



大学英语四六级

710分

冲关快训

# 英语四级语法



- ◎ 临考新锐
- ◎ 讲练益彰
- ◎ 疑难点睛
- ◎ 日日见功

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徐建东 余学群



西安交通大学出版社  
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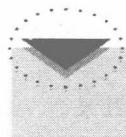
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## 代序

“英语四、六级快训系列”至今已出版了 5 版,经过许多考生和老师的使用,证明该套书编排合理、科学、实用,已成为四、六级考试图书中的精品。

然而,为适应我国高等教育新的发展形势,深化教学改革,提高教学质量,满足新时期国家对人才培养的需要,教育部 2005 年 9 月公布了大学英语四、六级考试改革的新题型,同时改革分数报告形式,由原来的 100 分制改为 710 分制。其主要目的是使得该项考试更能准确地测量我国在校大学生的英语综合应用能力。

这次大学英语四、六级考试的改革无论从深度还是广度都是史无前例的。为了适应新的改革形势,结合改革精神和四、六级考生的实际需要,我们对新题型进行了充分的研究和探讨,并对“英语四、六级快训系列”进行了重新策划及组织编写。

新版“英语四、六级 710 分冲关快训”是在认真研究《大学英语课程教学要求(试行)》和《全国大学英语四、六级考试改革方案(试行)》的基础上,完全以 2005 年 9 月公布的《大学英语四级考试(CET-4)试点考试样卷》为蓝本并依据 2006 年 6 月 24 日四级新题型考试精心设计编写而成,其紧扣四级考试最新脉搏,为考生提供更加快速有效的考前冲刺方案。在新的策划方案中,我们对考生冲刺前的每一天都做了精心设计,提供了快速而又合理的训练方法。以《英语四级阅读 20 天冲关快训》一书为例,在 20 天的训练中,其中第 1 天和第 20 天是两个水平测试,让考生对学习前后的阅读水平有更清楚的认识和把握,根据测评结果,带着自己的不足和需要进行接下来有的放矢的 18 天的技能、方法及知识点的强化训练。

“英语四、六级 710 分冲关快训”改变了以往传统的训练模式,强

调“快速”、“准确”、“有效”。专家合理分配时间,瞄准考试重点、难点,反映最新考试信息。具体表现在:

1. 体现科学性、实用性和灵活性的原则。
2. 听力部分录音按新样题标准语速朗读,再现真实考场效果。
3. 解题策略讲解透彻,详略得当;实战演练仿真度高,接近真题。
4. 20 天时间分配科学、合理,引领考生在备考中循序渐进,有计划地快速提高。

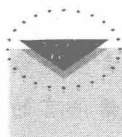
最后,我们衷心地希望广大考生能按这套书所提供的方法进行训练,并能在短时间内有较明显的突破。在短时间取得成效后还应及时巩固和不断提高,只有通过日积月累的磨练和学习,才有可能使英语水平真正达到一个新的高度。考试只是对自己英语水平的测试和鉴定,而不是学习的最终目的。希望考生能借助这套书顺利通过四、六级考试,但同时希望考生能以此为基点全面提高英语的应用能力。

读者在使用本系列书过程中,如有什么感想、要求及建议,请与我们联系,并欢迎投稿。

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晨 风



## 前言

今年2月教育部公布了大学英语四、六级考试改革新方案。初步定于2007年1月全面实施改革后的四级考试,2007年6月全面实施改革后的六级考试。新的考试方案中取消了现行考试中的词语用法和语法结构测试。虽然考试新方案中没有直接测试语法的试题,但并不是说语法可以忽略不学。

有人认为学习语言主要靠模仿,但笔者认为模仿仅仅属于感性认识。学习语言不能仅凭感性认识,必须把感性认识提高到理性认识,认真学习语言的法则和规律。英语语法就是英语语言的法则和规律,它是英语各项语言技能的基础。也可以说语法就是指学生实际运用英文的能力,而非语言知识点本身。它强调运用语言的生存能力,而非将语言作为孤立的知识来研究和记忆。事实上,不解决语法问题,英语学习将会困难重重。比如说,对句子结构不敏感,阅读时就难以理解句义,阅读速度自然也就无法快起来。面对考试中上千字的阅读量,考生只能望而叹息。因此考生必须记住,在阅读中迅速把握句子结构是快速阅读的第一要素。同样,如果对于句子结构不敏感,在听力方面也难以辨别和捕捉核心考点信息。写作方面,大多数考生最薄弱的环节在英文时态,助动词,从句和词性四个方面。没有清晰实用的语法概念,会严重影响文章质量。然而,很多人认为,掌握语法点,通过背诵几个典型的语法点句子就可以了。实际上没有那样简单。语法的规律是语言学家从成千上万的句子里总结出来的,靠记住几句典型的例句根本不可能融会贯通英语语法。但是,语法内容繁多,学生的时间和精力有限,仅靠通读一两遍语法书,不但谈不上增强语法活用能力,就连众多的语法概念也难以记住。基于以上考虑,笔者编写了《四六级基础语法及综合技能20天快训》一书,旨在解决英

语语法内容多而学习时间又相对紧张的矛盾,以达到省时见效,事半功半,举一反三的效果。

本书把学习内容分为 20 天。每天内容明确,环环相扣,考生一步一步朝着成功的道路迈进,最终突破语法大关,全面提高英语语言的综合能力。本书从结构上分为五部分。第一部分,通过对样题中语法结构的分析,让考生直观地感觉到语法结构散见于各个题型中,而且对语言学习起着重要的作用。第二部分,对四六级考试中典型的语法现象进行归类。第三部分,引导考生各个击破重点语法的各个项目。第四部分,帮助考生提升英语语言的综合技能。第五部分,重要语言素材的记忆。笔者相信,随着学习的深入,考生的自信心会逐渐增强,最后满怀信心地获得考试的优异成绩。








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# 谋略篇

本篇通过对样题中语法结构的分析,让考生直观地感觉到语法结构散见于各类题型中,而且对语言学习起着重要的作用。



# 第1天 语法知识预测

## 一、语法知识预测

在学习本书之前,请学习者做下列 100 个语法综合题,做完后核对答案。通过此练习,可以了解自己目前对英语语法掌握的情况,以便在后面的学习中心中有数,有的放矢。

1. I will give you \_\_\_\_\_ to finish it.  
A) two weeks time                      > ☒ B) two weeks' time  
C) two week's time                      D) two-week time
2. I saw a traffic \_\_\_\_\_ this morning.  
☒ A) accident                                  B) damage  
C) affair                                      D) danger
3. He raised his head and looked at her as though he \_\_\_\_\_ what she had said.  
~~A) couldn't hear~~                                  B) couldn't be hearing  
C) couldn't have been hearing                  ☒ D) couldn't have heard
4. A little boy showed \_\_\_\_\_.  
~~A) the way to the village school to the stranger~~  
B) to the village school the way to the stranger  
☒ C) the stranger the way to the village school  
D) the village school to the stranger the way
5. Now that an agreement between the two sides has been reached,

the matter can be considered \_\_\_\_\_.

A) to be settled

☒ B) to have been settled

C) settled

☒ D) to settle

6. The amount of money spent on public cosmetics according to some authorities, has exceeded \_\_\_\_\_ spent on public education.

A) one

☒ B) it

C) those

☒ D) that

7. \_\_\_\_\_ are a hardworking race.

☒ A) Some Chinese

B) The Chinese

☒ C) The Chinese

D) A Chinese

8. The auxiliary police \_\_\_\_\_ to report to headquarters(司令部) immediately. ☒ A

A) are required

B) requires

☒ C) is required

D) require

☒ 9. I'd just as soon \_\_\_\_\_ those important paper with you.

A) that you won't take

B) your not taking

☒ C) please don't you taking

☒ D) you didn't take

10. Have a cup of tea, \_\_\_\_\_?

A) don't you

☒ B) won't you

C) would you

D) aren't you

11. The man \_\_\_\_\_ is my former classmate.

A) whom you talked

B) you talked to him

☒ C) you talked to

D) who you talked

12. Did you finish your work?

No, I wasn't able to, \_\_\_\_\_ you?

A) was

B) do

C) are

☒ D) were

13. "Did Alice learn Spanish in high school?" "I imagine \_\_\_\_\_." ☒ C

A) that

B) she was

C) so

☒ D) it

14. The dentist did not tell me how many \_\_\_\_\_ I should pay for pulling out the tooth.  
A) money B) funds  
C) dollars D) monies
15. What a pity we didn't know about the show! We \_\_\_\_\_.  
A) liked to see it B) had liked to see it  
C) should have liked to see it D) should like to see it
16. Mr. Baker had us \_\_\_\_\_ reports all afternoon.  
A) write B) written  
C) to write D) to be writing
17. He wore dark glasses to avoid \_\_\_\_\_.  
A) having been recognized B) to be recognized  
C) recognized D) being recognized
18. I don't think \_\_\_\_\_ possible to master a foreign language without much memory work.  
A) this B) that  
C) it D) its
19. \_\_\_\_\_ in Beijing for quite a few years, Mr. Park had little difficulty understanding spoken Chinese.  
A) Having lived B) Living  
C) Lived D) To live
20. Dr. Jones ordered \_\_\_\_\_ for the lab.  
A) two equipments B) two pieces of equipments  
C) two pieces of equipment D) two equipment pieces
21. She bought a new dress, \_\_\_\_\_ was very high.  
A) the price of which B) which price  
C) price of which D) the price
22. TV is \_\_\_\_\_ form of entertainment that many children spend more time watching it than reading books.  
A) so popular a B) a such popular

C) a so popular D) such popular a

23. When he turned the corner, he found himself \_\_\_\_\_ by a man in black.

A) tail B) tails  
C) tailing D) tailed

24. He spoke a lot at the meeting, he \_\_\_\_\_ a little.

A) might of spoken B) ought have spoken  
C) should spoken D) should have spoken

25. It was proposed that this matter \_\_\_\_\_ at the next meeting.

A) is considered B) be considered  
C) will be considered D) would be considered

26. If the old man didn't see his dog for an hour or so, he \_\_\_\_\_ out of the house to look for it.

A) walked B) would have walked  
C) would walk D) was walking

27. The flowers are dead. Maybe I \_\_\_\_\_ it more water.

A) should have given B) should give  
C) have given D) have been given

28. We have done things we ought not to have done and \_\_\_\_\_ undone things we ought to have done.

A) leaving B) will leave  
C) left D) leave

29. The number of publications issued in our country this year has increased to \_\_\_\_\_ of last year.

A) twice as many as those B) as many as twice that  
C) twice as many as that D) twice as much as that

30. The answer \_\_\_\_\_ is incorrect.

A) giving to that question B) have given to that question  
C) given to that question D) gave to that question

31. I \_\_\_\_\_ to Mary because she phoned me shortly afterwards.

- A) may have written                      B) needn't have written  
C) must have written                      D) need have written
32. If you ask nicely, mother will probably \_\_\_\_\_ a piece of cake.  
A) let you to have                      B) allow that you have  
C) allow you have                      D) let you have
33. He arrived late for the tea party, \_\_\_\_\_ made us all very disappointed.  
A) which                      B) this                      C) it                      D) that
34. I'm looking for something \_\_\_\_\_.  
A) to clean the windows by  
B) to clean the windows with  
C) which to clean the windows  
D) by which to clean the windows
35. "When is your dental appointment?" "It's on Friday \_\_\_\_\_".  
A) fifth October                      B) five October  
C) the fifth of October                      D) the five of October
36. "Aren't you in Sally's tennis class?"  
"No, hers ends \_\_\_\_\_."  
A) when mine begins  
B) at the time for me to begin  
C) at the same time as I begin  
D) when is the beginning of mine
37. "Would you like to go for a walk?" "Yes, it's \_\_\_\_\_ day!"  
A) so beautiful the                      B) so a beautiful  
C) such a beautiful                      D) such beautiful a
38. You must pay the money, but you \_\_\_\_\_ do so now.  
A) mustn't                      B) can't                      C) may not                      D) needn't
39. Mr. Nott is far too wise a man \_\_\_\_\_ that.  
A) to see                      B) not seeing  
C) being seen                      D) not to see

40. "\_\_\_\_\_ lately? I have not seen you for quite some time."  
 A) Where did you go                      B) Where have you been  
 C) Where had you been                  D) Where were you going
41. Because of air pollution being greatly reduced, this city is still  
 \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A) a good place in which to live  
 B) lived as a good place  
 C) a good place to live in  
 D) living in as a good place
42. "Has he ever been in Rome during World War II?"  
 "I don't know whether \_\_\_\_\_ in Rome."  
 A) he has ever been                      B) had he ever been  
 C) had ever he been                      D) ever he had been
43. "Can we finish cleaning this garage tonight?"  
 "I don't know, but we \_\_\_\_\_."  
 A) would try to                          B) try to  
 C) should try to                          D) tried to
44. It is only when the stress gets out of control \_\_\_\_\_ it can lead  
 to poor performance and ill health.  
 A) that                                      B) if  
 C) which                                    D) as
45. One of the requirements for a fire is that the material \_\_\_\_\_ to  
 its burning temperature.  
 A) were heated                          B) is heated  
 C) must be heated                      D) be heated
46. He denied \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A) to have said so                      B) having said so  
 C) to have been said so                D) having been said so
47. It is much colder in Hilongjiang in winter than \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A) Shanghai                              B) Shanghai's

- C) in Shanghai                      ~~D) that~~ in Shanghai
48. There is D the fact that China is rich in oil.  
 A) not denying                      B) not to deny  
 C) on denying                      D) no denying
49. "I'm leaving now." "Make sure \_\_\_\_\_ the door."  
 A) for you to lock                      B) to have locked  
 C) of locking                      ~~D) you~~ lock
50. "It's awfully cold this morning."  
 "Yes, but it's not colder than it was yesterday, C it?"  
 A) wasn't                      ~~B) isn't~~  
 C) is                      D) was
51. Staying on campus costs \_\_\_\_\_ renting a room outside the university.  
 A) twice more than                      ~~B) twice~~ as much as  
 C) as many as twice of                      D) as much as twice
52. His parents were overjoyed at his \_\_\_\_\_ into Beijing University.  
 A) having admitted                      B) admitted  
 C) admitting                      ~~D) having been~~ admitted
53. Western Nebraska generally receives less snow than Eastern Nebraska \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A) ~~does~~                      B) can  
 C) is                      D) has
54. Is the exhibition \_\_\_\_\_ the foreign friends visited yesterday?  
 A) what                      B) the one  
 C) which                      ~~D) where~~
55. Two-thirds of his property C lost in the fire.  
 A) was                      B) were  
 C) are                      ~~D) have been~~
56. I think it is time they D taught a lesson.



- A) are B) were  
C) will be D) are going to be
57. How many times have I told you \_\_\_\_\_ football on the street?  
A) do not play B) not to play  
C) not to have played D) not to playing
58. Some one must have left the tap on, \_\_\_\_\_ the water was running over and flooding the bathroom.  
A) therefore B) for  
C) nevertheless D) moreover
59. I had \_\_\_\_\_ at my friend's home yesterday.  
A) wonderful dinner B) a wonderful dinner  
C) the wonderful dinner D) wonderful dinners
60. They enjoy playing \_\_\_\_\_.  
A) the football B) at football  
C) at the football D) football
61. "He went \_\_\_\_\_ ago," she said, casually.  
A) sometimes B) some time  
C) sometime D) some times
62. I was advised \_\_\_\_\_ for reservations.  
A) to either telephone or to write the hotel  
B) either to telephone or to write the hotel  
C) that I should telephone or either write the hotel  
D) I ought to either telephone or to write the hotel
63. The doctor \_\_\_\_\_.  
A) advised that Jim lie down every afternoon  
B) advised that Jim lay down every afternoon  
C) advised that Jim lie down every afternoon  
D) advised that Jim lay down every afternoon
64. "Do you think Bill will fail his examination?"  
"\_\_\_\_\_."