



New English 新英语

突破 四级词汇

Breakthrough

主编：孙婧

世界图书出版公司



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☆如有印装错误, 请寄回本公司更换☆

本书根据教育部最新修订的《大学英语教学大纲》(词汇表)要求编写。书中收录了大纲要求的全部4级词汇中的2000个重点词汇。

全书具有以下特点:

一、集权威性、实用性于一体:

本书编者均为重点大学一线教师,有着多年丰富的执教经验。作者经过大量研究分析,并从历年CET考试规律及辅导经验中,总结出一套针对学生词汇学习及应考行之有效的方法。本书中专门设计了“搭配”,“解析”与“练习”三个专栏,以及“词汇密集训练”和“全真考题”。其目的就是帮助学习者克服盲目学习、盲目记忆词汇的“偏好”。

二、编排形式新颖、美观:

本书采用双色,多栏目,多层次编排。条理清晰,目标明确。

在本书的编写过程中,我们一直以“为读者提供一个快捷学习、记忆、突破四级词汇”这个核心为编写宗旨。一切本着为学习者的方便着想,力求使学习者在短期内掌握四级词汇,活学活用,达到最佳的学习效果。增强考试必胜的信心。

由于时间有限,不足之处,在所难免,恳请读者及专家提出修改的意见,以便我们再版改正。

编者

2004年5月



abandon [ə'bændən] v. (尤指中途) 放弃, 抛弃

解析 和 **give up**, **discard**, **desert**, **quit** 是同义词, 和 **continue**, **stay with** 是反义词。

搭配 **abandon** one's attempt to escape
放弃逃跑的企图

abandon medicine for literature 弃医从文

abandon sb. to his fate 让某人听任命运摆布

abandon oneself to despair / sorrow 陷于绝望 / 悲痛

The scientist regretfully gave up his research for lack of funds. [D]

A. broadened

B. delayed

C. challenged

D. abandoned

ability [ə'biliti] n. 能力, 才能

解析 形容词 **able** 变形成的名词, 注意其它变形词: 动词 **enable**, 词组 **enable** sb. to do sth. “使其人有能力 / 能够做某事”; 动词 **disable**, 词组 **disable** sb. from doing sth. “使某人丧失做某事的能力”

搭配 **have ability** to do sth. 有能力 / 能够做某事
cultivate / develop one's ability in sth.
培养某方面的能力

beyond one's ability 力所不及

be wanting in ability 缺乏才能

to the best of one's ability 竭尽全力

He has the faculty to learn languages easily. [D]

A. fancy

B. confidence

C. possibility

D. ability

aboard [ə'bo:əd] adv. / prep. 上船 / 车 / 飞机

解析 注意区分 **abroad**

搭配 **All aboard!** 上船 / 车 / 飞机啦!
come / go aboard of a ship 乘船

absent ['æbsənt] v. 缺席, 不到 / adj. 不在的, 缺席, 缺乏的, 心不在焉的

解析 和 **away**, **lacking**, **distracted** 是近义词, 和 **present**, **abundant** 是反义词, 后接 **from**, 具备形容词和动词双重词性,

其名词为 **absence**

搭配 **absent** oneself from school / meeting / class

be **absent** from school / meeting / class

不上学 / 未出席会议 / 缺课

during one's **absence** 在某人外出 / 离开期间

absence of mind 心不在焉, 精神不集中

absolute ['æbsəlu:t] *adj.* 绝对的, 完全的

解析 近义词 **complete**, **total**, **certain**, **undoubted**, **not relative**, **independent**, 其副词形式为 **-ly**

搭配 have **absolute** trust in sb. 绝对相信某人

absolute ignorance 全然无知

have **absolute** proof 有确凿的证据

be **absolutely** certain 绝对有把握

He wanted to make **absolutely** sure that they would remember. [C]

练习

A. fairly

B. unnecessarily

C. completely

D. certainly

abstract ['æbstrækt] *n.* 摘要, 概要, 抽象 / *adj.* 抽象的, 深奥的, 理论的 / *vt.* 摘要, 提炼, 抽象化

解析 注意以下几个易混词的区别: **attract** *vt.* 吸引, **abstract** *vt.* 抽取, **contract** *vt.* 收缩, **subtract** *vt.* 减去

搭配 make an **abstract** of 把...的要点摘录下来

abstract mathematics 理论数学

abstract noun 抽象名词

in the **abstract** 抽象地, 观念上, 理论上

abstract metal from ore 由矿砂提炼金属

He read through the papers and made _____ of their contents. [A]

练习

A. abstract

B. account

C. introduction

D. attraction

absorb [əb'sɔ:b] *v.* 吸收

解析 义同 **take in**, **soak up**。形容词 **absorbed**, 意为 with one's attention fully held

搭配 **absorb** knowledge 吸收知识

be completely / entirely / thoroughly / totally / **absorbed** in / by / with 全神贯注于

He had been so _____ with watching the building that he hadn't heard footsteps on the path. [B]

练习

A. absorb

B. absorbed

C. absorbent

D. absolute

abundant [ə'bʌndənt] *adj.* 丰富的, 富有的

解析 义词 **plentiful**, 反义为 **scarce**。名词为 **abundance**

搭配 be **abundant** in/ with... 富于..., ...很丰富
an **abundant** supply of fruit 水果的大量供应
in **abundance** = in plenty 大量, 充足

练习 The area is abundant in wild game. [B]

- A. is free of B. has too many
C. has a few D. is full of

abuse [ə'bjʊ:s] *n.* 滥用, 辱骂 [ə'bjʊ:z] *v.* 滥用, 辱骂

解析 由 use 加前缀 ab- 变化而来, 具备名词和动词双重词性。

义同 **misuse**, **mistreatment**, **injury**.

搭配 shower **abuse** on sb. 痛骂某人

the uses and **abuses** of power 权力的使用与滥用
abuse one's authority / privilege 滥用权力 / 职权
abuse one's trust 辜负某人的信任

练习 It has been revealed that some government leaders
_____ their authority and position to get illegal
profits for themselves. [D]

- A. employ B. take
C. overlook D. abuse

academic [ækə'demik] *adj.* 学术的, 学院的

解析 由名词 **academy** 变词尾 y 为 ic 而来。

搭配 the **academic** year 学年

academic freedom 学术自由

练习 His _____ record was quite ordinary but his em-
ployment record was very impressive. [D]

- A. learning B. scientific
C. schooling D. academic

accelerate [æk'seləreit] *v.* 加速

解析 义词 **speed**, **hurry**, **quicken**, 反义为 **decelerate**。名
词为 **acceleration**。

搭配 **accelerate** the growth of the plants
加快植物的生长

练习 Jone's new car can accelerate from 10 m. p. h. to 60
m. p. h. in a few seconds. [C]

- A. add B. addition
C. add the speed D. add up to

accent ['æksənt] *n.* 重音, 口音, 重音符

搭配 in tender **accents** 用柔和的声调;
speaking French with an English **accents**
说法语带有英语口音

acceptance [ək'septəns] *n.* 接受, 承诺, 容忍, 赞同

解析 其动词为: **accept**

搭配 find [gain, win] **acceptance** with [in]
获得公认, 得到赞同
receive wide **acceptance**

access ['ækses] *n.* 接近, 进入, 接近(或进入)的权力(或机会), 通路, 入口

解析 义同 **entry**, **admittance**, **entrance**

搭配 后多接介词 to, 如: have **access** to
有接近/进入的机会/权力
the only **access** to the farm 去农场的唯一通路

We all have right of _____ to the Prime Minister.
A. access B. way C. opportunity D. entrance [A]

accidental [ækssi'dentl] *adj.* 意外的, 非主要的

解析 **accident** 的形容词形式, 副词形式为 **accidentally**

搭配 **accidental** death 意外死亡;
an **accidental** error 一个意外的错误;
accidental homicide 意外杀人;
accidental force 不可抗力

accommodation [ə'kɒmə'deɪʃən] *n.* 膳宿, 住处

解析 义同 **lodging**, 是由动词 **accommodate** 去掉-e 加-ion 而来。

搭配 arrange / provide one's **accommodation**
为某人安排/提供食宿
The steamer possesses first-class **accommodation** for 700 passengers.
这艘轮船可为 700 名乘客提供一流食宿。

We may find we can't get _____, as we haven't booked rooms.
A. position B. living C. location D. accommodation [D]

accompany [ə'kʌmpəni] *v.* 伴随, 陪同

解析 义同 **co-exist with**, **occur with**, **go with**

搭配 be **accompanied** by one's dog 与狗作伴
accompany the singer on the piano
弹钢琴为演唱者伴奏

I had a headache _____ with a fever.
A. company B. accompany C. companion D. accompanied [D]

accomplish [ə'kɒmplɪʃ] *v.* 实现, 达到

解析 义同 **achieve**, **attain**, **complete**。其名词形式为 **accomplishment**。

搭配 **accomplish** a goal 实现目标

accomplish one's purpose 达到目的

accomplish a task 完成任务

accord [ə'kɔ:d] v. 相符合, 相一致

解析 义同 **concur**, **correspond**, **harmonize**。其名词形式为 -ance。

搭配 后常接 with。如:

What they did ill **accords** with the interests of the country. 他们所做的不符合国家的利益。

练习 His actions and his principles always _____ well.
A. accord B. according to [A]
C. accord with D. in accordance

accordance [ə'kɔ:dəns] n. 与...一致, 根据, 按照

解析 由动词 **accord** 加 -ance 而成。当“与...一致”讲时, 义同 in **agreement** with; 当“根据, 按照”讲时, 义同 **according** to

搭配 常用于 in **accordance** (with)

He didn't act in accordance with the orders that were given him. [C]

练习 A. agreement B. according
C. according to D. account

accordingly [ə'kɔ:diŋli] adv. 按照所说的情况。所以, 因此

解析 当“按照所说的情况”讲时, 义同 **according** to what is said; 当“所以, 因此”讲时, 义同 **therefore**, **for that reason**, **consequently**, **as a result**。

搭配 I've told you what the situation is and you must act **accordingly**. 我已经向你讲明情况, 你必须照此办理。

练习 The press went too far, and suffered _____. [A]
A. accordingly B. nevertheless
C. however D. moreover

account [ə'kaunt] n. 账户, 报道, 叙述 / v. 解释, 说明

搭配 open / start an **account** in the bank

在银行里立账户

deposit / withdraw money in / out of one's **account**

在账户里存 / 取钱

write a faithful **account** of the accident 如实报道事故

on **account** of = because of 因为, 由于

on no **account** = in no case = by no means = on no condition = in no way = under no circumstances

绝不, 无论如何不要

take **account** of sth. = take into **account** sth. = take

sth. into **account** = take sth. into consideration =

consider 考虑

account for 解释, 说明



Yesterday Mr. Smith gave us a vivid _____ of his recent visit to China. [D]

- A. talk B. tale
C. idea D. account

accountant [ə'kauntənt] v. 会计师



由动词 **account** 加 -ant 而成。



a certified / chartered public **accountant**
有合格证书的会计师

accumulate [ə'kju:mjuleit] v. 积累



义同 **amass**, **build up**, **gather**, **pile up**



patiently **accumulate** data 耐心的积累资料
accumulate a large fortune 积攒一大笔钱



If history students learn history by thinking and acting like historians, they will **accumulate** knowledge and understanding in much the same way as historians do. [B]

- A. grow B. gain
C. increase D. strengthen

accurate ['ækjʊrɪt] adj. 精确的, 准确的



义同 **correct**, **precise** 其名词形式为 **accuracy**



be **accurate** at figures 计算精确
be **accurate** in one's observation 观察准确



According to the weather forecast, which is usually _____, it will snow this afternoon. [A]

- A. accurate B. precious
C. exact D. perfect

accuse [ə'kju:z] v. 指责, 控告



常用于 **accuse** sb. of sth. 如: His teacher **accused** him of cheating in the examination. 老师指责他考试作弊。



The driver was _____ of speeding. [C]
A. charged B. blamed
C. accused D. punished

accustomed [ə'kʌstəmd] adj. 通常的, 习惯的



去掉词尾 -ed 可变成动词 **accustom** “使习惯于”, 常和 to 搭配使用, 如: He quickly **accustomed** himself to this new way of life. 他很快习惯于这种新的生活。



He took his **accustomed** seat by the fire.
他坐在炉边他常坐在座位上。
get / become **accustomed** to the local food
习惯于当地的饭菜



练习

Conditions here are not _____

[A]

- A. what she is accustomed to
- B. which she is accustomed
- C. what she has accustomed to
- D. that she has accustomed

achieve [ə'tʃi:v] v. 实现, 完成, 达到



解析

在词尾加上-ment 可变成名词 **achievement** “成绩, 成就, 实现”。如: academic **achievement** 学术成就
evaluate the **achievements** to students 评定学生的学习兴趣



搭配

achieve one's aim / objective 实现目标
achieve a 100% increase in profitability
实现利润翻一翻



练习

Man's first walk on the moon was a stunning technological _____.

[B]

- A. success
- B. achievement
- C. successive
- D. accomplishment

acid ['æsid] n. 酸 / adj. 酸的, 尖酸的



解析

注意和 **acid** “辛辣难闻的”混淆。



搭配

Vinegar contains acetic **acid**. 醋含有醋酸。
acid rain 酸雨
taste **acid** 尝起来酸酸的
acid remarks 尖酸的话语

acknowledge [ək'nɒlɪdʒ] v. 承认, 感谢



解析

词尾加上-ment 可变成名词 **acknowledgement** 如:
send sb. money in **acknowledgement** of sb.'s help 送上
薄款以答谢某人的帮助



搭配

a generally **acknowledged** fact 普遍承认的事实
acknowledge help 感谢帮助



练习

He is acknowledged _____ an expert on the subject.

[A]

- A. as
- B. to
- C. of
- D. for

acquaintance [ə'kweɪntəns] n. 相识, 了解; 相识的人



解析

由动词 **acquaint** 加词尾-ance 而成。



搭配

have a little **acquaintance** with Japanese
略懂一点日语



练习

have a wide circle of **acquaintances** 交际甚广
She is only a(an) _____, not a friend of mine. [A]

- A. acquaintance
- B. familiarity
- C. announcement
- D. family

acquire [ə'kwaɪə] v. 获得, 得到



解析

注意易和 **require**, **enquire**, **inquire** 混淆

搭配 acquire a college education 受到高等教育

acquire a fortune 发大财

an acquired taste 爱好 / 嗜好



练习

The students gradually _____ a knowledge of the subject. [D]

- A. picked B. made
C. required D. acquired

acquisition [ˌækwiˈziʃən] *n.* 获得, 得到



解析

由动词 **acquire** 去掉词尾-re 再加上-sition 而成。



搭配

the acquisition of knowledge 知识的获取

the acquisition of language habit 语言习惯的获取



练习

These books are my most recent _____. [B]

- A. things B. acquisitions
C. acquisition D. obtaining

action [ˈækʃən] *n.* 行动, 活动, 行为



解析

由动词 **act** 加后缀-ion 而成



搭配

take united action 采取联合行动

go / come into action 行动赶起来 / 投入战斗

in action 在运转中, 在起作用

Action speaks louder than words. 事实胜于雄辩



练习

I guess it's time for us to take _____. [D]

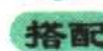
- A. act B. deed
C. behavior D. action

activity [ækˈtɪvɪti] *n.* 行动, 活动



解析

由形容词 **active** 去掉词尾-e 再加-ity 而成。



搭配

outdoor / classroom activities 户外 / 课堂活动;

be in activity 在活动中;

with activity 精力充沛地



练习

Some university students neglect their studies for extra-curricular _____. [B]

- A. operations B. activities
C. undertakings D. enterprises

actually [ˈæktʃuəli] *adv.* 事实上, 实际上



解析

由形容词 **actual** 加后缀-ly 而成。actual cost 实际成本, in actual fact 事实上



搭配

Actually, I am busy at the moment.

说真的, 眼下我很忙。

acute [əˈkju:t] *adj.* 严重的, 敏锐的, 急性的



搭配

suffer acute hardship 遭受千辛万苦

suffer acute embarrassment 深受窘迫

an acute observer 敏锐的观察家

an acute patient 急性病患者



Dogs have a(an) _____ sense of smell. [C]
A. sharp B. keenly
C. acute D. strange

adapt [ə'dæpt] v. 使适应, 修改



解析 注意易和 **adopt** 混淆。



搭配 **adapt oneself to the climate** 适应气候

The novel has been **adapted** for radio from the Russian original. 这部小说已由俄文原著改编成广播剧。



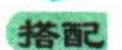
The newcomers found it impossible to _____ themselves to the climate sufficiently to make permanent homes in the new country. [B]

A. suit B. adapt
C. regulate D. coordinate

addition [ə'dɪʃən] v. 加



解析 由动词 **add** 加词尾 -tion 而成。



搭配 They have just had an **addition** to the family. 他家里刚添了个小孩。

in **addition** (to sth) 除(原有人、物或情况)外



_____ being used in industry, laser can be applied to operations in the hospital. [D]

A. Except for B. Out of
C. In spite of D. In addition to

additional [ə'dɪʃənəl] adj. 附加的, 补充的



解析 由名词 **addition** 加词尾 -al 而成。



搭配 **additional charges / supplies** 外加的费用 / 供产品

address [ə'dres] n. 地址, 致辞, 演讲 / vt. 向... 致辞, 演说, 写姓名地址



搭配 **address the letter** 在信上写地址

address a meeting 向大会发表演说

address oneself to 对... 说, 从事于

adequate ['ædɪkwɪt] adj. 充足的, 足够的



搭配 have **adequate grounds** for a divorce 有充足的理由离婚

take **adequate precautions** 采取充足的预防措施



By law, when one makes a large purchase, he should have _____ opportunity to change his mind. [D]

A. accurate B. urgent
C. excessive D. adequate

adjust [ə'dʒʌst] v. 调节, 改变以适应



搭配 **adjust the focus of a camera** 调准照相机焦距

adjust oneself to the new surroundings 适应新环境

adjust one's eyes to the dark 使眼睛适应黑暗



I must _____ my watch, it's slow.

[C]

- A. achieve B. attach
C. adjust D. admire

administration [ədminis'treɪʃən] *n.* 管理, 执行, 行政机关

搭配 business **administration** 企业管理

Head teachers are more involved in **administration** than in teaching. 校长以管理为主, 教学为辅。



The Reagan _____ was planning a new war to drugs.

[D]

- A. council B. convention
C. consequence D. administration

admission [əd'mɪʃən] *n.* 准许进入, 入场费, 承认

解析 由动词 **admit** 去掉词尾 t 再加 -ssion 而成。

搭配 apply for **admission** to the university

申请就读于此大学

free **admission** 免费入场

the **admission** of China to/into WTO

(吸收) 中国加入世贸

on one's own **admission** 据某人自己承认



1. People improperly dressed will not be _____ to this hotel.

[D]

- A. accepted B. effort
C. allowed D. admitted

2. Frank is one of the few people I know who never _____ a mistake.

[B]

- A. admits making B. admit making
C. admit to make D. admits to make

adopt [ə'dɒpt] *v.* 收养, 采纳

解析 注意易和 **adapt** 混淆。

搭配 decide to **adopt** an orphan 决定收养一个孤儿

one's **adopted** son 某人的养子

adopt one's idea / suggestion

采纳某人的主张 / 建议



The old couple decided to _____ a boy and a girl though they had three children of their own. [D]

- A. adapt B. bring C. receive D. adopt

adult [ə'dʌlt] *n.* 成年人 / *adj.* 已成年的, 成熟的

搭配 an **adult** film 供成人观看的影片

adult education 成人教育


be **adult** in behavior 举止老成




I'll try to be _____ about the problem.

[B]


- A. mature B. adult
C. aid D. alike

advanced [əd'vɑ:nst] *adj.* 先进的, 高深的 **解析** 由 **advance** 加词尾-d 而成。**搭配** be **advanced** in years 年事已高
advanced studies 高深的研究
have **advanced** ideas 有选进的思想 **练习** The _____ education in our country has achieved great achievements. [D]

- A. academic B. active
-
- C. adult D. advanced

advance [əd'va:ns] *n. / v.* 前进, 改进, 增多**搭配** recent **advances** in medical science 医学新发展
in **advance** (of sth.) 提前, 事先
give sb. **advance** warning 预先警告
on the **advance** (物价) 在上涨 **练习** Science has made great _____ during the past 30 years. [C]

- A. increases B. movement
-
- C. advances D. development

advantage [əd'va:ntidʒ] *n.* 优势, 利益, 好处**搭配** gain an **advantage** over an opponent 优于对手
have the **advantage** of sb. 胜过某人, 占优势
take **advantage** of 利用
advantage and disadvantage 利弊
to sb.'s **advantage** 对某人有利, 有助 **练习** 1. He was a much older player but he had the great _____ of experience. [B]

- A. interest B. advantage
-
- C. benefit D. profit

2. An area of rich forests was _____ to life. [A]

- A. advantageous B. decorative
-
- C. attracted D. privileged

adventure [əd'ventʃə] *n.* 冒险, 冒险的经历 / *v.* 冒险, 大胆提出或进行 **解析** 其形容词为 **adventurous** “喜欢冒险的, 冒险的, 有危险性的”**搭配** at all **adventure(s)** 胡乱地, 不顾一切地
put sb. in **adventure** 使遭受危险, 使冒风险
adventure an opinion 大胆提出意见**advertise** ['ædʌtaɪz] *v.* 广告 **解析** 词尾加上-ment 可变成名词 **advertisement** “广告”。如: put an **advertisement** in the paper. 在报上登一则广告**搭配** **advertise** a meeting / a job 通知开会 / 登招聘广告

advertise for sth. 登广告征求

He always studies the _____ in the paper as he wants to find a good second-hand car. [A]

- A. advertisements B. publicity
C. developments D. publication

advise [əd'vaiz] v. 建议, 劝告

解析 注意其名词形式为 **advice**, 不可数名词, 用法如: act on / follow / take one's **advice** 照某人的建议做; 其形容词为 **advisable** “可取的, 明智的”

Good **advice** is beyond price. 忠言无价

搭配 **advise** sb. against doing sth. 劝某人不要做某事

advise leaving early 建议早点离开

I don't think it advisable that Tim _____ to the job since he has no experience. [C]

- A. is assigned B. will be assigned
C. be assigned D. has been assigned

advocate ['ædvəkit] v. 提倡, 主张, 拥护 / n. 拥护者

搭配 **advocate** a reduction in military spendings

主张削减军费开支

openly **advocate** free competition 公开主张自由竞争

advocate building more roads 主张多修路

the mathematician Bruno was burned at the stake by the church largely for supporting Copernicus' theory, yet, a couple of centuries later, Copernician _____ seemed harmless. [D]

- A. speakers B. writers
C. theorists D. advocates

affect [ə'fekt] v. 影响, (疾病) 感染

解析 注意和名词 **effect** 区分。

搭配 Their opinion didn't **affect** my decision.

他们的意见没有影响我的决定。

Cancer has **affected** his lungs. 癌症侵袭了他的肺。

The change in weather can _____ your health. [A]

- A. affect B. effect
C. effort D. afford

affection [ə'fekʃən] v. 喜爱

搭配 He felt great **affection** for his sister.

他非常喜爱他的妹妹。

try to win one's **affection** 试图赢得某人的喜爱

She had a great affection _____ the town where she grew up. [C]

- A. of B. over C. for D. to

afford [ə'fɔ:d] v. (有足够的钱或时间) 做, 负担得起

搭配 常与 can, could, be able to 等词连用, 表(有足够的钱或时间)做。

如: couldn't **afford** (to take) a taxi 付不起出租车费
can't **afford** illness 生不起病

A busy man can't **afford** a delay. 忙人经不起拖拉。

She can't _____ to have a holiday abroad on her salary. [C]

练习

A. spend
C. afford

B. help
D. spare

agency [ˈeɪdʒənsi] n. 代理

解析

去越是词尾 cy 加上 -t 可变成名词 **agent** “代理人, 经纪人”。如: a travel **agent** 旅行代理人; appointed **agent** 指定代理商

搭配

an employment **agency** 职介所

a travel **agency** 旅行

练习

The travel company is so big that it has lots of _____ in foreign countries. [D]

A. conductors

B. drivers

C. introducers

D. agents

agenda [əˈdʒendə] n. 议程

搭配

The **agenda** for the meeting is as follows...

会议议程如下……

What's the next item on the **agenda**?

议程上下一个项目是什么?

练习

The question of salary increases is high on the _____ [A]

A. agenda

B. agent

C. agency

D. aged

agent [ˈeɪdʒənt] v. 代理(商)经纪人, 动因, 间谍, 药剂

搭配

a secret **agent** 密探

house **agent** 房产经纪人

bleaching **agent** 漂白剂

aggressive [əˈɡresɪv] adj. 挑衅的, 好攻击的

搭配

Aggressive nations threaten world peace.

挑衅性国家危及世界和平。

be in a less **aggressive** mood 不那么咄咄逼人了

练习

Animals can become unusually _____ when they are upset by a sudden environmental change. [A]

A. aggressive

B. predominant

C. vigorous

D. puzzled

agreement [əˈɡri:mənt] n. 同意, 一致, 协定协议

解析

agree 同意 + -ment 名词后缀, 其反义词为 **disagreement**

搭配

arrive at [come to, reach, make] an **agreement**