a whole month.
W: Yes, the rates are higher though. It's \$ 40 a week, but only \$ 125 a month.
Q: How much will the man pay if he stays there for a month? (C)
6. W: I'd like one hot dog, two sandwiches and two hamburgers.
M: Well, a hot dog is 55 cents, a sandwich 80 cents and a hamburger 90 cents.
Q: How much is a hot dog? (D)
7. M: I'd like to send this package to Beijing. How much is this by air mail?
W: That will be 15 dollars.
Q: How much is the postage if the package is sent by air mail? (B)
8. M: I have seen the film "Titanic" two times. I still really enjoy it.
W: That's nothing. I've seen it twice and my sister has seen it five times.
Q: How many times has the woman's sister seen the film "Titanic"? (C)
9. W: Do you live in a college dormitory?
M: Yes, I do. It's a six-man suite, but at the moment only four of us live there.

- Q: How many people share the suite now? (D)
10. M: How much does it cost to play here?
- W: It's usually 75 cents a game, but today there is a special—60 cents a game.
- Q: How much does it usually cost to play a game? (C)

Part B Dictation

Exercise 1

1. People drive too fast, especially when the roads are wet.
2. They each work an eight-hour shift.
3. Breakfast habits in the U. S. A. vary from family to family.
4. The Smiths had to catch a train because the plane was too expensive.
5. Because of demand for fast food, cities and towns are crowded with restaurants.
6. There are expresses to everywhere in Britain from this station.

Exercise 2

- A: What do you want to know?
- B: I work for an advertising agency, and I'm doing some research. It's for a new magazine for people like you.
- A: What do you mean?
- B: People between 16 and 25 years old.
- A: Ok.

Part C Picture Identification

1. Ms. Green is a math teacher.
2. She is around by her students.
3. She shows some pictures of the earth book to her students.
4. The students feel little interested about the book.
5. Just only one student of them is wearing glasses.

Keys:

1. F 2. F 3. T 4. F 5. T

Part D Passage Understanding

Although the secretary is most often thought of as "she" and the executive as "he", it isn't always necessarily so! In the early days of office work, most secretaries were male because women were considered too weak for such hard activities.

Now there is an increase in the number of men coming into the secretarial field. And more women are moving into executive positions. Jobs and careers are no longer decided by sex, but by ability. As long as the person has the quality of being a good secretary, he or she will be able to get the job. Good secretaries are always in demand.

A good secretary should be excellent in office duties, for example, when the boss has an urgent

budget meeting, the secretary should not disturb him. If the boss is going to give a dinner party, he or she should make the reservation ahead of time in an appropriate restaurant.

Good secretaries should also pay attention to their appearance and dress fashionably and neatly. They must be able to speak at least one foreign language fluently. If a secretary is very skilled in typing and using a computer, she is more likely to be recommended for promotion.

Keys:

Exercise 1

1. too weak 2. coming into 3. excellent 4. at least 5. very skilled in

Exercise 2

1. T 2. F 3. F 4. T

Entertaining Minute

General Pershing was a famous American officer. He was in the American army and fought in Europe in the First World War.

After he died, some people in his home town wanted to remember him, so they put up a high statue(雕像) of him on a horse.

There was a school near the statue, and some of the boys passed it every day on their way to school and again on their way home. After a few months some of them began to say, "Good morning, Pershing," whenever they passed the statue, and soon all the boys at the school were doing this.

One day one of the smallest of these boys was walking to the shops with his mother when he passed the statue. He said, "Good morning, Pershing" to it, but then he stopped and said to his mother, "I like Pershing very much, Ma, but who's that funny man on his back?"

Keys:

1. B 2. C 3. B

Unit 3

Part A Fundamental Skills

Calculation

1. W: I want a single room with a bath. What's the rate?
M: It's 8 dollars a day.
Q: How much does the woman have to pay if she stays for a 4 days? (C)
2. W: The shoes were a bargain. I got them for half price!
M: You mean you only paid \$ 30 for them?
Q: How much did the shoes cost originally? (A)
3. M: The flight for New York left 15 minutes ago.
W: That's right. It's already 12:05.
Q: When did the plane leave? (B)
4. M: How many dozens of eggs do you need today?
W: Regularly I take two dozens but now I cut it down to half.
Q: How many eggs does the woman need today. (A)
5. W: Has the latest "Readers" magazine arrived yet? Today is already Tuesday.
M: Sorry, it's late. Probably not till the day after tomorrow.
Q: On what day of the week will the magazine probably arrive? (D)
6. W: The plane leaves at 6:15. Do we have time to eat first?
M: No. We've only got 30 minutes until departure time.
Q: What time is it now? (D)
7. W: If everyone runs for President, who'll run for the other offices?
M: Of the seven candidates, only three are not running for President.
Q: How many people are running for President? (A)
8. W: I'd like to make a phone call to Chicago please. How much will that be?
M: Let me see. 40 cents for the first 3 minutes, and 10 cents for each additional minute.
Q: How much will the woman pay for a 10-minute call? (B)
9. M: I thought that these typewriter ribbons cost 4 dollars.
W: They used to, but the price has gone up fifty cents.
Q: How much do the typewriter ribbons cost now? (C)
10. W: Are you leaving? It's 7:40.
M: No. I'm going to wait another 20 minutes.
Q: When will the man leave? (D)

Part B Dictation

Exercise 1

A: Good morning. Can I help you?

B: Yes. I'd like 12 eggs, please. And some French Cheese.

A: Ok, eggs. How much cheese?

B: 2 pounds. And can I have 16 tins of tomatoes, 6 loaves of bread and 60 bottles of orange juice?

A: Ok, anything else?

B: No, that's all. How much is that, please?

A: Let me see, that's 20 pounds totally.

Exercise 2

After class there are many things to do for the students. Some of them study in the learning center; some play volleyball; some play football. In the evening there's entertainment in the school. So some students watch films or television. The school life is very interesting.

Part C Picture Identification

1. There were many people in the picture.
2. The boy was dancing happily.
3. The tape recorder was playing music.
4. The girl was singing very well.
5. The boy was holding a microphone.
6. The sound was too loud to stand for other people.
7. The woman in the picture was very pleased to hear the boy.

Keys:

1. F 2. F 3. T 4. F 5. T 6. T 7. F

Part D Passage Understanding

The Red Cross is an international organization which cares for people who are in need of help. A man in a Paris hospital who needs blood, woman in Mexico who are injured in an earthquake, and a family in India that lost their home in a storm may all be aided by the Red Cross.

The Red Cross exists in almost every country around the globe. The world Red Cross organizations are sometimes called the Red Crescent, the Red Mogen David, the Son, and the Red Lion. All of these agencies share a common goal of trying to help people in need.

The idea of forming an organization to help the sick and wounded during a war started with Jean Henry Dunant. In 1859, he observed how people were suffering on a battlefield in Italy. He wanted to help all the wounded people regardless of which side they were fighting for. The most important result of his work was an international treaty called the Geneva Convention. It protects prisoners of war, the sick and wounded, and other citizens during a war.

The American Red Cross was set up by Clara Barton in 1881. Today the Red Cross in the Unit-

ed States provides a number of services for the public, such as helping people in need, teaching first aid, demonstrating water safety and artificial respiration and providing blood.

Keys:

Exercise 1

1. B 2. B 3. D 4. D

Exercise 2

1. T 2. T 3. T 4. T

Entertaining Minute

Enjoy yourself while listening to the song "My Heart Will Go on".

Part C Picture Identification

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Unit 4

Part A Fundamental Skills

Places & Location

1. M: Could you please tell me if the Miami flight will be arriving on time?
W: Yes, sir. It should be arriving in about twenty minutes.
Q: Where does this conversation most probably take place? (C)
2. W: Would you like to order now?
M: Yes, please show me the menu.
Q: Where does this conversation most probably take place? (D)
3. M: I need to cash this check.
W: Will you step right over that window, please?
Q: Where is the conversation probably taking place? (B)
4. M: Hello, I'd like to reserve two rooms for two weeks.
W: Just go to the front desk and they'll help you.
Q: Where does this conversation take place? (C)
5. W: Are these treatments really necessary? I still feel awful and my headache is as terrible as before.
M: Just be patient and I'm sure you'll see some result soon.
Q: Where did this conversation most probably take place? (A)
6. W: Henry, after I finish here at school, I'll go home.
M: Well, I'll afraid I can't go home with you. I'm going to the library instead.
Q: Where is the woman now? (B)
7. W: It's good to have you back at work again. Two weeks is a long time.
M: I really enjoyed my trip to France.
Q: Where is the man now? (C)
8. W: Where is Linda? I'd like her to help me in the kitchen for a moment.
M: She is in the garden now. She is busy watering flowers.
Q: Where is the female speaker now? (A)
9. W: Are these seats all right?
M: Yes. From here I can look right onto the stage. Look, the leading actress is very attractive.
Q: Where did this conversation most probably take place? (D)
10. M: I need a book of stamps and I'd also like to send this package first class.
W: Here are your stamps, but you have to take package to the next window.
Q: Where does this conversation most probably take place? (A)

Part B Dictation

Exercise 1

A: Hello. ABC Business Center. Can I help you?

B: Hello. I'd like to speak to Mrs. Danana, please.

A: I'm afraid she's not in the office at the moment. Can I take a message?

B: Yes. I'm her younger brother, Tim. I'm staying at the Friendship Hotel. The room number is 1605.

A: Do you want her to phone you there?

B: Yes, please. The number's 8536779. This evening, if she can, er...before 9 o'clock.

A: Anything else?

B: No, that's all. Thanks very much. Goodbye!

A: Goodbye!

Exercise 2

A business center is a building which consists of a lot of offices and equipment necessary to run a business, such as telephones, photocopiers, etc. A businessman can just sign a very simple lease (租约) and move in. He can start working immediately. It's often much cheaper and easier for companies because everything is ready for them. They don't have to buy the equipment and furniture.

Part C Picture Identification

1. There was a lot of people in the pictures.
2. A girl was cycling very fast along the lake.
3. A little boy was running after the bike.
4. Suddenly the boy and the girl fell down into the lake.
5. The man ran very quickly towards to help them.
6. At last the girl was saved from the lake.

Keys:

1. F 2. T 3. F 4. F 5. F 6. T

Part D Passage Understanding

If we are ever asked to give a talk, most of us are worried about it. There is no need for this. If a few simple rules are followed anyone can speak well in public.

First of all, the talk should be well prepared. In this way we gain an interest in what we are going to say and we build up our confidence. If we know that we have worked hard to get our facts right then we feel better.

There are three things that we should know when we are preparing our talk. The first one is what we are trying to do: What do we want to will our audience? The second thing is who our audience will be. If we are talking to children then our talk should be simple; if we are speaking to older

people then we can be a little more complex, and so on. The third thing we would know is for how long we should be talking, and then we should make sure that we stick to that time.

It has been said that the main object of any talk is to bring an idea and an audience together. If we remember that, and speak clearly and honestly in a friendly fashion, we should be able to speak in public.

Keys:

Exercise 1

1. are worried about it
3. who our audience is

Exercise 2

1. T
2. F
3. T

Entertaining Minute

A friend who was involved in a serious motorcycle accident was unable to speak when he first regained consciousness(恢复知觉). Wishing to know how long he had been unconscious, he took a piece of paper and a pencil from the bedstead and, after writing "Date?" on it, gave it to his nurse. She handed it back to him—after she had written the word "Married" on it.