

NEW

新视野

大学英语


读写教程

助学手册

主编/方小菊

NEW HORIZON COLLEGE ENGLISH



 东华大学出版社

4

《新视野大学英语读写教程》

助学手册(4)

主编	方小菊		
编者	张琳	吴苏苏	张继东
	杨青	方燕	朱静
	杨捷	高蕴华	初莲莲
	秦蕾		

图书在版编目(CIP)数据

新视野大学英语读写教程助学手册. 4/方小菊等编.
—上海: 东华大学出版社, 2004. 9
ISBN 7-81038-870-3

I. 新... II. 方... III. ①英语-阅读教学-高等学校-教学参考资料 ②英语-写作-高等学校-教学参考资料 IV. H31

中国版本图书馆 CIP 数据核字(2004)第 089707 号

《新视野大学英语读写教程》助学手册 4

方小菊 主编

东华大学出版社出版

上海市延安西路 1882 号

电话:(021)62193056 邮政编码:200051

新华书店上海发行所发行 苏州望电印刷有限公司印刷

开本:787×960 1/16 印张:17.25 字数:498 千字

2004 年 9 月第 1 版 2004 年 9 月第 1 次印刷

印数:0 001—5 000

ISBN 7-81038-870-3/H·197

定价:20.50 元

前 言

《新视野大学英语助学手册》是一套旨在帮助学生学习《新视野大学英语》的辅助教材。本书以《新视野大学英语读写教程》(第四册)中的课文为蓝本,以《大学英语教学大纲》为依据,精心挑选出课文中的重点词、短语、结构、难句,并就其含义、用法进行了详细的注释和适当的引申。目的在于通过例句、讲解、练习等形式,一方面使学生能较为全面地了解所学课文的语言点,使更多的只知其意的消极词汇(Passive Words)变为能活学活用的积极词汇(Active Words);另一方面在牢固掌握的基础上逐渐地融会贯通,并进而有效地扩展知识面。

本书由以下几部分组成:

第一部分 学前预测 (20 道选择题)

第二部分 课文重点、难点助学

Key Words 从课文中挑选部分重点词汇进行注释、讲解、引申,并附有[例句]、[派生词]、[考与记]、[同义词辨析]等,使学生既能掌握词汇的不同义项和用法,又能较快地扩大词汇量。在联想和比较中了解词与词之间的细微差别,达到触类旁通、举一反三的效果。

Key Phrases and Expressions 从课文中挑选部分词组和惯用法,展开联想,说明,通过实例,使学生既掌握了课文中出现的词组,又接触到与之相关的大量词组和惯用法。

Key Structures 将课文中出现的英语中常用的句式结构予以点拨,使学生了解英语句式结构的精髓和奥妙,从感性到理性,从喜欢英语到树立要学好英语的信心和决心。

Difficult Sentences 将课文中学生较难理解的句子单列出来,进行语言点和语法分析,深入浅出,易懂易记。

第三部分 补充练习 (20 道选择题、2 篇阅读理解、1 篇完形填空或简短问题回答、5 句翻译等)

第四部分 课文部分练习题参考答案

第五部分 参考译文

本书每单元的[学前预测]和[补充练习]中的所选材料是根据《大学英语教学大纲》和《大学英语四、六级考试大纲》的要求设计的。一方面能让学生掌握好课文的主

要内容,不断提升语言素质,提高语言运用能力,同时又让学生熟悉大学英语四、六级考试的题型,并在较高的要求下富有成效地学习,提高学生的应试能力。

本书由方小菊主编,参加编写的还有张琳、吴苏苏、张继东、杨青、方燕、朱静、杨捷、高蕴华、初莲莲、秦蕾。

由于编者水平和经验有限,书中难免有不足之处,恳请广大读者指正。

编 者

2004年7月于上海

目 录

UNIT ONE	1
第一部分 学前预测	1
第二部分 课文重点、难点助学	2
Section A The Temptation of a Respectable Woman	2
I Key Words	2
II Key Phrases and Expressions	7
III Key Structures	9
Section B The Obligations and Responsibilities to Marriage	10
I Key Words and Phrases	10
II Key Structures and Difficult Sentences	15
Section C The Positive Meanings of Love	16
Difficult Sentences	16
第三部分 补充练习	17
I Vocabulary and Structure	17
II Reading Comprehension	19
III Cloze	21
IV Translation	22
第四部分 课文部分练习题参考答案	23
第五部分 参考译文	25
UNIT TWO	29
第一部分 学前预测	29
第二部分 课文重点、难点助学	30
Section A Charlie Chaplin	30
I Key Words	30
II Key Phrases and Expressions	34
III Key Structures	34
Section B The Political Career of a Female Politician	35
I Key Words and Phrases	35
II Key Structures and Difficult Sentences	39
Section C A Family of Firsts	40
Difficult Sentences	40
第三部分 补充练习	42
I Vocabulary and Structure	42
II Reading Comprehension	43
III Short Answer Questions	45
IV Translation	46

第四部分 课文部分练习题参考答案	47
第五部分 参考译文	50
UNIT THREE	54
第一部分 学前预测	54
第二部分 课文重点、难点助学	55
Section A Longing for a New Welfare System	55
I Key Words	55
II Key Phrases and Expressions	59
III Key Structures	59
Section B A Blind Man Helped Me See the Beautiful World	60
I Key Words and Phrases	60
II Key Structures and Difficult Sentences	62
Section C A Hard Job to Come By	63
Difficult Sentences	63
第三部分 补充练习	64
I Vocabulary and Structure	64
II Reading Comprehension	66
III Cloze	68
IV Translation	69
第四部分 课文部分练习题参考答案	70
第五部分 参考译文	72
UNIT FOUR	77
第一部分 学前预测	77
第二部分 课文重点、难点助学	78
Section A The Telecommunications Revolution	78
I Key Words	78
II Key Phrases and Expressions	84
III Key Structures	85
Section B The Information Superhighway	87
I Key Words and Phrases	87
II Key Structures and Difficult Sentences	90
Section C Privacy in the Information Age	92
Difficult Sentences	92
第三部分 补充练习	93
I Vocabulary and Structure	93
II Reading Comprehension	94
III Short Answer Questions	97
IV Translation	97
第四部分 课文部分练习题参考答案	98
第五部分 参考译文	102

UNIT FIVE	106
第一部分 学前预测	106
第二部分 课文重点、难点助学	107
Section A Choose to Be Alone on Purpose	107
I Key Words	107
II Key Phrases and Expressions	111
III Key Structures	113
Section B Roommate Conflicts	115
I Key Words and Phrases	115
II Key Structures and Difficult Sentences	116
Section C An Indian Arranged Marriage	118
Difficult Sentences	118
第三部分 补充练习	119
I Vocabulary and Structure	119
II Reading Comprehension	120
III Cloze	123
IV Translation	124
第四部分 课文部分练习题参考答案	124
第五部分 参考译文	127
UNIT SIX	132
第一部分 学前预测	132
第二部分 课文重点、难点助学	133
Section A Bribery and Business Ethics	133
I Key Words	133
II Key Phrases and Expressions	140
III Key Structures	141
Section B The Biggest Threat to the Role of Police Officers	142
I Key Words and Phrases	142
II Key Structures and Difficult Sentences	145
Section C The Cunning Smuggler	147
Difficult Sentences	147
第三部分 补充练习	148
I Vocabulary and Structure	148
II Reading Comprehension	149
III Short Answer Questions	151
IV Translation	152
第四部分 课文部分练习题参考答案	153
第五部分 参考译文	156
UNIT SEVEN	160
第一部分 学前预测	160
第二部分 课文重点、难点助学	161

Section A Research into Population Genetics	161
I Key Words	161
II Key Phrases and Expressions	169
III Key Structures	170
Section B Geniuses and Better Parenting	171
I Key Words and Phrases	171
II Key Structures and Difficult Sentences	175
Section C Genetics and Environmental Factors in Creating Genius	176
Difficult Sentences	176
第三部分 补充练习	178
I Vocabulary and Structure	178
II Reading Comprehension	179
III Cloze	181
IV Translation	182
第四部分 课文部分练习题参考答案	183
第五部分 参考译文	186
UNIT EIGHT	190
第一部分 学前预测	190
第二部分 课文重点、难点助学	191
Section A Slavery Gave Me Nothing to Lose	191
I Key Words	191
II Key Phrases and Expressions	195
III Key Structures	196
Section B Why Are Women Afraid of Wrinkles	197
I Key Words and Phrases	197
II Key Structures and Difficult Sentences	201
Section C What Does It Really Mean to Grow Old	202
Difficult Sentences	202
第三部分 补充练习	203
I Vocabulary and Structure	203
II Reading Comprehension	204
III Short Answer Questions	206
IV Translation	207
第四部分 课文部分练习题参考答案	208
第五部分 参考译文	212
UNIT NINE	216
第一部分 学前预测	216
第二部分 课文重点、难点助学	217
Section A Make Euro Disney More European	217
I Key Words	217
II Key Phrases and Expressions	224

III Key Structures	225
Section B Not to Expect Profits Soon from Euro Disney	226
I Key Words and Phrases	226
II Key Structures and Difficult Sentences	228
Section C A Leisure Boom in Japan	230
Difficult Sentences	230
第三部分 补充练习	231
I Vocabulary and Structure	231
II Reading Comprehension	232
III Cloze	234
IV Translation	235
第四部分 课文部分练习题参考答案	236
第五部分 参考译文	239
UNIT TEN	244
第一部分 学前预测	244
第二部分 课文重点、难点助学	245
Section A How to Cultivate "EQ"	245
I Key Words	245
II Key Phrases and Expressions	248
III Key Structures	249
Section B EQ Plays a Role in Personal Success	249
I Key Words and Phrases	249
II Key Structures and Difficult Sentences	251
Section C The Major Qualities Making Up Emotional Intelligence	253
Difficult Sentences	253
第三部分 补充练习	254
I Vocabulary and Structure	254
II Reading Comprehension	255
III Short Answer Questions	258
IV Translation	258
第四部分 课文部分练习题参考答案	259
第五部分 参考译文	261



UNIT ONE

第一部分 学前预测

- Although I spoke to him many times, he never took any _____ of what I said.
A. attention B. notice C. warning D. observation
- He has been working too hard, and he's _____. He needs a rest.
A. broken apart B. broken up C. run down D. run over
- The manager says he needs a secretary whom he can _____ to deal with problems that may occur in his absence.
A. count for B. count upon C. count up D. count down
- When a cash-unit was opened each morning, it was in the _____ of two people.
A. view B. existence C. front D. presence
- My father takes a _____ interest in all his grandson's doings.
A. sharp B. keen C. strong D. magnificent
- The manager is _____ of your stupid conversation. No more talking please.
A. tired B. annoyed C. worried D. angry
- The final document was, of course, supposed to mend the damage _____ upon the world by the war.
A. imposed B. concentrate C. impressed D. compelled
- The mayor of the city is a _____ old man.
A. respectable B. respective C. respectful D. respecting
- In democratic countries, even if a person cannot prevent or stop injustice he usually _____ against it.
A. protests B. protects C. objects D. declares
- It took him days to get over his terrible _____.
A. dislike B. disagreement C. disappointment D. disadvantage
- I have omitted many things which _____ a place in the book.
A. reserved B. deserved C. preserved D. served
- As the managing director can't go to the reception, I'm representing the company _____.
A. on his behalf B. on his account
C. for his part D. for the most part
- The typical family pattern of several generations living together in the same house is being _____.

疑难记录



课堂笔记

- A. challenged B. destroyed C. guaranteed D. isolated
14. I never expected the shoes _____ so soon.
A. wearing out B. to be worn out C. to have worn out D. being worn out
15. Television is another major instrument of communication, _____ us to see as well to hear the performer.
A. permitted B. permitting C. to permit D. being permitted
16. The door remained _____.
A. locking B. to lock C. locked D. lock
17. _____ a fine day, we decided to go out for a picnic.
A. Having been B. Being C. What D. It being
18. In 1898, the Curies declared that they believed there was something in nature _____ gave out radiation.
A. as B. that C. where D. which
19. Personally I advise you not to pay this fee, _____ as an official I have to demand payment.
A. whenever B. which C. if D. although
20. In times of economic crisis, _____ jobs are hard to find, many people cannot keep their position on.
A. while B. as C. if D. which

参考答案

1. B 2. C 3. B 4. D 5. B 6. A 7. A 8. A 9. A 10. C
11. B 12. A 13. A 14. C 15. B 16. C 17. D 18. B 19. D 20. B

第二部分 课文重点、难点助学

一 Section A The Temptation of a Respectable Woman

一 Key Words

1. temptation /temp'teɪʃn/

n. 1) *the act of tempting or the state of being tempted* 引诱, 诱惑; 劝诱

There might be a temptation to cheat if students sit too close together.

如果学生坐得太近, 可能会诱使他们作弊。

There are many temptations in life. 生活中充满了诱惑。

2) *sth. very attractive; a thing or situation that tempts one* 很有诱惑力的东西; 吸引人的场面

I tried to resist the temptation to laugh. 我竭力想忍住不笑。

They yielded to temptation to steal. 他们忍不住还是偷了。



[考与记]

〈考〉tempt v. 引诱(某人)去做……, 诱使; 怂恿

The fine weather tempted us to go outside. 晴朗的天气诱使我们外出。

It's a very attractive offer, and I'm tempted to accept.

这是一项很有吸引力的工作机会, 我确实有些动心。

2. idle /'aɪdl/

a. 1) *not working or operating productively* 不在工作的, 空闲的

Owing to the electricity strike, a lot of factory workers were left idle.

由于电业工人罢工, 许多工厂的工人无活可干。

We can't afford to have all this expensive machinery lying idle.

把所有这些贵重机器闲置着, 我们可担负不起损失。

2) *lazy; wasting time* 懒惰的, 懒散的; 无所事事的

There are few idle people in their department.

在他们的部门, 几乎没有懒散人员。

He is too idle to do anything. 他懒得什么事都不做。

v. *to waste time doing nothing* 虚度, 浪费时间; 无所事事

George would rather idle about than help his wife.

乔治宁愿东游西荡也不去帮帮他的妻子。

They idled away two hours doing nothing. 他们浪费了两个小时, 什么也没干。

[考与记]

〈考〉idle about 闲逛

He is always idling about street corners. 他老是在街道拐角处闲逛。

〈考〉idle away 浪费时间

Stop idling away the precious time. 不要再浪费宝贵的时间了。

〈记〉idly ad. 闲散地, 懒散地 idleness n. 闲散, 懒散; 无所事事

3. penetrate /'penɪtreɪt/

v. 1) *enter, pass, cut, or force a way (into or through)* 贯穿, 穿过, 穿透; 渗入, 突入

The knife penetrated his stomach. 刀子刺穿了他的肚子。

The noise of the explosion penetrated the thickest walls.

爆炸声穿透了最厚的墙壁。

2) *see into or through* 看穿

My eyes couldn't penetrate the gloom. 我的眼睛在黑暗里看不见。

He had a false beard on, but we soon penetrated his disguise.

他虽然带着假胡子, 我们还是很快就认出了他。

[考与记]

〈记〉penetration n. 穿过, 穿透; 渗入

penetrative a. (人、头脑等) 敏锐的; 聪明的

4. presence /'prezns/

n. 1) *the fact of being present* 出席, 到场; 存在

She was so quiet that her presence was hardly noticed.

她一声不响, 几乎没有人注意到她在这里。

He never seemed at ease in my presence.

他和我在一起的时候, 总是显得不自在。

疑
难
记
录



课
堂
笔
记



- 2) *personal qualities and ways of behaving that have a strong effect on others* 仪态, 仪表
The general certainly has great presence. 将军确实仪表堂堂。
He is man of great presence. 他是位很有风度的男士。

[考与记]

〈考〉 in sb.'s presence 当着某人的面, 有某人在场

The document must be signed in the presence of a witness.
这份文件必须当着见证人的面签署。

〈记〉 present *a.* 出席的, 到场的

absence *n.* 缺席, 不在场

5. observation /ˌɒbzə'veɪʃn/

n. 1) *an action of noticing or watching* 观察, 注意; 监视

She's in hospital under observation. 她在医院接受观察。

He left by the back door to escape observation. 他从后门溜走了, 以免被人看见。

2) *a spoken or written remark (about sth. noticed)* 言论, 评论

She made some interesting observations on the current political scene.

她对当前的政治局面作了一些有趣的评论。

He made one or two observations about the weather.

他说了一两句关于天气的话。

3) *ability to notice things* 观察事物的能力

Professor Smith is a man of keen observation.

史密斯教授是一个有敏锐观察力的人。

[考与记]

〈记〉 observe *v.* 观察; 注意到

observable *a.* 观察得到的

observant *a.* 善于观察的; 机警的

observatory *n.* 天文台; 气象台

6. gaze /geɪz/

n. *a steady fixed look* 注视, 凝视

She turned her worried gaze from one person to the other.

她不安的目光从一个人移到了另一个人身上。

He turned his head away, feeling too ashamed to meet her gaze.

由于害羞而不敢与她凝视的目光相遇, 他把头扭开了。

v. *look steadily, esp. for a long time and often without being conscious of what one is doing*
(尤指长时间无意识地) 凝视; 注视

She sat gazing at the fire. 她凝视着炉火坐着。

Children gazed round the shop. 孩子们在商店里环顾四周。

同义词辨析

gaze 因赞赏和欢快而注视某事物。

We stood gazing at the view. 我们站着凝视美丽的景色。

They gazed up at the stars. 他们抬头凝望星空。

stare 由于惊奇、害怕、生气而睁大眼睛全神贯注于某事。

He stared at me, trying to remember who I was.

他瞪着眼睛看着我, 设法回忆起我是谁。

She stared at the strange animal. 她睁大眼睛注视着这奇怪的动物。

7. melt /melt/

- v. 1) *cause (a solid) to become liquid* (使)融化;(使)熔化

When the sun came out, the snow melted quickly. 太阳出来后,雪很快就化了。

The temperature is high enough to melt iron. 温度高得能使铁熔化。

- 2) *gradually disappear* (逐渐地)消失

I don't know where my money goes — it just seems to melt (away).

我不知道我的钱哪儿去了——就像是逐渐消失了。

The crowd of demonstrators melted away when the police arrived.

当警察赶到时,示威的人群逐渐散开了。

- 3) *(of color, sound, or sensation) become lost in another by moving gently* (颜色、声音、情感等的)逐渐融入

The trumpet call melts gradually into the orchestral background.

小号的号声逐渐融进管弦乐队的伴音之中。

[考与记]

〈考〉melt away 走开,散去;消失

His followers melted away at the first sight of danger.

他的追随者一发现有危险便纷纷散去。

8. keen /kin/

- a. 1) *(of a person) having a strong, active interest in sth.; eager to do sth.* (人)热衷的,热心的;渴望(做某事)的

She is keen on growing roses. 她喜欢种植玫瑰。

His father is keen for him to go to university. 他父亲渴望他能上大学。

- 2) *(of the mind, the feelings, the sense, etc.) good, strong, quick at understanding, etc.* 良好的;敏锐的;敏捷的

He has a keen brain. 他有敏捷的头脑。

They have keen sight. 他们有敏锐的视力。

My hearing is not as keen as it used to be. 我的听力不如从前那样敏锐了。

He takes a keen interest in his work. 他对他的工作深感兴趣。

[考与记]

〈考〉be keen on 喜爱;渴望

He is keen on that girl. 他很喜欢那姑娘。

They are keen on buying a new house. 他们渴望买一座新房子。

〈记〉keenly *ad.* 渴望地

keenness *n.* 渴望

9. honorable /'ɒnərəbl/

- a. 1) *bringing or deserving honor* 光荣的;体面的;应享有荣誉的;值得尊敬的

He has done honorable work. 他做了体面的工作。

We must have an honorable peace. 我们必须得到体面的和平。

- 2) *showing high principles and good character* 高尚的,品行高洁的

I believe he is an honorable man. 我认为他是个高尚的人。

We should tell our children to be honorable men.

我们应该教育我们的孩子做高尚的人。

疑难
记录

课堂
笔记



13. **deserve** /dɪ'zɜ:v/

v. (not in progressive forms) *have earned by one's actions or character; be worthy of* (不用被动语态) 应受, 应得, 值得

You've been working all morning — you deserve a rest.

你已经干了一个上午——该休息一下了。

Government officials clearly deserve some of the blame.

政府官员显然应负部分责任。

The article deserves careful study. 这篇文章值得仔细研究。

They deserve to be sent to prison. 他们应该入狱。

[考与记]

〈记〉 **deservedly** *ad.* 理所当然地, 应得地

deserving *a.* 应受支持的; 值得帮助的; 应得到……的

14. **tender** /'tendə/

a. 1) *painful; sore; sensitive to the touch* 疼痛的; 怕触摸的; 敏感的

The wound is still very tender. 伤口仍然是一碰就痛。

Don't mention his divorce — it's a very tender subject.

别提他离婚的事——那是个十分敏感的话题。

2) *easy to bite through; soft* 嫩的, 软的

The beef is really tender. 这牛肉真嫩。

We had enjoyed some tender meat for lunch. 午餐我们吃了一顿美味的嫩肉。

3) *gentle and loving; sympathetic; kind* 心肠软的; 温柔的; 体贴的

She had a tender heart. 她心地善良。

He gave her a tender look. 他含情脉脉地看了她一眼。

[考与记]

〈记〉 **tenderly** *ad.* 温柔地; 体贴得

tenderness *n.* 温柔; 体贴

II. Key Phrases and Expressions

1. **for the most part** 多半, 就大部分而言; 通常

This orange drink is for the most part water. 这种橙汁饮料多半是水。

For the most part he lives by himself. 他通常是一个人住。

For the most part the children are very health. 孩子们大部分时间都很健康。

[考与记]

〈考〉 **for my part** 就个人来说, 至于本人

For my part, I plan to go to the meeting even if you decide not to go.

就我来说, 即使你决定不去, 我仍计划出席这次会议。

For my part, I don't care who wins. 至于我, 谁赢我都不在乎。

2. **count upon/on** 料想; 依靠; 指望

You can count on me; I'll help you. 你能依靠我, 我会帮助你的。

We can count upon Lisa to keep her promise. 我们可以相信丽莎会信守诺言的。

We are counting on winning this contract. 我们期望能争取到这个合同。

3. **make a fuss about /over** 对……大惊小怪, 对……小题大做

Don't make so much fuss over losing a pen.

别为了丢失一支笔就这样大惊小怪。

疑难记录



课堂笔记