

王育华 主编

大学英语

积极词汇 滚动式

强化练习

掌握词汇学习技巧

揭示词汇考试奥秘



化学工业出版社

大学英语积极词汇 滚动式强化练习

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前言

英语词汇学习方法各异,常见的有通过狂背词典记单词或通过阅读文章学习单词等。实践与研究表明这些方法虽然可以提高学生单词的认读量,但不能有效地解决单词的应用问题。根据笔者多年的教学经验以及在国家考试阅卷时所做的调查得知,大部分英语考生面临的正是词汇应用能力差的问题。以2003年9月的考题为例:

41. We know through painful experience that freedom is never by the oppressor; it must be _____ by the oppressed.

- A) required (803 名学生选) B) requested
C) demanded (500 名学生选) D) commanded

44. Mr. Jones holds strong views against video games and _____ the closing of all recreation facilities for such games.

- A) acknowledges B) advocates (706 名学生选)
C) assists (726 名学生选) D) admits

在41题中,很多学生不会区别使用 require, request, demand 这样一些常见的词汇,在2100多名考生中,只有500名学生选中了正确答案。而在第44题中,由于学生对 advocate 一词只认读,不辨异,故而只好乱点鸳鸯谱,这是考生常犯的错误。

笔者认为造成这一症结的客观原因之一在于大学阶段英语学习中词汇的学习负担相对过重。按照最新《大学英语课程教学要求》,在短短两年内,大学生们不仅需要新掌握近3000词汇,而且要提高词汇的应用能力,可见学习难度之大、之重。此外,现有的大学英语教材课后练习量少且缺乏有针对性的词汇练习,这是造成学生词汇应用能力差的另一原因。再者,考生在复习应试时,又往往只注意对正确选项词的学习,忽略了其他三项的跟进学习,殊不知词汇命题的复现率很高,如能同时解决词汇试题四个选项词汇的学习问题,将能起到事半功倍的作用。

针对以上问题我们编写了《大学英语积极词汇滚动式强化练习》。本书主要分为三大部分。第一部分:历年国家考试词汇试题部分。以历年国家考卷词汇题型的题干、选项为标准,配以同样选项的一组练习。通过反复甄别式习题,考生不仅可在短期内熟悉和掌握考点词(标准答案),同时有效地学习了其他三个选项词汇。第二部分:教育部高等教育司于2004年修改了原有的《大学英语教学大纲》,颁布了最新的《大学英语课程教学要求》。较之以前的大纲,增加了《大学英语积极词汇表》及常用口语表达用语,因此本书的第二部分编写了大学英语积极词汇练习。希望考生能迅速提高词汇量以及掌握考点词和积极词汇的应用能力。第三部分:附录。新《大学英语课程教学要求》给出的参考词汇总量有所提高,对口语表达有具体要求,为方便考生自学,我们在该部分给大家提供了新增词汇、常用口语表达用语等附录。

本书有以下几方面的特点:

1. 依据最新《大学英语课程教学要求》提供的参考词汇表,精选国家考试命题所用积极词汇进行强化练习。

2. 利用“组合题”对词汇进行滚动式训练,首次解决了词汇命题中四个选项单词的同步学习问题。并第一次使用相同选项不同命题的形式,强制学习者思考,使其通

过比较辨别，自己学会解决问题，提高应用能力。

3. 题解语言力求准确、简明，各目标词给出 2、3 个意项，要求考生通过词义辨析、比较不同词义，从而找出正确答案，在游泳中学会游泳，而非被动接受。

4. 题干主要选自于最新英英词典、英文报纸、杂志以及国内大学英语教学的主流教材，力求具有创新性、时代感，基本避免了与其他词汇练习类同的现象。

我们知道任何语言学习之根本是词汇，没有一定量的词汇任何考试技巧就成了无源之水、无本之木。大学阶段如何迅速提高词汇量以及词汇的应用能力是各类考试取胜的关键所在。故而，我们提出的口号是：词汇第一、应用第一。词汇研究专家 Nation 指出：英语的高频词为 2000 个左右，国家四级词汇考试的高频词仅为 1500 个左右。本书编辑的反复滚动式练习的词汇包括历年国家考试词汇命题中全部选项词汇，约占最新《大学英语课程教学要求》中积极词汇的 90%，覆盖全部四级考试高频词汇。希望考生们能利用本书提供的独创性的词汇学习方法，反复练习，积极思考。我们相信通过本书学习，考生们会在考试时充满信心，轻松取胜！

本书的编者希望这本书推荐给您的全新的学习方法能够让您获益匪浅。

由于时间仓促，书中如有失误疏漏之处，请读者不吝赐教。

编者

2005 年 3 月

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第一部分

大学英语考点词汇滚动练习一(1991,6)

试题 1 We had a party last month, and it was a lot of fun, so let's have _____ one this month.

- A) another B) more C) the other D) other

Exercise 1. This misunderstanding is yet _____ example of bad communication.

- A) another B) more C) the other D) other

Exercise 2. She spends the day rushing from one meeting to _____.

- A) another B) more C) the other D) other

Exercise 3. He kept shifting awkwardly from one foot to _____.

- A) another B) more C) the other D) other

Exercise 4. _____ people may disagree but I feel the whole thing has gone far enough.

- A) Another B) More C) The other D) Other

Exercise 5. Our future competitiveness and prosperity depend _____ than ever before on technology and industry.

- A) another B) more C) the other D) other

试题 2 It was difficult to guess what her _____ to the news would be.

- A) impression B) reaction C) comment D) opinion

Exercise 1. Her _____ on interest rates had little impact on financial markets.

- A) impressions B) reactions C) comments D) opinions

Exercise 2. Maria's _____ to the birth of her sister was to demand more attention from her mother.

- A) impression B) reaction C) comment D) opinion

Exercise 3. Their refusal to obey UN regulations had a major effect on world _____.

- A) impression B) reaction C) comment D) opinion

Exercise 4. His first speech as president made a strong _____ on his audience.

- A) impression B) reaction C) comment D) opinion

Exercise 5. Environmentalists have a knee-jerk _____ against any sort of development, however "green" it might be.

- A) impression B) reaction C) comment D) opinion

试题 3 There were some _____ flowers on the table.

- A) artificial B) unnatural C) false D) unreal

Exercise 1. The natural and _____ characterizing ingredients must be named on the labels.

- A) artificial B) unnatural C) false D) unreal

Exercise 2. It seemed _____ to be sitting and talking to someone so famous.

- A) artificial B) unnatural C) false D) unreal

Exercise 3. Brown spoke out against what he considered the _____ lifestyles of unmarried couples who live together.

- A) artificial B) unnatural C) false D) unreal

Exercise 4. The statement gives us a(n) _____ impression that we understand something when we do not.

- A) artificial B) unnatural C) false D) unreal

Exercise 5. He gave the clerk a(n) _____ name and address in case the police were looking for him.
A) artificial B) unnatural C) false D) unreal

试题 4 We are interested in the weather because it _____ us so directly — what we wear, what we do, and even how we feel.

A) benefits B) affects C) guides D) effects

Exercise 1. Many parents lack confidence in their ability to _____ change in their children's behaviour.

A) benefit B) affect C) guide D) effect

Exercise 2. Emergency relief will be sent to the areas most _____ by the hurricane.

A) benefited B) affected C) guided D) effected

Exercise 3. One day, the primary teacher _____ children through their instructional computer program may be able to prevent reading failure altogether.

A) benefiting B) affecting C) guiding D) effecting

Exercise 4. He expects stocks to continue to march higher, _____ from falling rates and decent corporate earnings.

A) benefiting B) affecting C) guiding D) effecting

Exercise 5. Such considerations _____ the way the courts decide on what sentence to pass on the accused.

A) benefit B) affect C) guide D) effect

试题 5 Will all those _____ the proposal raise their hands?

A) in relation to B) in contrast to C) in excess of D) in favor of

Exercise 1. The stock lost 60 cents a share, _____ last year, when it gained 21 cents.

A) in relation to B) in contrast to C) in excess of D) in favor of

Exercise 2. He is prejudiced _____ charitable relations between humanity and nature.

A) in relation to B) in contrast to C) in excess of D) in favor of

Exercise 3. The quantity we received is _____ the quantity lost.

A) in relation to B) in contrast to C) in excess of D) in favor of

Exercise 4. An emergency fund was set up _____ the famine.

A) in relation to B) in contrast to C) in excess of D) in favor of

Exercise 5. The approach to learning at this school stands _____ marked _____ the traditional methods used at other schools nearby.

A) in...relation to B) in...contrast to C) in...excess of D) in...favor of

试题 6 Children are very curious _____.

A) at heart B) in person C) on purpose D) by nature

Exercise 1. Whether _____ or by accident, both religion and the media have taken part in the slaughter.

A) at heart B) in person C) on purpose D) by nature

Exercise 2. He may be a working class boy _____, but his lifestyle has been transformed.

A) at heart B) in person C) on purpose D) by nature

Exercise 3. You can apply for a visa by mail, but it's quicker if you go to the embassy _____.

A) at heart B) in person C) on purpose D) by nature

Exercise 4. Computers, _____ their _____, tend to change the way offices are organized.

A) at...heart B) in...person C) on...purpose D) by...nature

Exercise 5. He may be a working class boy _____, but his lifestyle has been transformed.

A) at heart B) in person C) on purpose D) by nature

试题 7 I hope my teacher will take my recent illness into _____ when judging my examination.

A) regard B) counting C) account D) observation

Exercise 1. For most researchers there are two choices available in _____ to instrument design.

A)regard B)counting C)account D)observation

Exercise 2. Bloomfield's approach to linguistics was based on _____ of the language.

A)regard B)counting C)account D)observation

Exercise 3. Contrary to expectations studies show that most people continue to _____ themselves positively as they grow older.

A)regard B)counting C)account D)observation

Exercise 4. Her _____ of the events of that day was wildly different from the first witness's.

A)regard B)counting C)account D)observation

Exercise 5. He hugged the banister(楼梯的扶栏), _____ its bar-like wooden rods until he reached the turn where it met the wall.

A)regard B)counting C)account D)observation

试题 8 Important people don't often have much free time as their work _____ all their time.

A)takes away B)takes over C)takes up D)takes in

Exercise 1. My attention was wholly _____ by his account.

A)taken away B)taken over C)taken up D)taken in

Exercise 2. The authorities began to make the necessary arrangements for _____ the garrisons, which were still in the hands of the enemy.

A)taking away B)taking over C)taking up D)taking in

Exercise 3. Half-way through the chapter I realized I hadn't _____ anything _____.

A)taken...away B)taken...over C)taken...up D)taken...in

Exercise 4. Who do you think will _____ now that the governor has been dismissed?

A)take away B)take over C)take up D)take in

Exercise 5. Songs of love are really what we need to _____ our fear.

A)take away B)take over C)take up D)take in

试题 9 When I was very young, I was terribly frightened of school, but I soon _____ it.

A)got off B)got across C)got away D)got over

Exercise 1. I knew I needed to _____ from my usual environment and influences so as to think clearly about where I was headed.

A)get off B)get across C)get away D)get over

Exercise 2. I'm just beginning to _____ the deep depression I felt about losing my job.

A)get off B)get across C)get away D)get over

Exercise 3. She found it difficult to _____ her Chinese humor _____ to an English audience.

A)get...off B)get...across C)get...away D)get...over

Exercise 4. She doesn't have her breakfast until after she's _____ her children _____ to school.

A)got...off B)got...across C)got...away D)got...over

Exercise 5. The doctor told Mum it was only a stomach upset, not food poisoning, and she would _____ it in a day or two.

A)get off B)get across C)get away D)get over

试题 10 Many people complain of the rapid _____ of modern life.

A)rate B)speed C)pace D)growth

Exercise 1. Individual children develop physically and emotionally at different _____.

A)rate B)speed C)pace D)growth

Exercise 2. Coming from a small town I was unaccustomed to the fast _____ of campus life in a big city.

A)rate B)speed C)pace D)growth

Exercise 3. The US portion of the Internet is experiencing rapid _____ in the number of networks connected to it.

- A)rate B)speed C)pace D)growth
- Exercise 4.** Penicillin has a high success _____ in treating bacterial infections.
A)rate B)speed C)pace D)growth
- Exercise 5.** They chased each other through the streets at breakneck _____.
A)rate B)speed C)pace D)growth
- 试题 11** American women were _____ the right to vote until 1920 after many years of hard struggles.
A)ignored B)neglected C)refused D)denied
- Exercise 1.** The school board has continually _____ the complaints of parents.
A)ignored B)neglected C)refused D)denied
- Exercise 2.** Four security guards were accused of _____ their duties.
A)ignoring B)neglecting C)refusing D)denying
- Exercise 3.** We systematically _____ these individuals the opportunity to engage in meaningful ways with the adult world.
A)ignore B)neglect C)refuse D)deny
- Exercise 4.** Two men have _____ murdering a woman at a remote picnic spot.
A)ignored B)neglected C)refused D)denied
- Exercise 5.** Via his lawyer, Sam _____ to give Clare money because he didn't want a divorce.
A)ignored B)neglected C)refused D)denied
- 试题 12** I always _____ what I have said.
A)get to B)hold to C)lead to D)see to
- Exercise 1.** This machine isn't working; get a mechanic to _____ it.
A)get to B)hold to C)lead to D)see to
- Exercise 2.** Between 1990 and 1992, there were more than 1,000 mergers in that industry—all of which _____ job losses.
A)got to B)held to C)led to D)saw to
- Exercise 3.** He _____ thinking that she perhaps wouldn't come after all.
A)got to B)held to C)led to D)saw to
- Exercise 4.** You might be disappointed when you _____ the end of the book.
A)get to B)hold to C)lead to D)see to
- Exercise 5.** He admitted he did not _____ the traditional view of God.
A)get to B)hold to C)lead to D)see to
- 试题 13** He was _____ of having asked such a silly question.
A)sorry B)guilty C)ashamed D)miserable
- Exercise 1.** Nothing to be _____ of, but Michael would not allow himself the thought of not winning first place.
A)sorry B)guilty C)ashamed D)miserable
- Exercise 2.** The court found him _____ of dishonesty.
A)sorry B)guilty C)ashamed D)miserable
- Exercise 3.** His problem is that every time a relationship goes bad, he feels _____ for himself and become more of a loner.
A)sorry B)guilty C)ashamed D)miserable
- Exercise 4.** Her misery made her slow-witted and careless and she was _____ of the part she had played at the party.
A)sorry B)guilty C)ashamed D)miserable
- Exercise 5.** All the staff seemed to look _____ and the atmosphere was not at all pleasant.
A)sorry B)guilty C)ashamed D)miserable

试题答案与详解

1. 答案为[A]; **another**“另一个,再一个”,常用于 one...another 的搭配,“一个……另一个”;也常用短语 one another“互相”。**more**“更多,更大”;常用短语 more than“多于……”。**the other**“(两个中的)另一个”。**other**“别的,其他的”;常用短语 other than“不同于,除了”。【Exercise 答案: AACDB】

2. 答案为[B]; **reaction**“反应”,常与 to 搭配;“对抗”,常与 against 搭配;也常用于短语 in reaction to“以应对”。**impression**“印象,感觉”,常与 on 搭配。**comment**“评论”,常与 on, about 搭配;也可用做动词。**opinion**“意见,看法,主张”,常与 on, about, of 搭配,也常用短语 in one's opinion“依……看来”。【Exercise 答案: CDBAB】

3. 答案为[A]; **artificial**“人造的,人为的”;“假的,矫揉造作的”(not sincere, eg. an artificial smile 假笑)。**unnatural**“不自然的,不正常的,反常的”(not normal)。**false**“不真实的,错误的”(untrue, wrong);“假的,伪造的”(目的是欺骗他人)。**unreal**“假的,不真实的”(= imaginary, 指某种奇怪的经历,似梦幻般的不真实)。【Exercise 答案: ADBCC】

4. 答案为[B]; **affect**“影响”,只能用做动词。**benefit**“有益于,得益”,常与 from 搭配。**guide**“给……导游,给……领路”常与 long, through, into, towards 搭配;“指导”。**effect**“实现,使生效”;“引起”(做动词很正式,指按某人的愿望产生、引起);也可做名词“效果,作用,影响”,常用短语 put into effect, “实行,使生效”;take effect“生效,起作用”;in effect“实际上”。【Exercise 答案: DBCAB】

5. 答案为[D]; **in favor of**“支持,赞同”;也常用短语 in sb.'s favor“对某人有利,受某人欢迎”。**in relation to**“有关,关于,涉及”。**in contrast to/with**“与……对比起来,与……形成对比”,常用 sharp, marked 等形容词修饰;也常用短语 by/in contrast“对比之下”。**in excess of**“超过”;也常用短语 to excess“过度,过分,过量”。【Exercise 答案: BDCAB】

6. 答案为[D]; **by nature**“生来,天生,就其本性而言”(指天性,就某人的性格而言);**at heart**“内心里,本质上”(= in fact, 常指某人实实在在属于某一种人,虽然表面上表现得截然不同)。**in person**“亲自,本人”。**on purpose**“故意,有意”;也常用短语 for the purpose of“为……目的”。

【Exercise 答案: CABDA】

7. 答案为[C]; **account**“描述,说明,解释”;“账户”;本题考点是考 take...into account (= take account of) 这个短语的搭配,“考虑,顾及”;常用搭配还有 on account of“因为,由于”;on no account“绝不”。**regard**“尊敬,尊重”;常用短语 with/in regard to“关于,就……而论”;还可做动词,常用 regard as“把……看作,认为”。**counting** 为 count 的动名词形式,“计算,把……算入”;常与 on 搭配,“指望,依赖”。**observation**“注意,观察”。【Exercise 答案: ADACB】

8. 答案为[C]; **take up**“占去,占据”;“开始从事”。**take away**“使消失”;“拿走”。**take over**“接收,接管”;“承袭,借用”。**take in**“接纳,吸收”;“领会,理解”。【Exercise 答案: CBDAB】

9. 答案为[D]; **get over**“克服,解决(问题等)”;“从(疾病、失望等)中恢复过来”。**get off**“下来”;“动身,出发”(使某人离开某地或出发);“下班,结束(工作)”。**get across**“被理解”。**get away**“离开,逃脱”(常与 from 搭配);常用短语 get away with“逃脱责罚”。【Exercise 答案: CDBAD】

10. 答案为[C]; **pace**“步伐,节奏”(尤指生活、工作的节奏),常用短语 keep pace with“与……齐步前进,与……并驾齐驱”;set the pace“起带头作用”;“速度”(尤指走或跑的速度)。**rate**“比率,率”;“速度,进度”(生产、发展、变化等的速度),常用短语 at a rate of“以……速度”。**speed**“速度(尤指运动、动作的速度)”。**growth**“增长,生长,发展”。【Exercise 答案: ACDAB】

11. 答案为[D]; **deny**“拒绝给予,拒绝……的要求”;“否认”,其后常跟动名词。**ignore**“不顾,不理,忽视”(主观上故意不予理睬)。**neglect**“忽视,忽略,疏忽,玩忽”(尤指由于不知道、不懂而未予注意)。**refuse**“拒绝,不接受,不同意”,其后常跟不定式结构。【Exercise 答案: ABDDC】

12. 答案为[B]; **hold to**“坚持(观点、原则)”;“紧握”。**get to**“到达”;常用短语 get to doing sth. “开始或着手做某事”。**lead to**“导致”。**see to**“注意,照料”;常用 see to it that“保证,务必”。

【Exercise 答案: DCAAB】

13. 答案为[C]; **ashamed**“惭愧的,羞耻的,害臊的”,常用短语 be ashamed of“感到羞耻,感到惭

愧”。sorry“抱歉的,遗憾的”,常用短语 be sorry for sth./doing sth.“为……而抱歉”。guilty“内疚的,有罪的”,常用搭配 be guilty of“犯……罪”(常用于法律)。miserable“痛苦的,悲惨的”。

【Exercise 答案:CBACD】

大学英语考点词汇滚动练习二(1993,6)

试题 1 I cannot give you _____ for the type of car you sell because there is no demand for it in the market.

- A)an expense B)a charge C)a purchase D)an order

Exercise 1. I generate enough income to handle our \$ 600-a-month mortgage payments plus the usual _____ for a family like ours.

- A)expenses B)charges C)purchases D)orders

Exercise 2. The government has placed _____ for new weapons.

- A)an expense B)a charge C)a purchase D)an order

Exercise 3. He did not want to devote more time to his business at the _____ of his family.

- A)expense B)charge C)purchase D)order

Exercise 4. Members and their guests are welcome to use the club's facilities at no extra _____.

- A)expense B)charge C)purchase D)order

Exercise 5. Individuals' savings have been directed into house _____, rather than into productive investment opportunities.

- A)expense B)charge C)purchase D)order

试题 2 Mr. Wilson said that he did not want to _____ any further responsibilities.

- A)take on B)get on C)put up D)look up

Exercise 1. A task like this should not be _____ without a great deal of forethought.

- A)taken on B)got on C)put up D)looked up

Exercise 2. They are having a memorial to him _____ by public subscription(捐款).

- A)taken on B)got on C)put up D)looked up

Exercise 3. I couldn't _____ the spelling of the word, as I hadn't a dictionary at hand.

- A)take on B)get on C)put up D)look up

Exercise 4. He _____ slowly but fairly steadily with his work.

- A)takes on B)gets on C)puts up D)looks up

Exercise 5. After the students put up Christmas decorations, the classroom _____ a holiday appearance.

- A)took on B)got on C)put up D)looked up

试题 3 Not _____, the process of choosing names varies widely from culture to culture.

- A)obviously B)surprisingly C)particularly D)normally

Exercise 1. Not _____, with youth unemployment so high, some school-leavers with qualifications fail to find jobs.

- A)obviously B)surprisingly C)particularly D)normally

Exercise 2. Credit cards are _____ useful when travelling and there are often insurance benefits if you pay for your travel through them.

- A)obviously B)surprisingly C)particularly D)normally

Exercise 3. This is very _____ the approach of some one writing exclusively and specifically for the young.

- A)obviously B)surprisingly C)particularly D)normally

- Exercise 4.** Most events take about two hours and are _____ limited to 20 places, so booking in advance is essential.
A) obviously B) surprisingly C) particularly D) normally
- Exercise 5.** British farmers, _____ those producing lamb, are very worried.
A) obviously B) surprisingly C) particularly D) normally
- 试题 4** There's little chance that mankind would _____ a nuclear war.
A) retain B) endure C) maintain D) survive
- Exercise 1.** Doctors predicted that the baby would not _____ with such severe disabilities.
A) retain B) endure C) maintain D) survive
- Exercise 2.** Liz Taylor has _____ several broken marriages, as well as periods of drug and alcohol addiction.
A) retained B) endured C) maintained D) survived
- Exercise 3.** They were lost in the mountains for ten days, _____ hunger, thirst, and intense cold.
A) retaining B) enduring C) maintaining D) surviving
- Exercise 4.** It is best if divorced parents can _____ friendly relations for the sake of the children.
A) retain B) endure C) maintain D) survive
- Exercise 5.** It is suggested that you _____ copies of the documents for at least three years.
A) retain B) endure C) maintain D) survive
- 试题 5** Nuclear science should be developed to benefit the people _____ harm them.
A) more than B) other than C) rather than D) better than
- Exercise 1.** For brain functions _____ language, most of what we know comes from studies of the brains of other animals.
A) more than B) other than C) rather than D) better than
- Exercise 2.** A computer does not substitute for judgment any _____ a pencil substitutes for literacy.
A) more than B) other than C) rather than D) better than
- Exercise 3.** There is no important theory-based reason why these countries _____ others were selected.
A) more than B) other than C) rather than D) better than
- Exercise 4.** There have been a few anxious moments since then, but on balance things have gone much _____ we had any right to expect.
A) more than B) other than C) rather than D) better than
- Exercise 5.** He insists the designs have no grand meaning, _____ that they appealed to his eye.
A) more than B) other than C) rather than D) better than
- 试题 6** The French pianist who had been praised very highly _____ to be a great disappointment.
A) turned up B) turned in C) turned out D) turned down
- Exercise 1.** Henry tried to join the army but was _____ because of a weak heart.
A) turned up B) turned in C) turned out D) turned down
- Exercise 2.** I couldn't find my watch for ages, but then one day it _____ in a coat pocket.
A) turned up B) turned in C) turned out D) turned down
- Exercise 3.** We wanted the baby to be born at home, but it didn't quite _____ as planned.
A) turn up B) turn in C) turn out D) turn down
- Exercise 4.** When leaving the hotel, a guest was encouraged to _____ the key, either by handing it to an attendant or by dropping it through a slot into a box.
A) turn up B) turn in C) turn out D) turn down
- Exercise 5.** He made many glowing promises of reform, but he _____ to be a reactionary dictator.
A) turned up B) turned in C) turned out D) turned down
- 试题 7** Many difficulties have _____ as a result of the change over to a new type of fuel.

A)risen B)arisen C)raised D)arrived

Exercise 1. At last the great day came and Tortoise was the first to _____ at the meeting place.

A)rise B)arise C)raise D)arrive

Exercise 2. All the major airlines have _____ their fares during the holiday.

A)risen B)arisen C)raised D)arrived

Exercise 3. The conflict _____ from tensions between the different ethnic groups.

A)rose B)arose C)raised D)arrived

Exercise 4. Floodwaters continue to _____ as the rain continues to fall.

A)rise B)arise C)raise D)arrive

Exercise 5. It would be best to deal with these issues at once, before a crisis _____.

A)rises B)arises C)raises D)arrives

试题 8 He made such a _____ contribution to the university that they are naming one of the new buildings after him.

A)genuine B)minimum C)modest D)generous

Exercise 1. Jorgensen and Brinner predicted that many people would choose to own more _____ homes on smaller lots.

A)genuine B)minimum C)modest D)generous

Exercise 2. Some fake designer clothes are so good that people have no idea they're not buying the _____ article.

A)genuine B)minimum C)modest D)generous

Exercise 3. Thanks largely to some _____ donations from absent well-wishers, we made more money than last year.

A)genuine B)minimum C)modest D)generous

Exercise 4. This is the first _____ attempt to reach a peaceful settlement to the dispute.

A)genuine B)minimum C)modest D)generous

Exercise 5. This is the _____ daily amount of a nutrient required by an adult to prevent symptoms of deficiency.

A)genuine B)minimum C)modest D)generous

试题 9 In the advanced course students must take performance tests at monthly _____.

A)gaps B)intervals C)length D)distance

Exercise 1. At _____ there were formal receptions at the governor's mansion.

A)gaps B)intervals C)length D)distance

Exercise 2. In silence, they watched the man's progress along the _____ of the corridor.

A)gap B)interval C)length D)distance

Exercise 3. Melanie's dentist says that as she gets older the _____ between her two front teeth will disappear.

A)gap B)interval C)length D)distance

Exercise 4. American individualists value privacy and men always maintain a(n) _____ of 45~80 centimeters between them when they talk.

A)gap B)interval C)length D)distance

Exercise 5. The _____ between rich and poor is wider in the South than in the rest of the country.

A)gap B)interval C)length D)distance

试题 10 We regret to inform you that the materials you ordered are _____.

A)out of work B)out of stock C)out of reach D)out of practice

Exercise 1. With aid supplies almost always _____, the boys became weak, and stragglers(落后者)fell prey to wild animals.

A)out of work B)out of stock C)out of reach D)out of practice

- Exercise 2.** If you work for a medium-to large-size company, chances are that you don't just wander in and _____.
A) out of work B) out of stock C) out of reach D) out of practice
- Exercise 3.** So many children have bought balloons that the store is now _____.
A) out of work B) out of stock C) out of reach D) out of practice
- Exercise 4.** I'd love to play tennis with you, but I'm really _____.
A) out of work B) out of stock C) out of reach D) out of practice
- Exercise 5.** For years they saw their dreams frustrated, their goals just _____.
A) out of work B) out of stock C) out of reach D) out of practice
- 试题 11** Our company decided to _____ the contract because a number of the conditions in it had not been met.
A) destroy B) resist C) assume D) cancel
- Exercise 1.** The Animal Disease Authority decided to _____ the cattle that were infected with the disease.
A) destroy B) resist C) assume D) cancel
- Exercise 2.** We spent hours on the phone Thursday evening working through the guest-list to tell people the party was _____.
A) destroyed B) resisted C) assumed D) cancelled
- Exercise 3.** She called it the science of shopping, the ability to _____ the temptations of dazzling packaging.
A) destroy B) resist C) assume D) cancel
- Exercise 4.** You will not succeed by _____ that decisions alone will achieve behavior change.
A) destroying B) resisting C) assuming D) canceling
- Exercise 5.** In 1958 when he was musical director of the Pittsburgh Symphony, he _____ a like post with the London Philharmonic(交响乐团).
A) destroyed B) resisted C) assumed D) cancelled
- 试题 12** Having been found guilty, the man was given a severe _____ by the judge.
A) service B) sentence C) crime D) crisis
- Exercise 1.** Evans was given a light _____ in return for giving information to the police.
A) service B) sentence C) crime D) crisis
- Exercise 2.** We knew the shop would never survive if we didn't provide a good _____ from the minute we opened the doors.
A) service B) sentence C) crime D) crisis
- Exercise 3.** His question is old-fashioned, rational and optimistic in its premise that technology should be at the _____ of enlightenment.
A) service B) sentence C) crime D) crisis
- Exercise 4.** Oil companies were heavily criticized when they made large profits during the oil _____ of the 1970s.
A) service B) sentence C) crime D) crisis
- Exercise 5.** _____ is a complex social problem with no single cause or solution.
A) Service B) Sentence C) Crime D) Crisis
- 试题 13** You can't afford to let the situation get worse. You must take _____ to put it right.
A) decisions B) directions C) sides D) steps
- Exercise 1.** Completing your degree would move you up a _____ on the salary scale.
A) decision B) direction C) side D) step
- Exercise 2.** After his arrest people realized that there had always been a darker _____ to his nature.
A) decision B) direction C) side D) step

- Exercise 3.** Frightened by the sound of footsteps, the rabbits ran off in all _____.
A) decisions B) directions C) sides D) steps
- Exercise 4.** Officials have complained that there is a lack of _____ in the mayor's office.
A) decision B) direction C) side D) step
- Exercise 5.** The board is expected to make a _____ on the merge(合并) by August.
A) decision B) direction C) side D) step

试题答案与详解

1. 答案为[D]; **order**“订购, 订货”; “次序, 顺序”。**expense**“价钱, 花费”(指任何钱的花销), 常用短语 at the expense of “以……为代价”。**charge**“价钱, 费用”(指货物或服务所需费用); “管理, 掌管”。**purchase**“购买, 购买的物品”。【Exercise 答案: ADABC】

2. 答案为[A]; **take on**“承担, 从事”; “开始具有或呈现(某种品质), 以……面貌出现”。**get on**“进展, 过活”; 常用短语 get on with “与……相处”。**put up**“建造, 搭起”; “张贴”。**look up**“(在词典中)查找”; 常用短语 look up to “尊敬”。【Exercise 答案: ACDBA】

3. 答案为[B]; **surprisingly**“令人惊奇地, 惊人地”。**obviously**“显然, 明白地”。**particularly**“尤其, 特别地”。**normally**“正常地”。【Exercise 答案: BCADC】

4. 答案为[D]; **survive**“幸免于”; “从(困境等)中挺过来”。**retain**“保留, 保持”(留住原有的东西, 使其不失去)。**endure**“忍受, 容忍”。**maintain**“保持, 维持”(保持原来的水平或状态)。

【Exercise 答案: DDBCA】

5. 答案为[C]; **rather than**“与其……倒不如, 不是……而是”。**more than**“超过”; “非常”。**other than**“不同于, 只是”(= except)。**better than**“好于, 优于”。【Exercise 答案: BACDB】

6. 答案为[C]; **turn out**“结果是, 证明是”; “关掉”。**turn up**“出现”; “开大, 调大(音量)”。**turn in**“交还, 上交”; “上床睡觉”。**turn down**“拒绝”; “关小, 调低(音量)”。【Exercise 答案: DACBC】

7. 答案为[B]; **arise**“产生, 出现, 发生”; 常与 from 搭配, “(由……)引起, (由……)产生”。**rise**“上升, 升起”; “增加, 上涨”(不及物动词, 常指不受人为因素影响, 自主升起)。**raise**“举起, 提高, 提升”(及物动词, 指由人为因素造成的); “筹集, 征集”。**arrive**“到达”, 常与 at 搭配; “(时间等)来临”。

【Exercise 答案: DCBAB】

8. 答案为[D]; **generous**“慷慨的, 大方的”; “宽厚的, 宽宏大量的”。**genuine**“真的, 非人造的”; “真诚的, 真心的”。**minimum**“最低的, 最小的”; 还可做名词, “最低限度, 最少量”。**modest**“适中的, 适度的”; “谦虚的, 谦逊的”。【Exercise 答案: CADAB】

9. 答案为[B]; **interval**“间隔, 间距”; 常用搭配 at intervals “每隔一段时间(或距离), 不时”。**gap**“缺口, 裂口, 间隙”; “差距”。**length**“长, 长度, 距离(两地之间的长度)”; 常用短语 at length “详细地; 最终, 终于”。**distance**“距离, 间距”(不仅有长度, 而且包括空间距离); “遥远, 远方”, 常用短语 in the distance “在远方”。【Exercise 答案: BCADA】

10. 答案为[B]; **out of stock**“无现货的, 脱销的”。**out of work**“失业”。**out of reach**“手不能及, 非某人(或某物)的能力、权利、影响所能及”。**out of practice**“生疏的, 荒废的”。

【Exercise 答案: CABDC】

11. 答案为[D]; **cancel**“取消, 废除”; “删去, 划掉”。**destroy**“破坏, 毁灭”; “消灭, 杀死”。**resist**“拒受……的影响”; “抵抗, 反抗”。**assume**“假定, 假设”; “承担, 担任, 就职”。【Exercise 答案: ADBCC】

12. 答案为[B]; **sentence**“判决, 宣判”; “句子”。**service**“服务, 劳务, 业务”, 常用短语 at sb.'s service “听……差使”; “公共设施, 公用机构”。**crime**“罪, 罪行, 犯罪”。**crisis**“危机, 危急关头”; “决定性时刻, 关键阶段”。【Exercise 答案: BAADC】

13. 答案为[D]; **step**“步骤, 措施”, 常和 take 搭配; “台阶, 梯级”。**decision**“决定, 决心”, 常用短语 make a decision “作出决定”; “果断, 坚定”。**direction**“方向, 方位”; “指引, 指示”。**side**“方面”; “面, 侧面, 边”。【Exercise 答案: DCBBA】