

根据教育部最新颁布的《复习考试大纲》编写



北大燕园

标准预测试卷·近年真题汇编

全国各类成人高考高中起点升本、专科

英语

大纲依据：2005年版《复习考试大纲》

组 编：全国各类成人高校入学考试命题研究组

丛书主编：中国人民大学 赵坤领

本书主编：中国人民大学 赵坤领



(最新版)

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學苑出版社

再版说明

北大燕园书店的《全国各类成人高考标准预测试卷·近年真题汇编》自出版以来,以其独特的体例、鲜明的风格、较高的命中率,深受全国各地考生的认可和欢迎,许多考生及教师来函来电,给予我们的产品以高度评价,成为诸多成考助学单位和辅导班的首选辅导资料。

2005年的全国各类成人高考考试,国家教育部考试中心对《考试大纲》的科目及部分内容作了重大调整。为了帮助考生适应新的考试大纲和考试形式,我们重新编写了本套丛书,编写过程实行严格的把关程序,我们聘请了清华、北大、北师大、中国政法大学等在一线教学的教师,成立了命题研究组,对最新成考大纲及最新教材做了充分研究,对近年考题作了系统分析,再由本科目教师根据研究结果,精心撰写成书。北大燕园全体编辑人员进行了严格编辑加工、细致的校对,之后再经几所名校成教中心的相关科目老师进行了多次审阅工作,基本做到题题推敲,题题核对,严格把关,最后成书。修订后的本丛书,整体质量又有了新的突破和提高,突出标准性、预测性,体系也更加完善,充分体现了最新、最全、最真三大显著特点。

最新:严格按照最新考试大纲和最新教材,结合各位编者多年成考教学经验和在北京地区的评卷、阅卷经验以及对近年考题的分析和预测后精心编写而成。

最全:多套标准预测试卷,全面覆盖大纲内容,既注重知识的系统性,又突出重点、难点,题型、题量、难度与最新真题一致,命中率高。

最真:多套最新真题,使考生对近年考点做到心中有数。

相信广大考生在做完本丛书之后,能够巩固复习效果,及时查缺补漏,并对近年考题的考核重点、命题趋势有较深的认识和领悟,以此提高应试能力和考试水平,在成人高考考试中得心应手,一举通过考试!

全国各类成人高校入学考试命题研究组

北大燕园书店

2005.2

读者信息反馈卡

亲爱的读者：

感谢您购买了本书，希望在它的帮助下，您能顺利通过考试。为了使我们的成考辅导质量更臻完善，为您今后提供更优秀的图书，希望您抽出宝贵时间，及时与我们沟通交流，把您的评价和建议填在这张调查表上寄给我们，我们将及时与您取得联系，并尽可能给您满意答复，希望您在百忙之中不吝赐教。如果您的建议被我们采纳或指正我们的错误，我们将付给您相应的报酬以示感谢。

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全国各类成人高考高中起点(升本、专科)统一考试

英语标准预测试卷(一)

(考试时间 120 分钟)

题 号	一	二	三	四	五	六	总 分	
题 分	7.5	22.5	30	45	15	30	核分人	
得 分							复查人	

第一部分 选择题

得 分	评卷人	复查人

一、语音知识(共 5 小题,每题 1.5 分,共 7.5 分)在下列每组单词中,有一个单词的划线部分与其他单词的划线部分的读音不同。找出这个词,并把它前面的大写字母填入左边的括号里。

- () 1. A. havy B. merry C. many D. metre
- () 2. A. double B. country C. cough D. trouble
- () 3. A. sugar B. weather C. sure D. brush
- () 4. A. healthy B. mouths C. mother D. clothing
- () 5. A. walked B. practised C. praised D. dropped

得 分	评卷人	复查人

二、词汇与语法知识(共 15 小题,每题 1.5 分,共 22.5 分)从每小题的四个选项中,选出最佳的一项,并把它前面的大写字母填入左边的括号内。

- () 6. His new computer is more expensive than _____.
- A. it B. her
- C. hers D. its
- () 7. We must try our best to stop polluting the river, _____ we will suffer from some new diseases.

A. or

B. so

C. but

D. however

() 8. The little boy _____ on the long chair is unknown to all around.

A. lay

B. lain

C. laying

D. lying

() 9. It is said that she can speak three more foreign languages _____ French.

A. except

B. but

C. besides

D. beside

() 10. If my lawyer _____ here last weekend, she _____ me from doing that.

A. had been, would have prevented

B. had been, would prevent

C. were, would prevent

D. were, would have prevented

() 11. This year they have produced _____ as _____ grain _____ they did last year.

A. three times, many, as

B. three times, much, as

C. three time, many, more than

D. three time, much, more than

() 12. —What do you think of the book?

—Oh, excellent. It's worth _____ a second time.

A. to read

B. to be read

C. being read

D. reading

() 13. Tom was disappointed that most of the guests _____ when he _____ at the party.

A. left, had arrived

B. left, arrived

C. had left, had arrived

D. had left, arrived

() 14. Alice is fond of playing _____ piano while Henry is interested in listening to

_____ music.

A. ×, the

B. ×, ×

C. the, ×

D. the, the

() 15. We are not allowed _____ the computer.

A. using

B. use

C. to use

D. being used

() 16. All _____ is needed is a supply of enough water.

A. the thing

B. that

C. what

D. which

() 17. It is wise to have some money _____ for old age.

A. put away

B. keep up

C. given up

D. laid up

() 18. Having lived in Shanghai for over thirty years, he came back to the small town

_____ he was brought up by his uncle.

A. which

B. where

C. that

D. when

() 19. The number of people invited to the party _____ thirty, but a number of them

_____ absent for different reasons.

A. were, was

B. was, was

C. was, were

D. were, were

() 20. If you want to change a double room, you will have to pay _____ \$25.

A. each

B. more

C. other

D. another

得 分	评卷人	复查人

三、完形填空(共 20 小题,每题 1.5 分,共 30 分)通读下面的短文,掌握其大意,然后从每小题的四个选项中选出可填入相应空白处的最佳选项,并把它前面的大写字母填入左边的括号内。

As soon as Jim walked inside the door, he stood still. His eyes 21 upon Della. There was an expression 22 them that she could not read. It was not anger, 23 surprise, nor happiness, nor disagreement, nor any of the feelings that she had been 24. He simply stared 25 her with that peculiar (特殊的) expression 26 his face.

Della went up to him quickly. "Jim!" she cried, "don't look at me that 27. I had my hair 28 and sold it because I couldn't have lived 29 Christmas without giving you a present. It will grow again—you don't mind, do you? I just had to 30 it. My hair grows very fast, you know. Say 'Merry Christmas!' Jim and let's 31 happy. You don't know 32 a nice —what a beautiful; nice gift I have got for you".

"You've cut off your hair?" asked Jim, 33, as if he had not understood the fact.

"I've 34 and sold it," said Della. "It's sold, I tell you—sold and 35. It's Christmas Eve, Jim. 36 good to me, for it 37 for you."

Jim seemed quickly to wake out of his trance (发呆). He drew a package from his pocket, 38 "I don't think there is anything about a haircut that could make me love you any less. But 39 you open that box you will see 40 I was upset at first." When the box was open, Della saw a set of beautiful combs with jewels!

() 21. A. fixed B. were fixed C. fixing D. to fix

() 22. A. on B. with C. at D. in

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- () 23. A. no B. not C. nor D. without
- () 24. A. prepare for B. prepared for
 C. preparing for D. to prepare for
- () 25. A. on B. to C. in D. at
- () 26. A. in B. on C. with D. behind
- () 27. A. way B. much C. strange D. peculiar
- () 28. A. cut up B. cut down
 C. cut off D. cutting
- () 29. A. through B. across
 C. during D. at
- () 30. A. make B. grow
 C. do D. keep
- () 31. A. is B. was C. were D. be
- () 32. A. how B. what C. why D. when
- () 33. A. quickly B. slowly C. loudly D. happily
- () 34. A. cut off B. cut C. cutting off D. cutting
- () 35. A. go B. missing C. going D. gone
- () 36. A. Say B. Tell C. Be D. Speak
- () 37. A. sold B. did C. made D. went
- () 38. A. saying B. say C. says D. said
- () 39. A. when B. if C. while D. as
- () 40. A. why B. how C. where D. what

得 分	评卷人	复查人

四、阅读理解(共15小题,每题3分,共45分) 阅读下列短文,然后根据短文的内容从每个小题的四个选项中选出最佳一项,并把它前面的大写字母写在左边的括号内。

A

One Sunday, Mark decided to go sailing in his boat with his friend Dan, but Dan happened to be away. Dan's brother John offered to go instead though he did not know anything about sailing. Mark agreed and they set out to sea.

Soon they found themselves in a thick fog. Mark was sure that they would be hit by a big ship. Fortunately he saw a large buoy(浮标) through the fog and decided to tie the boat to it for safety. As he was getting onto the buoy, however, he dropped the wet rope. The boat moved away in the fog carrying John, who did not know how to use the radio. He drifted(漂流) about and was not seen until twelve hours later.

Mark spent the night on the buoy. In the early morning he fell asleep, and was having a bad dream when a shout woke him up. A ship, the Good Hope, came up and he climbed onto it and thanked the captain. The captain told him that John had been picked up by another ship and the ship's captain had sent out a message. "Without the message I would not have found you on the buoy," he said.

() 41. Why didn't Mark and Dan go sailing together?

- A. Mark was in some other place.
- B. Dan was in some other place.
- C. Dan asked his brother to go instead.
- D. Mark would like to go with John.

() 42. Mark tried to tie the boat to the buoy so that _____.

- A. he could spend the night on it while John was looking for help
- B. he and John could go sailing again when the fog cleared
- C. he might be picked up by a passing ship
- D. it wouldn't be hit by other ships

() 43. John and Mark became separated because _____.

- A. John couldn't control the boat and drifted away
- B. John had to stay in the boat to radio for help
- C. there wasn't room for both John and Mark on the buoy
- D. Mark thought it safe to stay on the buoy but John didn't

() 44. What made it possible for Mark to be found on the buoy?

- A. John told people where to look for him.
- B. He shouted when he caught sight of the Good Hope.
- C. John radioed to the Good Hope to get him.
- D. The captain saw him as the fog cleared.

B

Do you always understand the directions on a bottle of medicine? Do you know what is meant by "Take only as directed?" Read the following directions and see if you understand them.

"To reduce pain, take two tablets(药片) with water, followed by one tablet every eight hours, as required. For night-time and early morning relief(缓解疼痛) take two tablets at bedtime. Do not take more than six tablets at bedtime. Do not take more than six tablets in twenty-four hours.

For children six to twelve years old, give half the amount(量). For children under six years old, ask your doctor's advice.

Reduce the amount if you suffer from restless or sleeplessness after taking the medicine. ”

()45. How many tablets should a nine-year-old child normally take in 24 hours?

- A. Half a tablet
- B. One tablet
- C. Two tablets
- D. Four tablets

()46. What is the advice for one who cannot sleep well after taking the medicine?

- A. Stop taking the medicine at bedtime.
- B. Continue to take the normal amount.
- C. Take less than the normal amount.
- D. Take more than the normal amount.

()47. It can be inferred from the directions that this medicine _____.

- A. helps you to fall asleep quickly
- B. cannot be taken if one feels sleepy
- C. may be dangerous to small children
- D. should not be taken by children under six

C

All the useful energy at the surface of the earth comes from the activity of the sun. The sun heats and feeds mankind. Each year it provides men with two hundred million tons of grain and nearly ten million tons of wood.

Coal, oil, natural gas, and all other fuels(燃料)are stored-up energy from the sun. Some was collected by this season's plants as carbon compounds(碳化物质). Some was stored by plants and trees ages ago.

Even water power comes from the sun. Water turned into vapor by the sun falls as rain. It cour-

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ses down the mountains and is changed to electric power.

Light transmits(传送)only the energy that comes from the sun's outer layers, and much of this energy that is directed toward the earth never arrives. About nine-tenths of it is absorbed by the atmosphere of the earth. In fact, the earth itself gets only one half-billionth of the sun's entire output of radiant(辐射)energy.

()48. All the useful energy at the surface of the earth comes from _____.

- A. directly from the sun
- B. from the sun's activity
- C. from energy stored by the sun
- D. from radiation of the sun

()49. The sun's energy indirectly provides the earth with _____.

- A. fuels
- B. waterpower
- C. light
- D. both A and B

()50. The largest part of the radiant energy directed toward the earth is _____.

- A. stored by the current season's plants
- B. absorbed by the earth's atmosphere
- C. used for electric power
- D. turned into fuel

()51. Of the sun's entire output of radiant energy, the earth receives _____.

- A. a very small portion
- B. nearly all
- C. about half

D. all that comes from the sun's outer layers

D

Tokyo, the capital of Japan, is one of the largest cities in the world. It is also one of the world's most modern cities. Twice last century, the city was destroyed and rebuilt. In 1923 a major earthquake struck the city. Thousands of people were killed and millions were left homeless as buildings collapsed and fires broke out throughout Tokyo. It took seven years to rebuild the city. During World War II, Tokyo was destroyed once again. As a result of these disasters there is nothing of old Tokyo remaining in the downtown area.

After the war, the people of Tokyo began to rebuild their city. Buildings went up at a fantastic rate, and between 1945 and 1960, the city's population more than doubled. Because of the Olympic Games held in Tokyo in 1964, many new stadiums, parks and hotels were built to accommodate (接纳) visitors from all over the world. As a result of this rapid development, however, many problems have arisen. Housing shortage, pollution, and waste disposal (处理) have presented serious challenges to the city, but the government has begun several programs to answer them.

() 52. What major event(s) happened in Tokyo last century?

- A. Its population was doubled.
- B. It was twice destroyed by natural disasters and was twice rebuilt.
- C. *Serious social problems emerged.*
- D. It was ruined by an earthquake and a war, but was twice rebuilt.

() 53. Which of the following problems is NOT mentioned in the passage?

- A. Waste disposal
- B. Housing shortage
- C. Heavy traffic
- D. Pollution

() 54. What has brought so many problems to Tokyo today?

- A. A severe earthquake and the Second World War.
- B. The foreign occupation after the war.
- C. The population explosion between 1945 and 1960.
- D. The rapid development of the city after the war.

() 55. What is the main idea of the passage?

- A. A modern city is better than an old city.
- B. Tokyo has developed rapidly but it is faced with new problems.
- C. The 1964 Olympic Games helped develop Tokyo.
- D. The government is worried about the problems.

第二部分 非选择题

得 分	评卷人	复查人

五、补全对话(共5句,每句3分,共15分)

根据中文提示,将对话中所缺内容写在横线上。这些句子必须符合英语表达习惯。

提示:Bob 先生想买一件汗衫,售货员建议他买件红的,可红的看上去有点大,那就买件蓝的吧,况且还便宜5元钱呢。

(S—Salesman B—Bob)

S: 56, sir? There are many types of sweaters.

B: What about the red one? ,

S: 57. It will be fit for you.

B: But I don't think it fits me. It seems a bit longer.

S: Would you like a blue one?

B: Er... but 58 ?

S: Certainly you can try it on. Here is the changing - room.

B: Comfortable. 59 ?

S: 25 yuan. It is 5 yuan cheaper than the red one.

B: All right. 60 .

得 分	评卷人	复查人

六、书面表达(满分 30 分)

今年暑假我与妈妈回家乡探望姥姥。由于很多年没回家,不知道家乡发生了如此大的变化,盖了一排排的新房,街道加宽硬化。街心还修了一个公园,我更爱我的家乡了。

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