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撰文: 杨树茂 周长恺 廉海生

摄影: (按姓氏笔画为序)

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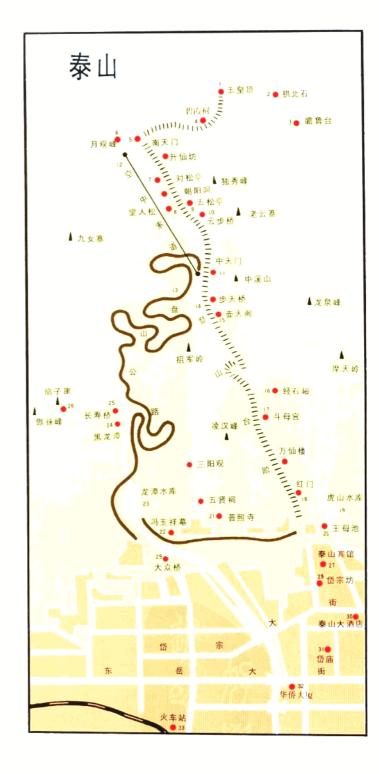


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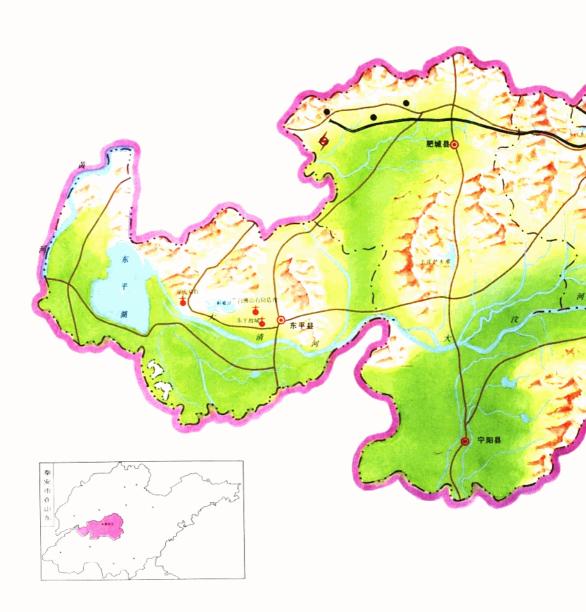


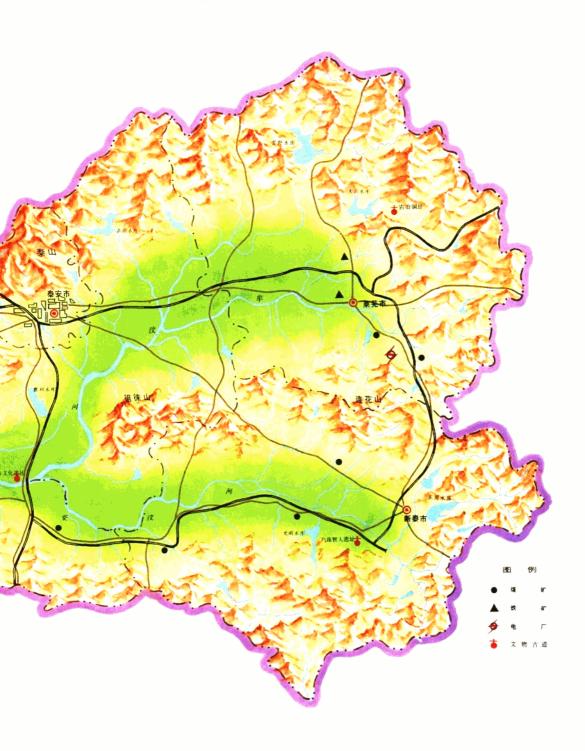
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泰安市地貌图







漫话泰安

天下名山无数。拔地而起的泰山,独以雄伟壮丽的自然景观,历 史悠久的文化古迹,称五岳独尊,居名山之首。千百年来,吸引着赫 赫帝王盛典登封,古今名人竞相留迹,四海游客朝拜如云。泰安依山 得城,横卧泰山之阳,盘亘齐鲁之间,是山城一体,城乡结合的繁华 形胜之地。

泰安市位于山东中部。全国铁路重要干线京沪线从泰安市境内纵 穿南北,辛泰铁路、磁莱支线横贯东西。公路成网,四通八达。

泰安市辖两区、三县、代管两市。总面积9840.35平方公里。境中北部群山、东部丘陵、中部是肥沃的平原,西部的东平湖水面广阔, 风光旖旎。

泰安自然气候属暖温带季风气候区。泰山四季景色各异:春日嫩蕊初绽,红的彤红,黄的焦黄:夏日雨过天晴,悬崖挂川:秋日天高峰远,红叶如火:冬日雾凇凝聚,雪映青松,泰山更添几分壮观。当年,清代名人姚鼐自京师冒雪而来,看尽岱岳娇妍,他的一篇《登泰山记》,至今为人传赞。

泰山是古老的。据考,泰山地段原本是太古代海槽的一部分。不知几经沧桑,才得以突兀人间?泰山石已有二十四、五亿年的高龄,是最古老的岩石之一。

泰安象泰山一样,也有着古老的历史。早在五千年前,在它境内的大汶河畔形成了文明人类的灿烂文化。夏商以后,汶河流域出现了

车、铸、遂、宿等古国,经济文化率先发展。春秋时期,这里又成为 齐鲁频争之地,著名的"长勺之战"就发生在泰山东麓。其后,泰安 和东平又为郡、路、州、府治地,人员辐凑,政治、经济都处在显要 地位。历史上,西汉赤眉、东汉黄巾、唐代黄巢,曾在泰安谱写出一 曲曲英雄壮歌;诗仙李白,诗圣杜甫,名列唐宋八大家的苏轼、欧阳 修也在泰山留下了千古传颂的名篇。

今天,泰安又以新的姿态成为文化旅游名城。这座因山得名,以 庙坛起基的古城开始进入现代化城市的行列。古老的泰山焕发了青春 的光彩。旅游资源得到保护和开发,新修的泰山公路在峰谷中蜿蜒, 中天门至南天门的游览索道凌空运转。泰山如诗如画,风姿迷人。

泰安地域广阔,土地肥沃,农业开发历史悠久。《淮南子·地形训》中称泰山为"中央之美者,有岱岳以生五谷桑麻,鱼盐出焉。" 泰莱肥宁平原是粮食主要产区。境内物产丰富,煤和铁的生产在全国 占重要地位,电力生产在全省名列前茅,轻纺、化工、机械制造业也 有了较大发展。

泰安是古老的文化城市,新兴的文化教育事业和科研工作也取得 了辉煌的成就。泰城是全省教育最发达的城市之一。地方剧种莱芜梆 子在全国会演中获得好评。有的科研项目获得国际博览会发明展览金 牌奖。

泰安正在起步。

INTRODUCING TAIAN

Of all the famous mountains in China, Mt. Taishan earns the highest reputation for its magnificent natural landscape and time-honoured cultural heritage. It has been considered as the greatest of China's Five Great Mountains. For thousands of years in history, it had been the place where emperors of the past dynasties came to pay homage and bestow honorific titles on the mountain, and the celebrated poets and scholars came for a visit, leaving behind numerous widely-quoted poems and articles in its praise. To this day it has still been a big attraction to tourists both at home and abroad. The city of Taian is built right at the foot of the mountain, the southern side of Mt. Taishan, so that there is a city by the mountain and a mountain by the city.

Taian is situated in the central part of Shandong Province. It is the communication hub of railways and highways in the immediate area.

Taian has two districts, the ee counties and two county-level cities under its jurisdiction. It covers an area of 9840. 35 spuare kilometers, with mountains lying in the north, rolling area in the east, fertile plains in the middle and scenic Dongping Lake in the west.

Taian lies in the temperate zone with a monsoon climate that well serves the sceneries of the four seasons in Mt. Taishan. In spring, the place was a riot of colour; in summer, after rain, waterfalls pour down from cliffs like silk curtains; in autumn, weather is extremely fine with maple leaves as red as fire; in winter, branches of pines and cyprsses are weighed down by snow, which give added charm to the mountain. Once on a snowy day in the Qing Dynasty, Yao Nai, a luminary of his time, came to the mountain on a visit. He was so delighted with the scene that he wrote down an article On Climbing Mt. Taishan, which is still widely read today.

Mt. Taishan is very old, of course. According to historical record, the range of the mountain used to be the part of the sea trough in the Archaeozoic Era. No one knows for how many years did it go up to become what it is now. The rocks there are 2.4-2.5 billion years old, one of the oldest rock mountain on the earth.

Like Mt. Taishan, the city of Taian also has a long history. The Dawen