

● 浙江省中等职业教育教材配套复习用书

◆ 上海东方激光教育文化有限公司 组编

( 配人教版 )

浙江中职导学与同步训练 ● 第二册

# 英 语

—— 阶段综合测试卷  
( 高一下学期 )

中国三峡出版社

浙江省中等职业教育教材配套复习用书

● 上海东方激光教育文化有限公司 组编

**浙江中职自学与同步训练** (配人教版)  
第二册

# 英 语

## 阶段综合测试卷

(高一下学期)

编委会主任	江照富								
编委会副主任	江再智	潘月林							
丛书编委	李福林	陈岳松	王岗	卢文静	项琳冰				
	傅妙西	李彩云							
本册主编	李彩云								
本册编委	郭素琴	马雪华	朱红	蒋静	夏旭红				
	李彩云	陈彩娟	卢赛珍	徐菊花	泮颖华				

中国三峡出版社

## 图书在版编目 ( CIP ) 数据

浙江省中职导学与同步训练. 第二册: 人教版  
/ 上海东方激光教育文化有限公司 组编.

— 北京: 中国三峡出版社, 2005. 8  
ISBN 7-80099-972-6

I. 浙… II. 上… III. ①语文课 - 专业学校 - 教学参考资料  
②数学课 - 专业学校 - 教学参考资料 ③英语课 - 专业学校 - 教学参考资料  
IV. G634

中国版本图书馆 CIP 数据核字 ( 2005 ) 第 084100 号

中国三峡出版社出版发行

( 北京市海淀区太平路 23 号院 12 号楼 100036 )

电话: ( 010 ) 68218553 51933037

<http://www.e-zgsx.com>

E-mail: sanxiaz@sina.com

江阴市天江印刷有限公司印制 新华书店经销

2005 年 9 月第 1 版 2005 年 9 月第 1 次印刷

开本: 787×1092 毫米 1/16 印张: 50.25 字数: 1206 千字

ISBN 7-80099-972-6 定价: 70.00 元 ( 全八册 )

## 前 言

为了适应中等职业教育教学改革、发展新形势的需要,全面推进素质教育,认真贯彻教育部颁布的中等职业学校课程教学大纲的精神,我们组织了一批具有丰富实践经验和熟悉教学一线实际情况的教研员、骨干教师编写了这套《导学与同步训练》系列丛书,旨在对教材的学习内容进行系统的梳理、提炼,且通过单元测试、期中测试、期末测试,及时巩固、加强已学的知识,把握教材的知识点,促进学生知识系统的形成,提高学生分析问题和解决问题的能力。

本套丛书为教师的教学和检测提供实用的材料,为学生消化巩固所学内容及时提供实在的依据,特别是为有志参加浙江省高等职业技术教育招生考试(单考单招)的学生提供具有系统性、针对性的学习资料。

本套丛书包括语、数、英三个学科,《导学与同步训练·语文》系列依据人教版中等职业教育国家规划教材编写;《导学与同步训练·数学》系列依据人民教育出版社基础版的教材编写;《导学与同步训练·英语》系列依据浙江人民出版社的教材编写。同时各科的编写均参考了浙江省高等职业技术教育招生考试大纲。

《导学与同步训练·英语》分复习用书三册和试卷三册,根据浙江人民出版社最新的英语教材编写,每册编写复习用书一册和试卷一册。英语复习用书根据每个单元编写,分学习目标、基础知识、同步训练三个版块。英语试卷和复习用书配套使用,编写若干阶段卷和综合卷。

《导学与同步训练·英语——阶段综合测试卷》是《导学与同步训练·英语》的配套测试卷。内容有以下三个方面:

1. 每两单元的阶段测试卷;
2. 前六单元的期中综合测试卷;
3. 全书的期末综合测试卷一、二两套。

出版本测试卷的主要目的是,帮助学生分阶段地系统复习、巩固和掌握各单元的基础知识和基本技能,把握教材的知识点,促进学生知识体系的形成,提高学生分析问题和解决问题的能力。本书强调基础性、实用性、针对性、灵活性、趣味性的协调统一,把握时代脉搏,体现“以发展学生为本”的教育思想,突出培养学生的创新精神和实践能力,有利于培养学生的科学素质。

本册测试卷由李彩云任主编,参与编写的有郭素琴、马雪华、朱红、蒋静、夏旭红、李彩云、陈彩娟、卢赛珍、徐菊花、泮颖华等老师。由于组稿时间紧迫,书中难免存在一些不足,恳请广大师生批评指正,以便我们不断完善。

《导学与同步训练》编写组  
E-mail: 0571donghang@sina.com

# 目 录

测试卷一 ( Units 1—2 ) .....	1
测试卷二 ( Units 3—4 ) .....	7
测试卷三 ( Units 5—6 ) .....	15
期中测试卷 ( Units 1—6 ) .....	23
测试卷四 ( Units 7—8 ) .....	29
测试卷五 ( Units 9—10 ) .....	35
期末测试卷一 ( Units 1—10 ) .....	41
期末测试卷二 ( Units 1—10 ) .....	49
参考答案 .....	57
打击盗版 举报有奖 .....	64

## 测试卷一 (Units 1—2)

### 一、单词辨音 (10%)

- |                           |                  |                   |                    |
|---------------------------|------------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| ( ) 1. A. <u>walk</u>     | B. <u>half</u>   | C. <u>talk</u>    | D. <u>tall</u>     |
| ( ) 2. A. <u>with</u>     | B. <u>month</u>  | C. <u>tooth</u>   | D. <u>three</u>    |
| ( ) 3. A. <u>exam</u>     | B. <u>exact</u>  | C. <u>example</u> | D. <u>exercise</u> |
| ( ) 4. A. <u>honest</u>   | B. <u>hurry</u>  | C. <u>hang</u>    | D. <u>holiday</u>  |
| ( ) 5. A. <u>studied</u>  | B. <u>booked</u> | C. <u>wanted</u>  | D. <u>decided</u>  |
| ( ) 6. A. <u>appear</u>   | B. <u>dear</u>   | C. <u>wear</u>    | D. <u>hear</u>     |
| ( ) 7. A. <u>enough</u>   | B. <u>around</u> | C. <u>south</u>   | D. <u>gown</u>     |
| ( ) 8. A. <u>fly</u>      | B. <u>try</u>    | C. <u>company</u> | D. <u>fry</u>      |
| ( ) 9. A. <u>forward</u>  | B. <u>corner</u> | C. <u>forty</u>   | D. <u>correct</u>  |
| ( ) 10. A. <u>college</u> | B. <u>change</u> | C. <u>apology</u> | D. <u>agree</u>    |

### 二、单词拼写 (5%)

1. It's f\_\_\_\_\_ today. The sun is bright and the sky is blue .
2. We were d\_\_\_\_\_ the Christmas tree when he arrived.
3. Tom , close the d\_\_\_\_\_, please. It's cold outside.
4. These photos often r\_\_\_\_\_ me of the happy days.
5. We were holding an English evening in the o\_\_\_\_\_ air at that time.

### 三、单项选择 (20%)

- ( ) 1. What \_\_\_\_\_ you like for breakfast?  
A. may                      B. will                      C. would                      D. can
- ( ) 2. Have you received a present on your birthday from Jim \_\_\_\_\_?  
A. yet                      B. just                      C. never                      D. ever
- ( ) 3. He likes the book but it \_\_\_\_\_ too much.  
A. pays                      B. costs                      C. takes                      D. spends
- ( ) 4. There \_\_\_\_\_ sheep in the field.  
A. are much                      B. is small                      C. is a few                      D. are a few
- ( ) 5. They won't go to the Great Wall if it \_\_\_\_\_ tomorrow.  
A. rain                      B. raining                      C. rains                      D. will rain
- ( ) 6. Miss Li is one of \_\_\_\_\_ in our school.  
A. a popular teacher                      B. more popular teacher  
C. most popular teacher                      D. the most popular teachers
- ( ) 7. Kate \_\_\_\_\_ TV when Mum came home.  
A. is watching                      B. was watching  
C. watches                      D. watched

- ( ) 8. —Is the old man still alive?  
—I'm sorry he's \_\_\_\_\_. He \_\_\_\_\_ one week ago.  
A. dead; died      B. dying; dead      C. dying; died      D. died; dead
- ( ) 9. \_\_\_\_\_ your help, we finished the work on time.  
A. Thanks      B. Thanks of      C. Thank for      D. Thanks to
- ( ) 10. You wanted to \_\_\_\_\_ a dictionary \_\_\_\_\_ your classmate.  
A. borrow; to      B. lend; to      C. borrow; from      D. lend; from
- ( ) 11. Jeff \_\_\_\_\_ football and knows a lot about it.  
A. is interested on      B. is interested in  
C. is interesting about      D. is interesting with
- ( ) 12. Here is milk and bread. You can help yourself \_\_\_\_\_ some.  
A. on      B. out      C. to      D. with
- ( ) 13. \_\_\_\_\_ books must be produced for the children.  
A. Many thousands      B. Many thousands of  
C. Many thousand of      D. Many thousand
- ( ) 14. Li Ming was too tired. So he \_\_\_\_\_ rest.  
A. stops to have a      B. stopped to have a  
C. stopped have a      D. stopped having a
- ( ) 15. I don't like this sweater. Please \_\_\_\_\_ me another.  
A. show      B. try      C. put      D. look
- ( ) 16. China has built a Great Green Wall \_\_\_\_\_ the northern part \_\_\_\_\_ the country.  
A. to; in      B. across; of      C. across; on      D. at; of
- ( ) 17. When \_\_\_\_\_ the accident \_\_\_\_\_?  
A. was; happened      B. had; happened  
C. did; happen      D. was; happening
- ( ) 18. You'd better \_\_\_\_\_ more water, Tom. It's good for your health.  
A. drink      B. drinking      C. to drink      D. drank
- ( ) 19. Have you ever seen \_\_\_\_\_ big panda before?  
A. a such      B. such a      C. so a      D. a so
- ( ) 20. Why, here's my pen! I \_\_\_\_\_ it just now, but I didn't \_\_\_\_\_ it.  
A. looked for; found      B. found; look for  
C. looked for; find      D. found; looked for

#### 四、完形填空 (10%)

It's never easy to admit (承认) you are in the wrong. We all 1 to know the art of apology (道歉). Think how often you've done wrong. Then count how many 2 you've expressed clearly you were 3. You can't go to bed with an easy mind if you do 4 about it. A doctor friend, Mr. Libel, told me about a man who came to him with different kinds of signs: headaches, heart trouble and insomnia (失眠症). 5 some careful exams, Mr. Libel

found nothing wrong with him and said, "If you don't tell me what's 6 you, I can't help you". The man admitted he was cheating ( 骗取 ) his brother of his inheritance ( 遗产 ). Then and there the clever doctor 7 the man write to his brother and 8 his money. As soon as the letter was put into the post box, the man suddenly cried. "Thank you", he said to the doctor, "I think I've got well." An apology can not only save a broken relationship ( 关系 ), but also make it 9 . If you can think of someone who should be 10 an apology from you, do something about it in right now.

- ( ) 1. A. decide                      B. have                      C. need                      D. try
- ( ) 2. A. mistakes                      B. people                      C. ways                      D. times
- ( ) 3. A. sorry                      B. weak                      C. sad                      D. wrong
- ( ) 4. A. something                      B. anything                      C. nothing                      D. everything
- ( ) 5. A. before                      B. After                      C. Till                      D. Since
- ( ) 6. A. hurting                      B. changing                      C. touching                      D. worrying
- ( ) 7. A. made                      B. helped                      C. let                      D. saw
- ( ) 8. A. gave                      B. kept                      C. returned                      D. paid
- ( ) 9. A. newer                      B. worse                      C. harder                      D. stronger
- ( ) 10. A. received                      B. given                      C. known                      D. forgotten

#### 五、阅读理解 (30%)

(A)

Dear Linda,

I have been in England for three months now. I hope you don't think I've forgotten you. There have been so many places to see and so many things to do that I've not had much time for writing letters.

I shall soon be starting my studies at King's College. So far I've been learning about England and British ways of living. I will tell you about London. There are plenty of books you can read and plenty of pictures you can look at. I'm sure you'll be more interested to know what I think about the life here.

I find some of the customs ( 风俗 ) new and interesting. People here do not shake hands as much as we do in China. During the first few weeks I was often surprised because people did not put out their hands when I met them. Men raise their hats to women but not to each other.

Yours,  
Pingping

- ( ) 1. The writer came to London from \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. Asia                      B. Europe                      C. America                      D. Africa
- ( ) 2. The writer \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. has never been of England                      B. came to England just now
- C. came to England three months ago                      D. will come to England in three months
- ( ) 3. He has \_\_\_\_\_.



- A. not written any letters  
B. much time to write letters  
C. no time to write letters  
D. a little time to write letters
- ( ) 4. He came to England to \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. study  
B. make a living  
C. learn British ways of living  
D. learn about life there
- ( ) 5. Englishmen \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. do not often shake hands with friends when they meet  
B. often shake hands with friends when they meet  
C. raise their hats to all friends when they meet  
D. do not raise their hats to friends when they meet

( B )

An Englishman was showing a foreign visitor around London. "What's that strange building?" asked the visitor. "That's the Tower (塔) of London." "I see. How long did it take to build it?" "About 500 years." "In my country we can build it in five months," said the visitor. A short time after that they came to St. Paul's Cathedral (大教堂). "Very interesting!" said the visitor. "How long did it take to build it?" "Nearly forty years," said the Englishman. "In my country we can finish it in forty days," said the visitor. This went on all day. They visited most of the best known buildings in the city. Every time they saw a new one, the visitor asked what it was and how long it took to build it. Then he said that they could do the same thing much faster in his country. At last the Englishman got angry with the visitor though he tried not to show it. A few days later they came to the House of Parliament (议会大厦) and the visitor asked his usual question, "What's that?" The Englishman answered, "I've no idea. It wasn't there last night."

- ( ) 1. The Englishman showed the foreign visitor around \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. the Tower of London  
B. St. Paul's Cathedral  
C. some famous buildings in London  
D. the whole city of London
- ( ) 2. The visitor said that in his country, it would take them to build St. Paul's Cathedral \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. less than half a year  
B. more than a month  
C. five hundred years  
D. forty years
- ( ) 3. The Englishman was very angry by the end of the day, but he \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. tried not to let the visitor know it  
B. tried not to show the visitor around the city  
C. had no time to tell the visitor  
D. didn't want to say anything
- ( ) 4. The Englishman's last answer showed he \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. was sorry that he hadn't seen the building before  
B. could say nothing because he didn't know anything about it

- C. was not happy and decided to give him a surprising answer  
D. didn't know how to tell the visitor the name of the building

( ) 5. The best title (标题) for this passage is "\_\_\_\_\_".

- A. English history  
B. Around London  
C. What' that strange building?  
D. How long did it take to build it?

(C)

Miss Rose taught physics (物理) in a London school. Last week she was explaining (解释) to one of her classes about sound, and she decided to test (测试) them to see how successful (成功的) she had been in her work. She said to them, "Now, I have a sister in Washington. If I was calling her on the telephone, and at the same time you were 20 metres away, and listened to me from the other side of the street, who would hear what I said earlier, my sister or you, and why?"

The cleverest boy at once answered, "Your sister, Miss Rose, because electricity (电) travels faster than sound waves (声波)."

"That's very good," Miss Rose answered. But then one of the girls put up her hand, and Miss Rose said, "Yes, Betty." "I don't agree," Betty said, "Your sister would hear you earlier because when it's eleven o'clock here, it's only six o'clock in Washington."

( ) 1. Miss Rose was teaching her students about \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. telephone  
B. time  
C. sound  
D. electricity

( ) 2. She wanted her students to know \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. which were faster, sound waves or electricity  
B. whether Betty was cleverer than the boy  
C. whether she could call her sister in Washington  
D. whether her students could hear her from 20 metres away

( ) 3. The boy thought that \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. sound waves were faster than electricity  
B. sound waves were slower than electricity  
C. the students would hear Miss Rose earlier  
D. the students would hear her sister earlier

( ) 4. From the passage, we know Miss Rose \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. was pleased with the boy's answer  
B. was not pleased with what the boy had said  
C. thought Betty's answer was much better  
D. thought both of the answers were right

( ) 5. Betty thought the boy was wrong because \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. electricity was slower than sound waves  
B. electricity was faster than sound waves  
C. electricity traveled as fast as sound waves

D. clocks in Washington showed a different time from those in London

六、 补全对话 (5%)

Charley: Come on, Steve. 1

Steve: Wait a moment. 2

Charley: OK.

Steve: By the way, can we give my sister a ride home tonight?

Charley: Sure. 3

Steve: Yes. She wants to take some pictures.

Charley: 4

Steve: Yeah. She wants to work for a newspaper someday.

Charley: But I think it might be hard for her to succeed. 5

A. Well, she always enjoys sports games, doesn't she?

B. I didn't know Eva was interested in photography.

C. There are a lot of photographers out there.

D. You mean she's coming to the game, too?

E. I just have to close up the shop.

F. It's time to go.

G. Eva's closing the door.

1. \_\_\_\_\_ 2. \_\_\_\_\_ 3. \_\_\_\_\_ 4. \_\_\_\_\_ 5. \_\_\_\_\_

七、 短文改错 (10%)

It was Friday evening. Mr. and Mrs. Green was getting ready to go to England on their holiday. The children were filling their bags with clothes and other things. Mrs Green spoke her children to put their bags beside hers while they were ready. Mrs. Green was worry about their journey. She hated traveling by air. She liked to stay safely in the different place because the seats on the plane were too narrow and the journey was always too long. She tried to sleep, but she never able to sleep very well. Mr. Green said he had the ticket and money in his jacket. They couldn't take Polly with them. Jim asked for Ling Feng to take care of it.

1. \_\_\_\_\_

2. \_\_\_\_\_

3. \_\_\_\_\_

4. \_\_\_\_\_

5. \_\_\_\_\_

6. \_\_\_\_\_

7. \_\_\_\_\_

8. \_\_\_\_\_

9. \_\_\_\_\_

10. \_\_\_\_\_

八、 书面表达

根据中文设置的情景和英文提示词语, 写出语法正确、意思连贯的句子。所给的英文提示词语必须都用上。(10%)

上星期日, 我们乘车去西山植树。一些学生种树, 其他学生……

Keys: 1. it, fine, last Sunday 2. we, go, West Hill, by bus 3. some, plant trees, other, carry water 4. because, we, work hard, tired, happy 5. all, know, stop...from, blow, and, city, make

## 测试卷二 (Units 3—4)

### 一、单词辨音 (10%)

- ( ) 1. A. freedom      B. really      C. reason      D. seem  
( ) 2. A. war      B. popular      C. warm      D. warn  
( ) 3. A. fashion      B. change      C. attraction      D. pants  
( ) 4. A. sport      B. board      C. walk      D. world  
( ) 5. A. show      B. cow      C. throw      D. bowl  
( ) 6. A. jump      B. fun      C. guess      D. make-up  
( ) 7. A. weight      B. height      C. laugh      D. thought  
( ) 8. A. health      B. wealth      C. third      D. weather  
( ) 9. A. exhibition      B. example      C. exercise      D. expert  
( ) 10. A. stairs      B. ideas      C. desire      D. tricks

### 二、单词拼写 (5%)

1. People from all w\_\_\_\_\_ of life like playing table tennis.
2. Hangzhou is f\_\_\_\_\_ for the West Lake.
3. Girls always follow the latest s\_\_\_\_\_.
4. Advertising is playing an important p\_\_\_\_\_ in business.
5. Boys like to show their b\_\_\_\_\_ now and then.

### 三、单项选择 (20%)

- ( ) 1. \_\_\_\_\_ tallest building in the town is \_\_\_\_\_ Bank of China.  
A. The; the      B. A; a  
C. A; the      D. The; a
- ( ) 2. Don't go out. It's raining \_\_\_\_\_ outside.  
A. heavy      B. quickly  
C. heavily      D. hardly
- ( ) 3. I think you can do it \_\_\_\_\_ I.  
A. as good as      B. as well as  
C. as better as      D. so well as
- ( ) 4. It was after the war ended \_\_\_\_\_ he found his father.  
A. when      B. how  
C. that      D. whom
- ( ) 5. —May I keep the book \_\_\_\_\_ longer?  
—No, you mustn't.  
A. a bit of      B. a little  
C. a few      D. more

- ( ) 6. Mr. Hunt enjoys \_\_\_\_\_ after his flowers after work.  
A. look B. looking  
C. to look D. looked
- ( ) 7. —Do you like this kind of paper?  
—Yes, it \_\_\_\_\_ very nice.  
A. is felt B. felt  
C. is feeling D. feels
- ( ) 8. You \_\_\_\_\_ to school tomorrow if you go to the hospital to look after your mother.  
A. don't need come B. won't need come  
C. needn't come D. needn't to come
- ( ) 9. He \_\_\_\_\_ the street when he was hit by a car.  
A. was just crossing B. has just crossed  
C. just crossed D. was just crossed
- ( ) 10. Reading in bed isn't \_\_\_\_\_ our eyes.  
A. good at B. weak in  
C. bad for D. good for
- ( ) 11. The meeting \_\_\_\_\_ five hours yesterday.  
A. last B. lasts  
C. lasted D. lasting
- ( ) 12. —He hardly has sports at school, \_\_\_\_\_?  
—I don't think so.  
A. hasn't he B. has he  
C. doesn't he D. does he
- ( ) 13. —What shall we do this Sunday?  
—Why \_\_\_\_\_ to the Science Museum?  
A. not go to B. not go  
C. don't go D. not you go
- ( ) 14. Father went to his doctor for \_\_\_\_\_ on his heart trouble.  
A. an advice B. the advice  
C. advice D. advices
- ( ) 15. Who jumps \_\_\_\_\_ in your school?  
A. far B. farther  
C. farthest D. longer
- ( ) 16. You take \_\_\_\_\_ medicine. It's terrible!  
A. too much B. very much  
C. much too D. very
- ( ) 17. —Is there \_\_\_\_\_ in the book?  
—No, nothing.

- A. interesting something                      B. interesting anything  
C. something interesting                      D. anything interesting
- ( ) 18. \_\_\_\_\_ going fishing this afternoon?  
A. Why don't you                              B. Why not  
C. How    D. How about
- ( ) 19. —How often do you go to the cinema?  
—\_\_\_\_\_.  
A. In a week                                      B. For a week  
C. Once a week                                   D. After a week
- ( ) 20. Do you have any ideas on \_\_\_\_\_?  
A. where should I go                              B. where I should go  
C. I should go where                              D. what I should go

#### 四、完形填空 (10%)

We live in the "computer age". People   1   scientists, teachers, writers and even students use computers to do   2   work. But more than 30 years ago,   3   couldn't do much. They were very big and expensive. Very few people were interested in them and knew how to   4   them. Today computers are smaller and cheaper. Since they can do   5   work, many people like to use them. Some people even have them at home.

Computers become very important   6   they can work faster than man and make fewer mistakes. Computers can   7   people do a lot of work. Writers now use computers to write. Teachers use them to help teaching. Students use them to study and children use them to play games. Computers can also remember what you put   8   them. Computers are very   9   and helpful. They are our good friends.

Do you want to   10   a computer?

- ( ) 1. A. as                                      B. like                                      C. for                                      D. with
- ( ) 2. A. many of                                      B. very much                                      C. a lot                                      D. all kinds of
- ( ) 3. A. scientists                                      B. teachers                                      C. students                                      D. computers
- ( ) 4. A. sell                                      B. use                                      C. look                                      D. put
- ( ) 5. A. other                                      B. several                                      C. a lot of                                      D. many
- ( ) 6. A. or                                      B. but                                      C. and                                      D. because
- ( ) 7. A. help                                      B. make                                      C. use                                      D. stop
- ( ) 8. A. for                                      B. into                                      C. on                                      D. up
- ( ) 9. A. beautiful                                      B. careful                                      C. useful                                      D. heavy
- ( ) 10. A. pay                                      B. sell                                      C. lend                                      D. have

#### 五、阅读理解 (30%)

(A)

One day a young woman walked into a hat shop.

"Good afternoon, madam," said the shop assistant with a smile. "Can I help you?"



"It's my father, Mrs. Black."

- ( ) 1. Peter is a \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. middle school student                      B. Young Pioneer  
C. worker    D. teacher
- ( ) 2. Peter will be in \_\_\_\_\_ next year.
- A. Grade Two                                        B. Grade Three  
C. Grade One                                        D. school
- ( ) 3. Peter often reads newspapers because \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. he likes to read news  
B. he likes to read stories  
C. he wants to know when and where a football match will be  
D. his father wants him to read them
- ( ) 4. Peter wants to ask for half a day's leave because \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. his father is ill in bed  
B. he wants to watch the football match  
C. he doesn't want to have English and Chinese  
D. he is ill in bed
- ( ) 5. Which of the following is right?
- A. Mrs. Black is going to take Peter to see a doctor.  
B. Peter likes to watch TV at four in the afternoon.  
C. Peter is a stupid ( 愚笨的 ) boy.  
D. Peter is not an honest ( 诚实的 ) boy.

( C )

It's eight in the morning. Mr. Robert is free from work. He is now looking through a list of programs with his little son, Tony.

Channel 2

7:30 Morning News

14:40 Olympic Games: women's tennis single final

15:30 Arts and Cultures

16:50 Cartoon: Crayon Shinchan

18:20 Olympic Games: men's table tennis double final

Channel 8

9:55 Olympic Games: men's 100-metre race final

11:40 Olympic Games: the Olympic Rings

20:40 Serials: Sunrise

22:09 Film Spiderman

23:57 Olympic Games: men's high jump final



Channel 9

9:00 Chinese History

10:30 Cartoon: King Lion

21:15 Travelling in China

22:30 Olympic Games: special report

- ( ) 1. Mr. Robert plans to watch TV in the morning and he doesn't show much interest in sports and games. Which channel would he like to choose?
- A. Channel 2.  
B. Channel 8.  
C. Channel 9.  
D. Channel 2 and channel 9.
- ( ) 2. At night, Mr. Robert wants to know the results of the Olympic Games of the day, he may choose \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. Channel 2, women's tennis single final  
B. Channel 2, men's table tennis double final  
C. Channel 8, men's high jump final  
D. Channel 9, special report
- ( ) 3. Tony likes cartoon very much. But he isn't allowed to watch them in the morning. He has to finish his homework first. So which program can he choose?
- A. Crayon Shinchan.   B. Sunrise.  
C. Spiderman.   D. King Lion.
- ( ) 4. Tony is a basketball fan. What will he feel after reading through the list?
- A. Surprised.   B. Disappointed.  
C. Interested.   D. Excited.
- ( ) 5. By watching TV today, how many results of the Olympic Games finals can Mr. Robert at least get to know if he would like to?
- A. Two.   B. Three.  
C. Four.   D. Five.

六、补全对话 (5%)

A:    1   

B: Yes, please. I want to buy a pair of sports shoes.

A:    2   

B: Size ten or eleven.

A: OK!    3   

B: I don't like black. Do you have any other colors?

A: Other colors?    4   

B: Can I have a look at the brown ones?