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北大绿卡

新理念 新情境 新题型

BEI-DA LÜKA

DANYUAN CESHIJUAN

【主编】胡 隼

单元测试卷

八年级英语·上

【人教版】

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单元测试卷

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八年级英语·上

[人 教 版]

东北师范大学出版社 长 春



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北大绿卡
BEIJING UNIVERSITY
Remembrance Card

八年级英语

[赠 赠 人]

国夫李 韩 丰 殷书董 魏民野 孙 湖 八拜
韩夫米 彭希近 姜书苗 李正成 香烈枝 杨 欣
薛 李 陆立真 贾 幸 魏慧成 胡创王 史家王
徐金魏 徐顺亮 贾书李 胡显振 魏慧王 吴亮王

①考生要写清班级、姓名和考号。
②用钢笔答题，不能用铅笔或圆珠笔，字迹要清楚，卷面要整洁。

学校：_____ 年级：_____ 班：_____ 姓名：_____ 考号：_____

八年级单元测试卷·英语·人教版

Unit 1 DANYUANCESHIJUAN

■时间：90 分钟 ■总分：100 分

题号	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	总分
得分								

友情提示：本卷中选择题及判断题的答案都必须填涂在答题卡相应的位置上，答在题空上一律无效！

I. 单项选择。(每小题 1 分，共 15 分)

- () 1. — _____ do you swim with your friends?
— I do that every day.
A. How soon B. How far C. How often D. How much
- () 2. His mother wants him _____ at home today.
A. stays B. stayed C. to stay D. staying
- () 3. Here _____ the results _____ the student activity survey.
A. is; with B. are; of C. is; of D. are; with
- () 4. _____ homework, they do their homework on Sunday.
A. As for B. As to C. As of D. As from
- () 5. You look _____, try to relax yourself.
A. old B. healthy C. angry D. tired
- () 6. You must _____ yourself.
A. look for B. take after C. take care D. look after
- () 7. We should try our best _____ hard.
A. work B. works C. working D. to work
- () 8. — _____ has Mr. Smith taught in our school?
— For three years.
A. How often B. How long C. How many times D. How soon
- () 9. Li Ming always gets up early and he is _____ late for school.
A. usually B. often C. sometimes D. hardly ever
- () 10. "75% of the students watch TV every day" means _____ students like watching TV.
A. all B. some C. most D. no
- () 11. You are too fat. You must _____ eat _____ meat.
A. try; more B. try to; more C. try to; less D. try; less
- () 12. _____ Mr. Green is ill, _____ he still goes to school.
A. Although; / B. Although; but C. But; although D. /; /
- () 13. _____ give up (放弃), then you can be successful (成功).

- A. Never B. Sometimes C. Often D. Usually
- () 14. — _____ are the sweater?
— It's \$ 100.
A. How much B. How many
C. How long D. How often
- () 15. — Is your lifestyle the same _____ Linda's, Jerry?
— No, mine is quite different _____ hers.
A. as; from B. as; as C. from; as D. from; from

II. 根据汉语完成句子。(每小题 2 分，共 10 分)

16. 我的饮食习惯和她的不同，她喜欢吃垃圾食品。
My _____ are _____ hers. She likes eating _____.
17. 拥有一个健康的生活方式是很重要的。
It is _____ to have _____.
18. 她的生活方式和你的是一样，还是有所不同?
Is her lifestyle _____ yours or _____?
19. 做运动是一种保持身体健康的好方法。
Doing exercises is a good way to _____.
20. 我认为我有点儿不健康，因为我几乎不锻炼身体。
I think I am kind of _____, because I _____.

III. 交际用语。(每空 2 分，共 10 分)

- A: Excuse me, may I ask you some questions?
B: Certainly.
- A: _____ 21 _____
B: I eat them every day.
- A: Do you like them?
B: _____ 22 _____ But my parents say they're good for my health.
- A: Do you like junk food?
B: _____ 23 _____ But I try to eat it once a week.
- A: Why?
B: _____ 24 _____
- A: How long do you sleep every night?
B: _____ 25 _____
- A: Oh, I think you must be in good health.
- A. No, I am not.
B. Yes, I do.
C. No, I don't.
D. About nine hours.
E. How often do you eat fruit and vegetables?
F. Because my parents tell me it's bad for my health.
G. Yes, please.
21. _____ 22. _____ 23. _____ 24. _____ 25. _____

答题卡	
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IV. 句型转换。(每小题 2 分, 共 10 分)

26. Mike does his homework for two hours every day. (就画线部分提问)

_____ Mike _____ his homework every day?

27. We go to a movie once a month. (就画线部分提问)

_____ go to a movie?

28. Her lifestyle is not the same as mine. (同意句转换)

Her lifestyle is _____ mine.

29. She always does some cooking on weekends. (变为完全否定句)

She _____ does _____ cooking on weekends.

30. I must take care of my little sister when my mother isn't at home. (同意句转换)

I must _____ my little sister when my mother isn't at home.

V. 完形填空。(每小题 2 分, 共 20 分)

How often do you eat chocolate and chips? 31 a week? That's a bad 32 !

Every day we eat a lot of food. Some are good 33 our health, and some are bad

for our health. What's good food? Here is a food pyramid (金字塔). Every day, we

should eat much bread and rice; we should eat some vegetables 34 fruit, maybe

two apples or three oranges. A lot of bread, rice, vegetables and fruit help you

35 in good health. We should have one glass or two glasses of milk and less fish,

meat, chicken 36 eggs. Of course, we should 37 eat junk food. 38

sweets and cola are very delicious, we can't often eat 39. They're 40 food.

() 31. A. Five time B. Five times C. Five D. Two times

() 32. A. eating habit B. eat habit C. eating habits D. eat habits

() 33. A. for B. with C. at D. on

() 34. A. or B. and C. with D. about

() 35. A. to keep B. keeping C. keeps D. to keeping

() 36. A. or B. and C. with D. about

() 37. A. always B. sometimes C. hardly ever D. often

() 38. A. But B. Although C. So D. Because

() 39. A. them B. it C. they D. their

() 40. A. healthy B. unhealthily C. healthily D. unhealthy

VI. 阅读。(每小题 2 分, 共 20 分)

A

My friend Jenny thinks it is very silly to eat too much. She always says she likes a small breakfast. But when I ask her what she eats for breakfast, she says, "Well, I usually start with a glass of orange juice. Then I have one or two pieces of bread with butter and a cup of hot chocolate. After that I have one or two eggs and some meat. I always have a cup of tea with milk and sugar. Sometimes I have a bowl of porridge (麦片粥). I usually finish my breakfast with a cup of coffee. If I'm still a little hungry, I often have sandwiches with vegetables. You see, I have a good breakfast every morning."

"But how can you call such breakfast small?"

"I know it is not small. However, that's all I eat. I never eat lunch, and I

never have dinner. If I have dinner, I can't sleep." She says with a smile, "You know, it's stupid to overeat."

根据短文内容判断正 (T) 误 (F)。

() 41. The word "silly" in the first sentence means "clever".

() 42. Jenny never eats lunch.

() 43. Jenny usually has a little breakfast.

() 44. Jenny likes drinking orange juice.

() 45. She has a bad eating habit.

B

What is Jim doing for vacation?

Saturday	Exercise	6: 00—7: 00 am
	Do homework	8: 00—11: 00 am
	Wash clothes	2: 00—4: 00 pm
	Clean the bedroom	6: 30—8: 00 pm
Sunday	Watch TV	9: 00—11: 00 pm
	Go to the beach	7: 00—11: 30 am
	Go to the park	2: 00—5: 00 pm
	Watch football games	7: 00—9: 00 pm

() 46. Jim is _____ at ten o'clock on Saturday morning.

A. exercising B. doing homework

C. washing clothes D. going to the beach

() 47. Jim is cleaning the bedroom at _____ on Saturday.

A. 7: 00 am B. 9: 00 am C. 7: 00 pm D. 9: 00pm

() 48. Jim is watching TV _____.

A. at 9: 30 am on Saturday B. at 9: 30 pm on Saturday

C. at 9: 30 am on Sunday D. at 9: 30 pm on Sunday

() 49. What is Jim doing at 6: 00 pm on Sunday?

A. He is going to the beach.

B. He is going to the park.

C. He is watching football games.

D. I don't know.

() 50. Which sentence is TRUE?

A. Jim is doing homework at 3: 00 pm on Saturday.

B. He is cleaning the bedroom at 8: 30 am on Sunday.

C. He is going to the beach at 8: 00 am on Sunday.

D. He is watching football games at 10: 00 pm on Sunday.

VII. 书面表达。(15 分)

请你谈谈你现在的的生活方式以及你的身体健康状况。不要忘了把我们这单元学过的一些表示频率的时间副词, 如: never, sometimes 等用上!

要求: 语言通顺; 条理清晰; 基本无语法及拼写错误; 词数不少 60 个。

①考生要写清班级、姓名和考号。
②用钢笔答题，不能用铅笔或圆珠笔，字迹要清楚，卷面要整洁。

学校：_____ 年级：_____ 班：_____ 姓名：_____ 考号：_____

八年级单元测试卷·英语·人教版

Unit 2

DANYUANCESHIJUAN

■时间：90 分钟 ■总分：100 分

题号	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	总分
得分								

友情提示：本卷中选择题及判断题的答案都必须填涂在答题卡相应的位置上，答在题空上一律无效！

I. 单项选择。(每小题 1 分，共 15 分)

- () 1. Mike gave us _____ on how to improve English.
A. some advices B. many advices
C. some advice D. an advice
- () 2. Students _____ spend much time on computer games.
A. should B. shouldn't C. have to D. don't have to
- () 3. _____ me carefully, boys and girls. Can you _____ me?
A. Listen to; hear from B. Hear; listen to
C. Hear; hear D. Listen to; hear
- () 4. — I have a bad _____.
— You should see a dentist.
A. cold B. fever C. toothache D. stomachache
- () 5. This sweater looks _____, so it sells _____.
A. well; good B. good; well C. good; good D. well; well
- () 6. We do our _____ exercises _____.
A. everyday; every day B. everyday; everyday
C. every day; every day D. every day; everyday
- () 7. In China, people like eating some yin food _____ tofu.
A. as B. like C. likes D. and
- () 8. _____ the junk food is unhealthy, John _____ it.
A. Because; likes B. Although; likes
C. Although; dislikes D. So; dislikes
- () 9. — I am not feeling well. I think I have a bad cold. _____
— _____.
A. Oh, my god. B. That's OK.
C. Nothing serious. D. I am sorry to hear that.
- () 10. You have _____ yin, so you often feel _____ weak and tired.
A. too much; too much B. much too; much too
C. too much; much too D. much too; too much

- () 11. There are _____ boys _____ on the beach.
A. a little; lying B. a few; lying C. a little; lie D. a few; lie
- () 12. _____ take me to the zoo?
A. Why don't B. Why not you C. What about D. Why don't you
- () 13. I am good _____ Chinese, but I am weak _____ English.
A. in; at B. at; in C. for; in D. for; at
- () 14. — What's _____?
— I have got a sore throat.
A. matter B. your wrong
C. your trouble with you D. the matter
- () 15. — _____ did it start?
— About 3 days ago.
A. How often B. How long C. when D. How soon

II. 根据汉语完成句子。(每小题 2 分，共 10 分)

16. 到了车站我才找到我的钱包。
I _____ my wallet _____ I _____ to the station.
17. 我感到很紧张，因为我的英语口语没有提高。
I _____ because my spoken English isn't _____.
18. 不能对老人们愤怒，这样是不礼貌的。
_____ old people. It is not polite.
19. 你应该一天吃两次药。
You should _____ a day.
20. 中医现在在许多西方国家都很受欢迎。
_____ is popular in many _____.

III. 交际应用。(每小题 2 分，共 10 分)

- Mrs. White doesn't feel well today. She calls the doctor and makes an appointment (预约).
- A: Hello. Doctor's Office.
B: Hello. (21) _____
A: Hello, Mrs. White. How are you?
B: (22) _____
A: (23) _____ What is the problem?
B: (24) _____
A: I see. Do you want to make an appointment?
B: (25) _____
A: Can you come at two o'clock this afternoon?
B: At 2 o'clock? Yes, that's OK. Thank you.

- A. I had a cold last night.
B. Not so good.
C. I am sorry to hear that.
D. This is Mrs. White.
E. Yes, please.

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21. _____ 22. _____ 23. _____ 24. _____ 25. _____
- IV. 句型转换。(每小题 2 分, 共 10 分)
26. Let's sit down and rest. (同意句转换)
Let's sit down and _____.
27. To sleep 8 hours a day is important. (同意句转换)
_____ 8 hours a day.
28. What's the trouble? (同意句转换)
What's _____?
29. We walk to school every day. (同意句转换)
We go to school _____ every day.
30. You should eat some chocolate. (变为否定句)
You _____ eat _____ chocolate.
- V. 完形填空。(每小题 2 分, 共 20 分)
- Most people like 31 sweets and ice cream better than meat and rice. If we eat them 32 a meal, it's OK. But if we eat them 33 a meal, they may 34 our appetite (食欲). It is important for us 35 our meals regularly each day. When we feel 36 or excited, we may not want to eat.
- When a man is worrying about something, it is 37 for him to swallow (吞) anything dry because he has 38 appetite. Many years ago, some judges in England often 39 a man some dry bread. If the man could not swallow the bread, they 40 he was telling lies.
- () 31. A. eats B. eating C. to eat D. to eating
() 32. A. when B. after C. before D. in
() 33. A. when B. after C. before D. in
() 34. A. take away B. take after C. take to D. take out
() 35. A. eat B. to eating C. eats D. to eat
() 36. A. worried B. worrying C. worry D. worries
() 37. A. difficult B. easy C. happy D. sad
() 38. A. not B. little C. some D. much
() 39. A. give B. gave C. gives D. given
() 40. A. thinks B. think C. thought D. is thinking
- VI. 阅读理解。(每小题 2 分, 共 20 分)
- A
- The new term has started, NO 9 High School made a survey about the students' after-class activities. Teachers asked 200 students what they usually did after school. Most of them said they did sports. Some said that they did some reading, some joined the science club, and the others said they loved art. Now let's see how many students there are in different groups:
- | Reading club | Art club | Science club | Sports |
|--------------|----------|--------------|--------|
| 3% | 10% | 15% | 72% |
- () 41. _____ percent of the students like reading.
A. 3 B. 17 C. 72 D. 15

- () 42. _____ percent of the students are not so interested in art.
A. 65 B. 15 C. 90 D. 100
- () 43. _____ of the 200 students enjoy science.
A. 15 B. 30 C. 60 D. 90
- () 44. Students in the science club is _____ percent less than that in the sports club.
A. 54 B. 57 C. 67 D. 77
- () 45. The chart shows that most of the students like _____.
A. sports B. reading C. science D. art

B

How to keep healthy

- Here are some things you can do to keep you healthy.
- Having a good diet is very important. It means eating lots of different kinds of food and lots of fresh fruit and vegetables. They are good for your health.
- Doing exercise is another way of keeping you healthy. Exercise makes you fit and helps you relax. So exercise every day from now on!
- Some things are bad for your health, like smoking and drinking alcohol (酒). You had better give up these things.
- You should go to a doctor for a health check once a year. The doctor will be able to help you find some problems that you might have. The earlier you know the better for you.
- 判断正误。正确的写 T, 错误的写 F.
- () 46. Having a good diet means eating much meat and fish every day.
() 47. Doing exercise is a way to keep you healthy.
() 48. Smoking and drinking alcohol can make you relaxed and healthy.
() 49. You should go to a doctor for a health check once a year.
() 50. We should give up smoking, but we needn't give up drinking alcohol.
- VII. 书面表达。(15 分)
- 假设你叫 Grace, 你的朋友 Helen 得了重感冒。听到这个消息后, 请你给他发一封电子函件进行问候并给他提一些建议。
- 要求: 不少于 60 个词。

八年级单元测试卷·英语·人教版

Unit 3

DANYUANCESHIJUAN

时间: 90 分钟 总分: 100 分

题号	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	总分
得分								

友情提示: 本卷中选择题及判断题的答案都必须填涂在答题卡相应的位置上, 答在题空上一律无效!

I. 单项选择。(每小题 1 分, 共 15 分)

- () 1. Don't forget _____ him the news.
A. tell B. to tell C. telling D. told
- () 2. I am planning _____ a very _____ vacation.
A. to have; relaxing B. have; relaxing
C. to have; relaxed D. have; relaxed
- () 3. Who is _____ you?
A. waiting for B. waiting with C. waiting at D. waiting to
- () 4. This time I want to do _____.
A. anything different B. different anything
C. something different D. different something
- () 5. China is famous _____ the Great Wall.
A. as B. with C. on D. for
- () 6. — I am going to Beijing for vacation.
— _____.
A. I am not going with you. B. Do you have enough money?
C. Have a good time! D. Who are they going with?
- () 7. *The World without Thieves* will be on show next week. I can't _____ the great movie.
A. stop seeing B. stop to see C. wait seeing D. wait to see
- () 8. You must finish _____ your homework before dinner.
A. doing B. to do C. do D. does
- () 9. — Can you see _____ in the tree?
— No, I can see _____.
A. something; nothing B. anything; nothing
C. nothing; anything D. anything; something
- () 10. — How about _____ tomorrow?
— That's a good idea.
A. go hiking B. go hike C. going hike D. going hiking

- () 11. Mr. Fang _____ for Shanghai the day after tomorrow.
A. leaves B. left C. is leaving D. leave
- () 12. — _____ is Mike staying?
— He is staying for 2 weeks.
A. How often B. How long C. How much D. How soon
- () 13. Spring Festival is coming. I _____ tomorrow.
A. am sending a postcard for you B. am sending a postcard to you
C. send a postcard for you D. send a postcard to you
- () 14. John wanted to go to Spain, but at last decided _____ Canada.
A. on B. with C. for D. of
- () 15. You should keep your house _____.
A. cleaning B. to clean C. clean D. cleans

II. 根据汉语完成句子。(每小题 2 分, 共 10 分)

16. 你度假回来就会感觉到轻松了。
You will _____ when you _____ from your vacation.
17. 去山上远足怎么样?
_____ in the mountain?
18. 我妈妈明天上午要去上海。
My mother _____ for Shanghai tomorrow.
19. 这个周末你准备干什么?
_____ this weekends?
20. 他决定待在家里面。
He decided _____ at home.

III. 交际应用。(每小题 2 分, 共 10 分)

- A: Lily, where are you going for vacation?
B: (21) _____.
A: That sounds great. (22) _____.
B: I am going surfing in the sea. (23) _____.
A: I am visiting the places of interesting in Hangzhou.
B: Sounds cool. (24) _____.
A: Just for three days.
B: (25) _____.
A: The same to you.

- A. How long are you staying there?
B. I am going to Hawaii.
C. Then enjoy yourself!
D. What about you?
E. What are you doing there?

21. _____ 22. _____ 23. _____ 24. _____ 25. _____

IV. 句型转换。(每小题 2 分, 共 10 分)

26. I finished my homework. Then I went to bed. (合并为一句)
I _____ go to bed _____ I finished my homework.

答题卡

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答案	题号
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27. The students exercise once or twice a week. (就画线部分提问)
 _____ the students exercise a week?
28. She's taking care of her son. (同意句转换)
 She's _____ her son.
29. Send me postcards from Japan. (同意句转换)
 Send _____ from Japan.
30. I am going to China for vacation. (就画线部分提问)
 _____ for vacation?
- V. 完形填空。(每小题 2 分, 共 20 分)
- 30 A man always went to the same bar at the same time every day and asked for
 31 glasses of beer. He drank them and then asked for two more.
 One day the waiter 32 him, "Why do you always 33 two glasses of
 32 beer? Why don't you 34 one big glass instead?"
 The man answered, "Because I don't like to 35 alone. I drink with my friend."
 33 But a few days later, the man 36 and asked for only 37 glass of beer.
 34 "Oh," the waiter asked, "Has your friend died?"
 35 "Oh, no." said the man, "He's very 38. This glass of beer is for 39.
 36 But I must stop drinking beer. My doctor doesn't 40 me to drink because it is
 dangerous for me."
- 37 () 31. A. One B. two C. Some D. Many
 38 () 32. A. asked B. told C. Talked D. said
 () 33. A. ask for B. sell C. get D. take
 39 () 34. A. get B. to get C. getting D. to getting
 40 () 35. A. drink B. come C. eat D. sit
 () 36. A. went out B. got into C. said D. came in
 41 () 37. A. the same B. Two C. one D. much
 42 () 38. A. better B. well C. good D. tell
 () 39. A. us B. me C. you D. him
 43 () 40. A. want B. help C. let D. ask
- 44 VI. 阅读理解。(每小题 2 分, 共 20 分)
- 45 A
- 46 In many English homes, people eat four meals every day: breakfast, lunch,
 47 tea, and dinner. People have breakfast at any time from seven to nine in the
 48 morning. They eat porridge, eggs or bread. English people drink tea or coffee at
 49 breakfast. Lunch comes at one o'clock. Afternoon tea is from four to five in the
 50 afternoon, and dinner is about half past seven. First they have soup, and then they
 have meat or fish with vegetables. After that, they eat some other things, like
 bananas, apples or oranges. But not all English people like that. Some of them have
 their dinner in the middle of the day. Their meals are breakfast, dinner, tea and
 supper and all these meals are very simple.
- () 41. Many English people have _____ meals every day.
 A. two B. three C. four D. three or four

- () 42. People may have _____ for their breakfast.
 A. tea or eggs B. porridge, eggs, bread, tea or coffee
 C. tea and coffee D. bread and eggs
- () 43. People have lunch at _____.
 A. any time B. nine C. five D. one
- () 44. People don't have _____ for their dinner.
 A. porridge B. bananas and apples
 C. soup and meat D. meat and fish
- () 45. In some English homes dinner can come _____.
 A. at one o'clock B. at any time
 C. at noon D. in the morning

B The travelers and the purse

There were two men. They were on a trip together along the road. One of them
 picked up a purse. The purse was full of gold. "How happy I am!" the man said. "I
 have found a purse and it has ① _____ gold." "Do not say 'I have found a purse'," said the other man, "Say 'we have found a purse', and 'how happy we are'. We
 should share with each other everything." "No, no," replied the other man. "I
 found it and I am going to keep it."

Just then they heard a shout of "Stop, thief!" and they looked around. They
 saw some people coming down the road. The man who found the purse was afraid.
 "② We will die if they find the purse on us," he cried. "No, no," replied the other.
 "You did not say 'we' before, so now you should say 'I will die'."

46. "share" 的中文意思是 _____。
47. Was the man the purse's owner?

- () 48. 请为文中的画线①处选择正确的答案。
 A. so many B. so much C. many so D. much so
49. 请将画线句子②翻译成中文。

- () 50. The man who found the purse is _____.
 A. honest B. kind C. selfish D. handsome

VI. 书面表达。(15 分)

国庆节即将来临, 你将会有一星期的假期。请你写信告诉你的朋友 Mary, 你
 将如何度过这次国庆假期。(词数不少于 60 个)

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八年级单元测试卷·英语·人教版

Unit 4 DANYUANCESHIJUAN

■时间: 90 分钟 ■总分: 100 分

题号	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	总分
得分								

友情提示: 本卷中选择题及判断题的答案都必须填涂在答题卡相应的位置上, 答在题空上一律无效!

I. 单项选择。(每小题 1 分, 共 15 分)

- () 1. It takes us 2 hours _____ to the zoo.
A. ride B. to ride C. rode D. riding
- () 2. _____ is from Shanghai to Beijing?
— About 400 kilometers.
A. How many B. How long C. How far D. How often
- () 3. — How do you go to school?
— _____.
A. By foot B. On foot C. By feet D. On feet
- () 4. When will you _____?
A. get to B. arrive C. arrive at D. reach
- () 5. If you have _____ questions, please ask me.
A. other B. else C. the other D. others
- () 6. _____ like singing and dancing; _____ like playing chess.
A. One; the other B. Some; the other
C. Some; others D. Some; the others
- () 7. When it rains, my mother often _____ a taxi to work.
A. is taking B. takes C. is carrying D. carries
- () 8. I often _____ home.
A. walk to B. on foot C. walk D. walks
- () 9. — _____ is the supermarket from your home?
— Half an hour's ride.
A. How long B. How far C. How soon D. How much
- () 10. Riding a bike to school is a lot more fun than _____.
A. by bus B. take a bus C. on a bus D. taking a bus
- () 11. Yang Liping is famous _____ a great dancer.
A. for B. to C. as D. with
- () 12. — I am going to Shanghai with my parents this Sunday.
— _____

- A. Have good time! B. Enjoy.
C. Have a good trip! D. Have a fun.
- () 13. My father usually goes to work _____.
A. by a car B. on a car C. in car D. by car
- () 14. Look! A number of boys _____ on the playground.
A. play soccer B. is playing soccer
C. plays soccer D. are playing
- () 15. Ann's home is about ten kilometers _____ school.
A. away B. to C. away from D. far from

II. 根据汉语完成句子。(每小题 2 分, 共 10 分)

16. 你不能总是依赖父母。
You can't always _____ your parents.
17. 他骑自行车去学校花了半个小时。
It _____ half an hour _____ to school.
18. 我怎样到达那儿?
How do I _____?
19. 并非所有的学生都坐公共汽车上学。
_____ the students take the bus to school.
20. 你认为中国怎么样?
_____ do you _____ China?

III. 交际应用。(每小题 2 分, 共 10 分)

- (L—Lily; M—Mary; H—Mrs. Hu)
- L: It's five thirty. I'm going home now.
M: (21) _____ Can you give me a ride to the supermarket on your way home? I have to buy some food.
L: No problem. (22) _____ Are you going to stay here, Mrs. Hu?
H: Yes. (23) _____ A friend of mine can pick me up here. We are going to the cinema this evening.
M: (24) _____
H: I hope so. Well, I don't want to keep you. See you tomorrow.
L&M: OK. See you later. (25) _____
H: Thanks. Goodbye.

- A. Enjoy your evening!
B. I'm going to stay until six.
C. Let's go.
D. I'm leaving too.
E. That's OK.
F. It's a fine day.
G. You can have a good time this evening.

21. _____ 22. _____ 23. _____ 24. _____ 25. _____

IV. 句型转换。(每小题 2 分, 共 10 分)

26. Who will take care of the sick children? (改为同意句)

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① 考生要写清班级、姓名和考号。
② 用钢笔答题, 不能用铅笔或圆珠笔, 字迹要清楚, 卷面要整洁。

学校: _____ 年级 _____ 班 _____ 姓名 _____ 考号 _____

密封线内不要答题

27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50

Who will _____ the sick children?

27. "Where is the bus station?" he asked me. (合并为一句)

He asked me _____ the bus station _____.

28. It takes me five minutes to get there. (就画线部分提问)

_____ does it take you to get there?

29. Allan will go back to England by plane next month. (就画线部分提问)

_____ Allan go back to England next month?

30. The bus stop is only 100 meters away from the train station. (就画线部分提问)

_____ is the bus stop from the train station?

V. 完形填空。(每小题2分,共20分)

Many people like to watch TV. Watching TV is one of the most important activities of the day. TV 31 the outside closer to people's homes. Some people say the world is 32 than before because of TV. 33 is going on in the other countries? How do people live in places far away? Is there a sports game somewhere? What's life like in the deepest part of the sea?

If you want to 34 these and other kinds of questions, just turn on the TV. Turn it on and learn a lot. Of course people can also learn through reading 35 listening to the radio. But 36 TV they can learn better and more 37. Why? Because they can hear and watch, too.

TV helps open our 38. TV also helps to open our minds. TV often 39 us new ideas. We learn newer and better 40 of doing somethings.

- () 31. A. gets B. tells C. brings D. takes
 () 32. A. smaller B. bigger C. wider D. richer
 () 33. A. When B. Where C. How D. What
 () 34. A. ask B. answer C. know D. understand
 () 35. A. after B. or C. but D. for
 () 36. A. with B. in C. by D. on
 () 37. A. happily B. carefully C. easily D. usually
 () 38. A. way B. ideas C. ears D. eyes
 () 39. A. finds B. makes C. shows D. gives
 () 40. A. roads B. wishes C. ways D. ideas

VI. 阅读理解。(每小题2分,共20分)

A

There was a wolf. One morning, he felt very hungry. So he went out to look for something to eat. He saw a small house. When he came near the house, he heard a boy crying in the house. Then he heard the mother say, "Be quiet! Stop crying, or I will throw you to a wolf!" The wolf was surprised, but very happy about the mother's words.

The wolf sat down under an open window and waited for the mother to give the

boy to him. The wolf waited for all day, but the mother didn't give the boy to him. Then, the evening came. The wolf heard the mother's song to make the child sleep, "There, dear, there! The wolf cannot get you. No, no! Daddy is watching. And Daddy will kill him if he comes near!" Just then the father came back, and the wolf ran away.

- () 41. The wolf heard the boy _____ when he came near the house.
 A. smiling B. laughing C. crying D. shouting
 () 42. The wolf was very _____ about the mother's words.
 A. sad B. relaxing C. angry D. pleased
 () 43. Did the mother give her son to the wolf?
 A. Yes. B. No.
 C. I don't know. D. The story didn't tell us.
 () 44. Who will kill the wolf from the mother's words?
 A. The father. B. Nobody. C. The mother. D. The son.
 () 45. What did the wolf do at last?
 A. He didn't run away. B. He was killed by the father.
 C. He ran away. D. He killed the son.

B

Mary is six years old now. This autumn she begins to go to school. She likes her teachers and has some friends. She studies hard and is good at her classes. So we think she's a good girl.

It's Sunday today. It's fine and after breakfast the girl and her parents are going to the zoo. She likes to watch the animals very much. Now they're standing at the bus stop and waiting for the bus. She sees her friend Jim and her grandpa there.

"Good morning, Grandpa!" says the girl. "Are you going to the zoo, too?"

"Yes, we are," says the old man. Then he says to Mary's father, "You have a polite daughter. How old is she?"

"Six, Grandpa." answers the girl.

"Six?" the old man says with a smile. "But you're shorter than my stick!"

"How old is your stick, then?" says the girls.

判断正(T)误(F)。

- () 46. Mary is a worker.
 () 47. Mary is in Grade One now.
 () 48. We think Mary is a good girl because she's good at her classes
 () 49. Mary and her parents are going to the zoo by car.
 () 50. Mary's Parents and the girl are going the zoo because they like the animals.

VI. 书面表达。(15分)

在学校,很多学生采用不同的交通工具上学。请你举例并写出你的同学们以及你自己采用的交通工具,并分析一下采用这些交通工具的优点与缺点。

八年级单元测试卷·英语·人教版

Unit 5 DANYUANCESHIJUAN

■时间: 90 分钟 ■总分: 100 分

题号	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	总分
得分								

友情提示: 本卷中选择题及判断题的答案都必须填涂在答题卡相应的位置上, 答在题空上一律无效!

I. 单项选择。(每小题 1 分, 共 15 分)

- () 1. My father's office is at the top. I can see the whole city _____ the office.
A. from B. on C. with D. in
- () 2. The girl looks the _____ her father.
A. same like B. like C. same as D. same
- () 3. Sorry. I can't understand you. Please say that _____.
A. either B. more C. again D. neither
- () 4. Jenny says she might _____ a doctor in the future.
A. is B. be C. makes D. to be
- () 5. Jack hopes _____ the film with you tonight, and you?
A. watch B. to watch C. watches D. watching
- () 6. I can't find my key. _____ it is at home.
A. May be B. Maybe C. Might D. May
- () 7. _____ is very important to learn English well.
A. This B. It C. That D. We
- () 8. The famous writer gave us _____ about how to write novels.
A. talk B. a talk C. talking D. to talk
- () 9. Danny said that he would be a doctor _____ two more years.
A. after B. before C. in D. for
- () 10. We _____ you a merry Christmas.
A. hope B. make C. wish D. take
- () 11. — He'll get well soon.
— _____.
A. So I hope B. So he does C. I hope so D. He does so
- () 12. We _____ sure _____ he is innocent (无辜的).
A. are; that B. be; / C. /; for D. are; what
- () 13. I'll finish the job, _____ long it takes.
A. I don't matter when B. not matter how

- C. it doesn't matter if D. no matter how
- () 14. The city is famous _____ its fine parks.
A. of B. to C. for D. as
- () 15. Nobody helps Mary _____ Lynn.
A. that B. but C. with D. For

II. 根据汉语完成句子。(每小题 2 分, 共 10 分)

16. 我要去看医生。
I'm _____ the doctor.
17. 后天你能和我一起打网球吗?
Can you play tennis with me _____?
18. 一起去踢足球怎么样?
_____ to play soccer together?
19. 汤姆在空闲时间喜欢听音乐。
Tom likes listening to music _____ time.
20. 来加入我们的班级吧!
_____ and _____ our class!

III. 交际应用。(每小题 2 分, 共 10 分)

- A: (21) _____
B: I'm going to watch a football match between Korea and China.
A: Great! I really hope we can win this match. (22) _____
B: At 3 o'clock.
A: (23) _____
B: You're lucky. I have two tickets here. (24) _____
A: That sounds wonderful! But if I go with you, (25) _____
B: It doesn't matter. We can finish our homework after the match.

- A. If I have a ticket, I'll be able to go with you.
B. What are you going to do?
C. What time is it going to start.
D. I won't finish my homework.
E. I can give you one.

21. _____ 22. _____ 23. _____ 24. _____ 25. _____

IV. 句型转换。(每小题 2 分, 共 10 分)

26. Holly is more outgoing than Maria. (同意句转换)
Maria is _____ Holly.
27. Mary doesn't like to do the things as I do. (同意句转换)
Mary and I have _____.
28. She wants to invite me to her birthday party. (同意句转换)
She _____ to invite me to her birthday party.
29. He went to bed at eleven last night. (就画线部分提问)
_____ he go to bed last night?
30. He has to study for the math exam. (变为一般疑问句)
_____ he _____ to study for the math exam?

答题卡

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V. 完形填空。(每小题 2 分, 共 20 分)

Martin Henfield talks about some of his experiences (经历) as a twin: When we were small, my mother dressed us 31 the same clothes. That was bad enough and we didn't like it. But when we went on our first camping trip with the scouts (童子军), it was even 32. We were only ten years old, and while 33 went into their sleeping bags for the night, we were not happy to snuggle (紧偎) inside a double sleeping bag my mother made for us. At school our classmates 34 us Henfield One and Henfield Two, so people couldn't even see our difference according to our initials (姓名的开头字母) because 35 of us were M. O. It was only when I went to college and began to have my own friends that I started to feel my own freedom of identity (身份).

Before I went to college, during my last secondary school 36, I got a job on a building site. My twin brother, Mike Henfield, didn't work. He was resting. One day I said to the foreman (工头), "Can I have a week off?" "Certainly," he said, "but you won't have the job when you 37 back." I didn't want to 38 the job. So on Monday morning, Mike went down in my jeans, jacket and hat and he worked for me for one week. 39 of them knew the difference.

Now I am growing old and I feel very different 40 my twin brother. And he'll tell you the same. We have really worked towards that for forty years.

- 41 () 31. A. in B. for C. on D. with
42 () 32. A. bad B. worse C. good D. best
43 () 33. A. all boys B. another boy
C. all the other boys D. all the boys
44 () 34. A. called B. asked C. to D. knew
45 () 35. A. every B. each C. both D. all
46 () 36. A. holidays B. holiday C. week D. weekend
47 () 37. A. get B. will get C. got D. are getting
48 () 38. A. loose B. lost C. missing D. lose
49 () 39. A. All B. None C. Each D. Both
50 () 40. A. in B. from C. with D. As

VI. 阅读理解。(每小题 2 分, 共 20 分)

A

Dear Linda,

My birthday is coming on this Saturday! We're going to have birthday party at home on Saturday evening. Many of our friends are coming then. We'd also like you to come! Could you come? Please tell me!

With best wishes!

Love,
Mary

STAMP

From:
Mary Green
31 Wen Shan Road
Hangzhou

To:
Linda Black
40 Nanjing Road
Shanghai

根据 Postcard 的内容, 判断句子正 (T) 误 (F)。

- () 41. Linda's birthday is coming on Friday.
() 42. This is a postcard from Mary to Linda.
() 43. Linda wants Mary to come to her birthday party.
() 44. The birthday party is coming on Saturday evening.
() 45. Linda lives in Shanghai.

B

WANTED IMMEDIATELY

A boy or a girl to deliver (投递) newspapers.

Hours: 6:30 a. m. to 8:00 a. m. Mondays to Saturdays.

Wage: \$ 4 per day

It would be an advantage if he / she has a bicycle.

Write to: Mr. Jones Newsagent

Pens by Rd Moreton

Mr. Jones wants a boy or a girl to deliver (46) _____. It would be a good thing if the boy / girl has a (47) _____. He needs the boy / girl to work (48) _____ hours a week. The boy / girl will get \$ (49) _____ a week. You can write to Mr. Jones Newsagent (报摊), (50) _____.

46. _____ 47. _____ 48. _____ 49. _____ 50. _____

VII. 书面表达。(15 分)

假设你是林燕, 十二月十二日是你的生日, 你准备开生日聚会。今天你去 Judy 家, 想邀请她参加聚会, 但她不在家, 于是你给她写了留言, 请她参加你的聚会。(开头和结尾已经给出, 请根据提示完成留言, 词数 60—70 个左右)

提示: 1. 时间: 十二月十二日 10:00 至 22:00;

2. 地点: 新尚路福海酒店五楼 508 房;

3. 有很多朋友参加, 做一些有趣的事, 还可以去游泳;

4. 九点半在酒店门口迎接;

5. 希望按时参加。

Dear Judy,

December 6, 2005

Best wishes.

Yours,

Lin Yan

注意：①考生要写清班级、姓名和考号。
②用钢笔答题，不能用铅笔或圆珠笔，字迹要清楚，卷面要整洁。

学校：_____ 年级：_____ 班：_____ 姓名：_____ 考号：_____

八年级单元测试卷·英语·人教版

Unit 6 DANYUANCESHIJUAN

时间：90 分钟 总分：100 分

题号	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	总分
得分								

友情提示：本卷中选择题及判断题的答案都必须填涂在答题卡相应的位置上，答在题空上一律无效！

I. 单项选择。(每小题 1 分，共 15 分)

- () 1. Henry is _____ than Vince.
A. funnier B. more funny C. funnyer D. much funny
- () 2. Which is _____, the sun or the moon?
A. big B. bigger C. biggest D. more big
- () 3. Pedro ran _____ faster than the other boys in the sports meeting.
A. so B. very C. too D. much
- () 4. Who is _____, Kay or Lisa?
A. athletic B. more athletic C. much athletic D. very athletic
- () 5. When Mr. Wang came in, we stopped _____.
A. to talk B. talking C. talk D. talked
- () 6. My hair is shorter than _____.
A. my little brother B. him C. my little brother's D. he
- () 7. We _____ Japanese. So you and I have black eyes and black hair.
A. all are B. are all C. are both D. both are
- () 8. The ice in the lake is as _____ as it was before.
A. thin B. thinner C. thinnest D. much thinner
- () 9. — How do you feel today, Ted?
— I feel _____ better today, thank you.
A. more B. little C. a few D. a little
- () 10. — Of the two man, who is your father?
— _____ of them is my father.
A. Neither B. Both C. None D. Either
- () 11. We came to school very early, but our English teacher, Mr. Wang, came to school _____.
A. very earlier B. much early C. earlier D. the earliest
- () 12. Comrade Lei Feng often thought more of _____ than himself.
A. other B. the other C. others D. another
- () 13. We _____ doing the same things.

- A. both like B. like both C. both likes D. likes both
- () 14. — Is your brother good at _____ basketball?
— Yes, he is.

- A. to play B. plays C. played D. playing
- () 15. This book is _____ as that one.
A. same B. different C. the same D. difference

II. 根据汉语完成句子。(每小题 2 分，共 10 分)

16. 十点钟之前请保持安静。
Please _____ till ten o'clock.
17. 我和大卫都喜欢做相同的事。
Both Dave and I enjoy doing _____ things.
18. 他们尽最大的努力跑出购物中心。
They _____ to run out of the shopping mall.
19. 她的英语不及玛丽好。
She is not _____ good at English _____ Mary.
20. 老师经常叫我们在课堂上练习讲英语。
Teachers often ask us _____ English in class.

III. 交际应用。(每小题 2 分，共 10 分)

- Ma Bao: Hello, Lin Hu. What's your mother?
Lin Hu: She's a (21) _____.
Ma Bao: How does she go to work?
Lin Hu: She often goes to work (22) _____ (23) _____.
Ma Bao: Does she like (24) _____ (25) _____.
Lin Hu: Yes, she teaches Chinese, so she likes it very much.
Ma Bao: What are the differences between you and your mother?
Lin Hu: Yes. My mother is (26) _____ than me. And I'm (27) _____ (28) _____ than my mother.
Ma Bao: Are you taller than your mother?
Lin Hu: Yes. I'm (29) _____ (30) _____ than she is.
Ma Bao: Oh, I see. Thank you. See you!
Lin Hu: See you!

21. _____ 22. _____ 23. _____ 24. _____ 25. _____
26. _____ 27. _____ 28. _____ 29. _____ 30. _____

V. 句型转换。(每小题 2 分，共 10 分)

31. I have a big bag. He has a small bag. (改为同意句)
My bag is _____ than _____.
32. Pedro is funny. Paul is funny, too. (改为同意句)
Pedro is _____ funny _____ Paul.
33. Liu Li looks like her sister, Liu Ying. (改为同意句)
Liu Li and Liu Ying look _____.
34. He draws well. (改为同意句)
He is _____ drawing.

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35. She takes much interest in music and dance. (改为同意句)
She is _____ music and dance.

V. 完形填空。(每小题 2 分, 共 20 分)

When someone asks me what business I am in. My face feels 36. I envy (嫉妒) people who can say that they are writers, bookkeepers or doctors.
I really do make a living by 37. I can laugh like a king or like a school boy.
It is a skill that I have learned, 38 the skill of making shoes. Whenever and however laughter is needed, I am asked to do 39. I laugh like a bus driver or a shopkeeper. I laugh 40, kindly and happily.
I hardly point out that a 41 of this kind is tiring (辛苦的). I spend most evenings in nightclubs. My job is 42 laugh during the weaker part of the show. My loud laughter must be timed (合节拍) carefully. It must not come too soon, but neither must it be too late.
I go through life quietly. I 43 copy the laughter of others. I can laugh 44 many different ways, but I'm not sure that I have ever heard the sound of 45 own laughter.

() 36. A. warm B. cool C. hot D. cold
() 37. A. laughing B. writing C. speaking D. working
() 38. A. at B. to C. by D. like
() 39. A. one B. it C. those D. these
() 40. A. gladly B. sadly C. truly D. suddenly
() 41. A. work B. life C. business D. job
() 42. A. to B. / C. and D. for
() 43. A. may B. might C. can D. should
() 44. A. for B. of C. in D. with
() 45. A. their B. my C. her D. His

VI. 阅读理解。(每小题 2 分, 共 20 分)

A

Most people sleep at night, but Frank sleeps during the day and works at night. His job is to guard a large factory. He is lonely because nobody there talks with him in the evening.
Frank likes his job. He knows that it is important to guard the factory at night. If he hears any noise, he goes quickly to see what it is. Most of the time he walks around inside the big building, but he also walks around outside. When he is tired, he can sit on a chair by the door. It is very cold in winter. He always wears a warm coat when he is working.
One night when Frank went outside, he heard a noise near a dark corner of the factory. He went very quietly towards the noise to see if someone was there, but he saw only a small dog. Frank smiled and talked to the dog. It looked cold and sad. He took the dog inside the building, and the happy dog followed him around. During the rest of the night Frank was not lonely. A dog was a good friend for him.

根据短文内容, 判断正 (T) 误 (F)。
() 46. Frank sleeps at night and works in the day.
() 47. Frank doesn't think his job is important.
() 48. Sometimes Frank walks around outside the big building.
() 49. One night Frank saw a little dog sleeping at the gate of the factory.
() 50. Frank took the dog home at once.

B

My name is Jane Brown. I live in Manchester, 77 Victoria Drive. I haven't got a telephone, but you can phone my next-door neighbor, Mrs. Johnson. Her number is 2468021.
I left school five years ago. I was good at maths at school. That was my best subject. I wasn't very good at English. Art was my worst subject.
I like swimming and dancing. I play tennis every weekend if I can. I'm very fond of music. My favorite composer is Beethoven. I like pop, too. Foreign languages? Well, I learned French at school. I was quite good at it. I can understand quite well and speak a little.
After I left school, I worked on a farm for a year. Then, I worked in factory for six months. I didn't like it. I'm working as a waitress at the moment. I want to get a job in a big company.

51. Does Jane Brown have a telephone?

52. Which subject did she do better, English or maths?

53. Can she speak French very well?

54. How often does she play tennis?

55. Where is she working now?

VII. 书面表达。(15 分)

以 "My Best Friend and I" 为题写一篇短文, 比较你俩的特征。要求: 至少 10 句话; 80 词左右; 可适当发挥。

1. 我的好友名叫露茜;
2. 在某些方面, 我们看上去一样; 在某些方面, 我们看起来不同;
3. 我们都有黑眼睛, 黑头发;
4. 她比我高, 比我文静, 很认真;
5. 我外向一点儿, 而且比她风趣;
6. 我们都喜欢读书和听音乐。

密
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① 考生要写清班级、姓名和考号。
② 用钢笔答题，不能用铅笔或圆珠笔，字迹要清楚，卷面要整洁。

学校：_____ 年级：_____ 班：_____ 姓名：_____ 考号：_____

八年级单元测试卷·英语·人教版

期中测试卷

QIZHONGCESHIJUAN

■时间：120 分钟 ■总分：120 分

题号	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	总分
得分							

友情提示：本卷中选择题及判断题的答案都必须填涂在答题卡相应的位置上，答在题空上一律无效！

I. 单项选择。(每小题 1 分，共 20 分)

- () 1. — _____ does he go to the movies?
— Every week.
A. How long B. How far C. How often D. How soon
- () 2. The students in Class Two always exercise a lot. _____ homework, they finish it very quickly.
A. To B. As for C. As D. Because of
- () 3. His brother wants him _____ at home today.
A. stays B. staying C. to stay D. stay
- () 4. The teacher was very angry _____ me because I didn't finish my homework.
A. over B. with C. about D. at
- () 5. Mrs. Li gave us _____ advice on how to learn English well.
A. some B. an C. one D. the
- () 6. You look tired. Why _____ a rest?
A. not to have B. don't have C. not have D. no have
- () 7. Eating a balanced diet _____ very important to our health.
A. is B. are C. be D. to be
- () 8. We should eat a lot of fruit and vegetables _____.
A. having good health B. to stay healthy
C. keep in good health D. stay healthy
- () 9. The government plans _____ a square here.
A. to build B. building C. build D. built
- () 10. — Jim decided _____ us in the game.
— Oh, very good!
A. joining B. to join C. joined D. join
- () 11. There isn't _____ on TV.

- A. something important B. important anything
C. anything important D. important something
- () 12. I'm not sure if we'll have a sports meeting next week. It _____ the weather.
A. depend B. depend on C. depends on D. depends
- () 13. Schools in China are _____ those in the United States.
A. differences B. different from C. the difference D. different
- () 14. The number of the students in our school _____ more than 2, 000.
A. is B. are C. were D. was
- () 15. They had _____ lunch and then ran to school.
A. quickly B. quick C. a quick D. quicker
- () 16. You needn't _____ your English. I will help you.
A. worry B. worried C. worry about D. worried about
- () 17. It _____ us thirty minutes _____ from here to the station.
A. needs, to walk B. takes, walking
C. takes, to walk D. needs, work
- () 18. — Where are you going, Michael?
— Oh, I'm _____ the airport.
A. leaving from B. leaving for C. go to leave D. leave for
- () 19. — Is everyone here today?
— No, Tom isn't here. He must _____.
A. is ill B. be ill C. be illness D. healthy
- () 20. — _____ does Susan live from her office?
— Ten miles.
A. How far B. How long C. How many D. How high
- ### II. 完形填空。(每小题 1 分，共 10 分)
- The worst traveler in the world is perhaps Mr. Scot in San Francisco. Once he 21 from the USA to his hometown in Italy to see someone at home. The plane made a one-hour stop to get something at Kennedy Airport of New York. 22 he thought he had arrived home, Mr. Scot 23 the plane. He thought he was in 24.
When nobody was there to 25 him, Mr. Scot thought maybe they were held up by heavy traffic. While looking for 26 address, Mr. Scot found that the old "Rome" had changed a lot. Many 27 buildings were replaced (被……代替) by modern ones. He also found that many people spoke 28 instead of Italian and that many street signs were written in English.
Mr. Scot knew very little English, so he asked a policeman the way to the bus station (in Italian). Luckily, the policeman was also born in Italy and answered him in 29 language.

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After twelve hours traveling round on a bus, the driver handed him over to 30 policeman. He asked the policeman why the Rome police station employed (雇佣) so many people as policemen speaking English instead of Italian.

Mr. Scot didn't believe he was in New York when he was told so. To get him on a plane back to San Francisco, he was sent to the airport in a police car with sirens (警报器) on. "Look!" said Scot to himself, "I know I'm in Italy. That's how they drive."

- () 21. A. drove B. flew C. rode D. walked
 () 22. A. If B. Before C. Though D. As
 () 23. A. got off B. got on C. took off D. took on
 () 24. A. New York B. Paris C. Rome D. London
 () 25. A. find B. visit C. watch D. meet
 () 26. A. their B. my C. its D. her
 () 27. A. modern B. old C. new D. tall
 () 28. A. French B. Japanese C. English D. Chinese
 () 29. A. the same B. a foreign C. a strange D. a different
 () 30. A. a first B. a second C. a third D. a fourth

III. 阅读理解。(每小题 1.5 分, 共 30 分)

A
 John lived with her mother when he was young. He didn't know who his father was. The woman did some washing for the rich and could buy only some bread for her son. So the boy was short and thin.

One cold morning there was much snow in the streets. A car knocked the woman down and the policemen took her to the hospital. She didn't tell John that his father deserted (遗弃) her before he was born until she died. She left her son the name and address of his father.

John found his father, Mr. Brown, in another city. He was one of the richest shopkeepers and he had to receive his son. From then on the boy lived a rich life. He ate all kinds of delicious food and wore beautiful clothes. But he didn't go to school and could not read or write.

Once his father took him to a party. He saw a newspaper lying on the floor and picked it up while others were talking about a film. He had a look at it and found a car's wheels (轮子) were upward (向上). He called out, "Oh, dear! An accident happened!"

All the people were surprised and began to read the newspaper. But soon they all began to laugh. Do you know why?

- () 31. John didn't know his father because _____.
 A. the man was rich B. the man deserted his mother
 C. his mother left the man D. the man didn't like him

- () 32. John was short and thin because _____.
 A. he didn't like sports
 B. his parents were short, too
 C. he was often hungry when he was young
 D. his mother never gave him food
 () 33. The woman told John who his father was _____.
 A. after she was knocked down by a car B. before her son left
 C. before she was in hospital D. before she died
 () 34. After John found his father, _____.
 A. he was angry with the man B. he started a rich life
 C. he wouldn't live with him D. the man was bad to him
 () 35. The people at the party laughed at him because _____.
 A. he held the newspaper upside down B. he wasn't polite
 C. the newspaper was yesterday's D. he wasn't clever

B

People have sailed (航行) around the world in quite small boats. It is not an easy thing to do. Sometimes the weather gets bad. That can be the end of a boat, and the end of everyone in it. Accidents can happen easily and quickly.

One family once had an accident with some big fish. The fish swam under their boat and bit (咬) holes in it. The sea water came in, of course, and the boat soon sank (沉没). However, these people had another small boat—a lifeboat, and they all got into that. They lived and hoped for many days. They ate and slept, and they always hoped. At last a ship found them.

How do people live in a very small lifeboat? Perhaps for weeks or months? They must be strong in every way. They must have hope—they want to live. But you cannot eat and drink hope.

You cannot drink sea water. Drink a lot of sea water and you will quickly die. Sailors (海员) can drink rain water. They must catch rain water in their boat. They must also catch fish and birds for food. Lifeboats do not carry a cooker (炊具), and so the sailors cannot cook their food. Raw fish (生鱼) and bird meat is not very nice. But there is no other choice in a lifeboat! The sailors must eat raw food, or they will die.

What do people think about in a life boat? They think about land, a warm bed, dry clothes, fresh water and food, food, food.

- () 36. When sailors' boat sinks, their lifeboat gives them _____.
 A. food B. beds C. rainwater D. hope
 () 37. One family once had an accident at sea, because _____.
 A. their boat was caught in bad weather
 B. the boat knocked against (对着) a rock and sea water came in
 C. some fish bit through the bottom of their boat