

# 经进门工



● 「解析」

辨析细致, 针对性强

●「搭配」

重点突出,考点明确

●「练习」

讲练结合, 温故知新



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## 少数大学英语 词汇四级

それのよれ、仮心をいる
西安 北京 广州 上海

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#### 突破大学英语词汇四级

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本书是根据教育部最新颁布的《大学英语教学 大纲词汇表》的新词条、新释义、新短语编写而成。 本书的多位作者均具有丰富的大学英语教学经验, 并多年从事大学四、六级及研究生英语考试的研究 分析,从历年 CET 考试规律及辅导经验中,总结出 了一套针对学生词汇学习及应考行之有效的方法。

本书为了便于学生学习使用,专门采用双色套印,并设计了多个栏目:

解析:针对该词及其同义词、近义词及形似意异的词进行深入浅出的对比分析。从这一意义上讲,本书又具有同义词词典的功能。

搭配: 英语词语的搭配是学习中的一个难点, 针对该词,收录大量相关短语、词组、翔实、生动、提 纲挈领,极为实用。它又象是一本成语、短语辞典。

例 句:参考实例,有助于实际掌握和运用。

练 习: 收录了大量历届 CET 全真试题, 及精心设计的典型试题, 利于读者检验自己真正的水平。

各栏目分列条理清晰,极具特色,有效地帮助学生克服盲目学习,盲目记忆的"编好"。做到有的放矢,针对性地抓住薄弱环节,迅速突破,迅速获得成效。另外,为了从应考角度考虑,书中还专门在易于设计考题的词汇后加"\*"号,以便学生重点学习,重点记忆。

我们都知道,对于参加 CET 考试的学生来说,词汇的掌握是一件极头痛的问题。而能否准确掌握、熟练运用大纲所要求的词汇,是会直接影响考试的顺利通过。词汇的学习也是讲究方式方法的。有了好的科学的方法,必定事半功倍。相信本书定会给您积极有益的帮助,顺利通过 CET 考试。.

编 者 2003.4

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只可对江南, 的新州各, 好称义, 新植语属写成点。

a [强 ei,弱 ə]

an [强 æn,弱 ən,n] art. ① (非特指的)—(个) ② (同类事物中的)任何—(个) ③ 每—(个)

able to de all 有能力越来

a和an均用于可数名词之前,a用于读音以辅音音素起首的词前,an用于读音以元音音素起首的词前。例:a house/an hour//普通可数名词第一次提到而又不需要特指时,冠以不定冠词表示类别,有时则兼含"一"的概念。例:A waiter entered with a tray.//放在专有名词前,表示某一个。例:a Miss Smith//不定冠词一般放在形容词的前边,但如果形容词前边有修饰它的 too, so, as 等副词时,不定冠词则应放在形容词之后。例:He is not so big a fool as he looks.

abandon \*[ə'bændən] w. ① 离弃,丢弃 ② 遗弃,抛弃 ③ (尤指未完成而)放弃

abandon 与 desert 的区别:abandon 表示放弃对人或物的拥有或控制的权力;desert 强调违背诺言,逃避责任。

abandon oneself to 沉溺于
with abandon ① 放任地,放纵地 ② 纵情地



abandon doing = give up doing 放弃做…… abandon oneself to despair/drinking/grief/ pleasures 沉溺于绝望[酗酒,悲伤,享乐]



The lost car of the Less was found \_\_\_\_\_ in the woods off the highway.

A. vanished

B. abandoned

C. scattered

D. rejected

[B]

ability [ə'biliti] n. ① [U] 能力,本领 ② [C,U] 才能,才智

指做某事的"能力",这种能力是可以通过学习或锻炼而获得或提高的。例:the ability to speak a foreign language 也可以指"才能,才智"。例:leadership ability 领导才干

**语组** to the best of one's ability 尽自己最大努力 **搭配** cultivate one's ability 培养才能 develop one's ability 发挥才能



demonstrate/exhibit one's ability 显示才能 ability at maths 数学才能/beyond one's ability 力所不及 **able** ['eibl] a. ① [后接不定式] 能够……的,得以……的 ② 有才干的, 能力出众的

解 初 在意义上,able 只表示褒义或中性的"有能力";在搭配上,其 主语是有生命的人或动物,后接不定式。参见 capable 词条。

搭配 be able to do sth. 有能力做某事



aboard [ə'bə:d] prep. 在(船、飞机、车)上,上(船、飞机、车) (或飞机、车)上,上船(或飞机、车)

> go aboard 上船[飞机、车]/aboard a ship 上船 All aboard! 请各位上船[飞机、车]! Welcome aboard! 欢迎各位搭乘本船[飞机、车]!

about [ə'baut] prep. ①关于,对于②在……周围,在……各处 ad. ① 大约,差不多② 在四周,到处③ 在附近

What/How about + 名词或动名词,表示"(你认为)……怎么样?"

词组 be about to (do) 刚要,即将





Marlin is a young man of independent thinking who is not about compliments to his political leaders.

A. paying

B. having paid

C. to pay D. to have paid

[C]

above \*[ə'bʌv] prep. ① 在……上方 ② 多于,大于 ③ 高于,优于 ④ 超 过,超出 ad. ① 在(或向)上面,在顶上 ② [在级别、权力、数目等方面] 在上,以上 ③ 在上文 a. 上述的

above 表示"在……的上方",与 below 相对。可用作前位修 饰语或后位修饰语。例:the sentence above/the above sentence

搭配 above question 不容置疑 above all praise 赞扬不尽



列旬 The problem is above me. 这个问题我不懂。 value honour above life 把荣誉看得比生命还重 As was stated above... 如上所述……

abroad \*[ə'brəːd] ad. ① 到国外,在国外 ② 在传播,在流传

搭配 go abroad 出国 get/spread abroad (新闻、消息等)传开 at home and abroad 国内外 develop one's a



absence ['æbs(ə)ns] n. ①[C]缺席,不在②[C]缺席的时间,外出期 ③[U]缺乏,不存在

解析 词组 in the absence of 意为"缺乏"。例: In the absence of adequate evidence, the thief was only lightly punished. 此外,该词组常用 于虚拟语气句中,表示条件,意思是"要是没有"。例: In the absence of gravity, there would be no air around the earth.

(one's) absence from... (·····) 缺席 in the absence of sb./sth. 在(人)不在/(物)缺乏时 absence of mind 心不在焉

absent \*['æbs(ə)nt] a. ① 缺席的,不在场的 ② 缺乏的,不存在的 ③ 心 不在焉的,出神的 as well as wood value that a one sand

> be absent from 缺席,不在某地 disclosioned a be absent on business 因事缺席 acatemic akdemik c absent-minded 心不在焉的



absolute ['æbsəl(j)u:t] a. ① 十足的, 道地的 ② 绝对的, 完全的 ③ 不 受任何限制(或约束)的

absorb \*[əb'sə:b] vt. ① 吸收 ② 吸引……的注意,使全神贯注 ③ 把…… 并入,同化

搭配 be absorbed in 专心于,全神贯注于 **到** be absorbed in thoughts 在沉思





She was so in her job that she didn't hear anybody knocking at the door.

A. attracted B. absorbed A maniful and

C. drawn

D. concentrated

 $\begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{B} \end{bmatrix}$ 

abstract \*['æbstrækt] a. ① 抽象的 ② 抽象派的 [æb'strækt] vt. ① 做……的摘要 ② 提取,抽取 n. [C] ① 摘要,梗概 ② 抽象派艺术作品

词组 in the abstract 抽象地,在理论上 has been



an abstract noun 抽象名词

an abstract of a lecture 讲演的摘要 abstract iron from ore 从矿石中提取铁

扩充记忆 注意以下几个易混词的区别:

attract vt. 吸引 abstract vt. 抽取 contract vt. 收缩 subtract vt. 减去 abundant [ə'bʌndənt] a. ① 大量的,充足的 ② (in) 丰富的,富裕的

指自然存量丰富,如雨水、鱼、鸟、矿产等量大。//be abundant in (=be rich in) 丰富,富于 例:The trees are abundant in fruit.

搭配 an abundant harvest 丰收 an abundant year 丰年





Texas, the second largest state of America, is natural resources.

A. wealthy

B. abundant

C. scattered D. deposited [B]

abuse \*[ə'bju:s] n. ①[C,U] 滥用,妄用 ②[U] 虐待,伤害 ③[U]辱 骂,毁谤[ə'bjuːz] vt. ① 滥用,妄用 ② 虐待,伤害 ③ 辱骂,毁谤

abuse one's authority/power/privileges 滥用职权[权力,特权] alcohol abuse 酗酒 drug abuse 滥用麻醉药品 child abuse 虐待儿童 misual no mysala ral



academic [ æk'demik ] a. ① 学校的,学院的 ② 学术的 ③ 纯理论的,不 切实际的 n. [C] 大学教师

搭配 an academic degree 学位 an academic year 学年 academic discussion 学术讨论 academic freedom 学术自由



academy [əˈkædəmi] n. [C] ① 研究院,学会 ② (中等以上)专门学校

academy 指研究专门学术的学校,尤指军事、体育、音乐等院 校。例:the Academy of Music 音乐学院

the Chinese Academy of Sciences 中国科学院 beimigradeo ...



accelerate \*[æk'seləreit] v. (使)加快,(使)增速 danada 100 1120

accelerate economic growth 加速经济发展 搭配 accelerate one's steps 加快步伐 accelerate world peace 促进世界和平



accent ['æks(ə)nt] n. [C] ① 口音,腔调 ② 重音,重音符号 [æk'sent] vt. 重读

have a strong American accent 有很重的美国口音 speak in a southern accent 说话带有南方腔调 place an accent on the second syllable 第二音节重读 accept [ək'sept] vt. ① 接受,领受,收受 ② 承认,同意,认可 ③ 相信 解析 accept 系指由主观愿望决定的"接受"或"认可"。
accept 意为"承认,同意,认可"时,可用如下句型:accept 从句/what 从句 例:We do not accept what you have said. accept... as 承认……是例:accept sb. as a genius/friend

acceptance [ək'sept(ə)ns] n. ① [C,U] 接受,接纳 ② [U] 赞同,承认 ③ [U] 容忍

解析

accept + -ance(名词后缀)→acceptance

接配 receive/win wide acceptance lingmed'a 得到广泛赞同,被普遍接受

pay on acceptance 一经接受,即付报酬

**access**\*['ækses] n. [U] ① 通道,人口 ② 接近,进入 ③ 接近(或进入、享用)的机会 vt. 存取(计算机文件)

Find access to 得以进入 gain/get/have access to sb. 得以会见某人 have access to power 掌握权力 have access to the library 得以进入图书馆



The people living in these apartments have free \_\_\_\_\_ to that swimming pool.

A. access

B. excess

C. excursion

D. recreation

[A]

accident ['æksid(ə)nt] n. [C] ① 意外遭遇,事故 ② 意外,意外因素

accident 表示"事故"时,指不可预测的事件,强调"意外、突发或不幸"。例:traffic/air accident//词组 by accident 与 by chance 同义,与 on purpose 反义。

词组 by accident 偶然

整配 avoid an accident 避免事故
bring about ∕ cause an accident 造成事故
have an accident 遭到意外

accidental [ˌæksi'dentl] a. 意外的,偶然(发生)的
accommodation \*[əˌkəmə'deiʃ(ə)n] n. [常 pl.] 住处,膳宿

# afford/give accommodation for 100 guests 为 100 位客人提供膳宿

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 accompany \*[ə'kʌmp(ə) ni] vt. ① 陪伴,陪同 ② 伴随,和……—起发生

 ③ 为……伴奏(或伴唱)

以工能言為一人原及主第一人權餘

A

5

.

解析 accompany 作"陪伴,陪同,伴随"解时,等于go with,其后直接跟 sb./sth.;不说 accompany sb. to do,而说 accompany sb. to (某个地方)。例:He accompanied her to the seaside.//作"为……伴奏"时,习惯搭配为 accompany sb. on/at (后跟乐器名)。例:accompany sb. on the piano/the guitar

A

6

Property accompany...with 与……同时发生 be accompanied by sb. 由某人伴随 accompany a guest to the door 把客人送到门口

accomplish \* [əˈkəmpliʃ] vt. 达到(目的),完成(任务),实现(计划、诺言等)

解析

accomplish 指坚持到底而成功完成预期目标。

整配 accomplish a task 完成任务 accomplish a goal 实现目标 accomplish one's mission 完成使命



 accord \* [ə'kə:d] n. ① [U] 一致,符合 ② [C] (尤指国与国之间的)谅解,协议 vi. (with) 相符合,相一致,相和谐 vt. 授予,赠与,给予

in accord with 与……一致,与……相符合 with one accord 一致地,一致同意地



搭配 accord sb. permission (to do sth.) 允许某人(做某事) reach (come to) an accord 达成一致

His words do not accord with his actions.

accordance \*[ə'kəːd(ə)ns] n. [U] 一致,和谐,符合

in accordance with 指依据法律、规则、惯例等,语气较强,常作 状语或表语。例: in accordance with common sense 符合常识; in accordance with the rules 按照规则

词组 in accordance with 与……一致,依照





The tenant must be prepared to decorate the house \_\_\_\_\_ the terms of the contract.

- A. in collaboration with B. in addition to
- C. in accordance with D. in place of [C]

according to [ə'kə:din tu] prep. ① 据……所说 ② 根据,按照

根据某人、某学说的说法等,引导短语只能作状语。according to 不能与第一人称或有第一人称修饰的名词连用,如 me, my opinion 等。可以用 according to Ms. Smith

accordingly [əˈkəːdinli] ad. ① 照着,相应地 ② 因此,所以,于是 account \*[ə'kaunt] n. [C] ① 记述,描述,报告 ② 账,账户 ③ 解释,说明 vi. (for) ① 说明……的原因,是……的原因 ② 在(数量、比例方面)占

on no account 放在句首,句子要部分倒装。例:On no account should we forget the past. //take. . . into account = take account of. . . = take... into consideration 考虑。例: We must take his suggestion into account. The Work Market Market

of no account 不重要的 词组 on account of 为了……的缘故,因为,由于 on no account 绝不,绝对不

open/close an account 开立[结束]账户 give a brief account of 概述 present a faithful account of 如实叙述 provide a full account of 详细叙述

练习

his reputation with other farmers and business people in the community, and then make a decision about whether or not to approve a loan.

A. take into account

B. make up for

C. account for

D. make out

A

should any money be given to a small child.

A. On no account B. From all accounts

C. Of no account

D. By all accounts

A

accountant [əˈkauntənt] n. [C] 会计人员,会计师

accumulate \*[əˈkjuːmjuleit] vt. 堆积,积累,积聚 vi. 累积,聚积

其同义词有 store up, pile up。

accumulate fortune 积累财富 accumulate data 积累数据 accumulate rapidly/slowly 迅速[慢慢]积累

accuracy ['ækjurəsi] n. [U] 准确(性),精确(性)

check the accuracy of 检验……的精密度 透透 inquire into the matter with accuracy 准确地调查这件事。



accurate ['ækjurit] a. ① 正确无误的 ② 准确的,精确的

accurate in one's statement/statistics 陈述[统计]准确 to be accurate 准确地说



#### accuse \* [əˈkjuːz] wt. 指控,控告,指责 10 ha liqibicale

本配 accuse sb. of (doing) sth. 控告某人



A

8

练习

The soldier was \_\_\_\_\_ of running away when the enemy attacked.

A. scolded B. charged C. ac

C. accused

magazita (a. a.)

D. punished

accustomed \* [əˈkʌstəmd] a. ① (to) 习惯于……的,适应了的 ② 通常的,惯常的

be/get/become accustomed to (后接动名词、名词或代词)习惯于(做)……,同 be used to。例: She is accustomed to swimming in winter.

ache [eik] vi. ① 痛,疼痛 ② 渴望 n. [C] 疼痛

通常指一种持续的、局部的隐漏,可以和表示身体某部分的词构成复合词。例:I have a headache/stomachache.

搭配 ache for 渴望,想念



achieve \*[ə'tfiːv] vt. 完成,实现,达到 vi. 成功

指排除困难,完成伟大功业。

A achieve one's ambition 如愿以偿 achieve nothing 毫无成就 achieve success 取得成功



achievement [ə'tfiːvmənt] n. ①[C]成就,成绩②[U]达到,完成,实现

achieve + -ment (名词后缀)→achievement

本配 academic achievement 学术成就
brilliant achievement 辉煌成就
evaluate the achievements of students
衡量学生的成绩



make great achievements 取得巨大成就

acid ['æsid] n. [C,U] 酸,酸性物质 a. ① 酸的,酸味的 ② 尖刻的,刻 薄的

**acknowledge** \*[ək'nɔlidʒ] w. ① 承认,承认……的权威(或主张) ② 告知收到,确认 ③ 对……表示谢忱,报偿

to be accurate 推到地说

acknowledge 作"承认"解时,常常指被迫地承认使人为难或 尴尬的事情。例: With so much evidence against him, he could not but acknowledge his error. /acknowledge doing/that 从句,"承认……"。例: He acknowledged having been defeated. = He acknowledged that he was defeated./acknowledge...as (to be) (接名词或形容词),"认为……是 ...... 例:I acknowledge his statement as (to be) true.

## 练习

His long service with the company was \_ with a present.

A. admitted

B. acknowledged

C. attributed

D. accepted

B

of the vital importance of Despite almost universal women's literacy, education remains a dream for far too many women in far too many countries of the world. It applies

A. identification B. compliment

C. confession D. acknowledgement

D

acquaintance [ə'kweint(ə)ns] n. ① [C] 相识的人,熟人 ② [U] 认 识,相识,了解

解析 acquaintance 作"熟人"解时,指的只是认识,交情不深,谈不 上是 friend。//make the acquaintance of sb. = make sb's acquaintance 与 某人认识,它的后面可以跟表短暂性的时间状语。例: I made her acquaintance three months ago. (此句谓语动词不能用 know)

have a nodding acquaintance with sb. 与某人有点头之交



have little/no acquaintance with 对 ..... 不了解

acquire \*[əˈkwaiə] vt. ① 取得,获得 ② 学到

指依靠自己的努力或花费一些时间获得知识、技能等,强调 获得的过程。

acquire a habit 养成一种习惯 acquire the knowledge through experience 从经验获得知识



It is through learning that the individual \_\_\_\_ many habitual ways of reacting to situations.

A. retains

B. gains

C. achieves

D. acquires

D

acquisition \*[akwi'zif(ə)n] n. ①[C] 取得,获得,习得 ②[C] 获得 物,增添的人(或物)

acquisition 表示抽象的"取得,获得"时,其后跟 of sth.。例:Some people are only interested in the acquisition of wealth.

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acre ['eikə] n. [C] 英亩

across [əˈkrəs] prep. ① 穿过,越过,横过 ② 在……对面 ad. ① 从一边 到另一边,……宽② 在对面,向对面

解机 across 着重指从事物的表面[上面]穿过,从……的一边到另 -边。例:swim across the river 游过河

act [ækt] vi. ① 行动,做事 ② 举止,表现 ③ 起作用 ④ 表演,假装 扮演,装做 n. ① [C] 行为,行动 ② [C] 法令,条例 ③ [C] (一)幕

ct 作名词"行为,行动"解时,指具体、一时的行动。例:an act of kindness 一桩善行

act on ① 遵照……行动 ② 作用于,影响 act up ① 出毛病,运转不正常 ② 耍脾气,捣蛋

act against sh's advice 不按某人忠告行事 be caught in the act of stealing 盗窃时被抓

action \* ['ækf(ə)n] n. ① [U] 行动,行动过程 ② [C] 已做的事,行为 ③ [U] 作用 ④ [U] 情节

解析 表示抽象、概括或较长期的行动。例:go into action 开始行动 //当 action 被用作单数可数名词时,可与 act 互换。例:a kind action/act

词组 out of action 不(再)起作用,不(再)运转

put into action 把……付诸实施

Actions speak louder than words. 事实胜于雄辩。

active [ˈæktiv] a. ① 活跃的,积极的 ② 主动的,起作用的

active in work 积极工作 take an active part in 积极参加 an active volcano 活火山

activity [æk'tiviti] n. ① [C] 活动,行动 ② [U] 活跃,活力

表示各种"活动"时常用复数。例: business activities 商业活 动;indoor/outdoor activities 室内[室外]活动

participate/take part/engage in an activity 参加活动

actor [ˈæktə] n. [C] 男演员

actress [ˈæktris] n. [C] 女演员 ess 表示阴性。例:host 男主人——hostess 女主人

actual ['æktʃu(ə)l,'æktju(ə)l] a. 实际的,事实上的,真实的 acute\*[ə'kjuɪt] a. ① 严重的,激烈的 ② 敏锐的 ③ (疾病)急性的 ④ 尖 的,锐的







an acute pain 剧痛 an acute shortage of 严重缺…… have an acute sense of smell 嗅觉灵敏 an acute angle 锐角 Although most birds have only a negligible sense of smell, they have vision. D. vivid [C] A. vigorous B. exact C. acute ad [æd]见 advertisement adapt \*[ə'dæpt] u. ① 使适应,使适合 ② 修改,改编 vi. (to) 适应 adapt sb./sth. to 使……适应 be adapted for/from 改造,改编 We adapted ourselves to the hot weather. Difficult books are sometimes adapted for use in schools. The newcomers found it impossible to \_\_\_\_\_ themselves to the climate sufficiently to make permanent homes in the new country. C. regulate A. suit B. adapt D. coordinate add \* [æd] vt. ① 添加,增加 ② 把……加起来,计算……的总和 ③ 进一步 说(或写),附带说明 vi. ① (to) 增添 ② 补充 add up ① 加起来 ② 说得通 add up to 合计达, 总括起来, 意味着 add to 增加 add sth、to 把……加到……上



add that 从句 进一步说, 附带说明

The heavy rain added to our difficulties. You can't add oil to fire.

I should like to add that we are pleased with the result.



Although he had looked through all the reference material on the subject, he still found it hard to understand this point and her explanation only \_\_\_\_\_ to his confusion. [CET -4:1995,6]

- A. extended
- B. amounted
- C. added
- D. turned

[C]

addition [ə'dif(ə)n] n. ① [U] 加,加法 ② [C] 增加的人(或)物

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in addition 其作用相当于副词,常用逗号与主句分开。in addition to (=besides, aside from) 为介词短语,后接名词或代词。

词组 in addition 另外,加之。 in addition to 除……之外(还)



additional [ə'dif(ə)nl] a. 添加的,额外的,另外的

an additional charge 附加的费用



address\*[ə'dres] n. [C] ① 地址,住址 ② 演说,讲话 vt. ① (在信封 或包裹上)写姓名地址 ② 向……作(正式)讲话,对……发表演说 ③ 称 呼 ④ 对付,处理

解析 address 与 speech 的区别: address 指正式的演讲、讲话或致词 (例:deliver an opening/a closing address 致开幕[闭幕]词); speech 则 指较普通的讲话、发言。//address 是及物动词,后面不能跟介词 to。 例:address an audience 对听众演讲

**adequate** \* ['ædikwit] a. ① 充足的,足够的 ② 适当的,胜任的

adequate 表示数量上或质量上刚好达到要求或满足需要,有 "不多不少"之意,强调没有多余。

be adequate for sb. 对某人足够 adequate to do 充分够····· adequate to/for +n. (对于……)适当的



The food was adequate for all of us. Is your salary adequate to support your family? His remark was not adequate to the occasion.



By law, when one makes a large purchase, he should have d. [CET -4:2000,6] opportunity to change his mind.

i should fike

A. accurate

B. urgent

C. excessive

D. adequate bbs that work

D

adjective ['ædʒiktiv] n. [C] 形容词

adjust\*[ə'dʒʌst] vt. ① 校正,校准,调整 ② 调节,改变……以适应 (to) 适应 Although he had looked through all the reference

> adjust (oneself) to 使自己适应 adjust expenses 调节开销 adjust the errors 校正错误



He adjusted (himself) very quickly to the heat of the country.