

CET-4

星级词汇突击15天，  
英语菜鸟也变种子级！

# 单词突击

——新四级单词15天速成

# Vocabulary Sprint

主 编 / 金 利

世界图书出版公司

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主 编 / 金 利  
编 者 / 关晓蕙  
王 锋

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## 单词突击·新四级单词 15 天速成

主 编 金 利  
责任编辑 陈宇彤  
封面设计 王 琳

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## 前 言

还在烦恼四级单词不知如何背?

还在担心四级单词记忆不够熟练?

还在抱怨四级单词会背不会运用?

实际上,这些都不是问题。

15天,你就可以轻松解决以上问题!

15天,英语菜鸟级也变种子级!

不信?!看看本书怎样助你过四级!

### 本书特色:

#### 1. 划分星级词汇,15天完美突击

四级单词共有4400之多,且不说背诵这些单词的难度,即使都背完,又能记住、会用多少?对此本书给出了科学实用的方法,融入星级词汇的概念,将词汇根据掌握程度的不同分为四个星级,分别是:

四星级词汇:要求会听、会说、会读、会写、会译

三星级词汇:要求会读、会写、会译

二星级词汇:要求会读、会写

一星级词汇:要求会读,认识即可

同时,本书标注考过单词的词义,从而帮助考生根据单词掌握程度的不同合理计划单词复习的精力、时间,让考生15天轻松解决四级单词!



## 2. 实用技巧点拨,操作得心应手

近年来,四级考试更加注重对单词的运用,针对这一现象,本书在每个单元后插入了能够解决考试中常遇问题的技巧点拨,如:听力考试中常遇到的场景相关词汇、写作常用句型、阅读提问方式、观点态度词总结等,授之以鱼的同时更授之以渔,让考生把这些技巧运用到实际的考题中,真正做到,会用词才是真的会了词!

## 3. 收录星级例句,情景适时再现

本书例句选取均根据单词的实际运用,如:四星级单词,会精细讲解该单词在具体题型中的运用,标注出常考的搭配等,其难度模拟真题中出现的实际场景,让考生预先熟悉单词的运用环境,帮助考生知己知彼,顺利通过词汇关。

## 4. 习题集中突击,打造单词达人

本书在开始的 Part 1 和最后的 Part 6 特别设计各 50 道摸底自测和实景练习题,题目出自真题和模拟试题,考生可在复习开始先做自测题进行摸底,找到自己的差距;15 天的突击复习后可通过“实景练习”进行查漏补缺,学练结合,做到真正的“学以致用”。

是不是心动了,那就赶快行动吧!快快拿上这本书,它将帮助你在 15 天内成功突击,顺利通过四级考试词汇关,相信你的努力加上本书的帮助就能达到新四级的顶峰!

编者

2009 年 12 月

## 目 录

Part 1 摸底自测 .....	001
-------------------	-----

Part 2 四星单词 .....	007
-------------------	-----

第 1 天 .....	007
-------------	-----

第 2 天 .....	021
-------------	-----

第 3 天 .....	033
-------------	-----

第 4 天 .....	045
-------------	-----

第 5 天 .....	057
-------------	-----

Part 3 三星单词 .....	069
-------------------	-----

第 6 天 .....	069
-------------	-----

第 7 天 .....	088
-------------	-----

第 8 天 .....	104
-------------	-----

第 9 天 .....	122
-------------	-----

第 10 天 .....	139
--------------	-----

Part 4 二星单词 .....	156
-------------------	-----

第 11 天 .....	156
--------------	-----

第 12 天 .....	173
--------------	-----

第 13 天 .....	190
--------------	-----

第 14 天 .....	206
--------------	-----

## Part 5 一星单词 ..... 222

第 15 天 ..... 222

政治经济 ..... 222

文化教育 ..... 231

自然环保 ..... 241

社会生活 ..... 247

科学技术 ..... 260

综合类别 ..... 266

## Part 6 实景练习 ..... 296

## Part 1 摸底自测

### 一、单项选择

- The rain was heavy and \_\_\_\_\_ the land was flooded.  
A) consequently                      B) continuously  
C) constantly                         D) consistently
- There were some \_\_\_\_\_ flowers on the table.  
A) artificial                            B) unnatural  
C) false                                 D) unreal
- If Harry did not attend the conference last night, he \_\_\_\_\_ too much work to do.  
A) must have had                      B) must have  
C) had had                               D) had to have had
- Her fluency in English gives her an advantage \_\_\_\_\_ other girls for the job.  
A) above                                B) over  
C) than                                  D) with
- Nuclear science should be developed to benefit the people \_\_\_\_\_ harm them.  
A) more than                            B) other than  
C) rather than                           D) better than
- If you suspect that the illness might be serious, you should not \_\_\_\_\_ going to the doctor.  
A) pick out                               B) make out  
C) put off                                 D) give off



7. To be frank, I'd rather you \_\_\_\_\_ in the case.  
A) will not be involved      B) not involved  
C) not to be involved      D) were not involved
8. We didn't know his telephone number; otherwise we \_\_\_\_\_ him.  
A) would have telephoned      B) must have telephoned  
C) would telephone      D) had telephoned
9. A completely new situation will \_\_\_\_\_ when the examination system comes into existence.  
A) arise      B) rise  
C) raise      D) arouse
10. You \_\_\_\_\_ her in her office last Friday; she's been out of town for two weeks.  
A) needn't have seen      B) must have seen  
C) might have seen      D) can't have seen
11. Although I liked the appearance of the house, what really made me decide to buy it was the beautiful \_\_\_\_\_ through the window.  
A) vision      B) look  
C) picture      D) view
12. The store had to \_\_\_\_\_ a number of clerks because sales were down.  
A) lay out      B) lay off  
C) lay aside      D) lay down
13. Students or teachers can participate in excursions to lovely beaches around the island at regular \_\_\_\_\_.  
A) gaps      B) rate      C) length      D) intervals
14. \_\_\_\_\_ before we depart the day after tomorrow, we should have a wonderful dinner party.  
A) Had they arrived      B) Would they arrive  
C) Were they arriving      D) Were they to arrive
15. Had he worked harder, he \_\_\_\_\_ the exams.  
A) must have got through      B) would get through

- C) would have got through    D) could get through
16. We love peace, yet we are not the kind of people to yield \_\_\_\_\_  
any military threat.  
A) up    B) to    C) in    D) at
17. Americans eat \_\_\_\_\_ as they actually need every day.  
A) twice as much protein    B) twice protein as much  
C) twice protein as much    D) protein as twice much
18. A person's calorie requirements vary \_\_\_\_\_ his life.  
A) across    B) throughout    C) over    D) within
19. If the whole operation \_\_\_\_\_ beforehand, a great deal of time and  
money would have been lost.  
A) was not planned    B) has not been planned  
C) had not been planned    D) were not planned
20. Although they plant trees in this area every year, the tops of some  
hills are still \_\_\_\_\_.  
A) blank    B) hollow    C) vacant    D) bare
21. \_\_\_\_\_ she realized it was too late to go home.  
A) No sooner it grew dark than    B) Hardly did it grow dark that  
C) Scarcely had it grown dark than    D) It was not until dark that
22. Not until the game had begun \_\_\_\_\_ at the sports ground.  
A) had he arrived    B) would he have arrived  
C) did he arrive    D) should he have arrived
23. The bed has been \_\_\_\_\_ in the family. It was my great grandmoth-  
er's originally.  
A) handed out    B) handed over  
C) handed down    D) handed round
24. Only a selected number of landlords in the neighborhood have been  
allowed by the university to take in \_\_\_\_\_.  
A) residents    C) settlers  
B) lodgers    D) inhabitants
25. The author of the report is well \_\_\_\_\_ with the problems in the

- hospital because he has been working there for many years.
- A) informed      B) acquainted  
C) enlightened      D) acknowledged
26. He is always here. It's \_\_\_\_\_ you've never met him.  
A) unique      B) strange  
C) rare      D) peculiar
27. His wife is constantly finding \_\_\_\_\_ with him, which makes him very angry.  
A) errors      B) shortcomings  
C) fault      D) flaw
28. You will not be \_\_\_\_\_ about your food in time of great hunger.  
A) special      B) particular  
C) peculiar      D) specific
29. The policeman declared that the blow on the victim's head \_\_\_\_\_ from behind.  
A) should have been made      C) would have been made  
B) must have been made      D) ought to have been made
30. Some plants are very \_\_\_\_\_ to light; they prefer the shade.  
A) sensible      B) flexible  
C) objective      D) sensitive
31. She keeps a supply of candles in the house in case of power \_\_\_\_\_.  
A) drop      C) failure      B) lack      D) absence
32. I'm \_\_\_\_\_ enough to know it is going to be a very difficult situation to compete against three strong teams.  
A) realistic      B) conscious      C) aware      D) radical
33. The writer was so \_\_\_\_\_ in her work that she didn't notice him enter the room.  
A) absorbed      B) abandoned      C) focused      D) centered
34. We have arranged to go to the cinema on Friday, but we can be \_\_\_\_\_ and go another day.  
A) reliable      B) probable      C) feasible      D) flexible

35. Numerous studies already link the first meal of the day to better classroom \_\_\_\_\_.

A) performance B) function C) behavior D) display

## 二、翻译(汉译英)

- Specialists in intercultural studies says that it is not easy to \_\_\_\_\_ (适应不同文化中的生活).
- Since my childhood I have found that \_\_\_\_\_ (没有什么比读书对我更有吸引力).
- The victim \_\_\_\_\_ (本来会有机会活下来), if he had been taken to hospital in time.
- Some psychologists claim that people \_\_\_\_\_ (出门在外时可能会感到孤独).
- The nation's population continues to rise \_\_\_\_\_ (以每年1200万人的速度).
- The finding of this study failed to \_\_\_\_\_ (将人们的睡眠质量考虑在内).
- The prevent and treatment of AIDS is \_\_\_\_\_ (我们可以合作的领域).
- Because of the leg injury, the athlete \_\_\_\_\_ (决定退出比赛).
- To make donations or for more information, please \_\_\_\_\_ (按以下地址和我们联系).
- Please come here at ten tomorrow morning \_\_\_\_\_ (如果你方便的话).
- \_\_\_\_\_ (多亏了一系列的新发明), doctors can treat this disease successfully.
- In my sixties, one change I notice is that \_\_\_\_\_ (我比以前更容易累了).
- I am going to purchase this course, \_\_\_\_\_ (无论我要做出什么样的牺牲).
- I would prefer shopping online to shopping in a department store because \_\_\_\_\_ (网购更加方便和省时).

15. Many Americans live on credit, and their quality of life \_\_\_\_\_  
(是用他们能够借到多少来衡量的), not how much they can earn.

## 答 案

### 一、单项选择

1~10 AAABC CDAAD

11~20 DBDD BABC

21~30 DCCBB BCBBD

31~35 CBADA

### 二、翻译(汉译英)

- adapt to lives in different cultures / adapt (oneself) to living in different cultures
- nothing is more attractive / appealing to me than reading
- would have a chance to survive
- might feel lonely when they are away from home / might feel lonely when away from home
- at the rate of 12 million people per year / at the speed of 12 million people every year
- take people's sleep quality into account
- the field (where) we can cooperate / the field in which we can cooperate
- decided to quit the match
- contact us at the following address
- if it is convenient for you / at your convenience
- Thanks to a series of new inventions
- I get tired more easily than before / I have been more likely to get tired than before
- no matter at what cost (expense) / no matter what I have to sacrifice
- shopping online is more convenient and time-saving
- is measured in terms of / by how much they can borrow



## Part 2 四星单词

### 第1天

**abandon** [ə'bəndən] *vt.* 离弃, 丢弃; 遗弃, 抛弃; 放弃

**搭配** abandon oneself to 纵情于, 沉溺于; with abandon 放纵地; 纵情地;  
abandon oneself to pleasure/despair/grief 纵情享乐/极度绝望/极为悲痛

**例句** After his wife died, the king *abandoned* himself to grief. 妻子去世后, 国王极度悲伤。

**指点迷津** *abandon*, *desert* 这两个词都可以表示“放弃, 抛弃”; *abandon* 指主观上不顾责任和义务的彻底抛弃; *desert* 作动词时也有“放弃”的意思, 但一般是贬义, 强调被抛弃之物的荒芜处境。

**ability** [ə'biliti] *n.* 能力, 本领; 才能, 才智

**搭配** to the best of one's ability 尽某人最大努力; the ability for (in doing)sth. 做某事的能力; the ability to do (sth.) 从事(某事)的能力

**例句** I will finish it to the best of my *ability*. 我会尽最大的努力来完成它。// Henry has the *ability* in solving this problem. 亨利有能力来解决这个问题。

**指点迷津** *ability*, *capacity* 这两个词都有“能力”的意思; *ability* 较为常见, 泛指才能或能力, 常见搭配为 ability to do sth. 和 ability in/for sth., 不能接介词; *capacity* 强调的是先天能力, 与理解、接受、容纳有关, 常见搭配为 capacity for sth. 和 capacity to do sth.

**absorb** [əb'sɔ:b; əb'zɔ:b] *vt.* 吸收; 吸引……的注意, 使全神贯注; 把……并入, 同化

**例句** This kind of material can *absorb* noise. 这种材料能够吸收噪音。// The film *absorbed* the little boy. 这部电影吸引了小男孩的注意力。// The large company will *absorb* another one. 这家大公司将吞并另一家公司。

**abundant** [ə'bʌndənt] *a.* 大量的, 充足的; 丰富的, 富裕的

**搭配** abundant in 富于, 富有

**例句** a land *abundant* in minerals 矿产丰富的土地

**派生** abundantly (*ad.* 丰富地, 充裕地)

**accent** ['æksənt] *n.* 口音, 腔调; 重音, 重音符号 [ək'sent] *vt.* 重读

**例句** Charles speaks with a London *accent*. 查尔斯说话带伦敦口音。// *Accent* the first syllable. 重读第一个音节。

**accept** [ək'sept] *vt.* 接受, 领受, 收受; 承认, 同意, 认可; 相信

**例句** The old man couldn't *accept* the result. 老人无法接受这个结果。// Susan *accepted* my story as truth. 苏珊认为我说的是真的。

**according** [ə'kɔ:diŋ] *ad.* 依照

**例句** Do it *according* to my order. 依照我的命令去做。

**account** [ə'kaʊnt] *n.* 记述, 描述, 报告; 账, 账户; 解释, 说明 *vi.* 说明……的原因; (在数量、比例方面) 占

**搭配** of no account 不重要的

**例句** Money is of no *account* for the rich. 钱对有钱人来说不重要。// *current account* deposits 活期账户存款 // Would you please *account* for your absence? 你能解释一下缺席的原因吗?

**actual** ['æktʃuəl] *a.* 实际的, 事实上的, 真实的

**例句** The *actual* cost was much higher than we had expected. 实际的成本比我们预期的要高得多。

**指点迷津** *genuine, actual, real, true* 这几个词都有“真的, 真实的, 实在的”之意, 区别在于: *genuine* 是普通用词, “真的”、“非冒充的”、“货真价实的”, 强调正宗而非冒牌; *actual* 意为“实际的”, “现实的”, 指事物在事实上已经发生或存在, 而不仅仅在理论上可能发生或存在的; *real* 含义比较广, 可用来指一切真实的或表面看不出虚假的事物, 有时可与 *actual* 和 *genuine* 换用; *true* “真实的”, 指与实际相符, 而非虚假, 常用于口语。

**adequate** ['ædikwɪt] *a.* 充足的, 足够的; 适当的, 胜任的

**例句** My mother prepared *adequate* food for ten people. 我母亲准备了足够十个人吃的食物。

**administer** [əd'mɪnɪstə(r)] *vt.* 掌管, 料理……的事务; 施行, 实施; 给予, 派给, 投(药)

第1天

**例句** Our school is *administered* by Mr. George. 我们学校由乔治先生管理。//  
The nurse had *administered* medicine to children. 护士已经给孩子们吃过药了。

**派生** administration(*n.* 管理; 当局); administrative(*a.* 管理的, 行政的); administrator(*n.* 管理者, 行政官)

**adopt** [ə'dɒpt] *vt.* 收养; 采取, 采纳, 采用; 正式通过, 批准

**例句** My parents decided to *adopt* an orphan. 我父母决定收养一名孤儿。//  
The committee *adopted* the President's idea. 委员会采纳了主席的意见。

**advantage** [əd'vɑ:ntidʒ; əd'væntidʒ] *n.* 优点, 有利条件, 有利因素; 利益, 好处

**例句** Buck has the *advantage* of speaking English. 巴克有会说英语这个有利条件。//The sentence is to the defendant's *advantage*. 这个判决对被告有利。

**advise** [əd'vaiz] *vt.* 劝告, 忠告, 向……提供意见, 建议; 通知, 告知  
*vi.* 提供意见, 建议

**例句** The school *advised* us the date of the holiday. 学校通知我们放假的日期。//Shirley *advised* me against going there. 雪莉劝我不要在那里。//My sister *advised* me on language study. 我姐姐就我的语言学习提出建议。

**affect** [ə'fekt] *v.* 影响

**例句** The teacher's words *affected* Mary in her whole life. 老师的话影响了玛丽的一生。

**agency** ['eidʒənsi] *n.* 经办, 代理, 代理处; (政府等的)专门行政部门

**例句** I rented this room from an estate *agency*. 我从一家房地产代理公司租了这个房子。//*Agency* for International Development 国际开发署

**agenda** [ə'dʒendə] *n.* 议事日程

**例句** What is the next item on the *agenda*? 议程表上的下一项是什么?

**agent** ['eidʒənt] *n.* 代理人, 代理商, 经纪人; 政府特工人员, 政府代表; 动因, 原因; 剂

**例句** Many singers have their own *agents*. 许多歌星都有自己的经纪人。//secret *agent* 特工

**agree** [ə'gri:] *vi.* 同意, 赞同; 相同, 相符, 一致; (气候、食物等)相宜, 相和 *vt.* 同意, 承认

**例句** We must *agree* on a price. 我们必须商定一个价格。//The manager *agreed* me to go for a holiday. 经理同意我去休假。

第2天

第3天

第4天

第5天

**alone** [ə'ləʊn] *a.* 单独的, 孤独的; 单单, 仅, 只; 独一无二的, 唯一的 *ad.* 单独地, 孤独地; 独自地; 仅仅, 只

**例句** Walking *alone* in the street, I felt sad. 一个人走在大街上, 我感到悲伤。

**amount** [ə'maʊnt] *n.* 数量, 总额 *v.* 总计

**搭配** a high amount 大量; amount of ……的总数; an amount of 大量的; amount to 总计, 达到

**例句** There are a high *amount* of books in National Library. 国家图书馆里有大量的图书。//The students' number in this school *amounts* to 1,000. 这所学校总共有 1000 名学生。

**ancient** ['eɪnʃənt] *a.* 古代的, 古老的; 年老的, 看上去很老的

**例句** The story of Noah and his ark is very *ancient*. 诺亚方舟这个故事很古老。//Our history teacher is *ancient*. 我们的历史老师年龄很大。

**angle** [æŋɡl] *n.* 角, 角度; 观点, 立场 *vt.* 把……放置成一角度; 使(新闻、报道等)带上倾向性

**搭配** angle for 谋取, 猎取(通过各种方式)打听, 获取

**例句** People always approach the same issue from many different *angles*. 人们经常从很多不同的角度去处理同一问题。//The teacher *angled* the clock so that he could watch time. 老师把闹钟斜放起来, 以便看到时间。

**application** [æpli'keɪʃən] *n.* 申请, 申请表, 申请书; 应用, 实施, 实用性; 施用, 敷用, 涂抹

**例句** *application* for admission to the university 大学入学申请 //The scientist's invention has *application* in medicine research. 那名科学家的发明可应用于医学研究。

**指点迷津** *application*, *usage*, *use*, *utility* 都有“使用”的意思; *application* 强调的是理论、机器等的实际应用; *usage* 强调具体用法; *use* 最为常见, 泛指“使用”, 常见搭配有 in use, for use; *utility* 强调效用或实用性。

**apply** [ə'plai] *vi.* 申请, 请求; 适用 *vt.* 使用, 运用, 实施; 涂, 敷, 施

**搭配** apply to 向……提起申请; apply to sb. 适合某人; apply sth. to 把某物敷上, 应用于

**例句** Which university have you *applied* to? 你向哪所大学提出了申请? //These rules *apply* only to the members of the club. 这些规则只适用于俱乐部会员。//The doctor *applied* some medicine to my wound. 医生在我的伤口涂了些药。