



名校数十位一线教师精心编写

一级

12套

全国公共英语等级考试

全真模拟试题与解析 (一级)

全国公共英语等级考试丛书

考试词汇速听速记(一、二级)

考试词汇速听速记(三级)

考试词汇速听速记(四级)

全真模拟试题与解析(一级B)

全真模拟试题与解析(一级)

全真模拟试题与解析(二级)

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全真模拟试题与解析(四级)

本书共编写模拟试题12套,并对每套试题进行了详解,样卷具有很强的针对性和前瞻性,适合考生考前训练,适合教师分析命题方向。



PETS真题预演

新趋势题型预测

名师考前伴你行

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12套

丛书主编 刘鹏飞

本书主编 孙 蕾 王冬梅 王 芳

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本书是《全国公共英语等级考试(PETS)全真模拟试题与解析》系列丛书的第一册, 主要供参加PETS一级考试的考生使用。本书在编写过程中, 参考了教育部考试中心发布的《全国公共英语等级考试大纲》, 并结合了近年来的考试真题, 力求做到题型新颖、内容充实、难度适中。本书可作为考生考前自测、模拟考试的参考书, 也可作为教师出题、阅卷的参考书。本书在编写过程中, 得到了许多专家和学者的帮助, 在此表示衷心的感谢。由于时间仓促, 书中难免存在一些疏漏, 欢迎广大读者批评指正。

主编

刘鹏飞

副主编

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由于编者水平所限,编写时间较短,书中疏漏和错误在所难免,敬请广大读者提出宝贵意见。

2005 年 1 月
于北京公寓

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全国公共英语等级考试(一级)

全真模拟试题(一)

第一部分 听力理解

第一节 图片判断

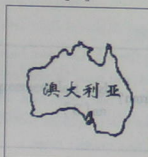
在本节中,你将听到10个句子,每句话配有[A],[B],[C]三幅图片,请选择与句子内容相符的一幅图片,并标在试卷相应的位置。每句话后有15秒钟的停顿,以便选择图片并看下一组图片。每句话读两遍。

例如,你将听到:Australia(澳大利亚)is on Southern Hemisphere(半球)。(两遍)请看选项

[A]



[B]

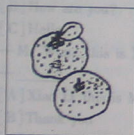


[C]



答案:[B]

1. [A]



[B]



[C]



2. [A]



[B]



[C]



3. [A]



[B]



[C]



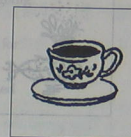
4. [A]



[B]



[C]



5. [A]



[B]



[C]



6. [A]



[B]



[C]



7. [A]



[B]



[C]



8. [A]



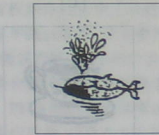
[B]



[C]



9. [A]



[B]



[C]



10. [A]



[B]



[C]



第二节 对话理解

在本节中,你将听到 15 个对话,每个对话有一个问题,请从[A],[B],[C]三个选项
中选出答案,并标在试卷的相应位置。每段对话后有 15 秒钟的停顿,以便回答问题和阅读下
一问题及其选项。每段对话读两遍。

例如,你将听到:

M: Morning, Madame, Can I help you?

F: Oh, Good morning. I'd like to buy a shirt for my father (两遍)。

请看问题和选项:

Where are they talking?

[A] At a school.

[B] In a shop.

[C] On a bus.

答案:[B]

下面,请听这些对话。

11. How long does it take from here to your home on foot?

[A] About half an hour.

[B] About half past an hour.

[C] About a quarter.

12. What is the woman looking for?

[A] A color TV set.

[B] A blue pen.

[C] A black pencil.

13. What day will it be tomorrow?

[A] Thursday, December the 5th.

[B] Tuesday, November the 13th.

[C] Thursday, December the 1st.

14. What does the man mean?

[A] He wants to know the woman's plan.

[B] He has a meeting on Friday.

[C] He wants to go to the cinema.

15. Where is the post office?

[A] It's near the bus stop.

[B] It's far away from the bus stop.

[C] It's behind the bus stop.

16. How old is the man now?

[A] 22 years old.

[B] 28 years old.

[C] 26 years old.

17. Where does John Smith come from?

[A] England.

[B] America.

[C] Canada.

18. What's the woman's address?

[A] No. 105, Dongfang Road.

[B] No. 45, Taipei Road.

[C] No. 145, Shanghai Road.

19. What's Mr. Wang doing?

[A] He's speaking to someone else on the telephone.

[B] He's answering someone's questions.

[C] He's working in his lab.

20. What are they talking about?

[A] They are talking about building a house.

[B] They are talking about their modern house.

[C] They are talking about making things.

21. What is it made of?

[A] It's made of metal and glass.

[B] It's made of metal and wood.

[C] It's made of paper, not metal.

22. What's happened to Zhang Hong?

[A] He is calling.

- [B] He needs help.
[C] He is ill.

23. What's wrong with Li Ping?

- [A] He can't work well.
[B] His heart can't work.
[C] Something is wrong with his heart.

24. When did it begin to rain?

- [A] At about 6:00.
[B] Before John got home.
[C] After John reached home.

25. What subject do they like better?

- [A] English. [B] Chinese. [C] Math.

第二部分 英语知识运用

第一节 单项填空

阅读下面的句子和对话,从[A],[B],[C]三个选项中选出一个能填入空白处的最佳选项,并在答题卡1上将该项涂黑。

例:

0. John and I made _____ agreement last night.

- [A] a [B] the [C] an

答案:[C]

26. — Hello! How are you?

- _____
[A] Fine. Thank you. And you
[B] How are you?
[C] Hello.

27. — Mr. Wang, this is Xiao Li.

- _____
[A] Xiao Li, this is Mr. Wang
[B] Thank you
[C] Good

28. What's this _____ English?

- [A] an [B] in [C] on

29. — Excuse _____, are _____ Miss Zhao?

- No, _____ am not.

- [A] me; you; I [B] me; your; I [C] I; you; my

30. _____ 5 and 3?

- It's eight.

- [A] What are [B] How's [C] What's

31. If I don't see you again, I hope it all _____ well for you.

- [A] go [B] went [C] goes

32. They didn't go to the park last Saturday _____ it was raining hard.

- [A] that [B] while [C] because

33. Can I _____ your book for a minute? I left mine at home.

- [A] borrow [B] lend [C] keep

34. — Will you come for the meeting?

- Yes, of course, if you think _____.

- [A] I come [B] I go [C] I should

35. He _____ into the office building when the fire bell rang.

- [A] goes [B] has gone [C] was going

36. Grandmother is ill. We must _____ a doctor.

- [A] send away [B] send off [C] send for

37. They _____ in America on September 9th.

- [A] arrived [B] got [C] reached

38. There are big trees on _____ side of the quiet street.

- [A] both [B] either [C] any

39. — May I have a look at your new watch?

- No, you _____.

- [A] needn't [B] mustn't [C] can't

40. Excuse me. May I have a piece of _____, please?

- [A] water [B] knife [C] paper

第二节 完形填空

阅读下面短文,从短文后所给的[A],[B],[C]三个选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项,并在答题卡1上将该项涂黑。

Mr. Green was driving with boxes of ice cream back (Example; 0) the storehouse when he 41 himself in a traffic jam (交通堵塞). Feeling hot 42 the sun, he took an ice-cream and ate it. Four 43 children in the car behind watched him eat it. He was 44 for them and gave them some ice cream, too. In minutes, he was surrounded by children. By the time traffic began to move, he had gone through four cardboard boxes. 45 of explaining the situation to his boss, he decided to buy the ice-cream himself. When he 46 to the storehouse, however, he was 47 to the manager's office and asked 48 he had given away the company stock. He thought that he would be punished. Instead, his boss smiled in a 49 way and said that it was the best public 50 the company had had in years, people had been phoning in to thank the company.

例:0.

- [A] to [B] for [C] at

答案:[A]

41. [A] caught [B] found [C] stuck

42. [A] in [B] under [C] by

43. [A] sweat [B] sweating [C] sweated

44. [A] happy [B] glad [C] sorry
45. [A] Sort [B] Instead [C] Kind
46. [A] got [B] went [C] arrived
47. [A] named [B] asked [C] called
48. [A] what [B] why [C] how
49. [A] strange [B] rude [C] friendly
50. [A] relation [B] communication [C] transportation

第三部分 阅读理解

第一节 词语搭配

从右栏所给选项中选出与左栏各项意义相符的选项,并在答题卡1上将该项涂黑。

例:

0. They guard the exits.

答案:[A]

51. He learns in a school. [A] soldier [B] guest
52. He is one member in the family. [C] pupil [D] husband
53. He sells things to people in a shop. [E] shop assistant
54. He visits you and stays in your house for a short time. [F] cook [G] driver
55. He prepares meals in the restaurant.

第二节 短文理解1

阅读下面短文,从[A](Right),[B](Wrong),[C](Doesn't Say)三个判断中选择一个正确的选项,并在答题卡1上将该项涂黑。

One afternoon when lessons were over, Peter and Paul did not go home. They stayed in school to help their teacher to start a new library in the school. They carried books for him. They worked for one hour and then their teacher said, "Thank you, boys. We will finish the work tomorrow. Now you must go home."

When the boys reached home, it was seven o'clock. It was dark outside, but there was a light inside their home and the door was open. They knew their parents were both at work, so they were surprised to see a man inside. They could see the man was looking for something.

"He must be a thief," Paul said. "I'll report to the police and you try to talk to him."

Then Peter went inside while Paul quickly hurried off to telephone the police. When the man saw Peter, he looked frightened. Then he smiled and said, "You don't know me, but I'm your father's friend, he asked me to fetch (取) some money for him." In no time two policemen arrived. As soon as the man saw the policemen, he tried to run off. But he was stopped and caught by the policemen.

Just then the boy's parents returned.

"Is this man your friend?" one of the policemen asked the boy's parents.
"No!" said Peter's father. "He is a thief. He wanted to steal my money. I'm glad you've caught him."

56. The boys' teacher was going to open a new library in the school.
[A] Right. [B] Wrong. [C] Doesn't say.
57. The boys usually helped their teacher after their lessons were over.
[A] Right. [B] Wrong. [C] Doesn't say.
58. The man was their mother's friend, not their father's.
[A] Right. [B] Wrong. [C] Doesn't say.
59. Paul ran to the police station and reported what happened.
[A] Right. [B] Wrong. [C] Doesn't say.
60. The policemen arrived in time and caught the thief.
[A] Right. [B] Wrong. [C] Doesn't say.

第三节 短文理解2

阅读下列短文,从[A],[B],[C]三个选项选择一个正确的答案,并在答题卡1上将该项涂黑。

请根据下面短文回答第61~66题:

In England, traffic (交通) keeps to the left. Cars and buses and bikes all move on the left side of the road. So when you are in England, you must be very careful in the streets. Before you cross a street, you must stop and look both ways. Look right, look left and look right again. If the traffic lights are red, the traffic must stop. Then the people on foot can cross the road. If the traffic lights are green, the traffic can go. People on foot mustn't cross.

In the morning and in the evening when people go to or come from work, the streets are very busy. Traffic is the most dangerous (危险) then.

When you go by bus in England, you have to be careful, too. Always remember the traffic moves on the left. Have a look first, or you will go the wrong way.

In many English cities, there are big buses with two floors. You can sit in the second floor. From there you can see the city very well. It's very interesting!

61. When you are in England, you must remember that _____.
[A] you'd better go by bus
[B] the traffic goes on the left
[C] the streets are very busy
62. People on foot can go across the road when _____.
[A] the traffic lights are green
[B] they look to the right
[C] the road is clear
63. When you go by bus in England, you must be careful because _____.
[A] you may go the wrong way
[B] there are too many buses there
[C] there are big buses with two floors

64. Some people enjoy sitting on the second floor of a big bus because _____.

- [A] it is no danger
[B] there are fewer people there
[C] they can have a better view of the city

65. The best title (标题) would be _____.

- [A] buses in England
[B] traffic in England
[C] traffic lights in England

请根据下面短文回答第 67 ~ 70 题:

You find a piece of paper outside your door today. Read it carefully and you may find it quite important to you.

YOUR BUILDING SERVICE

- ✓ We help people in this part of the city by:
- checking all plans (方案) before people build new houses or make changes to old ones;
 - checking water pipes (管道);
 - looking at any problem buildings and making sure that they are all right.
- ✓ We check 900 building plans each year.
- ✓ We look at 700 building places each month to see if things are going on well.

WHERE CAN YOU GET MORE DETAILS

- ✓ The Building Service is at the City Hall, Kenton, CN1 6KJ. Telephone: 676316 or 676317
- ✓ We have office hours for people to come and talk about their problems.

HELP US TO HELP YOU

- ✓ If you do building work, please think of other people.
- ✓ Be nice to people living next door.
- ✓ If you want to talk to us about your problems, please give as much detail (细节) as possible.
- ✓ If you see any building problems, please let us know right away.

WHAT YOU CAN DO IF THINGS GO WRONG

- ✓ If you are not happy with us and have anything to say about the Building Service, please come, phone or write to The Planning Office, City Hall, Kenton, CN1 6KJ. Telephone: 676317

66. How many building places does the Building Service look at each month to see if things are going on well?

- [A] 700. [B] 900. [C] We don't know.

67. What is this text about?

- [A] Using the City Hall.
[B] Making telephone calls.
[C] The building services in town.

68. What should you do if you are making changes to your house?

- [A] Check 700 plans to build new buildings.

- [B] Think carefully about those living near you.
[C] Give enough details to the people next door.

69. Which part of the text helps if you are angry about the Building Service?

- [A] HELP US TO HELP YOU
[B] YOUR BUILDING SERVICE
[C] WHAT YOU CAN DO IF THINGS GO WRONG

70. "HELP US TO HELP YOU" means _____.

- [A] sometimes your help is not necessary
[B] you can make it easier for us to help
[C] usually we cannot help you

第四部分 写作

第一节 改写句子

下面是三对句子。每对句子中,第一句是原句,第二句是第一句的改写。要求根据原句和第二句中已经给出的部分补全第二句,把补出的部分写到答题卡 2 上各题的序号后。注意不能改变原句的意思。

71. A day has 24 hours.

_____ 24 hours in a day.

72. The shop isn't near my house.

The shop _____ my house.

73. He is taller than any other students in his class.

He is _____ in his class.

第二节 书面表达

74. 情景:

小丽是你的室友,她的朋友打电话来,可是她不在。

任务:

给小丽写一个 50 字左右的电话记录,告诉她:

1. 明天约小丽去逛街。
2. 早上 9:00 在商场门口碰面。
3. 不要迟到。

请用下面的格式:

From:

To:

Date: march, 15th

Time: 9:00

Message:

Dear:

全国公共英语等级考试(一级)

全真模拟试题(二)

第一部分 听力理解

第一节 图片判断

在本节中,你将听到10个句子,每句话配有[A],[B],[C]三幅图片,请选择与句子内容相符的一幅图片,并标在试卷相应的位置。每句话后有15秒钟的停顿,以便选择图片并看下一组图片。每句话读两遍。

例如,你将听到:Australia(澳大利亚)is on Southern Hemisphere(半球)。(两遍)请看选项

[A]



答案:[B]

[B]



[C]



1. [A]



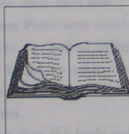
[B]



[C]



2. [A]



[B]



[C]



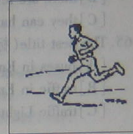
3. [A]



[B]



[C]



4. [A]



[B]



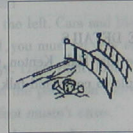
[C]



5. [A]



[B]



[C]



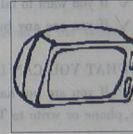
6. [A]



[B]



[C]



7. [A]



[B]



[C]



8.

[A]



[B]



[C]



9.

[A]



[B]

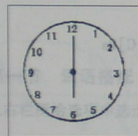


[C]

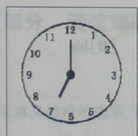


10.

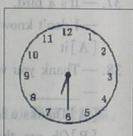
[A]



[B]



[C]



第二节 对话理解

在本节中,你将听到 15 个对话,每个对话有一个问题,请从 [A], [B], [C] 三个选项中选择答案,并标在试卷的相应位置。每段对话后有 15 秒钟的停顿,以便回答问题和阅读下一问题及其选项。每段对话读两遍。

例如,你将听到:

M: Morning, Madame, Can I help you?

F: Oh, Good morning. I'd like to buy a shirt for my father (两遍).

请看问题和选项:

Where are they talking?

[A] At a school.

[B] In a shop.

[C] On a bus.

答案: [B]

11. What does the man mean?

[A] He doesn't like the story.

[B] He has nothing to say about the story.

[C] He agrees with the woman.

12. When did the woman go to the Great Wall?

[A] She went there last spring.

[B] She went there last autumn.

[C] She went there last winter.

13. What time is it?

[A] It's eight o'clock.

[B] It's eight twenty.

[C] It's nearly seven o'clock.

14. Where is the woman?

[A] She's in a shop.

[B] She's in a restaurant.

[C] She's at home.

15. What did the man want to do?

[A] He wanted to buy a bike.

[B] He wanted to borrow a bike.

[C] He wanted to sell a bike.

16. What are they talking about?

[A] The lovely day.

[B] The heavy rain.

[C] The weather.

17. What does the man want to have?

[A] A story-book.

[B] A piece of paper.

[C] An English book.

18. Which of the following is true?

[A] A policeman found the lost boy.

[B] The boy went home himself.

[C] The boy was found in a street.

19. What will the man want to drink?

[A] A cup of tea.

[B] A glass of coffee.

[C] Some water.

20. What does Alice's father want to buy for her?

[A] A sweater.

[B] A watch.

[C] A red bike.

21. Who gave a talk at the meeting?

[A] A famous writer.

[B] A famous scientist.

[C] A famous doctor.

22. What does the man mean?

[A] He wants to get rid of his broken watch.

[B] He wants the woman to repair his watch.

- [C] He wants the woman's husband to repair his watch.
23. What does the man hear?
[A] He hears someone singing.
[B] He hears someone calling him.
[C] He hears someone calling the woman.
24. Who are talking?
[A] Two students.
[B] Two policemen.
[C] Two tourists.
25. What does their daughter do?
[A] She is a doctor.
[B] She is a teacher.
[C] She is a student.

第二部分 英语知识运用

第一节 单项填空

阅读下面的句子和对话,从[A],[B],[C]三个选项中选出一个能填入空白处的最佳选项,并在答题卡1上将该项涂黑。

0. John and I made _____ agreement last Friday.

[A] a [B] an [C] the

答案:[B]

26. Mary _____ that piece of cake for twenty yuan.
[A] spent [B] cost [C] bought
27. Look at the clouds. It _____ this evening.
[A] will rain
[B] is going to rain
[C] is going to be a heavy rain
28. She asked me whether _____ able to read and write in English.
[A] was he
[B] he was
[C] he would be
29. I _____ go there this morning, so I stayed home.
[A] didn't need to
[B] didn't need
[C] needn't
30. — Who shall I give this dictionary to?
— You can give it to _____. It doesn't matter.
[A] anybody
[B] somebody

[C] everybody

31. There _____ some boys on the playground.
[A] is [B] are [C] have
32. Hurry up. Don't keep Xiao Wang _____.
[A] wait [B] waited [C] waiting
33. Something is wrong with my bike. I must have it _____ this afternoon.
[A] repair
[B] repaired
[C] repairing
34. We'll go to the Great Wall if it _____ this weekend.
[A] doesn't rain
[B] don't rain
[C] won't rain
35. I'm hungry. _____ me something to eat, please.
[A] Take [B] Carry [C] Bring
36. — Is Wang Fang at home?
— _____, she is at school.
[A] Yes [B] No [C] Wrong
37. — It's a bird.
— I don't know _____ name.
[A] it [B] his [C] its
38. — Thank you very much.
— _____.
[A] Thanks a lot
[B] Oh, yes, thank you
[C] That's all right
39. — Your bag is very nice.
— _____.
[A] Thank you [B] Certainly [C] OK
40. The twins _____ American girls. They are in _____ class.
[A] are; the same
[B] is; the same
[C] is; same

第二节 完形填空

阅读下面短文,从短文后所给的[A],[B],[C]三个选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项,并在答题卡1上将该项涂黑。

Steven works in a farm tool factory. He and five of his friends are very interested (Example: 0) singing. So they have 41 a singing group which is called Happy Birds. They sing 42 songs both in Chinese and in foreign languages. They sing very 43. The other workers and people 44 the villages around really like to hear them 45. Now New Year's Day 46 here soon. The Happy Birds have been asked to 47 at different places. They'd 48 to go to

all of them. 49. one friend has too much work and 50. may have to give up his holidays. The Happy Birds can't sing without him.

例:

0. [A] in
答案: [A]

[B] on

[C] at

- | | | |
|-----------------|--------------|-------------|
| 41. [A] built | [B] taken | [C] formed |
| 42. [A] many | [B] much | [C] lot |
| 43. [A] good | [B] well | [C] best |
| 44. [A] in | [B] at | [C] to |
| 45. [A] sang | [B] sing | [C] to sing |
| 46. [A] will be | [B] has been | [C] was |
| 47. [A] arrive | [B] go | [C] sing |
| 48. [A] love | [B] want | [C] plan |
| 49. [A] 50 | [B] But | [C] When |
| 50. [A] they | [B] he | [C] it |

第三部分 阅读理解

第一节 词语搭配

从右栏所给选项中选出与左栏各项意义相符的选项,并在答题卡 1 上将该项涂黑。

0. They guard the exits.
答案: [F]

- | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------|
| 51. Make a bike move. | [A] fly |
| 52. Travel in the air. | [B] grow |
| 53. Do something for somebody. | [C] go |
| 54. Become big. | [D] help |
| 55. Move away. | [E] ride |
| | [F] cook |
| | [G] soldier |

第二节 短文理解 1

阅读下面短文,从[A](Right),[B](Wrong),[C](Doesn't Say)三个判断中选择一个正确的选项,并在答题卡 1 上将该项涂黑。

Clif could run fast indeed. And nobody else in his town could run faster than he. So Clif was proud of this and always ready to show people how fast he could run.

One day a thief broke into his house, took some of his things and ran away as fast as he could. Clif ran after him, shouting, "Hey, Stop! Stop! Don't you know you can't get away from me?"

But the thief ran even faster. Clif got so angry that he ran hardest. He was soon several miles away from his home. He was still running along when he met a friend. "Why are you in such a hurry?" the friend asked. "I'm trying to catch a thief," said Clif. "But where is the thief?" asked the friend. "Miles and miles behind," said Clif. "He thought he could run faster than I, but you see he is wrong!"

56. Clif could run fastest in his town. [A] Right. [B] Wrong. [C] Doesn't say.
57. He never showed others how fast he could run. [A] Right. [B] Wrong. [C] Doesn't say.
58. One day a thief entered his house and stole some of his important things. [A] Right. [B] Wrong. [C] Doesn't say.
59. Clif ran much faster than the thief did. [A] Right. [B] Wrong. [C] Doesn't say.
60. Clif caught the thief before he met his friend. [A] Right. [B] Wrong. [C] Doesn't say.

第三节 短文理解 2

阅读下列短文,从[A],[B],[C]三个选项选择一个正确的答案,并在答题卡 1 上将该项涂黑。

请根据下面短文回答第 61~66 题:

Mr. Black was young and able. He worked very hard. And the boss liked him. Last month he was sent to China on business. When he got to Beijing, he visited some places of interest and felt very happy.

One morning before he left for London, he decided to buy something for Tony, the son of his boss. At first he didn't know what to buy for the boy. Suddenly he remembered that the boy liked birds very much, so he went to the bird market. He was glad to find that there were so many kinds of birds there. He bought four beautiful birds, then he told the boy about it on the telephone.

As soon as Mr. Black returned to London by air, he went to Tony with the four birds. But on his way to the boss's home, one of them flew out of the cage (笼子) and there were only three birds left in it. Then Mr. Black bought a local (当地的) bird to take the place of the missing Chinese one.

Tony of course was very happy when he saw the birds. But soon he found one of them was different from the other three. He asked, "It's a local bird, isn't it, Mr. Black?"

"Yes, it is." Mr. Black answered, "It's an interpreter (译员)."

61. The boss sent Mr. Black to China on business because _____.
[A] Mr. Black had never been to China before
[B] Mr. Black was an able and hardworking man
[C] Mr. Black could buy something interesting for Tony
62. Mr. Black bought four birds because _____.
[A] they were different from the local ones
[B] they were very beautiful

63. Mr. Black returned to London _____.
- [A] by train [B] by ship [C] by plane
64. Mr. Black said the local bird was an interpreter because _____.
- [A] the three Chinese birds didn't know English [B] it was different from the Chinese birds [C] he was making a joke
65. What happened to one of the four birds?
- [A] It was dead on the way to London. [B] It flew away from the cage. [C] It was stolen by someone.

请根据下面短文回答第67~70题:

An artist went to a beautiful part of the country for a holiday and stayed with a farmer. Every day he went out with his paints (颜料) and his brushes (刷子) and painted from morning to evening, and then when it got dark, he went back to the farm and had a good dinner before he went to bed.

At the end of his holiday he wanted to pay the farmer, but the farmer said, "No, I don't want money, but give me one of your pictures. What is money? In a week it will all be finished, but your painting (画) will be here."

The artist was very glad and thanked the farmer for saying such kind things about his painting. The farmer smiled and answered, "It's not that. I have a son in London. He wants to become an artist. When he comes here next month, I will show him your picture. And he will not want to be an artist any more, I think."

66. The artist was _____ holiday in the country.
- [A] on [B] for [C] in
67. Every day the artist could _____ a good dinner.
- [A] had [B] has [C] have
68. At last the artist wanted to give _____ to the farmer: a _____.
- [A] paints [B] money [C] brushes
69. The farmer wanted _____ picture.
- [A] artist [B] the artist's [C] the artist's
70. The farmer's son wanted _____ an artist.
- [A] was [B] is [C] to be

第四部分 写作

第一节 改写句子

71. We usually have dinner at home.
We _____ have dinner at home.

72. They go to Shanghai. They don't go to Beijing.
They go to Shanghai _____ Beijing.
73. The old man is too sick to talk to us.
The old man is _____ talk to us.

第二节 书面表达

74. 情景:

你在家中收到一封电报,让你下午3:00去机场接你的父母,而你的丈夫没有在家。

任务:

请你用50字左右写一张便条,告诉你的丈夫,

1. 你下午3:00要去做什么。

2. 希望你的丈夫下班后作些什么安排。

请用下面的格式:

Dear hai:

亲爱的丈夫:

爱你的妻子

全国公共英语等级考试(一级)

全真模拟试题(三)

第一部分 听力理解

第一节 图片判断

在本节中,你将听到10个句子,每句话配有[A],[B],[C]三幅图片,请选择与句子内容相符的一幅图片,并标在试卷相应的位置。每句话后有15秒钟的停顿,以便选择图片并看下一组图片。每句话读两遍。

例如,你将听到:Australia(澳大利亚)is on Southern Hemisphere(半球)。(两遍)请看选项

[A]

[B]

[C]

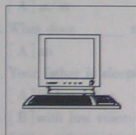


答案:[B]

1. [A]

[B]

[C]



2. [A]

[B]

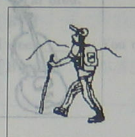
[C]



3. [A]

[B]

[C]



4. [A]

[B]

[C]



5. [A]

[B]

[C]



6. [A]

[B]

[C]



7. [A]

[B]

[C]



8. [A]



[B]



[C]



9. [A]



[B]



[C]



10. [A]



[B]



[C]



第二节 对话理解

在本节中,你将听到 15 个对话,每个对话有一个问题,请从[A],[B],[C]三个选项中选出答案,并标在试卷的相应位置。每段对话后有 15 秒钟的停顿,以便回答问题和阅读下一问题及其选项。每段对话读两遍。

例如,你将听到:

M: Morning, Madame, Can I help you?

F: Oh, Good morning. I'd like to buy a shirt for my father (两遍)。

请看问题和选项:

Where are they talking?

[A] At a school.

[B] In a shop.

[C] On a bus.

答案:[B]

11. When was the building built?

[A] Seven years ago.

[B] Twenty years ago.

[C] Twelve years ago.

12. What does the man mean?

[A] Mr. Lin won't fire the man.

[B] Mr. Lin will fire the man.

[C] Mr. Lin is a strict man.

13. What is the man going to do?

[A] Buy a radio.

[B] Teach the woman how to fix the radio.

[C] Call the woman when the radio is fixed.

14. What is Gary trying to collect money for?

[A] For the sound lab.

[B] For a wildlife project.

[C] For a school library.

15. How many people are there in the women's family?

[A] Three.

[B] Four.

[C] Five.

16. What does the woman mean?

[A] It is cold today.

[B] Don't open the window.

[C] Do as you like.

17. What time is it now?

[A] 7:00.

[B] 8:00.

[C] 8:30.

18. What does the man mean?

[A] He doesn't like the dining room.

[B] He doesn't like the breakfast.

[C] He wants to know when he can eat breakfast.

19. What will the woman do?

[A] She will help the man to find Susan.

[B] She will not help the man.

[C] She will telephone Susan.

20. What is the woman going to do?

[A] Close the door.

[B] Open the door.

[C] Clean the door.

21. What will the Professor Zhou do?

[A] He will be away.

[B] He will meet LILL.

[C] He is rude.

22. What does the man want the woman to do?

[A] To repeat it.

[B] To show the passport.

[C] To go to the garden.

23. When can the woman see the new book?

[A] Next week.

[B] Today.

[C] Tuesday.

24. Where are they talking?

[A] At a bus station.

[B] In a shop.

[C] In a classroom.

25. What will the man probably do?

[A] Telephone Mary.

[B] Go and see Mary.

[C] Write Mary a letter.

第二部分 英语知识运用

第一节 单项填空

阅读下面的句子和对话,从[A],[B],[C]三个选项中选出一个能填入空白处的最佳选项,并在答题卡1上将该项涂黑。

0. John and I made _____ agreement last Friday.

[A] a

[B] an

[C] the

答案:[B]

26. China is a great country _____ a long history.

[A] of

[B] for

[C] with

27. What fine weather! Let's _____.

[A] to go boating

[B] went boating

[C] go boating

28. It is Sunday today. Lily and Lucy _____ in the park.

[A] playing

[B] plays

[C] are playing

29. Don't throw stones _____ the monkey when you are playing with him.

[A] at/in

[B] to/of

[C] at/with

30. What does _____ moon look like?

[A] an

[B] the

[C] a

31. Your father is sleeping. Let's talk _____.

[A] in low voice

[B] with low voice

[C] in a low voice

32. "What are you doing?" "I'm talking to my father _____ the phone."

[A] in

[B] On

[C] with

33. Mrs Wu can't hear her friend _____ because the children aren't playing _____.

[A] clearly/quietly

[B] clear/quiet

[C] clearly/quiet

34. Peter's book is _____ of all.

[A] more difficult

[B] difficult

[C] the most difficult

35. "What's the matter _____ you?" "I'm tired."

[A] in

[B] of

[C] with

36. The doctor said to me. "Eat and sleep _____. You can grow quickly."

[A] a lot of

[B] much

[C] a lot

37. Is it _____ for you to hear?

[A] enough loud

[B] loud enough

[C] loud too

38. Take a walk and eat less, you'll _____ healthy and strong soon.

[A] be

[B] are

[C] were

39. "I don't like this one." "You can change to _____ one."

[A] other

[B] the others

[C] another

40. You don't draw so _____ as your brother.

[A] good

[B] better

[C] well

第二节 完形填空

阅读下面短文,从短文后所给的[A],[B],[C]三个选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项,并在答题卡1上将该项涂黑。

Mr Green worked (Example: 0) an office. Every morning he had 41 with his family at half past seven, 42 his newspaper, drank a cup of coffee and then 43 his house at eight o'clock and went to 44 his train to town.

One morning he was still sitting 45 at the breakfast table and reading his newspaper at five past eight. He asked his wife for 46 cup of coffee.

"One more?" she asked, "but aren't you 47 to the office today?" 48 you got a holiday?" "The office?" he looked up from his 49 and said sadly. "I thought I 50 at the office."

例:

0. [A] in

[B] on

[C] at

答案:[A]

41. [A] breakfast [B] lunch [C] supper

42. [A] watched [B] saw [C] read

43. [A] leave [B] leaving [C] left

44. [A] make [B] have [C] take

45. [A] happy [B] happily [C] quickly

46. [A] other [B] another [C] the other

47. [A] going [B] to go [C] go

48. [A] Do [B] Have [C] Has

49. [A] book [B] magazine [C] newspaper

50. [A] was [B] am [C] were

第三部分 阅读理解

第一节 词语搭配

从右栏所给选项中选出与左栏各项意义相符的选项,并在答题卡1上将该项涂黑。

例:
one hundred years
答案:[E]

- | | |
|---|----------------|
| 51. a kind of ball | [A] look |
| 52. an area of land | [B] theatre |
| 53. give attention in seeing | [C] name |
| 54. you go there in order to see a play | [D] farm |
| 55. the word that someone is called | [E] century |
| | [F] basketball |
| | [G] most |

第二节 短文理解1

阅读下面短文,从[A](Right),[B](Wrong),[C](Doesn't Say)三个判断中选择一个正确的选项,并在答题卡1上将该项涂黑。

In a village five kilometers away from the town, there was a very big tree. It was one hundred years old. The people in the village often picked its branches(树枝) to cook meals. The children in the village often played games under the tree. Some people cut their names on the tree. One day a group of players came to the village. They put on a show in the afternoon. The people in the village came round the tree to watch the show. Some of the people even(甚至) sat on the branches of the tree. An hour later, a heavy rain struck(袭击) the village. The tree fell down and it killed nine people.

- | | | | |
|---|------------|------------|------------------|
| 56. There was a very big and old tree in the village. | [A] Right. | [B] Wrong. | [C] Doesn't say. |
| 57. People in the village looked after the tree very carefully. | [A] Right. | [B] Wrong. | [C] Doesn't say. |
| 58. One day a thief entered the village and stole some of his important things. | [A] Right. | [B] Wrong. | [C] Doesn't say. |
| 59. A group of players came to the village and killed nine people. | [A] Right. | [B] Wrong. | [C] Doesn't say. |
| 60. That day it rained heavily. | [A] Right. | [B] Wrong. | [C] Doesn't say. |

第三节 短文理解2

阅读下列短文,从[A],[B],[C]三个选项选择一个正确的答案,并在答题卡1上将

该项涂黑。

请根据下面短文回答第61~66题:

When I was a boy, I liked swimming very much. One year my two brothers and I spent(度过) the summer holidays with my uncle and aunt in their house by the sea. It was only twenty meters from the water. Every day we put on our swimming shorts(短裤) before breakfast, ran down to the sea and jumped in. We liked staying in the sea all day. When our aunt rang a bell, we went back to the house for food, but we ate it in our swimming shorts and were soon back in the sea again.

The water was warm. There were no waves. Three times during our holidays we had strong winds. They made big waves in the sea. But we were good swimmers. We didn't stop. We stopped swimming after we were tired and hungry.

61. The boy liked _____ very much.
- [A] his family living by the sea
[B] walking to his uncle's house every day
[C] swimming in the sea
62. One year the boy _____.
- [A] went out to look for food
[B] went to spend his summer holidays in his uncle's house
[C] ran to the sea to catch fishes
63. The boy's uncle and aunt _____.
- [A] lived by the sea
[B] liked swimming very much
[C] liked ringing a bell
64. When there were strong winds, the boy and his brothers _____.
- [A] didn't stop swimming in the sea
[B] stayed in the house and played games
[C] had a look at the sky and slept in the house
65. "We were good swimmers." means _____.
- [A] we were good students
[B] we began to swim
[C] we were good at swimming

请根据下面短文回答第66~70题:

For several years, Americans have enjoyed teleshopping—watching TV and buying things by phone. Now teleshopping is starting in Europe. In a number of European countries, people can turn on their TVs and shop for clothes, food, toys, and many other things.

Teleshopping is becoming popular in Sweden. The biggest Swedish company(公司) sells different kinds of things on TV in 15 European countries, and in one year it made \$100 million. In France there are two teleshopping channels, and the French spend about \$20 million a year buying things through those channels.

In Germany, until last year teleshopping was only possible on one channel for one hour every day. Then the government allowed more teleshopping. Other channels can open for telebusiness. German businesses are hoping this new teleshopping will help them sell more things.