

林乐义 (1916-1988) 是中国当代建筑史中占有重要地位的一位大师。 本书是对林乐义生平和作品加以全面介绍的专集。

本书主要内容包括: 林乐义的生平活动的照片, 不同时期的代表性作品, 学术论文和附录。作品中除了著名的首都剧院、北京电报大楼、北京国际饭店 等外,尚有一些鲜为人知的佳作,如居室设计、青岛一号工程等。

本书通过以林乐义的作品为主体、按年代次序排列并配以相关史料和编者 注的编排方式, 使本书成为图文并茂, 集资料性、史料性、学术性和观赏性于 一体的图书。

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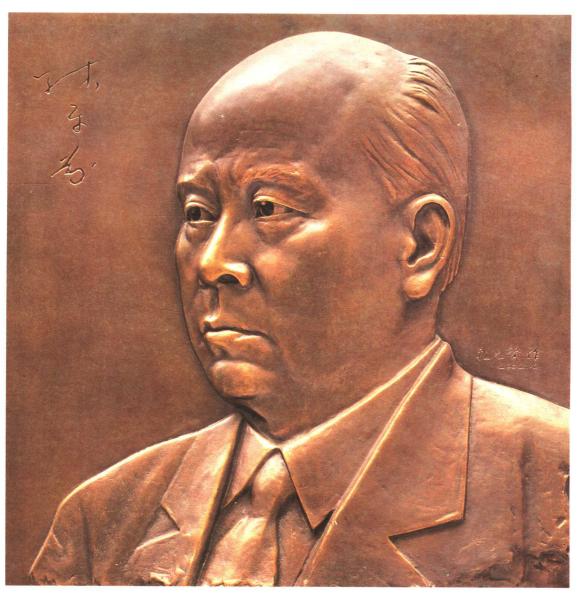
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我国著名建筑学家林乐义先生系福建南平人,1916年出生于教育家家庭。1937年毕业于上海沪江大学建筑系,时值抗日战争爆发,到广西开始建筑设计活动,在西南地区留下一批建筑作品。1948年到美国佐治亚理工学院建筑系深造并兼任特别讲师。新中国即将成立时,他取道欧洲回国,在欧洲各国进行建筑考察及访问有关大学历时近半年。1950年回国后历任中央设计院总建筑师、建筑工程部北京工业建筑设计院总建筑师、中国建筑科学研究院总建筑师、建设部建筑设计院总建筑师。曾应聘清华大学建筑系教授、任国务院学位委员会第一届学科评议委员、中国建筑学会第五届常务理事、中国壁画学会筹委会副主任、《中国大百科全书——建筑、园林、城市规划》卷编委会委员、北京市文物古迹保护管理委员会委员等职务。

林乐义先生毕生努力给中国乃至国外留下了丰富的建筑作品,受世人所敬重,其中首都剧场、电报大楼、青岛一号工程、北京国际饭店4项作品荣获中国建筑学会建筑创作奖,在世界建筑界最具权威的建筑通史之一英国《弗莱彻建筑史》(SIR BANISTER FLETCHER'S A HISTORY OF ARCHITECTURE)庆祝出版百周年的第20版中收录了林乐义先生设计的首都剧场、电报大楼、北京国际饭店3项作品。林乐义先生的学术成就还包括建筑论著与建筑教育,他参与主编的《建筑设计资料集》已成为中国建筑师的案头工具书,"文化革命"结束后为中国建筑科学研究院培养研究生付出辛勤的劳动,他十分关注国际建筑发展,积极参与国际交流活动,为中国建筑界的不断进步作出贡献。

林乐义先生 1988 年底去世时,与他共事多年的领导、朋友以及学生无不悲痛万分,并有众多纪念性学术性文章刊登于各种报刊之中。本书全面地整理林乐义先生的建筑作品与学术思想,深深体会到先生学识渊博,古今中外修养至深而运筹于实践之中,先生品德高洁,对祖国对人民无限热爱,具有高度的责任心,先生性格刚直,从来是直言不讳而待人真诚友爱,先生作品精雅,控制全局精益求精并与自然环境浑然一体。先生奋斗一生,成就卓著,为晚辈所景仰,当在中国现代建筑发展进程中留下深深的足迹。

本书在编辑过程中,得到中国建筑设计研究院的大力支持,得到林乐义先生的同事、朋友以及亲属的多方协作与帮助,在此一并致谢。

编辑委员会 2003年10月



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Preface

Lin Leyi, a well-known architect in China, a native of Nanping City, Fujian Province, was born to an educator family in 1916. In 1937, Mr. Lin graduated from the Architecture Department, University of Shanghai, amid Japanese bombardment and began his architecture career in Guangxi province, leaving a batch of architecture works in southwest China. In 1948, Mr. Lin began his advanced study, also as a part-time special instructor, in Georgia Institute of Technology, United States. As the New China would soon be established, Mr. Lin returned to his motherland via Europe, seeing about European architecture and visiting related universities for about half a year while in Europe. In 1950, after his return, he was appointed chief architect for Central Design Institute, Beijing Industrial Design Institute of Ministry of Construction, China Academy of Building Research, and Building Design Institute of Ministry of Construction in succession. Mr. Lin also was a professor on invitation for the Architecture Department of Tsinghua University, the first-term commissioner of Academic Degree Committee of the State Council, the fifth-term deputy executive of the Architectural Society of China, Deputy Director of Preparation Committee of China Fresco Academy, Editorial Board member of China Encyclopedia - Architecture, Garden and Urban Planning, commissioner of Beijing Municipal Bureau of Cultural Heritage.

Through his whole life effort, Mr. Lin left plentiful works in China and abroad and earned people's respect. His Capital Theater, Telegraph Building, Qingdao No.1 Project, Beijing International Hotel was awarded the Architecture Creation Prize of the Architectural Society of China. SIR BANISTER FLETCHER'S A HISTORY OF ARCHITECTURE, the most authoritative general history of architecture, collected Mr. Lin's Capital Theater, Telegraph Building, Beijing International Hotel in its 20th edition, published specially for its one hundred anniversary. Mr. Lin's academic achievement still includes academic paper and architecture education. He had co-authored the Architecture Design Collection, now one in-common-use reference book for Chinese architects. After Cultural Revolution, Mr. Lin paid out hard effort in educating the graduates for Building Science Research Institute of China. Mr. Lin also concerned with international architecture development, participating actively in international exchange activities, and contributing continuously for China's architecture development.

All of his leaders, friends and students suffered great pain at Mr. Lin's death in the end of 1988, and a lot of commemorative and academic articles was published on various newspapers and magazines since then. This book sorts Mr. Lin's works and academic thoughts completely, letting people appreciate Mr. Lin's erudition, self-restraint, classic moral qualities, unbounded devotion to his motherland and his high responsibility. With honorable personality, Mr. Lin always stated his view frankly and treated people white. His works are exquisite, integrated with environment as a whole. Mr. Lin struggled the whole life, obtained brilliant achievement and younger generation's respect, and left deep footprints in China's contemporary architecture development process.

We deeply appreciate the support of Architecture Design & Research Institute of China and the coordination and help of Mr. Lin's colleges, friends and relatives.

Editorial Board Oct., 2003 () X(

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- ●1916年出生于福建省南平市
 - ●1937年毕业于上海沪江大学
 - ●1938年广西执业建筑师
 - ●1946年南京执业建筑师
- ●1948年赴美国佐治亚州理工学院建筑系研究建筑学并兼任该学

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院客座讲师

- ●1949年赴欧洲考察建筑
- ●1950年回国, 历任中央直属设计公司总建筑师、建筑工程部北 京工业建筑设计院总建筑师、河南省建筑设计院总建筑师、中国建 筑科学研究院总建筑师、建设部建筑设计院总建筑师及顾问总建筑 师,还应聘为清华大学建筑系教授、中国建筑工程公司顾问、北京 市文物古迹保护管理委员会委员、中国壁画学会筹委会副主任、《中 国大百科全书——建筑、园林、城市规划》卷编委会委员、《中国建 筑年鉴》编辑顾问。中国福建国际经济技术合作公司顾问等职。
 - ●1988年10月15日在北京逝世

生平活动 300

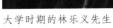
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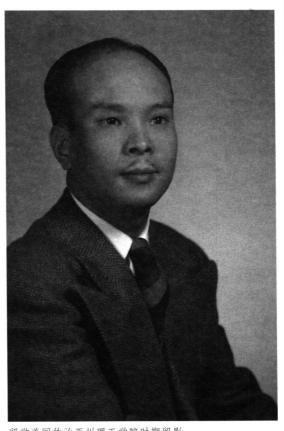












留学美国佐治亚州理工学院时期留影



林乐义先生、刘怡静女士与长子林铭述合影



林乐义先生全家合影 (左一为女儿林列)



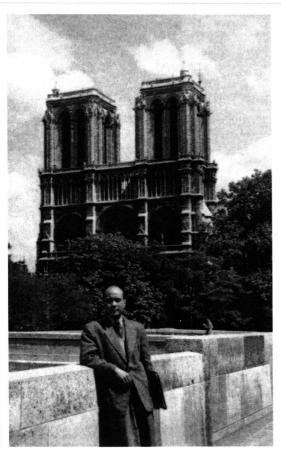


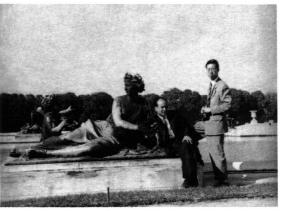




1949年林乐义先生回国前在欧洲进行了近半年的建筑考察













前排右起:梁思成、周荣鑫、刘敦桢、林乐义



波兰建筑师介绍城市规划



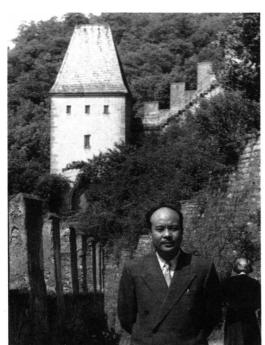
梁思成、林乐义在签字留念



林乐义随团乘船游览(前排左为波兰扬诺斯基总建筑师)



1958, 布拉格 (背景为波兰总统府)



1958, 布拉格

Kantalaja Carthe Gertantentar



1956年在莫斯科



1980年随中国代表团在美国拉斯维加斯