

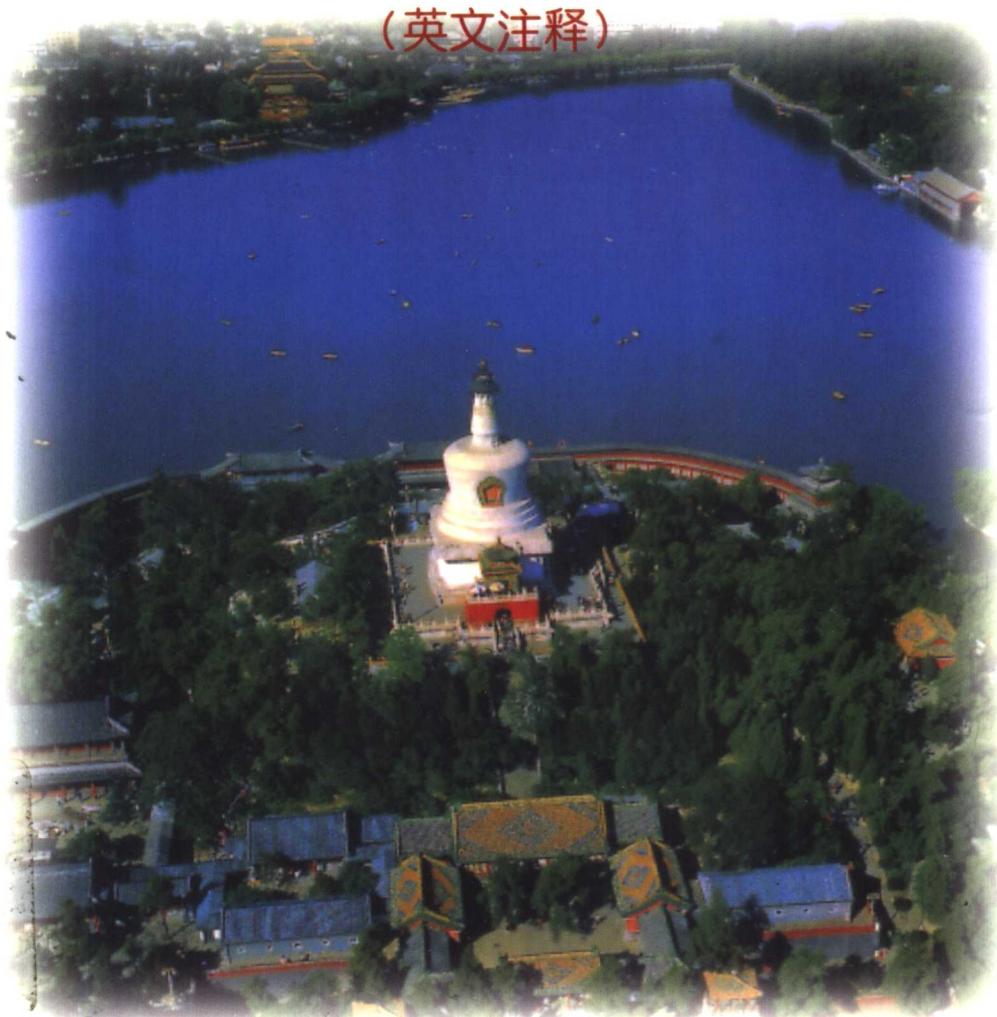
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北语对外汉语精版教材

# 汉语会话301句

CONVERSATIONAL CHINESE 301

(英文注释)



康玉华 来思平 编著

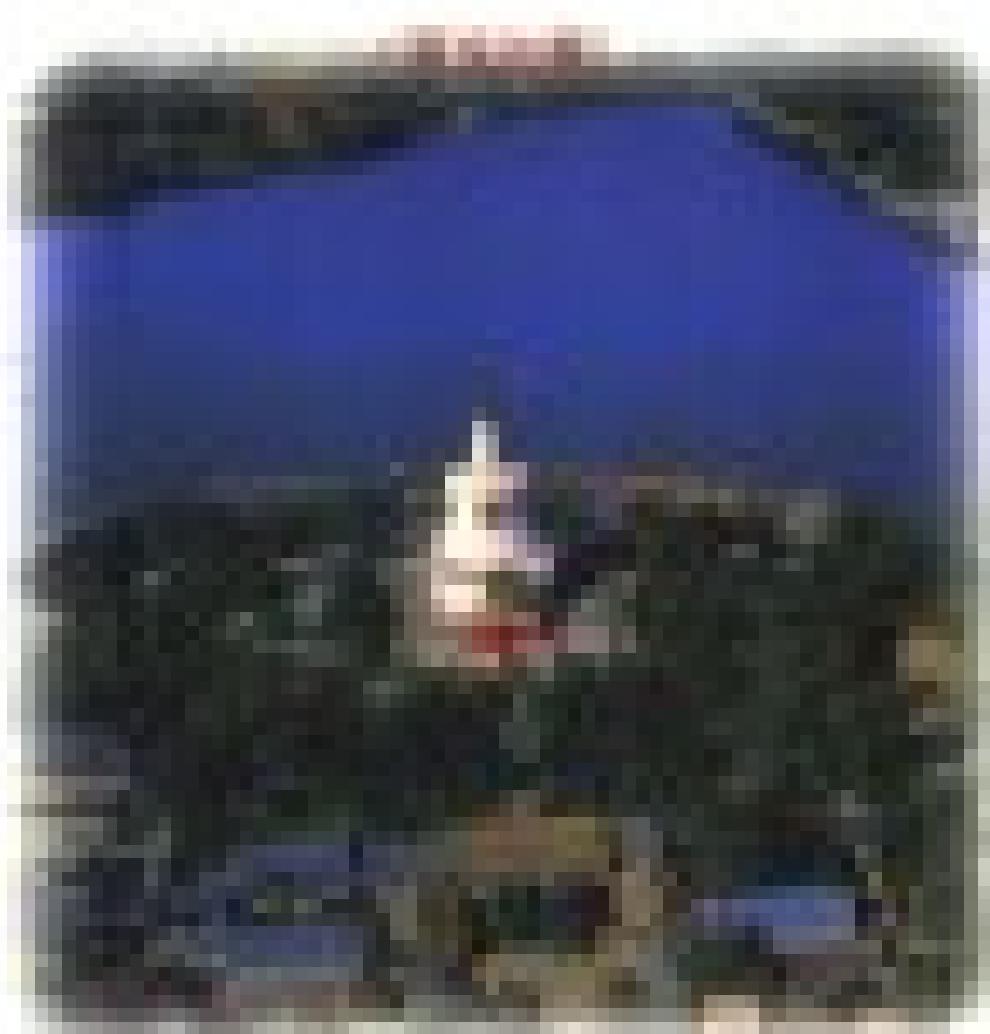
Kang Yuhua & Lai Siping

北京语言文化大学出版社

实用会话301句

# 汉英会话301句

Chinese English Conversation 301 Sentences



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康玉华 来思平 编著  
朱文俊 翻译

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## 《北语对外汉语精版教材》编辑说明

北京语言文化大学(原北京语言学院)是全国规模最大、历史最悠久的对外汉语教学基地,拥有全国实力最雄厚的教材编写队伍。八十年代到九十年代初出版的一些经年常销不衰的对外汉语教材,绝大部分出自北语教师之手,其中又有相当一部分是由我社出版的。随着中国的迅速发展,这些课本有一些内容已经陈旧过时,但它们或因结构、情景、功能等编排合理,或因内容生动实用,仍然广受欢迎。事实上,许多老教材只需做局部修改,使之与现实的社会情形相合,仍然可以焕发青春。为此,我社决定以年发行量 5000 套以上为标准,从这些老牌教材中首批精选出《初级汉语课本》、《汉语会话 301 句》、《说汉语》和《中级汉语听和说》,加以修订,编为《北语对外汉语精版教材》。所谓“北语”,不言自明,这些教材都是北京语言文化大学的教师编写的;所谓“精版”,义为精心选择、精心修订、精心印制,使之更实用、更好用,在质量上达到精品的水准。这些教材的编写,原本是十年磨一剑;十年左右的常销不衰,又早已证明了它们的经典地位;此番经过作者的精心修订,可谓百尺竿头,更进一步。因此,我社愿向全国对外汉语教学界及海外汉语教学界推荐这套丛书,并希望把它继续出版下去。

北京语言文化大学出版社编辑部

1998 年 7 月 21 日

## 前　　言

《汉语会话 301 句》是为初学汉语的外国人编写的速成教材。

本书共 40 课，另有复习课 8 课。40 课内容包括“问候”、“相识”等交际功能项目近 30 个，生词 800 个左右以及汉语基本语法。每课分句子、会话、替换与扩展、生词、语法、练习等六部分。

本书注重培养初学者运用汉语进行交际的能力，采用交际功能与语法结构相结合的方法编写。将现代汉语中最常用、最基本的部分通过生活中常见的语境展现出来，使学习者能较快地掌握基本会话 301 句，并在此基础上通过替换与扩展练习，达到能与中国人进行简单交际的目的，为进一步学习打下良好的基础。

考虑到成年人学习的特点，对基础阶段的语法部分，用通俗易懂的语言，加上浅显明了的例句作简明扼要的解释，使学习者能用语法规律来指导自己的语言实践，从而起到举一反三的作用。

练习项目多样，练习量也较大；复习课注意进一步训练学生会话与成段表达，对所学的语法进行归纳总结。各课的练习和复习课可根据实际情况全部或部分使用。

编　者

1989 年 3 月

# PREFACE

*Conversational Chinese 301* is intended to be an intensive course book for foreigners who have just started to learn Chinese.

This book consists of 40 lessons and 8 reviews. The 40 lessons encompass nearly 30 communicative functions such as "Greetings" and "Making an Acquaintance", about 800 new words and the fundamentals of Chinese grammar. Each lesson is divided into six parts — Sentences, Conversation, Substitution and Extension, New Words, Grammar, and Exercises.

This book lays emphasis on improving the ability of the learner to use Chinese for communication. It integrates the communicative function with the grammatical structure and presents the most essential and useful part of the language in the linguistic environments one is usually exposed to in daily life, so as to enable the learner to master the 301 basic conversational sentences fairly quickly, and on that basis, through substitution and extension practice, to acquire the ability to carry on simple conversations with the Chinese. In this way, the book will also help lay a solid foundation for further study.

In view of the characteristics of language learning of the adult, we use not only easy-to-understand language, but also simple grammar. All this will help him use the grammatical rules to guide his own language practice and draw inferences about other cases from one instance.

The exercises are varied and plentiful. The reviews give due attention to improving the conversational and narrative skills of the learner, as well as systematically summarizing the grammar points covered. The exercises in each lesson and the reviews may be used in totality or in part, according to actual circumstances.

The Compilers  
March, 1989

汉 语 拼 音 字 母 表  
The Chinese Phonetic Alphabet

印刷体 printed forms	书写体 written forms	字母名称 names	印刷体 printed forms	书写体 written forms	字母名称 names
A a	A a	[a]	N n	N n	[nε]
B b	B b	[pε]	O o	O o	[o]
C c	C c	[ts'ε]	P p	P p	[p'ε]
D d	D d	[tε]	Q q	Q q	[tε'iou]
E e	E e	[v]	R r	R r	[ar]
F f	F f	[ɛf]	S s	S s	[ɛs]
G g	G g	[kε]	T t	T t	[t'ε]
H h	H h	[xa]	U u	U u	[u]
I i	I i	[i]	V v	V v	[vε]
J j	J j	[tεiε]	W w	W w	[wa]
K k	K k	[k'ε]	X x	X x	[gi]
L l	L l	[ɛl]	Y y	Y y	[ja]
M m	M m	[ɛm]	Z z	Z z	[tε]

## 词类简称表

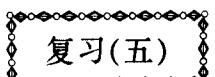
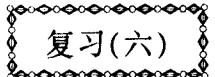
### Abbreviations

1. (名)	名词	míngcí	noun
2. (代)	代词	dàicí	pronoun
3. (动)	动词	dòngcí	verb
4. (能动)	能愿动词	néngyuàn dòngcí	modal verb
5. (形)	形容词	xíngróngcí	adjective
6. (数)	数词	shùcí	numeral
7. (量)	量词	liàngcí	measure word
8. (副)	副词	fùcí	adverb
9. (介)	介词	jiècí	preposition
10. (连)	连词	liánçí	conjunction
11. (助)	助词	zhùcí	particle
	动态助词	dòngtài zhùcí	aspect particle
	结构助词	jiégòu zhùcí	structural particle
	语气助词	yǔqì zhùcí	modal particle
12. (叹)	叹词	tànçí	interjection
13. (象声)	象声词	xiàngshēngcí	onomatopoeia
(头)	词头	cítóu	prefix
(尾)	词尾	cíwěi	suffix

# 目 录

汉语拼音字母表	.....	( XI )
词类简称表	.....	( XII )
<b>第一课 问候(一) 你好!</b>	.....	( 1 )
语音	1. 声母、韵母(1) 3. 声调 5. 变调	2. 拼音(1) 4. 轻声 6. 拼写说明(1)
<b>第二课 问候(二) 你身体好吗?</b>	.....	( 6 )
语音	1. 声母、韵母(2) 3. 拼写说明(2)	2. 拼音(2)
<b>第三课 问候(三) 你工作忙吗?</b>	.....	( 11 )
语音	1. 韵母(3) 3. 拼写说明(3) 5. 儿化	2. 拼音(3) 4. “不”、“一”的变调 6. 隔音符号
<b>第四课 相识(一) 您贵姓?</b>	.....	( 17 )
语法	1. 用“吗”的问句 3. 形容词谓语句	2. 用疑问代词的问句
<b>第五课 相识(二) 我介绍一下儿</b>	.....	( 22 )
语法	1. 动词谓语句 3. “是”字句(1)	2. 表示领属关系的定语
<b>复习(一)</b>	.....	( 28 )
<b>第六课 询问(一) 你的生日是几月几号?</b>	.....	( 31 )
语法	1. 名词谓语句 3. “……，好吗?”	2. 年、月、日、星期的表示法
<b>第七课 询问(二) 你家有几口人?</b>	.....	( 37 )
语法	1. “有”字句	2. 介词结构
<b>第八课 询问(三) 现在几点?</b>	.....	( 42 )
语法	1. 钟点的读法	2. 时间词
<b>第九课 询问(四) 你住在哪儿?</b>	.....	( 47 )
语法	1. 连动句	2. 状语
<b>第十课 询问(五) 邮局在哪儿?</b>	.....	( 52 )

语法	1. 方位词	2. 正反疑问句	
	复习(二)		( 57 )
<b>第十一课</b>	需要(一) 我要买橘子		( 60 )
语法	1. 语气助词“了”(1)	2. 动词重叠	
<b>第十二课</b>	需要(二) 我想买毛衣		( 66 )
语法	1. 主谓谓语句	2. 能愿动词	
<b>第十三课</b>	需要(三) 要换车		( 72 )
语法	1. 双宾语动词谓语句	2. 能愿动词“会”	
	3. 数量词作定语		
<b>第十四课</b>	需要(四) 我要去换钱		( 78 )
语法	1. 兼语句	2. 语气助词“了”(2)	
<b>第十五课</b>	需要(五) 我要打国际电话		( 83 )
语法	1. “是”字句(2)	2. 结果补语	
	复习(三)		( 88 )
<b>第十六课</b>	相约(一) 你看过京剧吗?		( 91 )
语法	1. 动态助词“过”	2. 无主句	
	3. “还没(有)……呢”		
<b>第十七课</b>	相约(二) 去动物园		( 96 )
语法	1. 选择疑问句	2. 表示动作方式的连动句	
	3. 趋向补语(1)		
<b>第十八课</b>	迎接(一) 路上辛苦了		( 101 )
语法	1. “要……了”	2. “是……的”	
<b>第十九课</b>	迎接(二) 欢迎你		( 106 )
语法	1. “从”、“在”的宾语与“这儿”、“那儿”		
	2. 介词“从”、“离”		
	3. 动词、动词短语、主谓短语等作定语		
<b>第二十课</b>	招待 为我们的友谊干杯!		( 111 )
语法	1. 程度补语	2. 程度补语与宾语	
	复习(四)		( 117 )
<b>第二十一课</b>	邀请 请你参加		( 121 )
语法	1. 介词“给”	2. 动作的进行	
<b>第二十二课</b>	婉拒 我不能去		( 127 )
语法	1. 时段词语作状语	2. 动态助词“了”	

<b>第二十三课</b>	<b>道歉</b>	对不起 .....	(133)
语法	1. 形容词“好”作结果补语      2. 副词“就”、“才” 3. 趋向补语(2)		
<b>第二十四课</b>	<b>遗憾</b>	我觉得很遗憾 .....	(139)
语法	1. 用动词“让”的兼语句 2. “是不是”构成的正反疑问句 3. “上”作结果补语		
<b>第二十五课</b>	<b>称赞</b>	这张画儿真美! .....	(145)
语法	1. “又……又……”      2. “要是……就……”		
 复习(五) ..... (151)			
<b>第二十六课</b>	<b>祝贺</b>	祝贺你 .....	(154)
语法	1. “开”、“下”作结果补语      2. 可能补语(1) 3. 动词“着”作结果补语或可能补语		
<b>第二十七课</b>	<b>劝告</b>	你别抽烟了 .....	(160)
语法	1. “有点儿”作状语      2. 存现句		
<b>第二十八课</b>	<b>比较</b>	今天比昨天冷 .....	(166)
语法	1. 用“比”表示比较      2. 数量补语 3. 用相邻的两个数表示概数		
<b>第二十九课</b>	<b>爱好</b>	我也喜欢游泳 .....	(172)
语法	1. 用“有”或“没有”表示比较      2. 时量补语(1) 3. 用“吧”的疑问句		
<b>第三十课</b>	<b>语言</b>	请你慢点儿说 .....	(178)
语法	1. 时量补语(2)      2. “除了……以外”		
 复习(六) ..... (184)			
<b>第三十一课</b>	<b>旅游(一)</b>	那儿的风景美极了! .....	(188)
语法	1. 趋向补语(3)      2. “不是……吗”		
<b>第三十二课</b>	<b>旅游(二)</b>	你的钱包忘在这儿了 .....	(195)
语法	1. 动作的持续      2. “见”作结果补语		
<b>第三十三课</b>	<b>旅游(三)</b>	有空房间吗? .....	(201)
语法	1. 形容词重叠与结构助词“地” 2. 可能补语(2)		
<b>第三十四课</b>	<b>看病</b>	我头疼 .....	(208)
语法	1. 动量补语      2. “把”字句(1) 3. “一……就……”		

<b>第三十五课</b>	<b>探望</b>	你好点儿了吗? .....	(215)
语法	1. 疑问代词“什么”	2. 动词“了”作可能补语	
<b>复习(七)</b>		.....	(222)
<b>第三十六课</b>	<b>告别</b>	我要回国了 .....	(226)
语法	1. 时量补语(3)	2. “有的……有的……”	
<b>第三十七课</b>	<b>饯行</b>	真舍不得你们走 .....	(232)
语法	1. “虽然……,但是……”复句		
	2. “把”字句(2)		
<b>第三十八课</b>	<b>托运</b>	这儿托运行李吗? .....	(238)
语法	1. “不但……,而且……”复句		
	2. “动”作可能补语		
	3. 能愿动词在“把”字句中的位置		
<b>第三十九课</b>	<b>送行(一)</b>	不能送你去机场了 .....	(244)
语法	1. 动作的持续与进行	2. 用“不如”表示比较	
<b>第四十课</b>	<b>送行(二)</b>	祝你一路平安 .....	(250)
语法	1. “把”字句(3)	2. “……了 ……就……”	
<b>复习(八)</b>		.....	(256)
<b>词汇表</b> ..... (261)			

# CONTENTS

The Chinese Phonetic Alphabet .....	( XI )
Abbreviations .....	( XII )
<b>Lesson 1 Greetings (1) How do you do? .....</b>	<b>( 1 )</b>
Phonetics	
1. Initials and finals (1)	
2. Phonetic alphabet (1)	
3. Tones	
4. Neutral tone	
5. Change of tones	
6. Notes on spelling (1)	
<b>Lesson 2 Greetings (2) How is your health? .....</b>	<b>( 6 )</b>
Phonetics	
1. Initials and finals (1)	
2. Phonetic alphabet (2)	
3. Notes on spelling (2)	
<b>Lesson 3 Greetings (3) Are you busy with your work? .....</b>	<b>( 11 )</b>
Phonetics	
1. Finals (3)	
2. Phonetic alphabet (3)	
3. Notes on spelling (3)	
4. Change of tones of “不” and “一”	
5. Retroflexion with -r	
6. The dividing mark	
<b>Lesson 4 Making an Acquaintance (1) May I know your name? .....</b>	<b>( 17 )</b>
Grammar	
1. Questions with “吗”	
2. Questions with interrogative pronouns	
3. The sentence with an adjectival predicate	
<b>Lesson 5 Making an Acquaintance (2) Let me introduce... .....</b>	<b>( 22 )</b>
Grammar	
1. The sentence with a verbal predicate	
2. The attributive genitive	
3. The “是” sentence (1)	
<b>Review (I) .....</b>	<b>( 28 )</b>
<b>Lesson 6 Making an Inquiry (1) When is your birthday? .....</b>	<b>( 31 )</b>
Grammar	
1. The sentence with a nominal predicate	
2. Ways to show the year, the month, the day	

	and the days of the week	
3.	The question tag “……, 好吗”	
<b>Lesson 7</b>	Making an Inquiry (2) How many people are there in your family? .....	( 37 )
Grammar	1. The “有” sentence	
	2. Prepositional constructions	
<b>Lesson 8</b>	Making an Inquiry (3) What time is it? .....	( 42 )
Grammar	1. How to tell time	
	2. Grammatical functions of time words	
<b>Lesson 9</b>	Making an Inquiry (4) Where do you live? .....	( 47 )
Grammar	1. The sentence with verbal constructions in series	
	2. Adverbial adjuncts	
<b>Lesson 10</b>	Making an Inquiry (5) Where is the post office? .....	( 52 )
Grammar	1. Words of location	
	2. The affirmative-negative question	
<u>Review (II)</u>	.....	( 57 )
<b>Lesson 11</b>	Needs (1) I want to buy some oranges. .....	( 60 )
Grammar	1. The modal particle “了”(1)	
	2. Reduplication of verbs	
<b>Lesson 12</b>	Needs (2) I want to buy a sweater. .....	( 66 )
Grammar	1. The sentence with a subject-predicate construction as its predicate	
	2. Modal verbs	
<b>Lesson 13</b>	Needs (3) You have to change buses. .....	( 72 )
Grammar	1. The sentence with a ditransitive verb as its predicate	
	2. The modal verb “会”	
	3. Numeral-measure compounds acting as attributives	
<b>Lesson 14</b>	Needs (4) I am going to change money. .....	( 78 )
Grammar	1. The pivotal sentence	
	2. The modal particle “了”(2)	
<b>Lesson 15</b>	Needs (5) I want to make an international telephone call. .....	( 83 )
Grammar	1. The “是” sentence (2)	
	2. The complement of result	
<u>Review (III)</u>	.....	( 88 )

<b>Lesson 16</b>	Making an Appointment (1) Have you ever seen a Beijing opera?	(91)
Grammar	1. The aspect particle “过” 2. The sentence without a subject 3. The expression “还没(有)……呢”	
<b>Lesson 17</b>	Making an Appointment (2) Going to the zoo	(96)
Grammar	1. The alternative question 2. The sentence with verbal constructions in series showing the manner of an action 3. The directional complement (1)	
<b>Lesson 18</b>	Welcome (1) Did you have a good trip?	(101)
Grammar	1. The expression “要……了” 2. The expression “是……的”	
<b>Lesson 19</b>	Welcome (2) You are welcome.	(106)
Grammar	1. The objects of “从” and “在” with “这儿” and “那儿” 2. The prepositions “从” and “离” 3. A verb, verb phrase or subject-predicate phrase as an attributive	
<b>Lesson 20</b>	Reception Let's have a toast to our friendship!	(111)
Grammar	1. The complement of degree 2. The complement of degree and the object	
<b>Review (IV)</b>		(117)
<b>Lesson 21</b>	Invitation Will you join us?	(121)
Grammar	1. The preposition “给” 2. The continuous action	
<b>Lesson 22</b>	Declination I can't go.	(127)
Grammar	1. Words or phrases of duration as adverbial adjuncts 2. The aspect particle “了”	
<b>Lesson 23</b>	Apology I am sorry.	(133)
Grammar	1. The adjective “好” as a complement of result 2. The adverbs “就” and “才” 3. The directional complement (2)	
<b>Lesson 24</b>	Regret It is a great pity.	(139)
Grammar	1. The pivotal sentence with the verb “让” 2. The affirmative-negative question	

	with “是不是”	
	3. “上” as a complement of result	
<b>Lesson 25</b>	Praise This picture is very beautiful!	(145)
	Grammar 1. The expression “又……又……”(both...and)	
	2. The expression “要是……就”(if...then...)	
<b>Review (V)</b>	.....	(151)
<b>Lesson 26</b>	Congratulation Congratulations!	(154)
	Grammar 1. “开” and “下” as complements of result	
	2. The potential complement (1)	
	3. The verb “着” as a complement of result or a potential complement	
<b>Lesson 27</b>	Persuasion Please don't smoke.	(160)
	Grammar 1. “有点儿” as an adverbial adjunct	
	2. The sentence expressing existence, appearance or disappearance	
<b>Lesson 28</b>	Comparison It is colder today than it was yesterday.	(166)
	Grammar 1. The use of “比” for comparison	
	2. The complement of quantity	
	3. The use of two neighbouring figures to indicate an approximate number	
<b>Lesson 29</b>	Hobby I also like swimming.	(172)
	Grammar 1. The use of “有” and “没有” for comparison	
	2. The complement of duration (1)	
	3. The interrogative sentence with “吧”	
<b>Lesson 30</b>	Language Please speak slowly.	(178)
	Grammar 1. The complement of duration (2)	
	2. The expression “除了……以外” (besides)	
<b>Review (VI)</b>	.....	(184)
<b>Lesson 31</b>	Travelling (1) The scenery is very beautiful there!	(188)
	Grammar 1. The directional complement (3)	
	2. The rhetoric question with “不是……吗?”	
<b>Lesson 32</b>	Travelling (2) You've left your purse (or wallet) here.	(195)
	Grammar 1. The duration of an action	
	2. “见” as a complement of result	
<b>Lesson 33</b>	Travelling (3) Are there any vacant rooms?	(201)
	Grammar 1. Reduplication of adjectives and the structural particle “地”	