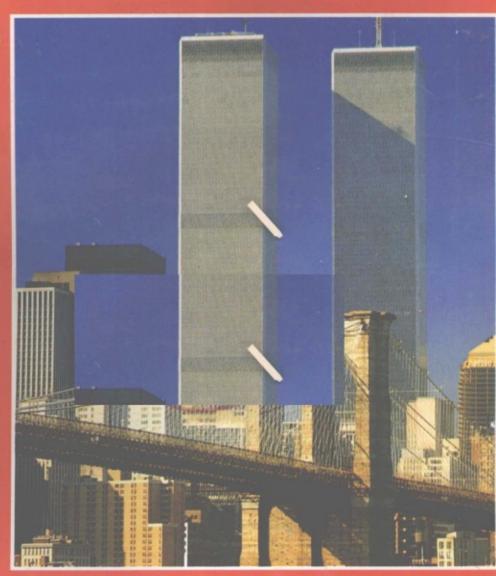
上编 尹福昌 翁正阳

# 新编高中英语结构-功能训练

(二年级第二学期)

KinBian GaoZhong YingYu Gou --GongNeng XunLia



ELIN CHUBANSHE

G634.415



# 新编高中英语结构-功能训练

学林出版社

责任编辑:褚大为封面设计:周剑峰

### 新编高中英语结构-功能训练

尹福昌 翁正阳 主编

(二年级第二学期)

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### 前言

本书依据《高级中学英语学科课程标准》对高中二年级第二学期学生学习英语规定的教学目标和各项要求,采用"结构-功能法"的编写体系,按课本知识顺序,编写训练卷 18 份。全书侧重听力和读写能力的培养。每份训练卷均由听力和笔试两大部分组成。听力部分配有音带。

"新编高中英语结构-功能训练"丛书是新编高中英语教材的配套同步练习,除高一、高二、高三年级上下学期各配一本外,还配有《会考卷》、《高考卷》两本复习指导,全套共计八本书。

本套书紧扣教材,在面向"普高"的基础上,充分考虑到重点中学的教学要求。在新教材 "深化语言知识,提高学生语言交际能力和自学能力"的要求下,具体落实训练,尽可能地加 深学生对教学内容的理解和掌握。

本书可作为学生掌握听力和语音、语言知识的自我测试,也可作为教师对教学过程的检查和教学参考。

本书由尹福昌、翁正阳主编,参加编写的有赵国权、薛邦明、吴业杏、王竞和尹福昌。由于时间仓促,书中难免有疏漏,恳请广大师生指正,以便再版时改进。

编 者 1997 年 10 月于上海

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## Unit 1

	Nı	umber	Name _		Score	
			第一部	分 听力		
-,	听音	选词 选出所听到的	内单词。(本题共	5分,每/	小题 1 分。)	
	(	)1. A. aspirin	B. spring	C. asleer	p D. astonish	
	(	)2. A. replace	B. recite	C. reply	D. repeat	
	(	)3. A. world	B. war	C. word	D. ward	
	(	)4. A. scream	B. cream	C. scene	e D. skin	
	<b>(</b> -	)5. A. expect	B. accept	C. excep	ot D. explain	
二、	听句	应答 选出所听到	可子的正确应答。	。(本题共	5分,每小题1分。)	
	(	)6. A. She must n	niss her bus.		B. She might have missed her bus.	
		C. She can't h	ave missed her l	ous.	D. She would have missed her bus	
	.(	)7. A. She might	have gone home	•	B. She mustn't leave here.	
		C. She can't h	ave gone home.		D. She should have gone home.	
	(	)8. A. It can't have	ve been cleaned.		B. Someone might be cleaning it.	
	,	C. They shoul	d have cleaned i	t. :	D. It must have been cleaned.	
	(	)9. A. It can't have	ve rained last nig	ght.	B. It might be raining.	
		C. It must hav	e rained last nig	ght.	D. It will rain.	
	(	)10. A. No, he can	n't have left bec	ause his b	pooks are still on his desk.	
		B. Yes, he m	ust have left bed	ause his l	books are still on his desk.	
		C. He might	have left,I'm su	ıre.		
			have left here.			
三、	对话	理解 根据所听到	的对话内容及问	题,选出正	E确答案。(本题共5分,每小题1分。	)
	(	)11. Jane looks w	orried because _	·	,	
		A. she can co	ontact Tim		· ,	
		B. she can't	get in touch with	h Tim		
		C. she doesn	't know Tim's t	elephone :	number	
		D. she can't	get help from T	im		
•	(	)12. Jane called 7	Tim but nobody	answered	because	
		A. Tim was	out			
		B. something	is wrong with	Tim's tele	ephone	
		C. Tim's tele	ephone number l	had been	changed	
		D. nobody w	as in Tim's hou	se		
	(	)13. Tim has give	en his new numl	ber to	<del>.</del>	

			A. Dick B. Jane C. Dick an	nd Jane D. nobody				
	(	)14.	The reason why Jane didn't get the number is that					
			A. Tim didn't want to be friends with					
			B. Tim must have hated Jane	3. Tim must have hated Jane				
			C. Tim might have forgotten to give Jane his number					
			D. it was not mentioned in the dialogu					
	(	)15.	Who will probably telephone Tim in t					
			A. Jane. B. Dick. C. Nobe					
四、	短文:	理解	根据所听到的短文内容及5个问题,进					
	分。)							
	(	)16.	A. The assistant.	B. The man.				
			C. Miss Green.	D. The passage doesn't say.				
	(	)17.	He got into the room					
			A. slow and quietly	B. in a great hurry				
			C. after the assistant	D. suffering from toothache				
	(	)18.	He thought that					
		A. he must have been in great pain						
			B. he must be a runner					
			C. he must be saved at once					
			D. he should be given an injection at o	nce				
	(	)19.	A. Because he was suffering from toot	hache.				
			B. Because the man was too tired.	•				
			C. Because he wanted to pull out the r	nan's bad teeth.				
			D. Because the man needed an injection.					
	(	)20.	A. He wanted a quick treatment.					
			B. He couldn't speak any other words.					
			C. To ask the dentist to go back home	hurriedly.				
			D. To ask the dentist to be quick.					
			第二部分 综合测试	(I)				
_,	词汇	和语法	去多项选择 从下列各句的 A、B、C、D D	日个答案中选出一个最佳答案。(本题				
			承小题 1 分。)					
	(	)21.	There is nobody in the classroom. I th	nink the students to the li-				
			brary.	,				
			A. should have gone	B. must go				
			C. must have gone	D. ought to go				
	(	)22.	Tom left home earlier than usual. He	- , ·				
			A. can not be late	B. can't have been late				
			C. shouldn't be late	D. may not be late				

	( :	)23.	" your brother's let	ter when you have time,"I said, but he asked,
			"Must I to his lette	
			A. Answer…reply C. Answer…answer	B. Reply…answer
	(	)24.	The girl red when	she
	,		A. caught···lay	B. becamelaid
			C. went…was lying	D. broke…lied
	( -	)25.	He said he the big e	egg, which by the goose, on the table
			before hedown to l	
•				B. had laid…lay…laid
			C. had lied ··· was lain ··· lay	D. had laid ··· was laid ··· lay
	(	)26.	We could do nothing but	
			A. to wait B. wait	C. waiting D. waited
	(	)27.	He is glad he went over all h	is notes, or in the exam,
			A. he may have failed	B. he'd have failed
			C. he'd fail	D. he'll have failed
	Ç	)28.	Don't make any mistake	me.
			A. with B. at	C. in D. about
	(	)29.	On the shelf each book excep	t these three to him.
			A. have read	B. have been read
			C. has been read	D. has read
	(	)30.	Could you tell hert	his problem?
				B. how she can do with
				D. what she could deal with
	(	)31.		but his sister prefers to play piano.
			A. the the B. a a	
	(	)32.	Suddenly I that I	
			A. recognizedshould tell	B. knowmust not tell
				old D. understoodcouldn't have told
	(	)33.	•	ead of time andin at the last minute
			just as the class is beginning.	
	•		A. not to come rushing	B. not come rushing
			C. not coming rush	D. don't come to rush
	(		The light of her room is still	on, so she out.
•			A. mustn't go	B. can't go
•			· ·	D. mustn't have gone
	•			sion or we cannot see many events when they
			are actually	
			A. happened B. happening	C. taken place D. being happened
			•	• 3 •

二、完形填空 在下面的短文中有 10 个空格,每个空格有 A、B、C、D 四个答案,根据上下 文选择一个最佳答案。(本题共 10 分,每小题 1 分。)

About a year ago, I went to stay at a Detroit hotel. I didn't want to 36 too much money with me, so I asked the desk clerk to put a hundred—dollar note in the safe for me.

The next morning when I asked for the money, the clerk said, "I really don't know what you are saying. You 37 the money to someone else. "I didn't have any proof that I had given the man the money. There was clearly nothing left to do except 38 the nearest lawyer. The lawyer 39 me to return to the hotel with him and give another hundred—dollar note to the clerk. So we did. An hour later, I went 40 to the desk and asked for my money. Since I had the lawyer as an eyewitness (证人) to the second hundred—dollar note, the clerk could not say he 41 nothing about it.

Another hour later, I put the second part of the lawyer's plan into action. This time both the lawyer and I went to the hotel to ask for the hundred—dollar note once again, and when the clerk insisted he <u>42</u> it to me, I said it was not true. The lawyer said to him, "I saw this gentleman give you a hundred—dollar note. If you don't hand it in immediately, I'll be forced to call the <u>43</u>. "The clerk <u>44</u> he had been cheated, so he gave me back the first hundred—dollar note. "I don't know how to thank you enough <u>45</u> my money back, "I said to the lawyer. And what do you suppose he answered? He said, "Oh, don't thank me. That will be one hundred dollars, please."

(	)36. A. hold	B. carry	C. lend	D. spend
(	)37. A. must have	given	B. migh	it give
	C. should giv	e	D. coul	dn't have given
(	)38. A. to go to	B. go	C. go to	D. going to
(	)39. A. followed	B. agreed	C. promised	D. advised
(	)40. <b>A. up</b>	B. along	C. over	D. back
(	)4 . A. had	B. knew	C. heard	D. believed
(	)42. A. had given	B. should give	C. could have give	en D. must have given
(	)43. A. clerk	B. officer	C. policeman	D. shop owner
(	)44. A. recognized	B. realized	C. knew	D. understood
(	)45. A. to give	B. for returning	C. for getting	D. to get
क्ष्मा ३३	क्षा का अवस्था का का	* <b>*</b> = # # # * * * *	क्षेत्र ।। अस्ति सम्बद्धाः	

三、阅读理解 阅读下列短文,然后根据短文内容,从各题的 A、B、C、D 四个答案中选择一个最佳答案。(本题共 15 分,每小题 1 分。)

(A)

It must have been about ten o'clock when I drove back home from work because it was very dark. As I came near to the gate I turned off the head lamps of the car so as to stop the beam(光束)from swinging in through the window and waking David, who shared the house with me. But I needn't have done so. I noticed that his light was still on, so he was awake anyway unless he had fallen asleep while reading. I put the

car away and went upstairs. Then I opened the door quietly and went to David's room. He was in bed awake but he didn't even turn towards me.

"What's up, David?" I asked.

"For God's sake, don't make a noise, "he said.

The way he spoke reminded me of someone in pain who is afraid to talk in case he does himself a serious injury.

"Take off your shoes, Bryan, "David said.

I thought that he must be ill and that I had better humor (迁就) him to keep him happy. "There's a snake here,"he explained. "It's asleep between the sheets. I was lying on my back reading when I saw it. I knew that moving was out of the question. I couldn't have moved even if I'd wanted to. "I realized that he was serious. "I was relying on you to call a doctor as soon as you came home,"David went on. "It hasn't bitten me yet but I daren't do anything to upset it. It might wake up and strike me, "he said. "I took it for granted that you would have come home an hour ago."

There was no time to argue or apologize for being late. I looked at him as encouragingly as possible and went out to telephone the doctor.

(	)46.	When he got h	ome, Bryan found tha	t	
		A. David was r	eading in bed	•	
		B. David had fa	allen asleep while read	ling	
		C. David was g	oing to answer the do	or	
		D. David's ligh	t wasn't turned off		
(	)47.	In this passage	the underlined phrase	e out of the questic	on means
		A. no problem		B. impossib	ole
		C. no doubt		D. without	any difficulty
(	)48.	Which of the f	ollowing statements is	s not true?	
		A. Bryan and I	David lived in the same	e house.	
		B. Bryan thoug	ht that David had fall	en ill.	
		C. Bryan didn'	believe David was jo	king.	
	•	D. Bryan refus	ed to argue or to make	e an apology for co	ming late.
(	)49.	Bryan thought	that David must be il	l because David	<u></u> _•
		A. behaved str	angely as if he was ba	dly hurt	
		B. asked Bryan	to take off his shoes		•
		C. said in a lov	voice to show the sle	eeping snake	
		D. was afraid t	o upset the snake	•	
(	)50.	According to t	he passage,Bryan sho	uld have been hom	e at
		A. 11 p.m.	B. 10 p. m.	C. 9 p. m.	D. 8 p. m.
			(B)		

Here is a nightmare experience of an Italian who went on a holiday to Colombia. The only hotel in the small Caribbean (加勒比海) port was overbooked (预定满的).

The Italian was wandering round the streets, looking for a bed and breakfast place, when he was caught by the police for wandering. He told the judge that it was the hotel's fault. The judge was a best friend of the hotel—owner's, and of course, he didn't believe him. So he was sent to prison for a week. By the time he was set free, his return flight had left. Without enough money to buy a return ticket, he went to the Post Office to telephone home, asking for money. He was caught again before he could make the phone call. This time he was said to be against the law of "illegal(非法)immigration(移民). "It was explained that, having missed his return flight, he could no longer be called a traveler. He now needed a working permit, and he didn't have one. He was fined(罚款) \$500 for this wrong doing, and a further \$400 when he again blamed(指责) the hotel for overbooking. All his belongings were taken away by the police because he could not pay the fines. Down and out, he traveled by free rides all the way to the capital of Colombia, where the government finally sent him home.

(	)51.	The reason for the	he Italian's bein	g caught again v	vas that		
		A. the hotel was	full of people				
		B. he was walking here and there for another hotel					
		C. he overstayed	in Colombia ille	gally			
		D. the judge didn	't believe him	*			
(	)52.	The traveler stay	ved longer than	he was permitted	d, for which he had to pay		
		A. \$ 400	B. \$500	C. \$ 900	D. all his belongings		
(	)53.	From the story,	we may learn th	at			
		A. the traveler m	ade a telephone	call home to asl	k for money		
		B. he paid \$900	altogether to ge	et free			
		C. all his money	and luggage we	re taken away by	the police		
		D. he lost his ret	urn ticket				
(	)54.	At last the trave	ler was able to	go home	_•		
		A. empty—hande	ed				
		B. by paying off	the fines				
		C. by taking free	rides given by	other kind driver	's		
		D. by the govern	ment in the sma	ll Caribbean por	t .		
(	) 55.	Having read the	story, we can s	ee that"nightma	re"in the first line means		
		•					
		A. night dream		B. da	iy dream		
		C. wonderful dre	am	D. te	errible dream		
			(0	)			

"Fingers were made before forks." When a person gives up good manners, puts aside knife and fork, and dives into his food, someone is likely to repeat that saying.

The fork was an ancient agricultural tool, but for centuries no one thought of eat-

ing with it. The custom and 't reach Europe until the eleventh century, when a young lady from Constantinople(君士坦丁堡) brought her fork to Italy. By the fifteenth century the use of the fork was widespread in Italy. The English explanation was that Italians didn't like eating food touched with fingers. "It seems that all men's fingers are not clean. "English travelers kept their friends laughing while describing this ridiculous (可笑的) Italian custom.

Anyone who used a fork to eat with was laughed at in England for the next hundred years. Men who used forks were thought to be sissies(娘娘腔的男子)and women who used them were called show—offs and overnice(过分讲究). Not until the late 1600's did using a fork become a common custom.

)56. The custom of eating with a fork was

B. brought to Europe from America

A. started when forks were first invented

C. brought to Europe from Constantinople

		D. formed by the Italians	•
. (	)57	By the fifteen century, forks were used	<u></u> .
		A. only in Constantinople	B. all over Italy
		C. by the kings and queens of Europe	D. in Britain
(	)58	To English travelers in Italy, the use of fo	rks seemed
		A. good manners	B. necessary
		C. clever	D. foolish and funny
(	)59	In England, people who used forks were co	onsidered
		A. overnice B. show-offs C. s	issies D. A, B and C
, <b>(</b> .	)60.	The use of forks became common in Engla	nd
		A. about 600 years after forks came to Eur	rope
		B. about more than 100 years after forks c	ame to Europe
		C. earlier than Constantinople	
		D. at the same time as in Italy	
		第三部分 综合測试(I)	
词形	变化	根据句子意思,填入括号中所给词的适当形	《式。(本题共8分,每小题1分。)
(		)1. They were to do anything bu	t wait for the bus which hadn't
•		come yet. (powerful)	
(		)2. How many do you know a co	w has? (stomach)
(		)3. In the hospital we can hear children	while the doctors give
		them medical examinations. (scream)	•
(		)4. We were enough to have seen	the good film. (luck)
(		)5. She still likes to eat though s	he is fat. (sweetie)
(		)6. Look! The old man is water	from the well. (pump)
		·	-

gent) ( )8. He the dustpan every day. (empty)  二、完成句子 用英语完成下列句子。(本题共 8 分,每小题 1 分。)  9. A home accident often (发生在)children.  10 have you (怎样处理)those old books?  11. The baby (被裹在羊毛毯里)was very warm on such a cold day.  12. You should put everything (在老地方).  13. The mother was humming(哼唱)her daughter (临睡前一首歌).  14. The child must have taken (瓶里剩下的药片).  15. There were no tablets (在这孩子的床上).  16. The dentist managed (把这颗坏牙拔出来).  三、动词填空 在每句句子左边的括号内填入所给动词的适当形式。(本题共 12 分,每小题 1 分。) ( )17. I can't find my book. Someone (modal v,take)it away. ( )18. The ambulance arrived and David together with his parents
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( )18. The ambulance arrived and David together with his parents
(rush)to the nearest hospital.
( )19. Mr. Wang is having a meeting in the next room. He(modal
v,not be)abroad.
( )20. The classroom is bright and clean. The students (modal v,
clean)it.
( )21. The road is dry. It (modal v.not rain)last night.
( )22. They are not here. They(modal v,go) to Italy, but I'm not
quite sure.
( )23. He attended the meeting without(ask).
( )24. When the teacher came in, the student pretended (read)a
textbook.
( )25. There(go)the bell. Please get ready for class.
( )26. The baby (examine) by the doctor now.
( )27. You(modal v,be)more careful next time.
( )28. The boy realized what he(do)and went red.
四、补全对话 所补的句子必须与所给的标点符号一致,答案写在对话下面的空格里。(本
题共12分,每小题2分。)
(A)
John 和 Peter 在电影院门口等 Tom 一起去看电影,Tom 还没来,Peter 认为 Tom
可能没乘上公共汽车,John 认为不可能,他一定搞错电影的开场时间。
John: Tom hasn't arrived yet.

John:_	30 because there are a lot of buses, and many taxis, too.	
Peter : I	so, <u>31</u> .	
John:T	en we have to enter the cinema without him. The film will begin in n	o time.
29		<u> </u>
30		
31		
	(B)	
大便排	【体外。第二天早上,Tom 打电话给 Marry 询问儿子的情况,Marry 说 ]	lim 上午
	(厕所(lavatory)但没看到钮扣,Tom 说昨天就该把 Jim 送往医院,并决	
上了三 马上去	(厕所(lavatory)但没看到钮扣,Tom 说昨天就该把 Jim 送往医院,并决	
上了三 马上去 Tom:_	、厕所(lavatory)但没看到钮扣,Tom 说昨天就该把 Jim 送往医院,并战 铥院。	
上了三 马上去 Tom:_ Marry:	て厕所(lavatory)但没看到钮扣,Tom 说昨天就该把 Jim 送往医院,并设 E院。 ?	
上了三 马上去 Tom:_ Marry: Tom:_	《厕所(lavatory)但没看到钮扣,Tom 说昨天就该把 Jim 送往医院,并说 医院。 32? don't know33,but I haven't seen any button yet.	
上了三 马上去 Tom:_ Marry: Tom:_ 32	《厕所(lavatory)但没看到钮扣,Tom 说昨天就该把 Jim 送往医院,并说 医院。 <u>32</u> ? don't know <u>33</u> ,but I haven't seen any button yet. <u>34</u> . We must take him there right this afternoon.	

## Unit 2

	Number	Name		Score	
		第一部	邓分 听力		
<b>—</b> ,	听音选词 选出所听到	的单词。(本题	共5分,每小题	1分。)	
	( )1. A. lost	B. lose	C. loose	D. loss	
	( )2. A. natural	B. national	C. necessary	D. neighbor	
	( )3. A. or	B. older	C. order	D. owner	
	( )4. A. gray	B. grateful	C. great	D. regretful	
	( )5. A. carriage	B. marriage	C. luggage	D. baggage	
Ξ,	听句应答 选出所听到	句子的正确应答	筝。(本题共5分	<b>)</b> ,每小题 1 分。)	
	( )6. A. Yes, I'll n	neet you at the	station.		
	B. Would you	ı like me to tak	e you to the air	port?	
	C. Yes, I'm t	aking CA Fligh	t 988 for Hong	Kong.	
	D. Yes, I'll se	ee you off at the	e airport.		
	( )7. A. No, I can	manage, but the	same to you.		
	B. Thank you	for offering, b	ut I can manage	<b>:</b> .	
	C. No,I can	manage, but it d	loesn't matter.		
	D. No, I can	manage, but not	at all.		
	( )8. A. That wou	ld be a great he	lp. Thank you e	ever so much.	
	B. I'll be gla	d to help.			
	C. Would you	u like me to hel	p you?		
	D. Can I do a	inything for you	1?		
	( )9. A. Yes. That	would be great	if you could.		
	B. Thank you	ı very much ind	leed.		
		ails at 10:00.		`	
		ou up at 9 : 00.			
	( )10. A. I'm afrai				
		he will be here			
		to have kept y	-		
		have been held			
三、				答案。(本题共5分,每小题1分。)	
	( )11. Tom is goin	_			
		w afternoon		3. tomorrow morning	
	C. in West	Shanghai	Γ	the day after tomorrow	

			•	•
	(	)12.	Mary lives	
			A. near Tom	B. in the Putong new area
			C. to the west of the Huangpu River	D. in a new house
	(	)13.	Mary decided to help Tom because	
			A. she would have a day off tomorrow	B. she is Tom's girl friend
			C. she is Tom's neighbor	D. she is Tom's workmate
	(	)14.	Mary will help Tom to	
			A. clean his new house	B. throw everything away
			C. put everything away	D. put everything in order
	(	)15.	Mary would help Tom	
			A. reluctantly B. voluntarily	C. forcibly D. sadly
四、	短文	理解	根据所听到的短文内容及5个问题,选	出正确答案。(本题共 5 分,每小题 1
	分。)			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	(	)16.	A. Edgar's sister	B. Edgar's friend
			C. Edgar's mother	D. Edgar's wife
	(	)17.	A. They were always in a hurry.	B. They were very forgetful.
			C. They were afraid of flying.	D. Edgar loved his mother.
	(	)18.	A. Two tickets.	B. A stamp.
			C. Some flight insurance.	D. An envelope.
	(	)19.	A. The insurance policy.	B. The tickets.
			C. An empty envelope.	D. A beautiful stamp.
	(	)20.	A. Because it was his first flight and h	e was worried about it.
			B. Because he had forgotten to bring a	stamp with him.
			C. Because he had to do a lot of things	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
			D. Because he must have been worried	about his mother.
			第二部分 综合测试(	,
		<b></b>		
-,				1个答案中选出一个最佳答案。(本题
	_		手小题 1 分。)	
	(	) 21.	Mr. White had been away for many	years that time, a lot of
			things had changed.	
	,	١.00		During D. As
	(	)ZZ.	How do you think the fire started? So	
			A. might drop	B. may have dropped
	,	\00	C. must be dropping	D. should have dropped
	(	)23.	Jill offered at the airport.	
			A. to see me off	B. to see me of
	,		C. seeing me off	D. meeting me
	(	724.	The moment he shut the door, he reali	ized he had the key in the