人教版课标本

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一测丛书

























重点难点提示



知识点精析



综合能力测试 |







七年级英语(下)

清华附中英语组 陈淑华等 编

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中教华 振兴

前 官

你面前的这本教辅用书,是以九年制义务教育课程标准为指导, 与人教社《新目标英语(七年级下册)》同步编写而成的。

新教材最显著的特点有两个:一是更加注重培养学生自我学习的能力和解决问题的能力;二是更加注重发展学生综合语言运用能力并安排了相应的语言实践活动,呈现出"学习活动化、活动交际化"的教学新形式。顺应着新教材的特点,教师在课堂教学的内容安排上将更加突出针对性,在手段的运用上也将更加关注指导性。正是基于新教材的这两个特点和课堂教学所发生的变革,本书在继承《三点一测丛书》"重点难点提示、知识点精析、综合能力测试"这一传统特色的基础上,又有针对性地为学生学会学习、学会运用提供了训练的途径和发展的空间,为学生参与综合性学习提供了可资借鉴的思路和举一反三的例子。只要你能认真地上好课,踏实地用好这本书,相信你一定会在新教材的英语学习上有较大的收获。

参加本书编写的有周兆玉、陈淑华、周萍、朱振洪。

由于编写时间较为仓促,所面对的又是全新的教材,故疏漏在所难免,敬请不吝指正。

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三点一测丛书

(人教版新目标七年级英语)

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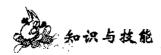
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目 录

Unit 1	Where's your pen pal from? (1)
Unit 2	Where's the post office?(17)
Unit 3	Why do you like koalas? (37)
Unit 4	I want to be an actor. (56)
Unit 5	I'm watching TV. (76)
Unit 6	It's raining! (90)
下学期!	明中測试卷
Unit 7	What does he look like?
Unit 8	I'd like some noodles
Unit 9	How was your weekend?
Unit 10	Where did you go on vacation?
Unit 11	What do you think of game shows?
Unit 12	Don't eat in class. (207)
下学期:	即末測试券(224)

Unit 1 Where's your pen pal from?

重点难点提示



词语

Canada, South Korea, France, Japan, the United States, Brazil, Australia, the United Kingdom, Mexico, Argentina, English, Spanish, French, Portuguese, Japanese, Korean, pen pal, New York, Mexico city, Tokyo, language, easy, step, beginner, advanced, conversational, introduce, written, world, France, Ottawa, physics, enjoy, frequency, nationality, likes and dislikes

句型及日常交际用语

谈论国籍、民族及其语言,询问并回答人们的住处。

- 1. —Where is your pen pal from?
 - -She's from Mexico.
- 2. —Where does she live?
 - -She lives in Mexico City.
- 3. —What language does she speak?
 - -She speaks English and Spanish.

语法

- 1. 含 from 的 where 引导的特殊疑问句
- 2. 含 live 的 where 引导的特殊疑问句

知识总统新与应用



1. Where is your pen pal from?

这是询问别人来自何处的一句话。from 是介词,意为"来自……",这句话直译为:你的笔友来自什么地方?引申意为:你的笔友是哪国人?问答这样的问句我们经常用:He/She is from America. is 是 be 动词,根据人称的不同, be 作相应的变化。如:

Where are you from? 你是哪国人?

I am from Japan. 我来自日本。

问对方是哪国人的问句还有:

- a. --Where does he come from? 他从哪儿来?
 - 一He comes from England. 他来自英国。
- b. —What is his nationality? 他是什么国籍(他是哪国人)?
 - 一He is Chinese. 他是中国人。
- 2. Where does he live? 他住在什么地方?

这句话用来询问别人的住处。这句话的回答是: He lives in Shanghai. 他住在上海。我们也可以变换人称,如:

Where do you live? I live in Beijing.

3. What language does she speak? 她说什么语言?

这句话用来询问别人说什么语言。还可以问:

What language do you speak? 你说什么语言? I speak Chinese. 我说汉语。

- 4. Does she have any brothers and sisters? 她有兄弟姐妹吗?
- 5. I think China is a very interesting place. 我认为中国是一个非常有意思的地方。
- 6. I don't like physics. It's too difficult. 我不喜欢物理。它太难了。 too 在这里解释为"太……"的意思。它放在句末解释为:也。如:

 He is a student, I am a student, too. 他是个学生。我也是个学生。

语 法

1. some 和 any 的用法

any 意思为:任何。它可以用来修饰可数和不可数名词,当修饰可数名词时,可数名词要用复数形式。any 常用于否定句和疑问句。如:

- 一Do you have any brothers and sisters? 你有兄弟姐妹吗?
- 一No, I don't have any brothers and sisters. 不,我没有兄弟姐妹。some 意思为:一些。它也可以用来修饰可数和不可数名词,常常用于肯定句。如:
 - —Do you have any water? 你有水吗?
 - 一Yes, I have some. 是的,我有一些。

2. I think China is a very interesting place.

这是一个宾语从句。句子中 I think 是主句, China is a very interesting place 作 think 的宾语,而它本身又是一个句子,故我们称之为;宾语从句。又如;

I think English is not easy but it's very useful.

我认为英语不好学,但却非常有用。

【例 1】	用 some 或 any 填空。
[197] 1.]	用 some 或 any 填全。

1. T	There are newspapers on the table.
2. l s	s there hread on the plate?
3. A	are there boats on the river?
4	-Do you have brothers?
_	-Yes, I have two brothers.
5	-Is there tea in the cup?
_	-Yes, there is tea in it, but there isn't milk.
6. l	want to ask you questions.
7. N	My little boy wants water to drink.
8. 7	There are tables in the room, but there aren't chairs.
9. V	Vould you like milk?
10.	Will you give me paper?

【答案】 1. some(这是一个肯定句, 所以我们用 some。桌子上有一些报

м	٦

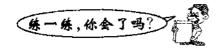
- 2. any(这是一个疑问句,所以我们用 any。盘子里有面包吗?)
- 3. any(any 既可以修饰不可数名词,又可以修饰可数名词,这也是一个疑问句,所以我们还是用 anv。)
- 4. any(同 3。你有兄弟吗?有,我有两个兄弟。)
- 5. any, some, any(区分 some, any 用法的主要依据是疑问句还是肯定句。杯子里有茶吗?是的,有一些,但是没有牛奶。)
- 6. some(同 3。我想问你一些问题。)
- 7. some(同 3。我的小弟弟想要一些水喝。)
- 8. some, any(同 3。房间里有一些桌子,但是没有椅子。)
- 9. some(是语言总有例外,这个句子是一般疑问句,根据规律它似乎应该用 any, 但是当这个问句是征求对方意见时,往往用 some。你想喝些牛奶吗?)
- 10. some(当这是一个向对方提出请求的疑问句时,也往往用 some。请给我一些 纸好吗?)

	[例 2]	用适当的疑问词填空。
1.		is Jenny's bag, the blue one or the red one?
	—The blu	ue onc.
2.		magazine is this? —It's mine.
3.		is the boy in white? —He is Jack.
4.		does your aunt live? —She lives in Tokyo.
5.		do you have for lunch?
	! have	two eggs, a piece of bread and a glass of milk.
6.	—Do you	know language your pen pal speak?
	—He spe	aks Spanish.
7.	Could you	ı tell me train is leaving for Beijing?
8.		do you want to have a talk with?
	-I want	to have a talk with my teacher.
9.	— <u></u>	is Mary from?
	—She is	from Brazil.
10		does he want?
	—He w	ants a pen pal in China.
	【答案】	4. Which 根据问话中"the blue one or the red one?"。我们可以看

此为试读,需要完整PDF请访问: www.ertongbook.com

- 出,答语是要求回答者在蓝包或红包中选其一。也就是"哪一只是你的包,是蓝的那只还是红的那只?)
- 2. Whose(根据答语"It's mine", 我们可以猜出,问话者一定在问"这是谁的杂志?")
- 3. Who(根据答语"He is Jack.",我们可以推断出问句应是"Who is the boy in white?"。那个穿着一身白的男孩是谁? 他是杰克。)
- 4. Where(根据答语"她住在东京",我们得知,问话问的一定是地点。你的阿姨住在什么地方?)
- 5. What(做好此类题的关键是理解答语,根据答语我们能推断出问句问的是什么,从而也就知道了应该用什么疑问词。)
- 6. what(你知道你的笔友说的是什么语言吗? 他说西班牙语。)
- 7. which(这句问话虽然没有答语,但是根据句子的意思我们也不难判断出,提问者要问"能告诉我哪辆火车是开往北京的吗?")
- 8. Who(你想跟谁谈谈?我想跟我的老师谈谈。)
- 9. Where(这是我们这个单元学的一个句型"Where is...from?")
- 10. What(他想要什么? 他想要一个中国笔友。)





听力部分

Ⅰ. 他们都能说哪些语言,用"√"标出来

Name Language	Wang Hai	Lily	Simon
Chinese			
English			
French			
Spanish			
Portuguese			
Japanese			
Korean			

Ⅱ - 圣诞节到了,John 收到了许多礼物,这些礼物来自不同的国家,请你听录音, 并根据录音,把礼物来自哪个国家的国名,填在相应的礼物下面的横线上

000	(3)	
	2.	3.
	5.	
Ⅲ. 听短文,根据短文意思选择恰	当的词语完成句子	
()1. Li Ming is a		200
A. teacher	B. student	C. girl
	every day.	
A. at 7:00	B. at 6:00	C. at 6:30
()3. Li Ming does his homew	ork	
A. in the evening	B. at home	C. A and B
()4. He likes		
A. English and Chinese	B. playing football	C. drawing and reading
()5. Li Ming has clas	ses at school every day.	
A. six	B. four	C. two
	笔苔部分	
I 根据上下文意思用正确的单词	司填空	
1. We are Chinese. We come from		
2. You are You are from		
Englishmen come from		
4. Those women are Australian. 1		They speak
5. come from Japan. They		
6. —Are they from France?		
-Yes, they are. They speak _		
7. —What language do Korean spe	eak?	

	—They speak			
8.	-Where are you from?			
	-We are from	. W e are Canadiar	ı. We speak	
I	、选择填空			
()1. Where 5	you from?		
	A. do	B. are	C. is	D. does
()2. Jim is English.	He is Eng	land.	
	A. to	B. on	C. from	D. at
()3. They are from A			
	A. say	B. talk	C. speak	D. tell
()4. Would you like	tea?		
	A. some		C. a	D. many
()5. They teach	English and w	re tcach Cl	ninese.
	A. we, they	B. us, they	C. us, them	D. we, them
()6. Kate is from the			
	A. Japanese	B. French	C. Chinese	D. English
()7. I'm 14 years old	l and my birthday	is Novemb	per.
		B. in	C. at	D. for
()8. Tom is my brot			
	A. can speak	B. can speaks	C. speak	D. can to spea
(John likes going			
	A. to play	B. play	C. plays	D. playing
()10. —Where	your pen pal li	ve?	
	—He			
			C. does, lives	D. do, lives
	[根据句子意思,用所统	哈词组的适当形式	. 填空 ————————————————————————————————————	
	•		English, come from	
	a <u>little,</u>	sorry, very much	, stay, learn, a <u>re</u> :	from
1	. We at home or	ı Saturday and Sur	nday.	
	. Mary can Chin			
	. —Where you			
	-1'm from England.			
4	. I like China			
	. I can speakFr	ench.		
	. Please say these number			
	Dr Com-	·		

No, I don't.
8. The boy his mother.
9. 1'm, 1 don't understand Chinese.
10. Two will come to our school next week.
Ⅳ 下面各句 A、B、C 中有一处错误,请指出并改正
1. Jane can speaks Japanese and English. () A B C
2. Where is Lily $\frac{\text{come}}{A} = \frac{\text{from?}}{C}$
3. Englishmans come from B England. ()
4. They often play football in Saturday. () A B C
5. We like America food very much. () A B C
V. 补全对话,每空一词
A: Excuse me, are you new here?
B; Yes, I <u>1</u> .
A: 2 you from the U. S. A?
B: No. I 3 from Canada.
A: <u>4</u> you <u>5</u> English?
B: Yes, I 6 . I 7 French, too. What 8 you?
A; I 9 Chinese and I 10 Chinese. I can 11 a 12 English, too
Would you like 13 teach 14 English?
B: Certainly, I can 15 you English and you can teach 16 Chinese.
A: That's good. Thanks 17 18.
B; <u>19</u> <u>20</u> all.
VI. 阅读理解
(A)
阅读下列对话,并根据对话内容填好对话下面的旅馆登记表。
A: Your name?
B: My name is Julia.
A: How do you do?
B; How do you do?
A: Where are you from?
B: I'm from the U.S.A.

A: Where do you come from in the USA?

B: California.

- A: Is your car American?
- B: No, it's Japan. It's a VIOS.
- A: What's the number of the car, please?
- B: Let me see. It's A811YCB.
- A: You're staying three nights. Is that right?
- B: Yes, three nights. Today is Friday.
- A: Have a good time!
- B: Thank you very much.

NAME:	
COUNTRY:	-
STATE (州):	
MAKE (品牌)OF CAR:	
CAR NUMBER:	
STAYING: from	to

{B}

Mary is an English girl, but she lives in Canada. She is six. Her mother says to her, "You are six now, Mary. You are going to school. I think it is very good. It's a nice school."

"Is it an English school?" Mary asks.

"Yes, it is." her mother says.

It is September and the new school year begins. Mary goes to school every day. She likes her lessons and her classmates very much. Her classmates like her, too. Mary can speak a little Chinese. She likes China. She likes the people of China and Chinese food very much.

根据短文内容,选择最佳答案:

4. Mary can speak a little _

1.	Ma	ry lives in				
	A.	England	B. France	C.	Canada	D. Chin
2.	Ma	ry studies in				
	A.	a French school		В.	a Chinese so	hool
	C.	a Japanese school		D.	an English s	school
3.	Μz	ary likes her ar	nd			
	A.	school, class		В.	lessons, class	mates
	Ċ.	students, lessons		D.	teacber, sch	ool

A. Chinese F	i. English	C. Japanese	D. French
--------------	------------	-------------	-----------

- 5. She likes _____ and _____
 - A. Chinese, Chinese people
 - B. China, China food
 - C. Chinese food, Chinese people
 - D. the students of China, the food of China

VII. 完形填空

I know a black boy called $\underline{1}$. His father is a farm worker. He works in a big
in the middle of America. Tom's father and mother work hard for the family
day and night, but they get 3 money. So they are 4. Tom has a younger
brother and a younger sister. The family needs Tom's On weekends Tom
6 play in the park with other children. He has _7_ at home to look after his
sister, or help his parents work. Tom is such a poor, twelve-year-old 8 boy.
9 Tom knows China, "How happy the Chinese children are!" He often says. "I
like China very much. I will go to China 10 ."

- ()1. A. Mary B. Tom C. Łiza D. Susan
- ()2. A. factory B. hospital C. school D. farm
- ()3. A. a lot B. little C. a little D. much
- ()4. A. rich B. poor C. not old D. young
- ()5. A. help B. some helps C. to give help D. to work
- ()6. A. can't B. can C. often D. /
- ()7. A. to study B. to play C. to work D. to stay
- ()8. A. white B. English C. Japanese D. black
- ()9, A. Small B. Young C. Little D. Old
-)10.A. some day B. a day C. one day D. next day

礌. 书面表达

这是 Peter 的一份来信,请你看完以后给他写封回信。(要求在 80 个单词左右)

Dear Pen Friend.

My name is Peter. I am an Australian boy. I live in a big farm in Sydney. It is very beautiful here. There are many trees and flowers. I have a dog and a horse. Their names are Brave and Runner. I like them very much. I am also a good rider.