



# 英语疑难精解

YING YU YI NAN JING JIE

# 1000



张渡玉 杨建兰/编

江西高校出版社

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## 前 言

为了帮助具有一定英语水平的读者检测所学知识，在较短时间内巩固并提高运用英语的能力和应试能力，我们编写了这本“英语疑难精解 1000”。

全书分为十五个单元，按英语语法体系编排，全部采用选择填空形式；设计的题目，内容丰富，且具有一定的难度和典型性。为了检测读者的口语能力，最后一单元设计了各种场合下的情景对话练习。每单元后面均有答案，并对某些语言重点和难点进行解释和归纳总结。提示富有启发性、概括性，使读者看后能触类旁通，举一反三。

江西师范大学外语系副教授俞百岚先生在百忙中审阅了此书，在此表示衷心感谢。

由于我们水平有限，教学工作繁重，不当和错误之处在所难免，敬请广大读者批评指正。

编 者

一九九一年十月

## 序

学好英语并非易事，除要大量阅读外，还应仔细推敲其中词语的正确用法，这样不仅可以帮助记忆词语，而且用起来也可以得心应手。人们学习一种外语，开始总会受到母语的影响，往往不自觉地把母语中某些习惯用法迁移到所学的另一种语言中去，要是不认真去辨别两种语言的异同，错误就会因此而产生。儿童学习语言主要靠模仿，而成年人由于逻辑思维能力不断增长，学习外语主要靠理解，即在理解的基础上学习外语。

《英语疑难精解1000》参照成年人学习外语的心理特点，有心理学的理论根据，因而具有科学性；例句解释简明扼要，叙述了哪一个答案是正确的理由，因而具有启发性；例句顺序安排按语法系统分类，条理清楚，因而具有系统性；例句针对我国学习者容易混淆或不易识别的语言难点，因而具有实用性。本书不仅对广大中学生学习和升学考试具有指导意义，而且对有志自学成材者和一般大学生也具有一定的参考价值。

俞百岚

一九九一年十一月

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## 一 名词 (The Noun)

1. Hearing the funny story, they all burst \_\_\_\_\_. (1) [注]①
  - A. into tears
  - B. out crying
  - C. into laughters
  - D. out laughing
2. With the address to help them they had no \_\_\_\_\_ in finding Mr Wei's house. (2)
  - A. difficulties
  - B. difficulty
  - C. troubles
  - D. mistakes
3. I am \_\_\_\_\_ and they are \_\_\_\_\_. (3)
  - A. the Chinese...American
  - B. Chinese...Americans
  - C. a Chinese...Americans
  - D. Chinese...the American
4. Traffic is heavy in this \_\_\_\_\_.
  - A. road
  - B. path
  - C. trail
  - D. way
5. When they heard the news, all of them were in \_\_\_\_\_. (4)
  - A. high spirit
  - B. high spirits
  - C. a high spirit
  - D. a high spirits
6. John \_\_\_\_\_ Henry when they met at the airport.
  - A. shakes hand with
  - B. shakes hands with
  - C. shook hand with
  - D. shook hands with
7. They bought \_\_\_\_\_ yesterday. (5)
  - A. three dozen bottles of beer
  - B. three dozens bottle of beer
  - C. three dozen bottle of beers
  - D. three dozens bottles of beer
8. Two \_\_\_\_\_ years ago he lived in Hong Kong. (5)
  - A. score
  - B. scores
  - C. score of
  - D. scores of

① 注：句末所标序号为每单元的解释顺序，以便查对。

9. Would you please show me the way to the \_\_\_\_ department? (6)  
 A. shoe                      B. shoes                      C. shoe's                      D. shoe'
10. I want to buy three \_\_\_\_ of colored \_\_\_\_\_. (7)  
 A. box...chalk                      B. boxes...chalk  
 C. boxes...chalks                      D. box...chalks
11. Thomas is \_\_\_\_\_. (8)  
 A. my father's and mother's friend  
 B. my father and mother's friend  
 C. my father and mother friends  
 D. friend of my father and mother
12. \_\_\_\_\_ are sold in that new store. (8)  
 A. Man and child's shoes                      B. Men and children shoes  
 C. Men's and children's shoes                      D. Men's and child's shoes
13. I have thrown away my old trousers. I'll have to buy \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. a new pair                      B. a new one  
 C. a pair of                      D. some new pair
14. "Isn't it getting dark early tonight?" (9)  
 "I think so; I see \_\_\_\_\_ is on already."  
 A. the street light                      B. the light of the street  
 C. the street's light                      D. the light street
15. It's a pity that you rejected \_\_\_\_\_. (10)  
 A. to accept their experience                      B. their experience  
 C. to accept their experiences                      D. their experiences
16. \_\_\_\_\_ to swim in the sea! (11)  
 A. How fun it is                      B. How fun is it  
 C. What fun it is                      D. What fun is it
17. George \_\_\_\_\_ in the exam.  
 A. took the place                      B. took first place  
 C. took place                      D. took the place of
18. His face was lined with many cares, and he had \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. a few grey hairs                      B. a little grey hairs  
 C. few white hair                      D. a little white hair
19. "Could you find an answer to your problem in the book I gave you?"  
 "I looked at it, but it wasn't really \_\_\_\_\_." (12)



- A. of much use      B. much used  
C. able to use      D. of useful
20. \_\_\_\_ wings; they don't always stay long. (13)  
A. Riches has      B. Riches have  
C. Rich has      D. Rich have
21. \_\_\_\_ is needed in cold countries. (14)  
A. A lot of clothes      B. Much clothing  
C. Many a cloth      D. Lots of clothes
22. He forgot both of the \_\_\_\_\_. (15)  
A. rooms numbers      B. room number  
C. room's numbers      D. room numbers
23. The rainbow is one of the most beautiful \_\_\_\_\_ in nature.  
A. phenomenon      B. phenomenas  
C. phenomena      D. phenomenons
24. Look! These are \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. mouse's tails      B. mice' tails  
C. mice's tails      D. mice's tail
25. After \_\_\_\_\_ absence, he found his wife much changed.  
A. a year's or two's      B. a year or two  
C. a year or two's      D. one or two year's
26. The \_\_\_\_\_ we saw yesterday come out to the farm once in a while.  
A. cow      B. dog      C. deer      D. horse
27. Lies have short \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. head      B. foot      C. legs      D. ear
28. Mary and her \_\_\_\_\_ have set up their \_\_\_\_\_ in the bright \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. family...home...house      B. room...family...home  
C. home...room...family      D. house...room...family
29. The assistant sold five \_\_\_\_\_ this afternoon. (16)  
A. safe      B. saves      C. safety      D. safes
30. The boy has found \_\_\_\_\_ for not going to school.  
A. a excuse      B. an excuse  
C. excuse      D. a piece of excuse
31. Which of the following nouns normally has no plural form?  
A. cloud      B. storm      C. rain      D. wind

32. We have won great \_\_\_\_\_ both in industrial and agricultural production.  
(17)  
A. success B. successes  
C. successness D. successfulness
33. I wanted to go there by plane but I hadn't enough money to pay for the  
\_\_\_\_\_.  
A. journey B. travel C. voyage D. fly
34. But this time there \_\_\_\_\_ not any fish in the net. (18)  
A. is B. was C. are D. were
35. Could you give me a \_\_\_\_\_ in your car?  
A. lift B. carry C. rise D. raise
36. The river is about \_\_\_\_\_ wide.  
A. 600 metre B. 600 metres  
C. 600—metre D. 600—metres
37. In those days my grandfather could only live \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. from hand to hand B. from hand to mouth  
C. from mouth to hand D. from mouth to mouth
38. The two girls are \_\_\_\_\_. (19)  
A. of the same age B. same age  
C. a age D. of age
39. When they arrived at the crossroads, they went the wrong \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. way B. direction C. path D. street
40. This letter is sent by \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. a friend of my fathers B. my father friend's  
C. a friend of my father's D. my father friend
41. Dr. Johonson used to be a friend of \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. Tom father's B. Tom's father's  
C. Tom's father D. Father of Tom's
42. It was a deserted island where no \_\_\_\_\_ could live. (20)  
A. children B. child C. men D. man
43. \_\_\_\_\_ will conquer nature.  
A. The man B. Man C. A man D. The men
44. The transistor radio is too expensive. It's not worth the \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. cost B. money C. price D. prize

45. My sister, \_\_\_\_, will come to see me next Sunday.  
 A. who is fifty years old      B. who is fifty ages  
 C. who is fifty-year-old      D. who is fifty-years-old
46. He would not accept such an office for any \_\_\_\_ however high. (21)  
 A. pay      B. salary      C. wage      D. income
47. "Where's your brother?"  
 "At \_\_\_\_."  
 A. Mr Green's      B. Mr Green  
 C. the Mr Green's      D. the Mr Green
48. Allen placed too much \_\_\_\_ on sports and not enough on his studies.  
 A. hobby      B. emphasis      C. concern      D. interest
49. We called at \_\_\_\_\_. (22)  
 A. Peter's, the doctor's clinic  
 B. Peter's, the doctor clinic  
 C. Peter, the doctor's, clinic  
 D. Peter, the doctors', clinic
50. You have done \_\_\_\_\_. (23)  
 A. more than enough      B. enough more than  
 C. more enough than      D. than more enough
51. English grammar is something, but it is not \_\_\_\_\_. (24)  
 A. something      B. anything  
 C. nothing      D. everything
52. Biology is \_\_\_\_\_. (25)  
 A. science of life      B. science of the life  
 C. the science of the life      D. the science of life
53. A young man cannot have \_\_\_\_\_. (26)  
 A. experience of world  
 B. experience of the world  
 C. the experience of the world  
 D. the experience of world
54. That fellow is clever; he has \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. brain      B. a brain      C. the brain      D. brains
55. The test in this book are arranged \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. on order of difficulty

- B. in the order of difficulty  
C. in order of difficulty  
D. in the order of the difficulty
56. You will see \_\_\_\_\_ in the hills.  
A. a few fine sceneries      B. few fine sceneries  
C. many fine sceneries      D. much fine scenery
57. Dr. Jones ordered \_\_\_\_\_ for the laboratory.  
A. two equipments      B. two pieces of equipments  
C. two pieces of equipment      D. two equipment pieces
58. "Why couldn't they catch the 6:30 train?"  
"Because they were delayed by \_\_\_\_\_."  
A. some heavy traffics      B. any heavy traffic  
C. a heavy traffic      D. heavy traffic
59. \_\_\_\_\_ I have!  
A. What an interesting work  
B. How interesting a work  
C. What interesting a job  
D. How interesting a job
60. This colour TV set cost me one thousand \_\_\_\_\_. (27)  
A. yuan      B. yuans      C. of yuan      D. of yuans
61. A lot of English words are not spelled \_\_\_\_\_ they sound. (28)  
A. in a way      B. by the way      C. the way      D. a way
62. We hadn't seen each other for 20 years, but I recognized him \_\_\_\_\_ I noticed him.  
A. the moment      B. for a moment  
C. as soon      D. in fact
63. Smith drove all the \_\_\_\_\_ to Los Angeles and was just in time for the meeting.  
A. way      B. road      C. journey      D. trip
64. "What kind of watch shall I buy?"  
"Get \_\_\_\_\_."  
A. one Swiss      B. a French  
C. a Japanese one      D. some American one
65. She's bought some lovely \_\_\_\_\_ to make herself a dress.

A. material      B. clothing      C. clothes      D. pattern

66. The professor hoped that all of us should be persons \_\_\_\_.

A. of well-educated      B. of good education  
C. of educated well      D. educated

67. She became seriously ill and at a time was \_\_\_\_.

A. nearly death      B. near death  
C. almost death      D. near dead

68. On hearing the news her face turned to \_\_\_\_.

A. disappointed      B. disappointing  
C. disappointment      D. disappoint

69. Large \_\_\_\_ of money \_\_\_\_ spent on the bridge. (29)

A. amounts...were      B. numbers...were  
C. amount...was      D. amounts...was

70. There was \_\_\_\_ traffic that nobody could move.

A. such much      B. so many  
C. such great      D. so much

## 参考答案及解释

1. D    2. B    3. C    4. A    5. B    6. D    7. A    8. A    9. A    10. C  
11. B    12. C    13. A    14. A    15. B    16. C    17. B    18. A    19. A    20. B  
21. B    22. D    23. C    24. C    25. C    26. C    27. C    28. A    29. D    30. B  
31. C    32. B    33. A    34. D    35. A    36. B    37. B    38. A    39. B    40. C  
41. B    42. D    43. B    44. C    45. A    46. B    47. A    48. B    49. C    50. A  
51. D    52. D    53. C    54. D    55. C    56. D    57. C    58. D    59. D    60. A  
61. C    62. A    63. A    64. C    65. A    66. B    67. B    68. C    69. A    70. D

(1) 答案 A、B 不合逻辑。名词 tear 有复数形式，而 laughter 则是不可数名词，不能加 s。

(2) difficulty 在该名中相当于 trouble，意为“麻烦、费劲”，是不可数名词。

(3) “我是中国人。”可以说 I'm Chinese、或者 I'm a Chinese。前者说明国籍，后者指“个体的中国人”。the Chinese 则表示中国人的总称。若将此句改成 “I'm Chinese and they are American.” 也是对的，则前后均表示国籍

了。

- (4) spirit 意为“精神、灵魂”。当表示“情绪”时，用复数形式。
- (5) dozen, score 等与数词连用时，不论后面是否有 of，都不加 s。如：two dozen (of) socks  
dozen, score 前面若有表示虚数的词，后面如有 of，通常用 dozens (scores)；若后面没有 of，则仍用 dozen (score)。  
如：several dozens of pencils, several (some, many) dozen pencils。
- (6) 名词作定语，通常用单数形式。如：boy students, worker ants 等。但 man, woman 用以修饰复数名词时，要用复数形式，如：three women drivers。
- (7) chalk 为不可数名词，但指不同色彩的粉笔时，可用其复数形式。如：some colored chalks 几支彩色粉笔。
- (8) 并列名词各自均属所有格时，须在各名词词尾逐一加 's，如：John's and Mary's books。但若为两者所共有的，则只须在后一个名词词尾加 's。
- (9) 名词 street 用作定语，又如 at the street corner。马路与灯之间不存在所有关系，故不能选 B、C。
- (10) reject 后接名词，不接不定式；experience 作“经验”解时，是不可数名词，作“经历、阅历”解时，是可数名词。
- (11) fun 是抽象名词，前面不加不定冠词，也没有复数形式；形容词是 funny。
- (12) be of + 抽象名词 = be + 形容词。
- (13) riches 意思是“财富”复数形式（见新英汉辞典 P1159）。此句可译作：“金钱会飞，财富无常。”
- (14) A、D 作主语时，谓语动词用复数形式；cloth 用作可数名词时，意思是“抹布”。
- (15) 名词 room 用作定语，修饰 number，并不表示所有关系。
- (16) safe 作“保险柜”解时，其复数形式直接在词尾加 s。
- (17) success 作“胜利”解时，为可数名词；作“成功”解时，为不可数名词。
- (18) fish 用作可数名词时，表示“鱼”，其复数形式为 fish 或 fishes；用作不可数名词时，表示“鱼肉”。
- (19) be of 后接名词构成表语，表达性质、年龄、颜色、形状、材料、样式等。在口语里往往省去 of。又如：These flowers are (of) a very beautiful colour。这些花颜色一样很美。
- (20) man 可以表示“一切的人”比 human being 更抽象，用单数形式，前面不加冠词，又如：Man is mortal。人总有一死。

- (21) pay 可译为“工资、薪饷”，即可指 wage，也可指 salary，但更多地是指军队的薪饷或津贴。

salary 指机关单位官员、职工和管理人员的“薪金”，一般按年计算，分月、半月发给。

wage 一般指工人或服务人员等体力劳动者的“工资”、“工钱”，通常按时计算，分周发给。一般用复数形式，但不能被 many, few 修饰，只能被 high, low 等词修饰。如：His wages are high (low)。

- (22) 如果有两个名词，后者修饰前者。那末所有格符号应加在后者。又如：This is my sister, the nurse's, house.

- (23) enough 用作名词。

- (24) something 和 everything 均为名词，前者意为“重要事物（人）”，后者意为“最重要事物（人）”。此句可译为“语法虽重要，但不是非常重要”。又如：

Theory is something, but practice is everything.

理论虽重要，实践更重要。

- (25) 抽象名词后面有限制性定语（特别是 of 结构）时，抽象名词前加定冠词。此题中的 life 是“生物”的意思，为不可数名词，前面不加冠词。

- (26) experience 在此句中意为“经验”，是抽象名词；the world 意为“世人、人世间”。

- (27) yuan 为中国货币单位（元），单复数相同。类似的还有 li（里），mu（亩），fen（分）……。

- (28) 美国英语中常有 the way 的用法，the way 之前省略了介词 in。用 the way 引导状语从句时，相当于 as（有如）或 according as（依照）的意思。又如：

I don't see how he can act the way he does.

我不明白他怎样能够那样做。

- (29) money 为不可数名词，受 amounts 的影响，后面用 were；若用 a large amount of money 作主语，后面则用 was。

## 二 冠词(The Article)

71. He is learning \_\_\_\_\_ Chinese and he is sure that \_\_\_\_\_ Chinese language is very difficult. (1)  
 A. /.../ B. /...the C. the... D. the...the
72. The Chinese football team ranks \_\_\_\_\_ in the match. (2)  
 A. three B. third C. the three D. the third
73. It was \_\_\_\_\_ day as I have ever spent in England. (3)  
 A. as a pleasant B. as pleasant a C. so a pleasant D. so pleasant a
74. They put on \_\_\_\_\_ one-act play yesterday. \_\_\_\_\_ play amused every one of us.  
 A. an...A B. a...An C. an...The D. a...The
75. \_\_\_\_\_ weather! I want to go out for a walk.  
 A. How a fine B. How fine C. What a fine D. What fine
76. John is \_\_\_\_\_ American boy. He can play not only \_\_\_\_\_ football but also \_\_\_\_\_ violin.  
 A. the...the...the B. an.../...the C. a...the.../ D. /...the...a
77. He didn't spell the word correctly. \_\_\_\_\_ "f" is missing.  
 A. One B. The C. An D. A
78. They elected Lincoln \_\_\_\_\_ President of the United States. (4)  
 A. a B. an C. the D. /
79. It's \_\_\_\_\_ great pleasure for me to be invited to the party.  
 A. / B. a C. an D. the
80. I like to live in \_\_\_\_\_ room, \_\_\_\_\_ window of which opens to \_\_\_\_\_ south.



- A. a...the...a B. a...the...the  
C. the...the...a D. a...a...the
81. It was \_\_\_\_ cold winter night, \_\_\_\_ pale moon hung low in \_\_\_\_ sky. (5)  
A. a...A...the B. a...The...the  
C. an...The...a D. the...The...the
82. Great men never give up \_\_\_\_ difficulty.  
A. in face of B. in face of the  
C. in the face of D. in the face of the
83. He greeted me with \_\_\_\_ "Good morning!" and led me to the director's office.  
A. the B. a C. an D. one
84. I haven't had time to clean my room. There is \_\_\_\_ dust wherever you look. (6)  
A. / B. a C. an D. the
85. It was \_\_\_\_ time that they had played each other in a big tennis match. They said they would have a match \_\_\_\_ time the next week.  
A. first...second  
B. for the first...for the second  
C. the first...second  
D. the first...a second
86. They attended lectures or did nursing practice \_\_\_\_\_. (7)  
A. the most of the day B. in most of the day  
C. in the most of the day D. most of the day
87. \_\_\_\_ Englishmen like beer. (7)  
A. Most B. Most of the  
C. Most of D. The most
88. This is \_\_\_\_ opportunity to be lost. (8)  
A. too good B. too a good  
C. too good an D. a too good
89. \_\_\_\_ Party secretary and \_\_\_\_ manager is to attend the meeting this afternoon. (9)  
A. A...a B. The.../...  
C. The...the D. A...the
90. Have you \_\_\_\_ dictionary? (9)