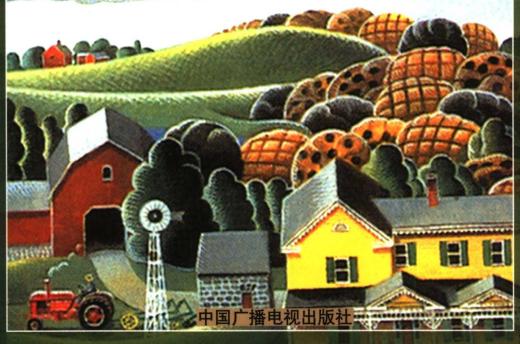


胡敏 洪战事记单词

大学英语四级词汇

LEARNING THROUGH READING

胡敏 主编 Royce Watkins 著 黄倩 译



明敏

读故事记单词

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胡敏读故事记单词大学英语四级词汇

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前言

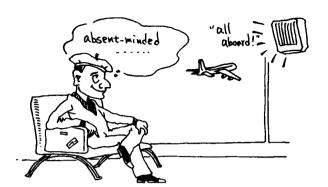
词汇是语言学习的基石。从传统上来讲,学生背记单词的方法不仅单调乏味,而且效率极低,因为很多单词背的时候费了九牛二虎之力,用的时候还是一头雾水。有鉴于此,我们想给大家一种新的学习词汇的方法。

用一些风趣幽默的小故事把一些看似毫无关系的词串连起来,这就是 我们发明的词汇学习方法:我们先提供一个故事,然后再提供一个词汇表, 这样不仅简单方便,而且妙趣横生。

从理论上讲,背故事比背单词容易,因为故事中有一定的发展线索,联想会更加丰富。这正是我们编写这套读故事、记单词系列教材的理论基础。在编写这些小故事的过程中,我们发现原本枯燥的单词也可以变得活泼可爱,原本沉闷的学习也可以变得生动有趣。这使我们想起了哥伦布那个征服世人的故事:把鸡蛋敲破了立在桌子上。原来世界上没有攻不破的难关,关键是我们能否找到攻关的钥匙。读故事记单词正是为大家准备的一把攻克词汇难关的钥匙。

有人说过:If you love him, make him study English, for it's interesting; if you hate him, make him study English, for it's boring. 英语到底是 interesting 还是 boring, 这本身是个见仁见智的问题, 我们希望读故事记单词这种形式能够帮助你找到学习英语的乐趣、增加征服英语的信心、提高掌握英语的效率。

作 者 2005 年 3 月于北京



abandon-accent

The Absent·minded Academic "心不在焉"的大学教师

读故事

At times I like to abandon my ability to speak and write in an academic way, which my friends call an abuse of language. When I am about to go aboard a plane to go abroad, I often still think about this. At these times I am so absent-minded that I almost miss the call for "all aboard". In another country I often avoid abstract language when talking to other academics and try not to accent every word. Instead, I aim for clear and simple communication to help others absorb what I am saying. This is not easy since I like to abuse language and always try to use the full range of language to the best of my ability. However, I think that one can abandon oneself to new experiences when overseas without treating one's training with abandon. It has also been

有时我希望放弃用学术 语言说话和写作的能力,我的 朋友说这是对语言的滥用。 当我准备上飞机去国外的时 候,我还经常在想这个问题。 每到此时我想得如此出神,以 致差点没有听到"请登机"的 广播。在另外一个国家,与其 他大学教师交谈时我通常不 使用抽象的语言,并且尽量不 重读每个词。相反,我的目标 是用简单明了的语言,以便别 人能吸收我说的话。这并不 是件易事,因为我喜欢滥用语 言并总是试图**尽自己最大努** 力最大限度地使用语言。不 过,我想一个人在海外时不妨 让自己沉溺于新的体验,只要 不过于放纵而损于修养。还 suggested that I get rid of my strong accent, and my absence from my country might accelerate this change. In the meantime, I'll think of ways to use Band 4 words, in concrete ways, rather than in the abstract. Readers can then abstract what suits them best, from the book, towards developing absolute faith in their ability to master English.

有人劝我改掉浓重的口音,而 我离开本国的外出期可能会 加快这个改变。同时,我还要 想办法使用四级词汇,要用具 体而不是抽象的方式,这样读 者就可以从书中摘取最适合 自己的信息,从而对自己掌握 英语的能力树立绝对的信心。

记单词

abandon[əˈbændən] vt. 1. 离弃,丢弃 2. 溃弃, 抛弃 3. 放弃

abandon oneself to 沉溺于

with abandon 1. 放任地,放纵地 2. 纵情地

ability[ə'biliti] n. 1. 能力,本领 2. 才能,才智

to the best of one's ability 尽自己最 大努力

aboard[ə'bəid] prep. 在(船、飞机、车) 上,上(船、飞机、车) ad. 在船(或飞 机、车)上,上船(或飞机、车)

abroad[ə'broɪd] ad. 1. 到国外,在国 外 2. 在传播,在流传

absence['æbsəns] n.1. 缺席,不在 2. 缺席的时间,外出期 3. 缺乏,不存在

absent['æbsənt] a.1. 缺席的,不在场 的 2. 缺乏的,不存在的 3. 心不在 焉的,出神的

absolute['æbsəljuɪt, 'æbsəluɪt]1. 十足 的, 道地的 2. 绝对的, 完全的 3. 不 受任何限制(或约束)的

absorb[əb'səɪb] vt. 1. 吸收 2. 吸引 …的注意,使全神贯注 3. 把…并入, 同化

abstract['æbstrækt] a.1. 抽象的 2. 抽象派的 n.1. 摘要, 梗概 2. 抽象 派艺术作品

[æb¹strækt] vt. 1. 做…的摘要 2. 提 取,抽取

in the abstract 抽象地,在理论上

abuse [ə'bjuːs] n. 1. 滥用,妄用 2. 虐待,伤害 3. 辱骂,毁谤

[ə'bjuɪz] vt. 1. 滥用,妄用 2. 虐待, 伤害 3. 辱骂,毁谤

academic [ˌæk'demik] a. 1. 学校的, 学院的 2. 学术的 3. 纯理论的,不 切实际的 n. 大学教师

academy[əˈkædəmi] n. 1. 研究院,学 会 2. (中等以上)专门学校

accelerate[æk'seləreit] v. (使)加快, (使)增速

accent['æksənt] n. 1. 口音,腔调 重音,重音符号 vt. 重读



acceptance→accuse

Mrs. Black *in the Red 欠费的布莱克夫人

读故事

Mrs. Black has a savings account with a nearby bank, and recently she started to receive statements not in accordance with her books. According to one notice, it said that she owed the bank \$200,000. "Are they really expecting my acceptance of this?" she thought. So, accompanied by Mr. Black she marched into the bank the next morning. After hearing her story the accountant behind the counter explained that "there has been an accidental miscounting." "But this is not the first time. The bookkeeping has never been in accord with reality!" Mrs. Black argued, and she insisted on with drawing all her money. However, she was

 told that "the computer is down" and she couldn't even access her money! By this time there were quite a few people standing in the access to the counter. They heard the conversation and of their own accord all took a stand in support of Mrs. Black. With one accord, they all accused the bank of not being accurate with their bookkeeping and insisted that measures be taken accordingly to achieve accuracy. As the number of customers accumulated, the Board members met and were in accordance that inaccuracy couldn't be accepted and sent for the manager from his office accommodation to account for the mistakes. Dissatisfied with the fact that the manager failed to accomplish his duty and achieve accuracy in his performance, the Board reached an accord and fired the manager. They also accorded Mrs. Black "favored customer" of the month.

出全部存款,但却被告知 "电脑坏了",她无法取她的 钱! 此时柜台前的通道上 已站了不少人, 听了此番对 话都主动地站在布莱克夫 人一边,他们一致指责银行 记账不准确并且坚持要求 银行采取相应的措施以保 证准确。随着顾客人数的 积聚,董事会召开了会议并 一致认为不准确的账目不 能被接受,他们把银行经理 从他办公室住处叫来并要 求他解释出错的原因。由 于对经理不能完成其职责 及在工作中达不到精确的 要求很不满意,董事会达成 一致意见,解雇了经理,并 给予布莱克夫人当月"最惠 顾客"待遇。

* in the red:指"超支;欠费"。

记单词

- .acceptance[ək'septəns] n. 1. 接受,接 纳 2. 赞同,承认 3. 容忍
- access['ækses] n. 1. 通道,人口 2. 接近,进人 3. 接近(或进人、享用)的 机会 nt. 存取(计算机文件)
- accidental[iæksi¹dentl] a. 意外的,偶 然(发生)的
- accommodation [əˌkəmə'deiʃən] n [常 pl.] 住处,膳宿
- **accompany**[ə'kʌmpəni] vt. 1. 陪伴, 陪同 2. 伴随,和…—起发生 3. 为 …伴奏(或伴唱)
- accomplish [əˈkəmplif] vt. 达到(目的),完成(任务),实现(计划、诺言等)
- **accord**[ə'kɔːd] n. 1. 一致,符合 2. (尤指国与国之间的)谅解,协议 vi. (with)相符合,相一致,相和谐 vt. 授予,赠与,给予
- of one's own accord 出于自愿,主动地 in accord with 与…—致,与…相符合 with one accord 致地,一致同意地 accordance[əˈkɔːdəns] n. —致,和谐,符合

- in accordance with 与…一致,依照, 根据
- accordingly[əˈkɔːdinli] ad. 1. 照着, 相应地 2. 因此,所以,于是
- account[əˈkaunt] n. 1. 记述,描述,报告 2. 账,账户 3. 解释,说明 vi. 1. (for)说明…的原因,是…的原因
 - 2. (在数量、比例方面)占 of no account 不重要的
 - on account of 为了…的缘故,因为, 由于
- on no account 绝不,绝对不
 take account of 考虑到,顾及,体谅
 take…into account 见 take account of
 accountant[ə'kauntənt] n. 会计人员,
 会计师
- accumulate[ə'kju:mjuleit] vt. 堆积,积累,积聚 vi. 累积,聚积
- accuracy['ækjurəsi] n. 准确(性),精确(性)
- accurate['ækjurit] a. l. 正确无误的 2. 准确的,精确的
- accuse[əˈkjuːz] vt. 指控,控告,指责





accustomed-admission

A Little Lion Tamer 小小驯狮员

读故事

A young acquaintance of mine is not accustomed to achievement. In fact, in the administration of his duties as trainee lion tamer, he is not usually considered adequate and often has to acknowledge the acid remarks of his father, the head lion tamer, for his lack of action. His father often uses the adjective "sleepy" to describe the lack of activity of both him and the lions. In addition, he has been told to adjust his attitudes and acquire a greater sense of showmanship if he wishes to gain admission to the main ring in the circus tent. His need is acute, because acquisition of performing skills would be an addition to his natural ability to communicate with lions, and enable him to step into the main ring when his father is out of action. In addition to this, even though he is only three years old and gets very

我有一个年纪不大的熟 人,他还不太习惯于成就一类 的东西。事实上,在执行他作 为见习驯狮员的职责时,他常 常被认为不是太胜任,而且常 常不得不承认他父亲,也就是 首席驯狮员的尖刻评价,因为 他没有行动。他父亲常用"懒 洋洋" 这个形容词来形容他和 狮子,因为他们都没有活力。 此外,他被告知要调整态度以 学到更多的演员风范,如果他 还打算被准许进入马戏篷中心 场地表演的话。对此他的愿望 挺强烈,因为学会表演技巧是 他天生能与狮子沟通的本领之 外增加的又一个优势,这能使 他在他父亲不能工作的时候踏 进中心场地表演。除此之外, 虽然他还只有3岁,跟着狮子



tired following the lions around their one acre park, he is already famous as a lion tamer because he appears in an ad for the circus, and is even being sought by a manufacturer to promote acid adapted specially for use in animal food.

绕了一圈方圆一英亩的场地之 后总是累得够呛,他已经是一 个很有名的驯狮员了,因为他 为马戏团做了一个广告,现在 甚至还有一个厂家找他帮助推 销酸性物质,一种特别适合作 动物饲料的产品。

记单词

accustomed[əˈkʌstəmd] a. 1. (to) 习惯 于…的,适应了的 2. 通常的,惯常的 achievement[əˈt[iːvmənt] n. 1. 成就, 成绩 2. 达到,完成,实现 acid[ˈæsid] n. 酸,酸性物质 a.1. 酸 的,酸味的 2. 尖刻的,刻薄的 acknowledge[ək'nolida] vt. 1. 承认, 承认…的权威(或主张) 2. 告知收

到,确认 3. 对…表示谢忱,报偿 acquaintance[əˈkweintəns] n. 1. 相识 的人,熟人 2. 认识,相识,了解

acquire[əˈkwaiə] vt. 1. 取得,获得 2. 学到

acquisition[ˌækwi'ziʃən] n. 1. 取得,获 得,习得 2. 获得物,增添的人(或物) acre['eikə] n. 英亩

action[iæk ʃən] n. 1. 行动,行动过程 2. 已做的事, 行为 3. 作用 4. 情节 out of action 不(再)起作用(运转)

activity[æk'tiviti] n. 1. 活动, 行动 2. 活跃,活力

acute[əˈkjuːt] a. 1. 严惩的,激烈的 2. 敏锐的 3. (疾病) 急性的 4. 尖 的,锐的

ad [æd] n. II. advertisement

adapt[ə'dæpt] vt. 1. 使适应,使适合 2. 修,改编 vi. (to)适应

addition[ə'difən] n. 1. 加,加法 增加的人(或物)

in addition 另外,加之 in addition to 除…之外(还)

additional[ə'difənl] a. 添加的,额外 的,另外的

adequate[ˈædikwit] a. 1. 充足的,足 够的 2. 适当的,胜任的

adjective[ˈædʒiktiv] n. 形容词

adjust[ə'dʒʌst] vt. 1. 校正,校准,调 整 2. 调节,改变…以适应 vi. (to) 适应

administration [administreifan] n. 1. 管理,经常,支配 2. 管理部门,行政 机关,政府 3. 实行,执行

admission[ədˈmiʃən] n. 1. 准许进入, 准许加入 2. 入场费,入场券 3. 承 认,供认

Learning through Reading 读故事记单词



adopt-airline

You Can't Teach an Old Dog New Tricks 别教老狗学新招

读故事

James walked out of the travel agency and looked very angry. He had decided to take a trip around the world and planned to take Jimmy, his dog, with him. But the travel agent refused to write a ticket for Jimmy, because pets were not allowed to board the aircraft. Although they called afterwards to say they were sorry—even using the adverb "terribly"—James was still very upset. He had adopted Jimmy before Jimmy was an adult, and the affection between them was very strong. Since seeking aid from the airline wasn't advisable, James advertised in the newspaper for a nanny to take care of Jimmy during his absence.

很多人对广告做出了回

Many people replied to the advertisement, but James was very cautious because he didn't want to be taken advantage of. An aggressive young man caught James' attention; he had graduated from an advanced nursing school, and called himself an advocate of animal rights. "This is a big advantage," thought James. He then dropped the agenda he was preparing for the next day's meeting and took Jimmy to meet the young man.

Jimmy was an old dog, and his hair was a mix of all colors: a bit gray, a bit brown and a bit black, and he was almost deaf too, so he always wore his hearing aid. Luckily, it didn't affect Jimmy's activity. You know what happened when the young man who advocated himself as an animal lover saw Jimmy?

He refused to look after Jimmy and said a surgical operation would be to advantage for both of them!

应,但詹姆斯很谨慎,他不想 让人趁机利用。一个很有进 取心的年轻人引起了詹姆斯 的注意,他毕业于高级护理学 校,并称自己是动物权益的。" 护者。"这是一大优点。"詹 姆斯想。于是他放下为第二 天会议准备的议事日程,带上 吉米去见这个年轻人。

吉米年纪很大了,而且身上的毛呈杂色:有一点儿灰,有一点儿黄;还有一点儿黑,他的耳朵也差不多聋了,所以总是带着助听器。好在影响总是带着动能力并没有影响。你知道这个宣扬自己是动物像好者的年轻人见了吉米是什么反应吗?

他拒绝照看吉米,并说给 吉米做整容手术将对他们两 个都**有利**。

记单词

- adopt[ə'dəpt]n. 1. 收养2. 采取,采纳,采用3. 正式通过,批准adult[ə'dʌlt, 'ædʌlt]n. 成年人(或动
- 物) a. 1. 成年的,充分长成的 2. 成年人的,适宜于成年人的
- advanced[əd'vænst,əd'vɑːnst] a. 1. 超前的,先进的 2. 高级的,高等的 3. 年迈的,后阶段的
- advantage [əd'væntidʒ,əd'vɑːntidʒ]
 n.1. 优点,有利条件,有利因素 2. 利

益,好处

- take advantage of 利用,占…的便宜 to advantage 有利地,使优点突出地 adverb[ˈædvəːb] n. 副词
- advertise [¡ædvəː'taiz, 'ædvətaiz] vt. 1. 为…做广告,宣传 2. (在报刊、电视、 广播等中)公告,公布 vi. 登广告,做 广告,登公告
- advertisement[¡ædvəː 'taizmənt ,əd'və;tism ənt] n. 1. 广告,公告,启事 2. 广告 活动,宣传
- advisable[əd'vaizəbl] a. 可取的,适当的,明智的

- advocate ['ædvəkeit] n. 拥护,提倡, 主张
 - ['ædvəkit] n.1. 拥护者,提倡者 2. 辩护者,律师
- affect[əˈfekt] v. 影响
- affection[əˈfekʃən] n. 喜爱,感情,爱慕之情
- afterward(s)['æftəwəd(z), 'ɑːftəwəd(z)] ad. 以后,过后,后来
- **agency**['eidʒənsi] *n.* 1. 代理行,经销处 2. (政府等的)专业行政部门
- agenda[əˈdʒendə] n. 议事日程
- **agent**['eidʒənt] n. 1. 代理人,代理商, 经纪人 2. 政府特工人员,政府代表 3. 动因,原因 4. 剂
- aggressive[ə'gresiv] a. 1. 侵犯的,侵略的 2. 敢作敢为的,有进取的
- **aid**[eid] n. 1. 帮助,援助,救助 2. 助 手,辅助物,辅助手段 vt. 帮助,援助, 救助
- aircraft['səkræft,'səkraɪft] n. 飞机, 航空器
- airline['səlain] n.[常 pl.] 航空公司





alarm-amid

For Whom The Clock Ticks 闹钟为谁而响

读故事

Michael is flying back to Australia after visiting his aunt in New York. He is an amateur clown and his ambition is to become a full-time performer. Beforehe boards the airplane, Michael goes into the airport store for a gift for his wife. With his small allowance, he has the two alternatives of a teddy bear or an alarm clock made of aluminum. He takes the clock, as he always needs to make allowances for her never being on time. Fifteen minutes later, Michael is sitting comfortably in his seat. He says hello to the man sitting alongside, asks for some alcohol, and dozes off. Suddenly, a tap on the shoulder awakens

Learning through Reading 读故事记单词

him. He looks around and finds that the plane hasn't gained any altitude; it's still on the ground. What amazes him is that two policemen then force him to get off the plane and into a police car. Michael also notices that the police take a suitcase into an ambulance. The suitcase and his own look very alike. This alerts Michael that something has happened. When they arrive at the police station, Michael is very surprised to see the Australian Ambassador there, talking to an officer from the office of Alliance of Allies against Terrorism, who keeps looking at Michael with alert eyes. Michael's suitcase is lying on one of the tables, with everything thrown out: some clothes, a key ring with the alphabet on it, a bottle of wine and the clock, The policemen seem to be on the alert against something and their expressions alter when they see the clock—the crew thought it was a bomb and alerted the police!

看,飞机并没有上升到任何高 度,还在地上趴着。使他惊愕 的是,两名警察讨来押着他下 了飞机,然后又上了一辆警 车。迈克尔还注意到另外一 些警察拎着一只箱子上了救 护车,而这只箱子看起来很像 是他的。迈克尔这才意识到 一定出了什么事。到警局的 时候,迈克尔惊奇地发现澳大 利亚大使也在场, 正和反恐怖 活动同盟国联盟办公室的一 名官员谈话,他不断地用警觉 的眼神看着迈克尔。迈克尔 的箱子搁在一张桌子上,东西 全被掏了出来:一些衣服、一 个带字母表的钥匙扣、一瓶酒 和那只闹钟。警察好像随时 准备着应付什么,看到是只闹 钟时他们的表情改变了—— 原来机组人员把闹钟当成了 炸弹,并且向警察报了警!