



杨凡 雅思丛书

词汇·话题·方法·策略

Good Way

口语

杨凡 李铁戎 编著

IELTS
for
Speaking

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口语 = 内容 + 语言 + 发音 + 气质

谈如何备考雅思口语（自序）

一、雅思口语评分标准

1. 内容

流利、与问题相关，并尽量新颖、有趣。

2. 语言

使用较广泛的词汇，较丰富的句型，尽可能减少语法错误。

3. 发音

正确、清楚，并尽量优美、地道。

4. 气质

口语是雅思四项考试中惟一和考官面对面交流的一项，考生最好能以迷人的气质将对方击倒，让他（她）非给你7分不可。

二、如何备考雅思口语

1. 熟悉雅思口语考试的要求和注意事项

如考试分几部分，每部分的内容和时间，评分标准，考试时注意些什么等。阅读本书第一章，就可以得到这些问题的全部答案。

2. 熟悉雅思口语考试常考的题目并事先做好准备

雅思口语考试常考的题目，基本是固定的。在考试前熟悉它们，并准备好回答，是考试取得成功的关键。本书第二章介绍了第一部分常考问题。第三章介绍了第二部分常考卡片及第三部分常考问题。第四章分类给出了准备答案常用的词汇。第五章分类给出了准备答案的参考素材。第六章汇集了部分参加过雅思口语考试的同学的考试过程回忆。阅读这些内容，对大家备考雅思会有帮助。

3. 多做练习

和外教或口语较好的人针对雅思口语考试常考的题目做练习，并请他们指出你的错误和不足。自己也可以和自己做练习，有时可以用录音机将自己的回答录下来，自己检查。

4. 经常上网，了解雅思口语考试的最新信息

在本书编写过程中，参考了一些书籍和网上的资料，在此对相关作者表示感谢。祝广大考生雅思考试取得成功。

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第一章 雅思口语考试技巧

一、雅思口语考试概述

1. 雅思考试概述

问：什么是 IELTS 考试？

国际英语水平测试 (The International English Language Testing System) 可以在世界超过 100 个不同的国家参加。它专门为准备进入以英语教学的学院或大学深造的学生进行英语水平测试而设。IELTS 国际英语水平测试由英国剑桥大学测试中心 (The University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicat - UCLES)、澳大利亚高校国际开发署 (IDP Education Australia) 及英国文化委员会 (The British Council) 共同举办。1990 年 4 月在中国开始推广。

则是为留学生而设。因雅思考试有口语项目，因此会比 TOEFL 更具有可信度。培训类 (General Training Module) 的阅读和写作部分的要求比学术类 (Academic Module) 中的要英国、澳大利亚、新西兰、加拿大以及许多国家的众多院校均采用并认可这一语言测试系统。加拿大、澳大利亚、新西兰等国家的移民局均将这种考试成绩作为技术移民及其他类移民中衡量英语语言能力的惟一标准。以上国家的学校和培训进修项目及许多国家的院校都接受这一考试成绩，并设立不同的成绩合格标准。

IELTS 考试分培训类 (General Training Module) 和学术类 (Academic Module) 两类。培训类是为移民而设，而学术类求相对较低，但听力和口试部分则与学术类 (Academic Module) 相同。

问：考试时间为多长？

考试时间为 2 小时 55 分钟；考试包含四个部份，分别为听力、阅读、写作和口语。

雅思考试一般安排在周六和周日两天。考试的流程如下：

周六上午，一定按要求 8:15 到达考场，不能迟到。

8:15 - 9:00 入场

9:00 - 9:40 听力

9:45 - 10:45 阅读

10:45 - 11:45 写作

口语安排在周六下午和周日。

注意：上面只是通常情况下的安排，极少数情况下有例外，以考场通知为准。

问：我什么时候可以知道我的考试成绩？

一般来说，你可以在两周左右收到你的成绩。

问：在 IELTS 测试中多少分才算及格？

在 IELTS 测试中是没有及格与不及格的概念的。你想进入的大学或学院会告诉你，你所希望修读的课程所需要的 IELTS 分数。请注意，他们或许要求你在考试中某一个部分取得制定的分数（通常在写作部分）。

问：IELTS 测试得分是如何计算的？

在四部分的测试中，最高分是 9 分，最低为 0 分（其中写作和口试部分是没有半分的）。你的总分是四个部分的分数的平均，百分位分值按四舍五入计算。

例如, 你的分数为	6.5	听力部分
	5.0	阅读部分
	7.0	写作部分
	6.0	口试部分

总分	24.5
----	------

取平均分 ($24.5/4 = 6.125$), 然后百分位四舍五入, 总分是 6 分。

例如, 你的分数为	6.5	听力部分
	6.5	阅读部分
	6.0	写作部分
	6.0	口试部分

总分	25
----	----

取平均分 ($25/4 = 6.25$), 然后百分位四舍五入, 总分是 6.5 分。

问: 参加 IELTS 测试的时间间隔是多长?

如果你再次参加 IELTS 测试, 你必须等至少 3 个月的时间。

2. 雅思口语考试概述

The Speaking Module takes between 11 and 14 minutes. It consists of an oral interview between the candidate and the examiner.

There are three main parts. Each part fulfils a specific function in terms of interaction pattern, task input and candidate output.

In Part 1, the candidate answers general questions about themselves, their homes, families, jobs, studies, interests, and a range of similar topic areas. This part lasts between four and five minutes.

In Part 2, the candidate is given a verbal prompt on a card and is asked to talk on a particular topic. The candidate has one or two minutes to prepare before speaking at length for exactly two minutes. The examiner will cut you off immediately after two minutes.

In Part 3, the examiner then asks some questions relevant to the topic previously talked about. The examiner and candidate will engage in a discussion of more abstract issues and concepts which are thematically linked to the topic prompt in part 2. The discussion lasts between four and five minutes.

All interviews are recorded on an audio cassette. The overall structure of the test is summarized below.

Part 1

Introduction and interview.

The examiner introduces himself or herself and confirms candidate's identity. Examiner interviews candidate using verbal questions selected from familiar topic frames.

4 – 5 minutes

Part 2

Individual long turn

Examiner asks candidate to speak for 1 – 2 minutes on a particular topic based on a written input in the form of general instruction and content – focused prompts on a card.

Examiner asks one or two questions to round off the long turn.

3 – 4 minutes including 1 or 2 minute's preparation time.

Part 3

Two – way discussion

Examiner invites the candidate to participate in discussion of more abstract nature, based on verbal questions thematically linked to part 2 topic.

4 – 5 minutes

The Speaking module assesses whether candidates can communicate effectively in English.

Detailed performance descriptors have been developed which describe spoken performance at the nine IELTS bands on four analytical subscales: Fluency and Coherence; Lexical Resource; Grammatical Range and Accuracy; and Pronunciation. Scores are reported as whole bands only.

The examiner is a qualified teacher or certificated examiner appointed by the test center and approved by the British Council or IELTS Australia.

雅思口语考试是 10 – 15 分钟考生与主考官的一对一谈话，对谈大致上分三部分，三部分中间没有间断，没有明显的区分。

第一部分：会面，寒暄，谈论几个一般话题（姓名、家乡、爱好、学习生活、工作等），约 3 – 4 分钟。

第二部分：主考官拿出一张（Cue Card），卡上写明一个话题和需要谈论的内容，考生准备 1 – 2 分钟，之后对此话题连续谈论 1 – 2 分钟，考官不会中途打断。

第三部分：考官针对第二部分的话题问几个广泛而深入的问题，要考生回答。此部分约 4 – 5 分钟。

二、雅思口语评分标准

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使用较广泛的词汇，较丰富的句型，尽可能减少语法错误。

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3. 多做练习

与外教或口语较好的人练习针对雅思口语考试常考的题目，并请他们指出你的错误和不足。自己也可以和自己做练习，有时可以用录音机将自己的回答录下来，自己检查。

4. 经常上网，了解雅思口语考试的最新信息

四、雅思口语考试技巧

1. 做好准备和轻松面对

您必须做好准备和提前到场。记得带您的证件（身份证或护照等）以证明您的身份，还要记得带准考证。

测验开始时录音。您不用担心，录音只是用来确保面试官没有做错任何步骤。第一印象非常重要，您应尽量讲有意思和有趣的话题。发音也很重要，再有趣和有意思的话题都必须让人容易听得懂。要记得英语的表达很着重语调和高低音。身体、语言也可以帮助表达，放松自己，但也不要显得太轻松。尽量让您的身体告诉面试官您不紧张和有自信。

2. 尽量主动和积极

回答问题时千万不要只答“Yes”或“No”。这个测验的目的是让您有机会说话，您要放开胆量说话。面试官的角色是负责引导您说话，在整个面试过程中您说话时间的比例至少要占75%至80%，在回答问题时您要表现出正面的态度。考生通常都应该诚实地回答所有问题，但有一些问题，回答的时候还是应该保持比较正面。例如问您对英国的印象，就算您真的认为非常不好，也不应说出口。

3. 答案须清晰而详细

千万不要刻意用一些深奥或复杂的字来解释事情。不要以为这样可以加深面试官的印象，一个简洁易明的答案绝对比一个复杂难明的答案好。简单的答案不代表短答案，短答

案会使整个面试有太多停顿，而面试官也要大伤脑筋多想问题。

4. 应做的事

- 1) 保持微笑和眼神接触；
- 2) 当和面试官握手的时候，用力一点以表诚意；
- 3) 清晰和详细地回答；
- 4) 大方地谈及自己的事情和经验以控制场面；
- 5) 测验前多练习，以肯定您能准确运用过去式等语法；
- 6) 不需面试官太多提示而流利地讲出个人见解；
- 7) 能流利解释、描述或说明一件事情的发生；
- 8) 表现出您愿意讨论这个题目，就算您对它不熟悉，您也可围绕着这个题目发挥；
- 9) 在正式开始讲解前，先说明您会提到的要点；
- 10) 对不认识的题目，您可尝试猜测。用“maybe”、“perhaps”等字会比什么也不说
好；
- 11) 对深奥的问题，您可尝试推测，尽量用简单的英语表达深奥的意思，不要随便放
弃作答；
- 12) 继续保持轻松态度直至离开面试室；
- 13) 有力地、有信心地握手并向面试官道谢；
- 14) 请记住，最后印象和第一印象同样重要。

5. 不应做的事

- 1) 不要告诉面试官您很紧张，也不要眨眼太多和眼珠有太多移动；
- 2) 握手时不要让面试官以为自己在握着一一条死鱼；
- 3) 不要让对话在短句上中止；
- 4) 当面试官期望您进一步说明时，不要随便停下；
- 5) 有语法错误时不要害怕，应镇定地更正，但在口语考试中，流利度绝对比语法准
确度重要；
- 6) 不要说您不懂这个题目或您从来未想过这些事情；
- 7) 当您听不明白问题时，不用担心，您可要求面试官重复一次；
- 8) 不要离题，否则面试官会以为您听不明白题目；
- 9) 不要等面试官问问题，要表现出您有能力讨论题目而不需任何提示帮助；
- 10) 不要回答得太简单，例如，被问及您的工作时，千万不要只回答“我在一家公司
里工作”。您可说出公司名称，您可说出您的职位和职责；
- 11) 千万不要在测验完成后对面试官说您有多高兴考试已完成，您也不应在面试官面
前评论自己的表现；
- 12) 不要问考试官您的成绩，他（她）是一定不会说的；
- 13) 不要表现过分热情，您只需保持微笑地离开便可。

6. 对深奥的问题，您可尝试推测，不要随便放弃作答，可使用的用语

I'm not exactly sure how to answer that question, but (perhaps) ...

That's a rather difficult question, but (maybe) ...

I'm sorry, but I don't know much about ...

However, it might be possible that ...

Maybe I can answer your question by telling you about a personal experience I had.

That's an interesting question . . .

Let me see. Well, I suppose that . . .

I'm afraid that's about as much as I know.

I think that's about it.

I can't think of anything else right now . . .

7. 听不懂，听不清考官问题，请考官重复时使用的用语

Could you please rephrase that question/topic?

I'm not exactly sure what you mean . . .

You're asking me about , aren't you?

Would you mind explaining " " ?

I didn't catch that. Could you repeat the question, please?

I'm sorry. I don't understand.

第二章 第一部分常考问题

General Questions

Can you show me your ID card?

What's your full name?

What's your English name?

Do you have an English name?

What can I call you?

Are you a worker or a student?

Are you working or studying?

Do you work or are you still a student?

About Hometown

Where are you from?

Where do you come from?

What's the change of your hometown?

Can you tell me something about your hometown?

Which city has the largest population?

What is the distribution of population in China?

What's the change of the living place for the Chinese?

What is the greatest achievement for this city?

What's the difference between Beijing and your hometown?

How do you compare the climate in Beijing with that in your hometown?

About Education

What's your major?

What did you study in the university?

What do you think of your major?

Why did you choose this as your major?

Which aspects do you like most and which aspects do you dislike most?

What subjects do you like most and what subjects do you dislike most?

How do you like your life in the university?

Can you describe your life in your high school?

What are the advantages of your high school?

Is there anything you dislike about your school?

In your opinion, what should be done to improve your high school?

Which high school did you study at?

What subjects did you study?

What do you like about your school?

Did you join in any club?

What are the advantages and disadvantages of your major?

About Job

What's your job?
What do you do?
What do you do for a living?
What's your duty?
Have you ever changed your job?
Where do you work?
What do you do in the office every day?
Can you describe your typical working day?
What's your main responsibility?
What's your responsibility in the company?
What do you do every day?
What do you do in the office every day?
What do you like or dislike about your job?
What do you hope to do?
What's your position?
Tell me about your work.
Do you like your job?
Do you have pressure?
Where do you work?
What's your typical working day like?
Can you tell me something about your company?
How long have you been working here?
What kinds of problems are there?
How can you solve these problems?
How do you like your job?
How many employees are there in your company?
What aspects do you like about your job?
Is there anything you dislike about your job?
What aspects do you like or dislike about your job?
Would you like to make any changes to your job?
Do you like to make any changes to your job?
How do you like changing your job?
Will any possible future changes affect your job in any way?
What do you like about your job?
What does your company deal with?
How can you solve the problems?
Do you prepare to change your job?
Why do you like about your job?
What are your job prospects?

About Hobby

Do you like watching TV?

Why do you like watching TV?
What's your favorite program?
Do other people in your family like watching TV?
What do you do in your spare time?
What kind of music do you like?
Is there a difference between the music that young people like and old people like?
Where do you listen to music?
Do you like to see films in the cinema or at home?
Why do you like to see films?
What kind of films do you like?
How often do you go to the cinema?
What's the difference between American films and Chinese films?
What's your hobby?
Do you often go to cinemas to see a film?
Is it expensive to buy VCD?
What kind of film do you like best?
Do you see it by yourself or with your family?
What do you like to do in your spare time?
How often do you go to concerts?
Is it expensive to go to concert?
Where do you often go?
Do you think people in your hometown like going to concert?
What's the entertainment that you like?
What kind of games do you like?
Do your parents allow you to play games?
Why do you like surfing the Internet?
Do you go by yourself or with your family?
What do you do in the evenings?
What do you do on weekends?
What kind of art do you like?
How often do you go to the exhibition?
How much does it cost to go to the exhibition?
Why do you like going to art gallery?
Oh, how long have you been doing this?
Do you think it's expensive to take this as a hobby?
Why do you like it?
What do you do after class in your university?
Where do you play?
How many hours do you play?
What color do you like?
Do you like shopping?
Who does the shopping in your family?
What do you often buy when you go shopping?
What don't you like when you go shopping?

Where do you like to go shopping?
Who do you like going shopping with?
Why do you like reading?
What kind of books do you read?
And what's your favorite book?
Where do you read books?
How do you get the books?
How many books can you read every day?
Wow, how thick are the books?
So you mean that you can read 200 pages every day?
But don't you think that reading on the screen is bad for your eyes?
Aren't you tired of sitting in front of the computer?
Do you like to discuss the contents with others when you read books?
What do you often do in your spare time?
How long do you play?
Do you often play by yourself?
How much does it cost to rent for an hour?
What do you think of your skill?
Why do you like playing football?
Football is a team game. Who do you play with?
Where do you play football?
How's your skill?
When did you start playing football?
How long do you play once?
What do you do after you finish playing?
How often do you go hiking?
Where do you go?

About Family

Can you tell me something about your family?
Is there typical in China?
Did family structure change a lot in China in the past years?
What is the change women's role in the society?
Who will show the most household chore in your family?
Do other family members agree that you and your father are similar?
How has the government supported families?

About Housework

Do you do housework?
Who does the housework in your family?
What housework is there?
What's the change of the status of family members with the change of time?
What kind of housework is most important?
What are the changes brought by modern technology into our housework?

Do you cook at home?
How often do you cook by yourself?
Who cooks in you family?
How do the Chinese people learn cooking?
Who did you learn cooking from?
Do you read cookery books?
What kind of recipe book is useful?
Do you prefer to learn cooking from TV or from books?
What's influences western food on the Chinese people?
Who likes fast food?
Do you like fast food?
Why is fast food popular in China?
What's the main food in China?
Do you like cooking?
What changes have taken place on food in China?
What are the advantages and disadvantages of inviting a friend to your home for dinner instead of going to a restaurant?
Has the eating habits changed for the Chinese people during these years?
What change will take place about people's eating habit in the future?

About Clothes

What kind of clothes do you like?
Is there a difference between the clothes people wear on weekdays and on weekend?
Are there any rules for the clothes of children they wear to school?
What's the function of clothes?
What do you think of fashion?
Do you like fashionable clothes?
How do people get information about function?
What kind of clothes don't you like?
What's the difference between the clothes you like now and the clothes you liked to years ago?

About Industry

Can you tell me something about the industry in China?
What's the major industry in China?
What technology is missing in China?
Is there more light industry or heavy industry?

About Pollution

What's the most serious pollution in China?
What are other sources of pollution?
How do you think the government should solve the problem?
What do you think of environmental protection in China?

About Transportation

What's the most frequently used transportation in your city?

What are the disadvantages?

How can we improve it?

About Animals

What's the role of animals in your country?

What animal is your favorite?

Why do you like this kind of animals?

What animals can you see in China?

What animals are famous in China?

How can we protect animals?

Is it successful?

About Weather

What kind of weather do you like?

What do you do if the weather is bad?

Let's talk about your hometown. What's the weather like?

What kind of weather do you like?

Don't you like the weather in Beijing?

About Foreign Language

What do you like to do in your spare time?

What foreign languages can you speak?

Do you think it's necessary to learn a foreign language?

About Future Plan

What do you plan to study in future?

Which country would you like to go to?

Which university do you want to go to?

第三章 第二部分常考卡片及 第三部分常考问题

Describe your best friend.

How you knew each other;

how you became friends;

how you spend time together.

1. What qualities do you pay attention to when making friends?
2. How do you treat your friendship?
3. What is the position of friendship in your life?
4. Would you like to be with your family or your friends? Why?
5. What do you think can make friends break up?
6. Do you think friendship will change in the future?
7. What's the difference between adults and children in making friends?
8. How do you keep in touch with your friends if you don't see them regularly?

Describe a child.

Who he/she is.

What does he/she often do?

What character he/she has.

1. Do you think present children are happier than those in the past?
2. Is it good for children to learn instruments?
3. Is it good for children to wear uniforms at school?
4. If you have a child, will you send him or her to a single-sex school?
5. What are the problems in primary education in your country?
6. Is it convenient for children to play in the suburb?

Describe an elder person you are familiar with.

Who he/she is;

how he/she influences you.

1. What's the attitude of the government toward the elders in your country?
2. What are the differences in the attitude toward life between the young and the old in China?
3. What's the main problem of Chinese elder people?
4. What influences do the elder people in your family have?
5. What are the problems in the elder people's experience?
6. At what age do you think the elder should retire?