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大 等 英语词用法 新

张宏达 主编

A NEW DICTIONARY OF COLLEGE ENGLISH VERBS

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A New Dictionary of College English Verbs

主 编 张宏达 副主编 周大跃 陈继玲 周 玲

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序言

正确而熟练地掌握英语词汇用法是学好英语的关键。在所有的英语词汇中,动词尤为重要。本书从中学英语教学大纲(修订本)词汇表和大学英语教学大纲四、六级词汇表中遴选了530余个常用英语动词,将每一动词的主要释义、语法特征、习惯用语和词语搭配等四方面的要素有机地结合了起来,使每一动词的每一种含义,每一种用法都有醒目的常用结构和典型例句来体现,从而帮助广大读者解决结构、搭配、习语等方面的疑难问题。该词典是高等院校学生和中学生学习英语必备的工具书,也为广大高等院校和中学英语教师提供了实用而有系统的教学参考资料,同时也可供英语自学者和翻译工作者使用。

本书有两个主要特色:

第一,编排新颖独特,富有创意。所有词条首先根据释义分项。在每一义项中,先后给出动词的vt.,vi.(或 link.v.)特点,并按字母顺序十分醒目地一一标出常用结构的具体形式和各种词语搭配,并以贴切而实用的典型例句作对应说明。

第二,选材丰富,实用性强。本书总共收入常用 动词 530 余个,有近 1.1 万个例句,常用短语数千 条,各种搭配关系 10 000 个左右。例句除选自我们 原有积累的教学资料外,还广泛参阅了二十多本中、 外词典、工具书和论著,恕不一一列举。在此谨向有 关作者和编者表示衷心的感谢。

在本书编写过程中,我们也得到了张柏然、吴文智等先生的指导和帮助,在此深表谢意。

编者 2002年7月27日

体例说明

本词典根据英语字母顺序排列,编排醒目,查检方便,大体排列顺序为:第一、本词;第二、动词特征 vt.,vi.或 link.v.;第三、释义;第四、常用结构和各种搭配关系以及对应的例句。

常用结构有~sth.,~sb.,~+-ing,~sth./sb.+-ing,~sb.'s+-ing,~+ to-(不定式),~sth./sb.+to-(不定式),~+wh-从句(who 从句、what 从句、which 从句、where 从句、when 从句、why 从句和 how 从句)、~+ that-从句等。本书还列出了本词加名词(或形容词、副词、介词短语)等多种常用结构以及该词的各种搭配关系。

常用标记:

- (1) ~代表本词。
- (2) sth.包括具体事物和抽象概念,也包括地点、场所、各种动物等等。
 - (3) sb. 笼统指人,而不包括动物(归入 sth.)。
- (4) oneself 和 itself 的区别在于前者代表任何 人称(包括单、复数)的反身代词,而后者代表其他任 何事物的反身代词。
 - (5) -ed 指过去分词。
 - (6) -ing 指现在分词或动名词。
 - (7) vi. 表示不及物动词。
 - (8) vt. 表示及物动词。
 - (9) link. v. 表示连系动词。
 - (10) aux. v. 表示助动词。
- (11) 星号(*)前为常用结构,星号*后为词语 搭配和习惯用语。

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abandon [əˈbændən] vt.1. 放弃; 抛弃; 遗弃; 丢弃; (~ sth.) We had to abandon the car and walk the rest of the way. 我们只好丢下汽车,走完剩下的路 程。/ He abandoned the plan. 他放弃了这个计划。 (~ sb.) The man shamelessly abandoned his wife and child for another woman. 那个男人无耻地遗弃 了自己的妻儿,另寻新欢。/ My memory abandoned me completely at one point. 有一点我完 全记不起来了。(~+-ing) He has abandoned smoking. 他已不再吸烟。(~ sth. + 形容词) Many tanks were abandoned intact by the enemy. 敌 人丢下很多完好的坦克。 * (~ sth. for sth.) In his early days he abandoned medicine for literature. 他早年弃医从文。(~ sth. to sb.) The garrisons abandoned the city to the invaders. 守军丢弃城市, 任由人侵者占领它。/ The affairs of the nation have been abandoned to dishonest politicians. 该国的 事务已任由奸诈的政客操纵。(~ sb. to sth.) The retreating enemy abandoned their wounded soldiers to their fate. 撤退的敌军丢下伤员,让他们 听天由命。2. 纵情;恣意;沉湎于: * (~ oneself to sth.) After failure in the exam he abandoned himself to despair. 考试不及格后他就自暴自弃。/ She abandoned herself to the serene landscape. 她沉 浸在宁静的景色之中。(~ oneself to + -ing) The sailors abandoned themselves to drinking. 水手们恣 意酗酒。

absorb [əb'səːb] wt.1. 吸收;接收;领会: (~ sth.)
Dry earth absorbs water quickly. 干土吸水很快。/
We should absorb the merits of others. 我们应该吸取别人的长处。(~ + wh-从句) It took him

several seconds to absorb what had been said. 好几秒 钟之后他才弄懂人家说的是什么。*(~ sth. into sth.) Most little shops have been absorbed into big businesses. 大多数小商店都已被并入了大企 业。2. 吸引;(使)全神贯注;(使)专心致志:(~ sth.) The lecture completely absorbed the attention of the audience. 报告把听众的注意力完全吸引住 了。/ The work absorbed all his energies. 他把全部 精力投入这一工作。(~ sb.) The book absorbs everyone who reads it. 这本书使每个读者着迷。 * (be ~ ed in sth.) Smith is absorbed in the study of the Chinese history. 史密斯专心研究中国历史。 (be ~ed in +-ing) The boy was absorbed in building a dam in the brook. 那个男孩聚精会神地 在小溪里筑坝。(be ~ed + with + -ing)He had been so absorbed with watching the building that he hadn't heard footsteps on the gravel path. 他全神贯 注地观察那栋建筑,以至没有听见砾石路上的脚 步声 。3. 承受; 承担: (~ sth.) He was able to absorb this new blow. 他经受住了这一新的打 击。 /I cannot absorb the additional cost of fuel. 我 无法负担额外的燃料费用。

accept [əkˈsept] w. 1. 接受;接纳: (~ sth.) I'd accepted your advice and kept my money in the bank. 我采纳了你的建议,把钱存进了银行。/ Finally they accepted our terms. 最后他们接受了我们的条款。/ Please accept my best wishes for your success. 请接受我对你成功的最衷心的祝愿。(~ sb.) The children gradually began to accept her. 孩子们渐渐地开始接受她了。*(~ sth. as sth.) Please accept it as a present. 请把它作为礼物收下。(~ sb. as sb.) I can't accept you as my assistant. 我不能接受你做我的助手。2. 接受或同意(看法、状况等);认可:(~ sth.) They accepted the plan in principle 他们原则上同意这项计划。/Finally they accepted our explanation. 最后他们同意了我

们的解释。(~+ wh-从句)Do you accept what they told you? 你同意他们给你的说法吗?(~ that-从句)The majority accepted that there has been discrimination. 大多数人都认为,歧视仍然存在。*(~ sth. as sth.)We can't accept that as a basis for decision. 我们不能同意以此为基础来作出决定。(~ sb. as sb.)People accept him as a genius. 人们承认他是天才。(~ sth. as + 形容词)The police accepted his story as true. 警察对他的话信以为真。(~ sth. as + -ing)The astronaut accepts danger as being part of the job. 宇航员承认他们的工作充满危险。(~ sth. for sth.)We accepted it for a scientific fact. 我们认为这是科学事实。

vi.接受或同意(看法、状况等);认可:After a little persuasion, he accepted.稍加劝说他就同意了。

accompany [əˈkʌmpəni] vt. 1. 陪同;跟随: (~ sth.) The fishing boats were often accompanied by warships. 那些渔船常有军舰护航。(~ sb.) I will accompany you for some distance. 我陪你走一段路。 * (~ sb. in +-ing) Will you accompany me in drinking a glass of wine? 陪我喝杯酒,好吗? (~ sb. on sth.) Please accompany me on my walk. 请陪我散散步。(~ sb. to sth.) She accompanied her friend to the concert. 她陪同朋友去听音乐会。 2. 伴随;同时发生: (~ sth.) Thunder accompanied lightning. 雷声伴着闪电。 / The text is accompanied by illustrations. 正文中附有插图。 * (~ sth. with sth.) The speaker accompanied his angry words with forceful movements of the hands. 演讲者言辞愤怒,同时有力地挥动着双手。3.伴 唱;伴奏: (~ sth.) The pianist accompanied her singing. 钢琴演奏家为她伴奏。*(~ sb. at sth.) The singer was accompanied at the piano by his pupil.演唱者由他的学生担任钢琴伴奏。(~ sb. on sth.) His teacher accompanied him on the piano.

他的老师弹钢琴给他伴奏。

vi. 伴唱;伴奏: She accompanied magnificently. 她伴奏(伴唱)得精彩极了。

accomplish [əˈkəmpliʃ] wt. 完成; 实现; 取得成就:

(~ sth.) The explorer accomplished the voyage in three weeks. 探险家三周内完成了这次航行。/ The prediction was literally accomplished. 这个预言确实实现了。/ If you don't rely on the masses, you will accomplish nothing. 如果不依靠群众,就将一事无成。(~ itself) We need experienced hand. Ideas just don't accomplish themselves. 我们需要有经验的老手,光有主意是不够的。(~ + wh-从句)Robin Hood always accomplished what he set out to do. 罗宾汉总能完成他要做的事情。

account [ə'kaunt] vt. 把……视作;认为(是): *(~ sth. as sth.) I account it (as) a stroke of good luck. 我认为那是运气好。(~ sb. as sb.) He was accounted (as)a hero. 他被看作英雄。(~ sth. as +形容词)They account it (as) unwise to draw the conclusion at the moment. 他们认为目前下这种结 论是不明智的。(~ sb. as + 形容词)Her husband was accounted (as) innocent. 人们认为她丈夫是无 辜的。(~ oneself + 形容词) He accounted himself lucky to be alive. 他为自己能活下来感到幸运。 (~ sb. + to-不定式) Solomon was accounted to be a wise man. 所罗门被看作是一个极聪明的人。 vi. 1. 说明……原因;解释: * (~ for sth.) This cannot account in any way for his action. 这丝毫也 不能解释他的行为。/ Late frosts accounted for the poor crop. 晚霜导致粮食歉收。(~ for + -ing) How do you account for losing five games in a row? 一连输了五场球,你能解释一下吗? (~ to sb. for + wh-从句) You must account to the schoolmaster for what you have done. 你必须问校长 讲清楚你所做的事情。/ He has to account to the chairman for how he spends the company's money.

他必须向董事长说明公司钱款的使用情况。2. (数量上) 占: * (~ for sth.) Sugar accounts for nearly half of that country's export. 食糖在那个国 家的出口货物中几乎占到一半。

accuse [əˈkiuːz] wt. '1. 控告:指控: (~ sb.) He was wrongly accused. 他受到诬告。 * (~ sb. as sb.) He was accused as an accomplice. 他被指控为同谋。 (~ sb. of sth.) They accused him of theft. 他们控 告他偷窃。(~ sb. of + -ing) He was accused of being a spy. 他被指控为间谍。/ They accused him of taking bribes. 他们控告他受贿。2. 指责; 遣责: * (\sim sb. for sth.) They accused us for the delay. 他们把延误的责任归咎到我们身上。(~ sb. of sth.) They accused the teacher of favoritism. 他们指 责那位教师有偏爱。(~ sb. of +-ing) I don't think anyone can accuse him of not being honest. 我 看谁也不能指责他不诚实。/ Alfred's teacher accused him of cheating in the exam. 阿尔弗雷德的 老师指责他考试作弊。

achieve [ətfi:v] vt. 取得(胜利、成功等);实现(目 标、目的等): (~ sth.) It will be next to impossible to achieve the hoped-for results. 要取得所希望的结 果几乎是不可能的。/ You can't expect to achieve much that way. 这样做你不会有多大进展。/ We must do everything we can to achieve this unity. 我 们要尽一切努力来实现这一团结。/ Britain has achieved the highest rate of economic growth in Europe this year. 今年英国取得了全欧洲最高的经 济发展速度。

vi. 取得(胜利、成功等):实现(目标、目的等):We want all our students to achieve within their chosen professions. 我们希望所有学生能在他们所选择 的职业中有所成就。

acquire [əˈkwaiə] vt. 1. (通过努力)获得: (~ sth.) Finally the shop-keeper acquired a lot of money. 店 主最后赚了不少钱。/ I managed to acquire two

tickets for the concert. 我设法弄到了两张音乐会的票。/ They have acquired many skills in these few years. 在这几年中他们学到了很多技能。(~sb.) She had acquired an assistant. 她已得到了一个助手。2. 养成;获得(跟抽象名词):(~sth.) A bad habit is easily acquired but broken up with difficulty. 坏习惯染上容易改掉难。/ He has acquired an American accent. 他说话带上了美国口音。/ Sophia had acquired confidence. 索菲娅获得了信心。

act [ækt] wt. 1. 扮演;表演;上演: (~ sth.) Last week a new play was acted. 上星期上演了一出新戏。(~ sb.) He acts Hamlet very well. 他扮演哈姆雷特很成功。*(~ sth. out) Let's act out the story of the three bears once more. 让我们把三只熊的故事再表演一次。2. 假装;做戏;表现出……样子: (~ sb.) Don't act the fool. 别装傻(别傻了)。/Whenever they're in the public he always acts the loving husband. 只要他们在公共场所露面,他总是装着是个亲爱的丈夫。

vi. 1. 行动; 行事: This is to act first and report afterwards. 这是先斩后奏。/ I advise you to act cautiously in such an important affair. 对这样一件 重要的事,我劝你谨慎行事。(~+形容词)The people we met looked and acted happy, pleased with life and proud to be part of China. 我们遇到的人都 显得很高兴的样子,过得也很幸福,并为生活在中 国感到自豪。 * (~ after sth.) We'll act after their fashion. 我们将像他们那样做。(~ against sth.) He acted against the public interest. 他的行为 违 反了大众利益。(~ for sb.) During the president's absence, the vice president acts for him. 总统外出期间,由副总统代理。(~ from sth.) She acted from jealousy. 她那样做是出于妒忌。 (~ like sb.) If you act like a child, you're going to be treated like a child. 如果你做事像个孩子,就把

你当孩子对待。(~ on/upon sth.) They refused to act on/upon his order. 他们拒绝执行他的命令。 (~ out of sth.) I acted out of spleen. 我的行为出 于愤恨。(~ through sb.) In this your father is acting through me. 这件事你父亲是通过我来做 的。(~ to sth.) I will act to the best of my judgement. 我将根据最佳判断来行事。(~ up to sth.) You didn't act up to your principle. 你没有按 你的原则办事。/ He did not act up to his promise. 他没履行诺言。(~ with sth.) He acts with the most perfect sense. 他做事极为通情达理。2. 起作 用:对……起作用:担当:充当: The brake refused to act. 制动闸失灵了。 * (~ as sth.) An oar often acts as a rudder. 桨常常可以起舵的作用。(~ as sb.) During the summer vacation, many students act as guides to tourists. 暑假期间,很多学生给旅游者 当导游。(~ like sth.) The medicine acts like magic. 这药非常灵验。(~ on/upon sth.) Heat acts on/upon bodies and causes them to expand. 热作 用于物体并使其膨胀。/ The medicine acted on his fever at once. 这药很快就使他退了烧。3. 扮演:表 演:上演: She acted quite well in the play. 她在该剧 中表演出色。/ The play is acting wonderfully. 这剧 本上演非常成功。4. 假装;做戏;表现出 ……样 子: She's not crying; she's only acting in order to gain your sympathy. 她不是真哭,而只是装腔,想 博得你的同情。(~+形容词)You are acting mysterious. 你是在故作神秘。(~+ as if-从句) They were all trying to act as if nothing had happened. 他们都试图装着什么事也没有发生过。 * (~ out) Don't take her seriously; she's just acting out. 别把她的话当真,她只是在装腔。

adapt [ə'dæpt] wt. 1. 使适应(常和 to 连用): (~ oneself) When you are up against such people, you have to adapt yourself. 与这种人作对时, 你必须随 机行事。* (~ oneself to sth.) We adapted

ourselves to the hot weather. 我们适应了炎热的气 候。(~ sth. for sth.) The toughness of the material adapts it for many uses. 这种材料很坚韧, 因而能派多种用场。(~ sb. for sth.) She is not adapted for such work. 她适应不了这种工作。 (~ sth. to sth.) We must adapt our thinking and work to the new circumstances. 我们必须使我们的 思想和工作适应新的情况。(~ oneself to + -ing) He cannot adapt himself to being free. 他无法适应 无拘无束、毫无节制的生活。2. 改编;改写;改建; 改造: (~ sth.) Reformers attempted to adapt traditional religion. 改革者试图改革传统宗教。* (~ sth. as sth.) Many of Dickens' books have been adapted as film. 狄更斯的许多著作被改编成电影。 (~ sth. for sth.) Difficult books are sometimes adapted for use in school. 艰深的书有时经改写供 中小学校使用。(~ sth. for sb.) This book is adapted for beginners. 这本书是为初学者改写的。 (~ sth. from sth.) It was adapted from a novel by Sinclair Lewis. 它是根据辛克莱·刘易斯的一部小 说改写的。(~ sth. to sth.) We'll have to adapt this building to the needs of the old people. 我们必 须把这所房子变得适合老人们的需要。

vi. 适应: *(~ to sth.) This book is about change and how we adapt to it. 这本书说的是变化,以及我们应怎样适应变化。

add [æd] wt. 1.加;增加;增添;做加法: (~ sth.) If the tea is too strong, add some more hot water.如果茶太浓,再加点开水。/ They have added a new scene at the beginning.在开头他们又增加了一场戏。(~ sth. and sth.) When you add 4 and 4, you have 8. 4 加 4 得 8。*(~ sth. in) By the time we added the cost of drinks in the bill was over £100.加上酒水费后,账单已超过 100 英镑了。(~ sb. in) Don't forget to add me in.把我也算上。(~ sth. on) Here's your bill, sir, I've added on the

ten percent service charge. 先生,这是你的账单, 10%的小费也算在里面了。(~ sth. to sth.) That was adding fuel to fire. 那正是火上加油。/ The dance by Miss Smith added colour to the party. 史密斯小姐的舞蹈为舞会增添了色彩。(~ sb. to sth.) We have also added to our committee two women workers. 我们还给委员会增加了两名女工 当委员。(~ sth. together) Add together 471,54, 39. 把 471、54、39 加起来。(~ sth. up) Add your scores up and we'll see who won. 把你们的分数加 起来,我们就知道谁赢了。2. 补充说;接着说: (~ + that-从句) He added that the fee would be £100.他补充道费用将达100英镑。(用于插入 语)That, he added, was a great mistake, 他又说那 可是大错特错了。(用于直接引语)"And I hope you'll come early,"she added. "而且我希望你早点 来",她补充说。/"I'm sorry," she added,"I didn't realize all this at that time. "她接着说:"很遗 憾,那时候这一切我都不明白。"

vi. 加法;增加;加算: At that time I didn't even know how to add. 那时候我连加法都不会。*(~ to sth.) Our explanation seemed only to add to his bewilderment . 我们的解释似乎让他更困惑。(~ up) There is an error in adding up. 加算中有一个差 错。(~ up to sth.) What do all the arguments add up to? 所有的论据归根结蒂说明了什么? / These figures add up to 365. 这些数字加起来是 365。

address [əˈdres] wt. 1. 向……讲话(或演说);向…… 提出: (~ sth.) The meeting was addressed by Senator Howard. 霍华德参议员在会上作了演说。 (~ sb.) He addressed the audience in an eloquent speech. 他向听众发表了雄辩的演说。/ I didn't know he was addressing me until he repeated my name. 直到他重复我的名字, 我才知道他在和我 说话。 * (~ sb. on sth.) He will address you on the subject of war and peace. 他将就战争与和平问

题对你们发表讲话。(~ sth. to sb.) Please address complaints to the manager, not to me. 请向 经理去投诉,不要对我讲。/ Who ought I to address my request to? 我应向谁提出我的要求呢? (~ oneself to sb.) He addressed himself to all of us. 他是针对我们大家说的。(~ oneself to sb. + that-从句)He addressed himself to me that he would leave soon. 他对我说他不久就要离开。2. 写地址; 把·····寄给: (~ sth.) How do you address letters in English? 英文信封怎么写? (~ sth. to sb.) Miller was going to address his reply to him in care of Mr Darcy. 米勒将把回信寄给达西先生转交给 他。3. 当面称呼;用某称呼对……讲话: *(~ sb. as sb.) Don't address me as "colonel"; I am only a major.不要称呼我"上校",我只是一个少校。 (~ sb. by sth.) He was always addressed by his surname with the prefix of "Mr". 人们总在他的姓 名前加上"先生"来称呼他。4. 从事于;致力于: (~ sth.) He has not addressed the issue of the strike. 他还没有着手解决罢工问题。/ The article addresses the problem of diseases connected with malnutrition. 本文讨论了营养不良的相关疾病。 * (~ oneself to sth.) It's time we addressed ourselves to the business in hand. 是动手做我们手 头上的事情的时候了。/ Marlowe now addressed himself to the task of searching the room. 马罗威正 在执行搜查这房间的任务。(~ oneself to + -ing) He addressed himself to mowing the lawn. 他专心 修剪草坪。

adjust [ə'dʒʌst] wt. 1. 调整;校准: (~ sth.) I will adjust my watch. 我要把手表调一下。/ The boy adjusted his cap. 那男孩整了整他的帽子。/ Can you adjust the light on my bike so that it shines on the road? 你能替我把自行车上的灯调整一下,使光线照在路上吗? 2. 适应;使适应: *(~ sth. to sth.) The desks and seats can be adjusted to the

height of any child. 这些桌椅可以按孩子的身高进行调节。/ I have to adjust my expenditures to my income. 我必须量人为出。(~ sth. to sb.) It is difficult to adjust one's habits to someone else. 要改变一个人的习惯去适应另一个人的习惯,难啊。(~ oneself to sth.) They can not emotionally adjust themselves to the new views. 他们在感情上不能接受这些新观点。

vi. 适应: As his pupils adjusted, he saw a faint light. 眼睛逐渐适应后, 他看到一线微弱的光。 *(~ to sth.) Astronauts in flight must adjust to weight lessness. 宇航员在飞行时必须适应失重现象。(~ to sb.) John adjusted to Mary. 约翰适应了玛丽的生活习惯。

admire [ədimaiə(r)] wt. 1. 钦佩;赞美;羡慕:(~sth.) He intended to drive his car and admire the view.他想开车去观赏风景。/ She greatly admired his courage.她对他的勇敢非常佩服。(~sb.) Don't forget to admire the boy.别忘了夸奖那个男孩。*(~sb.as sb.) Many people here admire her as the city's best singer.这里有许多人都称赞她是本市最佳歌手。(~sb. for sth.) We really admired him all the more for his frankness.由于他的坦率我们更加钦佩他。(~sb. for + wh-从句) I admire him for what he has done.我对他所做的事很钦佩。2.喜欢;想要:(~+to-不定式) I would admire to walk with you.我真想同你一道去散散步。

vi. 羡慕: * (~ at sth.) His friends admired at his sudden success. 他的突然成功使他的朋友们感到羡慕。/ I admire at your fortune. 我羡慕你的好运气。

admit [əd'mit] vt. 1. 允许进入;允许参加;接纳: (~ sth.)Open the window to admit some air. 打开 窗子透透气。/Her mind admits no other thoughts. 她脑子里别的什么也不想。(~ sb.) Junior

members of staff are not admitted. 低级职员不得人 内。 * (\sim sb. as sb.) He was admitted as a partner. 他被接纳为伙伴。(~ sb. into sth.)The servant opened the door and admitted me into the house.仆人开了门让我进屋。/ He was admitted into their fullest confidence. 他获得了他们的充分 信任。(~ sb. to sth.) Only 200 children were admitted to the school every year. 那时每年只有两 百个儿童获准进入这所学校。/ If you promise not to tell anybody, I'll admit you to a secret. 如果你答 应对谁也不讲,我就告诉你一个秘密。2.容许有; 容纳: (~ sth.) Each dock admits 3 boats. 每个船 坞可容纳三条船。(~ sb.) The theatre only admits 1,000 persons. 这个剧场只能容得下 1 000 人。3. 承认: (~ sth.) The accused man admitted his guilt. 被告认了罪。(~ oneself + -ed) He admitted himself beaten. 他认输了。(~+-ing) John admitted knowing little about the subject. 约翰 承认对这一问题了解甚少。/ She reluctantly admitted having read the letter. 她勉强承认看过那 封信。(~ sth. + to-不定式) A fuel leak is now admitted to have been the cause of the trouble. 人们 已承认了燃料泄漏是问题的根源所在。(~ sb. + to-不定式) We all admit him to be foolish. 我们 全都认为他是傻瓜。(~ + that-从句) He admitted that he had been disappointed by the failure. 他承认他因这次失败而感到失望。(用于 直接引语)"I do feel a little nervous at times," she admitted. "我确实有点紧张",她承认道。 vi. 1. 容许; 容纳: * (~ of sth.) His conduct admits of no complaint. 他的行为无可指责。/ The

vi. 1. 容许; 容纳: * (~ of sth.) His conduct admits of no complaint.他的行为无可指责。/ The sentence admits of several interpretations.这个句子可以有几种解释。(~ of + -ing) This case did not admit of being discussed in public.这一案件不能公开谈论。2. 承认: * (~ to sth.) The young man admitted to his part in the crime.那个年轻人承认