

根据教育部重新修订并颁布的《复习考试大纲》编写

专升本（非师范类）入学考试参考丛书

英语考试 参考书

(修订版)

《英语考试参考书》编写组

中央广播电视台出版社



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(京)新登字 163 号

图书在版编目(CIP)数据

英语考试参考书/《英语考试参考书》编写组编·一修订版·一北京:中央广播电视台大学出版社,1997.11

(专升本(非师范类)入学考试参考丛书)

ISBN 7-304-01512-8

I. 英… II. 英… III. 英语-高等教育:成人教育-入学考试-自学参考资料 IV. H31

中国版本图书馆 CIP 数据核字(97)第 25990 号

英 语 考 试

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社址:北京市复兴门内大街 160 号 邮编:100031

北京印刷二厂印刷 新华书店北京发行所发行

开本 787×1092 1/16 印张 20.5 千字 509

1994 年 10 月第 1 版

1997 年 10 月第 2 版 1998 年 9 月第 5 次印刷

印数 118001~258000

定价 20.00 元

ISBN 7-304-01512-8/G · 343

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前　　言

1993年制定的《全国各类成人高等学校专科起点本科班招生(非师范类)复习考试大纲》(试用本)期限已满,教育部于1997年组织有关专家在原《复习考试大纲》的基础上,重新修订并颁布了《全国各类成人高等学校专科起点本科班招生(非师范类)复习考试大纲》。

考虑到考生在使用《复习考试大纲》进行复习备考时,因缺少统一的教材所面临诸多困难,我们曾于1994年组织了部分编写和审查大纲的教授和专家根据原《全国各类成人高等学校专科起点本科班招生(非师范类)复习考试大纲》(试用本)编写了一套《专升本(非师范类)入学考试参考丛书》。

鉴于重新修订并颁布的《复习考试大纲》在内容、要求、试卷结构和标准样卷等方面都与原大纲有一定的变化,我们又及时组织参加大纲修订的专家和教授对原《专升本(非师范类)入学考试参考丛书》进行了全面修订。

本套丛书共分30册,包括政治(公共课)、英语、大学语文、图书馆学、档案学、文学概论、新闻学、政治学概论、行政管理学、高等数学(一)、高等数学(二)、财政金融学、会计学原理、环境保护概论、管理学概论、电子技术基础、电路原理、机械设计基础、结构力学、化工原理、地质学概论、医学基础、植物生理学、中医基础理论、民法、刑法、市场营销学概论、海洋生物学、食品微生物学、家畜生理学。

新修订的这套考试参考书更注重实用性和针对性,可以帮助考生提高他们在入学前的知识和能力水平。

由于编写时间仓促,不当之处还望各学科专家及广大读者提出宝贵的意见,待再版时进一步完善。

该套丛书经教育部考试中心审定,并作为推荐用书。

编　者

1997年10月

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语 音 知 识

要真正学好一种语言,就要有声地掌握该语言,即首先是语音。要掌握英语单词的读音,了解一些发音规则是十分必要的。大部分辅音字母在单词中的发音基本固定,元音字母的发音也有一定的规则可循。

一、元音字母在重读开音节中的读音

(一)什么叫开音节

- 以元音字母结尾的音节,如: no, my, be, he, so 等,以及“元音字母+e(一般不读音)”结尾的音节,如: see, hoe, pie, due 等。
- “一个元音字母+一个辅音字母(r除外)+e(不读音)”结尾的音节,如: eve, use, name, note, life 等。

(二)开音节的读音规则

元音字母在开音节中一般读其字母名称的音:

a [ei] e [i:] i (y) [ai] o [əu] u [ju:]

(三)练习

take [teik] face [feis] hate [heit] state [steit]

fade [feid] safe [seif] base [beis] jade [dʒeid]

grade [greid] blade [bleid] cake [keik] late [leit]

she [ʃi:] be [bi:] we [wi:] he [hi:]

eve [i:v] bee [bi:] theme [θi:m] these [ði:z]

lee [li:] me [mi:] see [si:] three [θri:]

five [faiv] nine [nain] life [laif] ripe [raip]

pipe [paip] spy [spai] fine [fain] line [lain]

dive [daiv] type [taip] lie [lai] rye [rai]

note [nəut] those [ðəuz] sole [səul] foe [fəu]

node [nəud] zone [zəun] hope [həup] joke [dʒəuk]

smoke [sməuk] home [həum] rose [rəuz] toe [təu]

use [ju:z] cute [kjut] tube [tju:b] tune [tju:n]

mule [mju:l] puke [pjuk] hue [hju:] duke [dju:k]

student ['stju:dənt]

但是，

1. 下列单词的读音例外

have [hæv] give [giv]
move [mu:v] do [du:]

to [tu:] live [liv]
shoe [ʃu:] who [hu:]

2. o 后面是 m, n, v, th 时, 读作 [ʌ]

mother ['mʌðə] brother ['brʌðə]
one [wʌn] some [sʌm]

glove [glʌv] love [lʌv]
come [kʌm] son [sʌn]

而以下单词例外：

most [məʊst] post [pəʊst]
both [bəʊθ] Rome [rəʊm]

cold [kəuld] bold [bəuld]

3. u 在辅音字母 l, r, j 后面时, 读作 [u:]

June [dʒu:n] rule [ru:l]
truth [tru:θ]

true [tru:] blue [blu:]

二、元音字母在重读闭音节中的读音

(一)什么叫闭音节

以“一个元音字母+一个或几个辅音字母(r除外)”结尾的音节叫闭音节, 如: at, ebb, vent, if, must 等。

(二)闭音节的读音规则

元音字母在闭音节中读所规定的短元音:

a [æ] e [e] i (y) [i] o [ɔ] u [ʌ] 或 [u]

(三)练习

add [æd]	at [æt]	map [mæp]	glad [glæd]	lamp [læmp]
nap [næp]	flag [flæg]	fan [fæn]	plan [plæn]	stand [stænd]
flat [flæt]	dam [dæm]			
desk [desk]	bed [bed]	pen [pen]	send [send]	mend [mend]
kept [kept]	left [lef:t]	melt [melt]	ebb [eb]	rent [rent]
west [west]	end [end]			
tilt [tilt]	lift [lift]	win [win]	dip [dip]	split [split]
lid [lid]	mill [mil]	lip [lip]	wish [wiʃ]	think [θiŋk]
stick [stik]	sit [sit]			
box [boks]	stop [stɒp]	not [nɒt]	dog [dɒg]	hot [hɒt]
toss [tɒs]	plot [plɒt]	rod [rɒd]	top [tɒp]	fog [fɒg]

long [lɔŋ]

shop [ʃɔp]

sun [sʌn]

bus [bʌs]

club [klʌb]

blunt [blʌnt]

dull [dʌl]

nut [nʌt]

put [put]

dust [dʌst]

full [ful]

但是,

1. a 前面是辅音[w]时, 读作[ə]

what [wət]

quality ['kwɔlitɪ]

wash [wəʃ]

2. a 后面是 st, ss, sp, sk, th, f(t), n 时, 读作[a:]

fast [fa:st]

class [kla:s]

grasp [gra:sp]

ask [a:sk]

bath [ba:θ]

staff [sta:f]

plant [pla:nt]

craft [kra:f]

master ['ma:stə]

3. 词尾是 “-nd” 和 “-ld” 时, “i” 读作[ai]

find [faɪnd]

child [tʃaɪld]

kind [kaɪnd]

三、元音字母在单词中的读音——重读 R 音节读音规则

(一) 构成

“元音字母+r”构成的音节叫“R 音节”。

(二) 读音

1. ar 读作[a:]

farmer ['fa:mə]

cart [ka:t]

mark [ma:k]

harm [ha:m]

large [la:dʒ]

park [pa:k]

partner ['pa:tne]

hard [ha:d]

far [fa:]

star [sta:]

但是下列单词例外:

war [wɔ:]

ward [wo:d]

warm [wɔ:m]

2. or 读作[ɔ:]

north [nɔ:θ]

torch [tɔ:tʃ]

order ['ɔ:də]

thorn [θɔ:n]

morning ['mɔ:nɪŋ]

forty ['fɔ:ti]

port [pɔ:t]

formal ['fɔ:mel]

perform [pə'fɔ:m]

form [fɔ:m]

但是下列单词例外:

work [wə:k]

world [wə:ld]

worker ['wə:ke]

word [wə:d]

3. er, ir, ur 均读作[ə:]

serve [sə:v]

nerve [nə:v]

per [pə:]

stern [stə:n]

verb [və:b]

term [tə:m]

first [fə:st]

third [θə:d]

firm [fɪrm]

stir [sti:]

shirt [ʃə:t]

girl [gə:l]

turn [tə:n] turbine ['tə:bain] purple ['pə:pl] purpose ['pə:pəs]
purse [pə:s] nurse [nə:s]

但是，

(1) very ['veri] clerk [klə:k] 或 [klæk] 例外。

(2) 在双音节或多音节词中，辅音字母 r 双拼时，左边的重读音节按闭音节读音：

marry ['mæri] current ['kʌrənt] hurry ['hʌri]

四、重读“-re”音节的读法

1. are 读作 [ə:]

rare [rə:] ware [wə:] fare [fə:] dare [də:]
care [ke:] square [skwə:]

但是以下单词例外：

are 读作 [a:]

2. “ar+元音字母”读作 [ər]

variable ['və:rɪəbl] various ['və:rɪəs] vary ['və:rɪ]

3. ere 多读作 [iə]，有时读作 [ə:]

mere [mi:] where [wə:] there [ðə:] here [hi:]

但是以下单词例外：

were 读作 [wə:]

4. “er+元音字母”读作 [iə]

serious ['siəriəs] experience [iks'piəriəns] period ['piəriəd]
material [mə'tiəriəl]

5. ore 读作 [ɔ:]

more [mɔ:] bore [bɔ:] before [bi'fɔ:] store [stɔ:]
wore [wɔ:]

6. “or+元音字母”读作 [ɔ:r]

glorious ['glo:rɪəs] story ['sto:ri]

7. ire 读作 [aiə]

hire [haiə] fire [faɪə] tire [taɪə] require [ri'kwaɪə]

8. ure 读作 [juə] 或 [uə]

pure [pjuə] sure [suə] cure [kjue] manure [mə'njuə]

9. “ur+元音字母” 读作[juər]

curious ['kjueriəs] during ['djuəriŋ]

五、一些字母组合在重读音节中的读法

1. ee 读作[i:]

feel [fi:l]	meet [mi:t]	steel [sti:l]	green [grin]
teeth [ti:θ]	see [si:]	sleep [sli:p]	keep [ki:p]
three [θri:]	need [ni:d]		

2. ea 读作[i:]或[e]

heat [hi:t]	bread [bred]	spread [spred]	healthful ['helθfʊl]
easy ['i:zi]	each [i:tʃ]	peace [pi:s]	deal [di:l]
dead [ded]	lead [led]	head [hed]	

但是下列单词例外：

great [greit] break [breik]

3. ei, ie 读作[i:]

ceiling ['si:liŋ]	niece [ni:s]	field [fi:ld]	receive [ri'si:v]
piece [pi:s]			

但是下列单词例外：

neighbour ['neibə] eight [eit] friend [frend]

4. ear 读作[iə]或[ea]，ear 后有辅音时读作[e:]

eer 读作[iə]

dear [diə]	hear [hiə]	tear [tiə]	fear [fiə]
wear [weə]	bear [beə]	pear [peə]	year [jə:] 或 [jiə]
learn [lə:n]	early ['e:li]		
cheer [tʃiə]	beer [biə]	deer [diə]	pioneer [paie'niə]
engineer [endʒi'niə]			

5. ew, eu 读作[ju:]

dew [du:]	mew [mu:]	pew [pu:]	new [nu:]
few [fju:]	feudal ['fju:dəl]	neutral ['nju:trəl]	

但是,ew 在辅音字母 l, r, j 后面时, 读作[u:]:

blew [blu:] crew [kru:] jew [dʒu:]

6. au, augh, aw 读作[ɔ:]

cause [ko:z] launch [laʊntʃ]
taught [tɔ:t] caught [kɔ:t]
saw [so:] awful ['ɔ:fʊl]

fault [fɔ:lt] laundry ['ləʊndri]
daughter ['dɔ:tə] law [lɔ:]
claw [klɔ:]

但是以下单词例外：

laugh [la:f]

7. ig, igh 读作[ai]

sign [saɪn] high [haɪ]
fight [faɪt] might [maɪt]
light [laɪt]

right [raɪt] design [dɪ'zaɪn]
night [naɪt] sight [saɪt]

8. ai, ay 读作[eɪ]

main [meɪn] train [treɪn]
faint [feɪnt] rain [reɪn]
pay [peɪ] way [wei]
today [tə'deɪ] may [meɪ]

wait [weɪt] gain [geɪn]
again [ə'geɪn] trail [treɪl]
say [seɪ] gay [geɪ]

9. ind 读作[aɪnd]

mind [maɪnd] kind [kaɪnd]
grind [graɪnd]

find [faɪnd] bind [baɪnd]

10. ou 读作[au]或[ʌ]

mount [maʊnt] round [raʊnd]
ground [graʊnd] about [ə'baʊt]
trouble ['trʌbl]

sound [saʊnd] amount [ə'maʊnt]
found [faʊnd] thousand ['θəuzənd]
country ['kʌntri] young [jʌŋ]

但是下列单词例外：

group [gru:p] soul [səʊl]

youth [ju:θ]

11. al 读作[ɔ:]或[ɔ:l]

wall [wɔ:l] talk [tɔ:k]
small [smɔ:l] ball [bɔ:l]
also [ɔ:lso]

fall [fɔ:l] call [kɔ:l]
hall [hɔ:l] all [ɔ:l]
salt [sɔ:lt] almost [ɔ:l'meəst]

12. alk 读作[ɔ:k]

walk [wɔ:k] talk [tɔ:k]

calk [kɔ:k] stalk [stɔ:k]

13. oi, oy 读作[ɔi]

point [pɔɪnt] oil [ɔɪl]
employ [im'plɔɪ] boy [bɔɪ]

joy [dʒɔi] toy [tɔi]
enjoy [ɪn'dʒɔi]

14. ia, ie, io 读作 [aiə]

reliable [ri'laiəbl]	quiet [kwaɪət]
science [saɪəns]	violet ['vaiəlɪt]

15. oo 读作 [u:]，有时读作 [ʊ]

school [sku:l]	foot [fʊt]
choose [tʃu:z]	tool [tu:l]
noon [nu:n]	stood [stʊd]

但是下列单词例外：

blood [blʌd]	flood [flʌd]
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oo 后面为 k 时，读作 [u]

book [buk]	look [luk]
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16. oor, oar 读作 [ɔ:]

floor [flo:]	door [dɔ:]
coarse [kɔ:s]	hoarse [hɔ:s]

17. oa 读作 [əu]

road [rəud]	soap [səup]
boat [bəut]	load [ləud]

18. ow 读作 [au] 或 [əu]

now [nau]	how [hau]
know [nəu]	grow [grəu]
low [ləu]	

19. our 读作 [ɔ:] 或 [auə]

pour [pɔ:]	four [fɔ:]
sour [sauə]	hour [auə]

20. ough 读作 [ɔ:]

fought [fɔ:t]	bought [bɔ:t]
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21. owe, own 读作 [auə]

power [paʊə]	flower [flaʊə]
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bias [baɪəs]	dialogue ['daɪəlɒg]
riot [raɪət]	violence ['vaɪələns]

good [gud]	food [fʊd]
wood [wud]	spoon [spu:n]

roar [rə:]	board [bɔ:d]
------------	--------------

float [fləut]	coat [kəut]
---------------	-------------

down [daun]	town [taun]
-------------	-------------

snow [snəu]	flow [fləu]
-------------	-------------

course [kɔ:s]	our [auə]
---------------	-----------

thought [θɔ:t]	
----------------	--

towel [taʊəl]	
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六、元音字母在非重读音节中的读音

1. a 读作[ə]或[i]

China ['tʃainə] ago [ə'gəʊ] woman ['wumən] vacation [və'keiʃən]
breakfast ['brekfəst]

但是下列单词例外：

contrast ['kɒntræst] aerobat ['ækrobæt]

“a+辅音字母+无声字母 e”时，读[i]

palace ['pælis] village ['vilidʒ] comrade ['kɒmrɪd]

2. e 读作[ə]或[i]

novel ['nəʊvl] problem ['prɒbləm] open ['əʊpən] sentence ['sentəns]
student ['stju:dənt] silent ['saɪlənt]

但是下列单词例外：

comment ['kɒment] content ['kɒntent]

e 在前缀和后缀中读[i]

exam [ig'zæm] decide [di'said] repeat [ri'pi:t] entire [in'taiə]
behind [bi'haind] wanted ['wɔntid] actress ['æktrɪs] careless ['keələs]
darkness ['da:kni:s]

3. i(y) 读作[i]或[ai](y 在动词词尾的非重读音节中)

office ['ɔfɪs] city ['siti] morning ['mɔ:nɪŋ] occupy ['əkjupai]
satisfy ['sætisfaɪ] beautify ['bju:tɪfaɪ]

但是以下单词例外：

study ['stʌdi]

4. o 读作[ə]或[əʊ]

bottom ['bɒtəm] common ['kɒmən] second ['sekənd] produce [prə'dju:s]
consume [kən'sju:m]

o 在词尾的非重读音节中常读[əʊ]

potato [pə'teɪtəʊ] tomato [tə'ma:təʊ] photo ['fəutəʊ] piano [pi'ænəʊ]

5. u 读作[ə], [ju]或[u:]

difficult ['difikəlt] support [sə'pɔ:t] autumn ['ɔ:təm] communist ['kɒmjunist]
occupy ['əkjupai]

6. ar, ir(yr), or, er, ur 读作[ə](R 音节在非重读音节中)

grammar ['græmə] collar ['kɔ:lə] sugar ['ʃʊgə] martyr ['ma:tə]

circumfluence [sə'kʌmfluəns]	doctor ['dɔktə]	forget [fə'get]
effort ['efət]	teacher ['ti:tʃə]	perform [pə'fɔ:m]
murmur ['mə:mə]	Saturday ['sætədi]	paper ['peipə]

七、其他常见字母组合在非重读音节中的读音

1. -tion, -sion, -ssion 读作 [ʃən] 或 [ʃn]

revolution [revə'lju:ʃən]	collection [kə'lekʃən]	section ['sekʃən]
motion ['məuʃən]	nation ['neiʃən]	
construction [kənstrʌkʃən]	dictation [dik'teiʃən]	version ['və:ʃən]
impression [im'preʃən]	aggression [ə'greʃən]	

但是,

(1) -sion 前面是元音字母时, 读 [ʒən] 或 [ʒn]

decision [di'siʒən]	vision ['viʒən]
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(2) -tion 前面是 s 时, 读 [tʃən] 或 [tʃn]

suggestion [sə'dʒestʃən]	question ['kwestʃən]
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2. 以非重读“元音字母 + 辅音字母 + e”(如 -ate, -ize, -ute) 结尾的动词中, 元音字母虽处在非重读音节, 但却按开音节规则读音

separate ['sepəreit]	celebrate ['selibreit]	generate ['dʒenəreit]
standardize ['stændədaiz]	organize ['ɔ:gənaiz]	modernize ['mədənaiz]
contribute [kən'tribju:t]	distribute [dis'tribju:t]	attribute [ə'tribju:t]
institute ['insti:tju:t]		

3. -ture 读作 [tʃə], -sure 读作 [ʒə]

future ['fju:tʃə]	lecture ['lektʃə]	picture ['piktʃə]
nature ['neitʃə]	capture ['kæptʃə]	temperature
['tempəritʃə]		
pleasure ['pleʒə]	treasure ['treʒə]	measure ['meʒə]

4. -cia, -tia, -sia 读作 [ʃə]

social ['səuʃəl]	special ['speʃəl]	artificial [a:ti'fiʃəl]	especial [is'peʃəl]
partial ['pə:ʃəl]	Russian ['rʌʃən]	Asia ['eɪʃə]	Russia ['rʌʃə]

5. 在字母 r, l, j 之后出现 [ju:] 音时, 则由于拼读的自然结果, [ju:] 读 [u:]

flute [flu:t]	blue [blu:]	true [tru:]	June [dʒu:n]
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6. -ther 读作 [ðə]

either ['aiðə]	neither ['naiðə]	father ['fa:ðə]	other ['ʌðə]
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brother ['brʌðə] mother ['mʌðə] together [tə'geðə] whether ['weðə]

7. -the 读作[ð]

lathe [leið] bathe [beið] breathe [bri:ð] the [ði:, ði]

八、一些辅音字母及辅音字母组合的读音

1. b 读作[b],但当 b 在词尾,前面有字母 m 时,则 b 不发音

back [bæk] club [klʌb] bag [bæg] tomb [tu:m]
comb [kəʊm] lamb [læm] climb [klaim]

2. c 在元音字母 a, o, u 前读[k],但在元音字母 e, i(y)前读[s]

cap [kæp] cold [kəuld] cat [kæt] close [kləuz]
car [ka:] second ['sekənd] college ['kəlidʒ] nice [naɪs]
decide [di'said] bicycle ['baɪsɪkl] city ['siti] face [feɪs]
cease [si:s] cite [saɪt]

3. 动词过去时态加词尾-ed

-ed 前是清辅音([t]除外),读[t]

-ed 前是浊辅音([d]除外)或元音,读[d]

-ed 前是[t]和[d]音时,读[id]

worked [wɔ:kɪd] missed [mɪstɪd] washed [wɔ:tɪd] turned [tə:ndɪd]
played [pleɪd] closed [kləuzd] started ['sta:tɪd] needed ['ni:dɪd]
wanted ['wɔ:ntɪd]

4. g 读作[g],但在元音字母 e, i(y)前读[dʒ]

big [bɪg] game [geim] egg [eg] gun [gʌn]
gate [geit] go [gəu] globe [gləub] huge [hju:dʒ]
cage [keidʒ] gene [dʒi:nɪ] gist [dʒɪst] large [la:dʒ]
gem [dʒem] college ['kəlidʒ] technology [tek'nɒlədʒɪ]

5. h 读作[h],但有时无声

high [hai] head [hed] hand [hænd] hour [auə]
exhibit [ig'zibɪt] honour ['ɒnə]

6. x 读作[ks],但 x 后面是元音,而又是重读音节时,读[gz]

text [tekst] box [boks] exercise ['eksəsaɪz] exam [ig'zæm]
exhaust [ig'zo:st] exact [ig'zækt]

7. qu 读作 [kw]

quake [kweɪk]	quench [kwentʃ]	quest [kwest]	quick [kwik]
quite [kwait]	quote [kweut]	quality ['kwɔliti]	

8. wh 读作 [w], 但 wh 后是元音字母 o 时, 常读 [h]

why [wai]	which [witʃ]	where [wəə]	what [wət]
when [wen]	white [wait]	who [hu:]	whole [həul]
whose [hu:z]			

9. th 读作 [θ], 但在冠词、代词、介词、连词中读 [ð], 在词尾 the 读 [ð]

thank [θæŋk]	think [θiŋk]	three [θri:]	thresh [θref]
thatch [θætsʃ]	thing [θiŋ]	earth [ə:θ]	third [θə:d]
these [ði:z]	this [ðis]	with [wið]	those [ðəuz]
the [ðə, ði]	that [ðæt]	them [ðem]	breathe [bri:ð]
bathe [beɪð]			

10. ph 读作 [f]

physics ['fiziks]	phone [fəun]	phrase [freiz]	photo ['fəutəu]
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11. sh 读作 [ʃ]

ship [ʃip]	smash [smæʃ]	show [ʃəu]	shop [ʃəp]
shut [ʃʌt]	shake [seik]	sharp [ʃɔ:p]	flesh [fleʃ]
shift [ʃift]	shy [ʃai]	shine [ʃain]	shone [ʃən]

12. ch, tch 读作 [tʃ], 但是 ch 有时读 [k]

choke [tʃəuk]	chop [tʃɔ:p]	chill [tʃil]	hatch [hætʃ]
much [mʌtʃ]	chat [tʃæt]	chess [tʃes]	chair [tʃeə]
teach [ti:tʃ]	match [mætʃ]	catch [kætʃ]	fetch [fetʃ]
switch [switʃ]	watch [wɔ:tʃ]	character ['kærɪktə]	school [sku:l]

13. ng 在词尾读作 [ŋ], 在词中间读 [ŋg], nk 读作 [ŋk]

sling [slɪŋ]	thing [θɪŋ]	flying [flaɪŋ]	long [lɔ:ŋ]
spring [sprɪŋ]	sing [sɪŋ]	strong [strɔ:g]	English ['ɪngglɪʃ]
finger ['fɪŋgə]	longer ['lɔ:ŋgə]	thank [θæŋk]	tank [tæŋk]
sunk [sʌŋk]	link [lɪŋk]		

14. tr 读作 [tr]

tree [tri:]	trade [treid]	trip [trip]	trap [træp]
try [trai]	stroke [strəuk]	trot [trət]	

15. dr 读作 [dr]

drip [drip]

dry [draɪ]

drop [drɒp]

drill [drɪl]

dress [dres]

drum [drʌm]

drive [draɪv]

16. ck 读作 [k]

black [blæk]

stick [stɪk]

pick [pik]

pocket ['pɔkit]

back [bæk]

neck [nek]

17. kn 读作 [n]

know [nəʊ]

knit [nit]

knock [nɒk]

knife [naif]

knee [ni:]

18. wr 读作 [r]

write [raɪt]

wrong [rɒŋ]

wrist [rist]

19. s 读作 [s]:

s 在词首

s 在元音字母及无声字母 e 之间

s 前面或后面是清辅音时

side [saɪd]

system ['sistim]

soap [səʊp]

sit [sit]

sight [saɪt]

close [kləʊs]

case [keɪs]

base [beɪs]

coarse [kɔ:s]

但是下列单词例外：

rose [rəuz]

nose [nəuz]

message ['mesidʒ]

aspect ['æspekt]

glass [glɑ:s]

dust [dʌst]

desk [desk]

best [best]

list [list]

worst [wə:st]

grasp [gra:sp]

fast [fa:st]

looks [luks]

books [buks]

lamps [læmps]

20. s 读作 [z]:

s 在两个元音字母之间

s 在元音字母和不发音 e 之间，在动词中常读 [z]，在名词或形容词中常读 [s]

cause [ko:z]

design [di'zain]

physics ['fiziks]

prison ['prɪzn]

season ['si:zn]

music ['mju:zik]

easy ['i:zi]

lose [lu:z]

result [ri'zalt]

close [kləʊz]

lose [lu:z]

raise [reiz]

praise [preiz]

case [keɪs]

close [kləʊs]

但是下列单词例外：

nose [nəuz] (n.)

increase [ɪnk'reɪs] (v.)

rose [rəuz] (n.)